

# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

#### May 17, 2020 - 07:41 pm BST

PDB ID	:	5M3Z
$\operatorname{Title}$	:	Crystal structure of Citrobacter freundii methionine gamma-lyase with C115H
		replacement in the complex with L-norleucine
Authors	:	Revtovich, S.V.; Nikulin, A.D.; Anufrieva, N.V.; Morozova, E.A.; Demidkina,
		T.V.
Deposited on		
$\operatorname{Resolution}$	:	1.45  Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org* A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

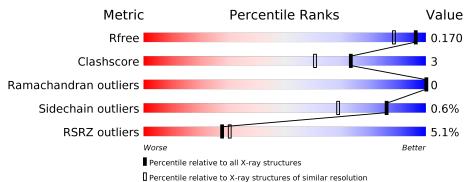
Xtriage (Phenix) : EDS : buster-report : Percentile statistics : Refmac : CCP4 : Ideal geometry (proteins) : Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) :	<ul> <li>1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)</li> <li>1.13</li> <li>2.11</li> <li>1.1.7 (2018)</li> <li>20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)</li> <li>5.8.0158</li> <li>7.0.044 (Gargrove)</li> <li>Engh &amp; Huber (2001)</li> <li>Parkinson et al. (1996)</li> </ul>
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) :	2.11

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.45 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$egin{array}{c} { m Whole \ archive} \ (\#{ m Entries}) \end{array}$	${f Similar\ resolution}\ (\#{ m Entries},{ m resolution\ range}({ m \AA}))$
$R_{free}$	130704	1156 (1.46-1.46)
Clashscore	141614	1202(1.46-1.46)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1178 (1.46-1.46)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1178 (1.46-1.46)
RSRZ outliers	127900	1139 (1.46-1.46)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
			5%
1	A	398	95% • ••

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
5	PY6	А	404[A]	-	-	Х	-



## 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3508 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

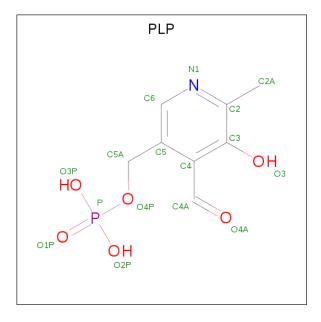
• Molecule 1 is a protein called Methionine gamma-lyase.

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	Δ	395	Total	С	Ν	Ο	S	0	20	0
	А	390	3104	1966	527	593	18	0	20	0

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
А	115	HIS	CYS	engineered mutation	UNP A0A0A5P8W7

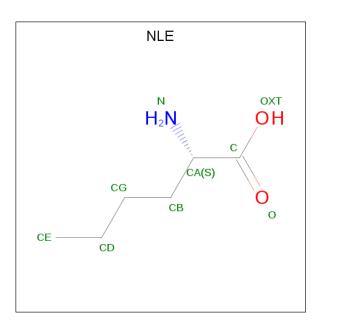
• Molecule 2 is PYRIDOXAL-5'-PHOSPHATE (three-letter code: PLP) (formula: C<sub>8</sub>H<sub>10</sub>NO<sub>6</sub>P).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	
9	Λ	1	Total	С	Ν	Ο	Р	0	1
	А		15	8	1	5	1	0	T

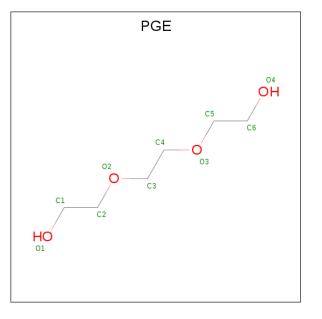
• Molecule 3 is NORLEUCINE (three-letter code: NLE) (formula:  $C_6H_{13}NO_2$ ).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total 9	С 6	N 1	O 2	0	1

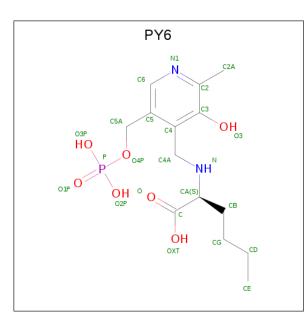
• Molecule 4 is TRIETHYLENE GLYCOL (three-letter code: PGE) (formula:  $C_6H_{14}O_4$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	А	1	Total 10	С 6	O 4	0	0

