



# Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Apr 21, 2024 – 04:47 AM EDT

PDB ID : 2LWW  
BMRB ID : 18650  
Title : NMR structure of RelA-TAD/CBP-TAZ1 complex  
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Deposited on : 2