• Molecule 5 is 2-[O-PHOSPHONOPYRIDOXYL]-AMINO-HEXANOIC ACID (three-letter code: PY6) (formula:  $C_{14}H_{23}N_2O_7P$ ).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	
F	Δ	1	Total	С	Ν	0	Р	0	1
0	А	T	24	14	2	7	1	0	L

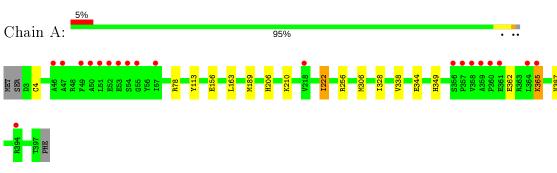
• Molecule 6 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	А	346	Total O 346 346	0	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.



• Molecule 1: Methionine gamma-lyase



## 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	I 2 2 2	Depositor
Cell constants	56.51Å 12 $3.02$ Å 12 $7.58$ Å	Deperitor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	88.56 - 1.45	Depositor
Resolution (A)	44.28 - 1.45	EDS
% Data completeness	98.9 (88.56-1.45)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	98.9(44.28 - 1.45)	EDS
R <sub>merge</sub>	0.05	Depositor
R <sub>sym</sub>	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	$1.54 \; ({\rm at} \; 1.45 {\rm \AA})$	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0049	Depositor
D D .	0.128 , $0.169$	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.129 , $0.170$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	3805 reflections $(4.87%)$	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor $(Å^2)$	15.3	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.849	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.37, $47.5$	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$< L >=0.49, < L^2>=0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.013 for -h,-l,-k	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.98	EDS
Total number of atoms	3508	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	27.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 5.05% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

### 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: CSO, PGE, NLE, PY6, PLP

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Boi	nd lengths	Bo	nd angles
	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5
1	А	0.99	1/3205~(0.0%)	0.89	3/4348~(0.1%)

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	$\mathbf{Res}$	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	Ideal(Å)
1	А	344	GLU	CD-OE1	6.85	1.33	1.25

All (3) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	А	256	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	9.38	124.99	120.30
1	А	256	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-8.66	115.97	120.30
1	А	78	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-6.69	116.95	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	А	3104	0	3132	18	0
2	А	15	0	6	1	0
3	А	9	0	12	2	0
4	А	10	0	13	0	0

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The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 3.

All (21) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic	Clash
		distance (Å)	overlap (Å)
1:A:4:CSO:HB3	6:A:623:HOH:O	1.76	0.83
1:A:387[B]:ASN:ND2	6:A:502:HOH:O	2.11	0.80
1:A:113[A]:TYR:OH	5:A:404[A]:PY6:HB1	1.80	0.79
1:A:210[A]:LYS:HZ1	5:A:404[A]:PY6:HA	1.57	0.69
1:A:113[A]:TYR:CZ	5:A:404[A]:PY6:H4A1	2.36	0.60
1:A:113[A]:TYR:CZ	5:A:404[A]:PY6:HB1	2.36	0.60
1:A:113[A]:TYR:CE1	5:A:404[A]:PY6:N	2.70	0.59
1:A:210[A]:LYS:NZ	5:A:404[A]:PY6:HA	2.16	0.59
1:A:338[B]:VAL:O	3:A:402[B]:NLE:O	2.26	0.52
1:A:113[A]:TYR:CE1	5:A:404[A]:PY6:HB1	2.47	0.50
1:A:362:GLU:HA	1:A:365:LYS:HD2	1.95	0.49
5:A:404[A]:PY6:OXT	5:A:404[A]:PY6:HG2	2.11	0.48
2:A:401[B]:PLP:C4A	3:A:402[B]:NLE:H	2.26	0.48
5:A:404[A]:PY6:N	5:A:404[A]:PY6:O3	2.48	0.46
1:A:328:ILE:HD13	1:A:349:HIS:HB3	1.98	0.45
1:A:113[A]:TYR:HH	5:A:404[A]:PY6:HB1	1.81	0.43
1:A:156:GLU:HG2	6:A:541:HOH:O	2.19	0.42
1:A:189[A]:MET:SD	1:A:306[A]:MET:SD	3.19	0.41
1:A:210[A]:LYS:HZ1	5:A:404[A]:PY6:CA	2.31	0.41
1:A:206:HIS:HB2	1:A:222:ILE:HG22	2.02	0.41

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.



Mol Chain Non-H H(model) H(added) Clashes Symm-Clashes 52411 0 А 0 206 А 0 3 0 346 0 All All 35080 3183210

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The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percent	tiles
1	А	412/398~(104%)	405~(98%)	7(2%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	А	341/324~(105%)	339~(99%)	2(1%)	86 69	

All (2) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	222	ILE
1	А	365	LYS

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

#### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

1 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residue is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the



expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	$\mathbf{Res}$	Link	B	ond leng	gths	В	ond ang	gles
	туре	Chain	nes		Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2
1	CSO	А	4	1	$3,\!6,\!7$	0.56	0	$0,\!6,\!8$	0.00	-

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	CSO	А	4	1	-	0/1/5/7	-

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	А	4	CSO	1	0

#### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

4 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).



Mol	Mol Type Chain Res	Dog	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles			
	туре	Cham	nes	LINK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2
3	NLE	А	402[B]	-	$4,\!8,\!8$	0.57	0	$^{3,9,9}$	1.31	1 (33%)
4	PGE	А	403	-	$9,\!9,\!9$	1.31	1 (11%)	8,8,8	1.23	1 (12%)
5	PY6	А	404[A]	-	21,24,24	2.45	4 (19%)	$25,\!33,\!33$	1.65	4 (16%)
2	PLP	А	401[B]	1	15, 15, 16	2.08	4 (26%)	20,22,23	1.54	4 (20%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	$\mathbf{Res}$	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	NLE	А	402[B]	-	-	3/4/8/8	-
4	PGE	А	403	-	-	5/7/7/7	-
5	PY6	А	404[A]	-	-	9/15/19/19	0/1/1/1
2	PLP	А	401[B]	1	-	0/6/6/8	0/1/1/1

All (9) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(\operatorname{\AA})$
5	А	404[A]	PY6	C4A-C4	-7.51	1.42	1.51
5	А	404[A]	PY6	C2A-C2	-5.48	1.41	1.50
2	А	401[B]	PLP	O3-C3	-5.45	1.24	1.37
5	А	404[A]	PY6	C5A-C5	-3.48	1.41	1.50
2	А	401[B]	PLP	C2A-C2	3.24	1.55	1.50
5	А	404[A]	PY6	C6-N1	2.65	1.40	1.34
2	А	401[B]	PLP	O4P-C5A	-2.50	1.35	1.45
2	А	401[B]	PLP	C4A-C4	2.21	1.56	1.51
4	А	403	PGE	O1-C1	-2.07	1.31	1.42

All (10) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
5	А	404[A]	PY6	C4A-C4-C3	4.32	124.66	120.04
5	А	404[A]	PY6	C3-C4-C5	-3.87	115.00	118.72
2	А	401[B]	PLP	C6-C5-C4	3.58	120.98	118.16
5	А	404[A]	PY6	C6-C5-C4	3.54	120.63	118.12
2	А	401[B]	PLP	C3-C4-C5	-3.24	115.24	118.74
5	А	404[A]	PY6	C4A-N-CA	3.03	119.65	113.83
2	А	401[B]	PLP	O4P-C5A-C5	2.26	113.66	109.35
3	А	402[B]	NLE	CE-CD-CG	-2.21	96.61	113.42

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Mol	Chain	$\mathbf{Res}$	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
4	А	403	PGE	O2-C2-C1	2.12	119.38	110.07
2	А	401[B]	PLP	C4A-C4-C3	2.11	124.08	120.50

There are no chirality outliers.

All (17) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	А	402[B]	NLE	N-CA-CB-CG
3	А	402[B]	NLE	C-CA-CB-CG
5	А	404[A]	PY6	C3-C4-C4A-N
5	А	404[A]	PY6	C5-C4-C4A-N
5	А	404[A]	PY6	C-CA-CB-CG
4	А	403	PGE	O1-C1-C2-O2
4	А	403	PGE	O3-C5-C6-O4
5	А	404[A]	PY6	CA-CB-CG-CD
3	А	402[B]	NLE	CA-CB-CG-CD
5	А	404[A]	PY6	CB-CA-N-C4A
5	А	404[A]	PY6	CE-CD-CG-CB
4	А	403	PGE	C4-C3-O2-C2
5	А	404[A]	PY6	N-CA-CB-CG
5	А	404[A]	PY6	C-CA-N-C4A
4	А	403	PGE	C1-C2-O2-C3
4	А	403	PGE	C6-C5-O3-C4
5	А	404[A]	PY6	C4-C5-C5A-O4P

There are no ring outliers.

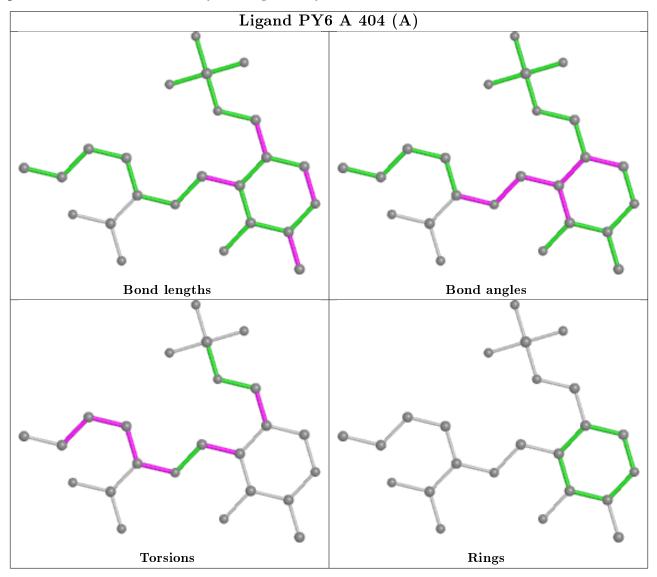
3 monomers are involved in 13 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	А	402[B]	NLE	2	0
5	А	404[A]	PY6	11	0
2	А	401[B]	PLP	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and



any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



#### 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

#### 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	#RSRZ>2		$\mathbf{OWAB}(\mathbf{\AA}^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	А	394/398~(98%)	-0.09	20 (5%) 2	28 30	12, 21, 54, 116	0

All (20) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	А	357	PRO	8.0
1	А	51	LEU	6.8
1	А	54	SER	5.9
1	А	50	ALA	5.7
1	А	47	ALA	5.3
1	А	359	ALA	5.1
1	А	52	GLU	4.8
1	А	356	SER	4.5
1	А	358	VAL	3.7
1	А	364	LEU	3.7
1	А	361	GLU	3.4
1	А	360	PRO	3.3
1	А	57	ILE	3.0
1	А	55	GLY	2.8
1	А	53	GLU	2.6
1	А	394	ARG	2.5
1	А	49	PHE	2.4
1	А	365	LYS	2.3
1	А	218	VAL	2.2
1	А	46	ALA	2.1

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column



labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	${f B} ext{-factors}({f A}^2)$	Q<0.9
1	CSO	А	4	7/8	0.88	0.17	$26,\!31,\!44,\!48$	0

#### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

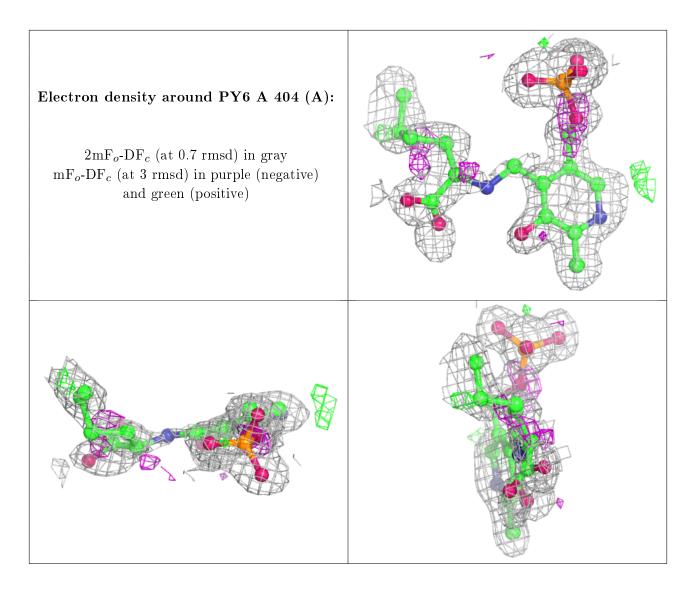
#### 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-factors}(\mathbf{A}^2)$	Q<0.9
3	NLE	А	402[B]	9/9	0.83	0.19	$31,\!38,\!44,\!67$	9
4	PGE	А	403	10/10	0.96	0.07	$37,\!41,\!55,\!65$	0
5	PY6	А	404[A]	24/24	0.97	0.10	$15,\!21,\!35,\!49$	24
2	PLP	А	401[B]	15/16	0.98	0.08	19,29,42,56	15

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.





### 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

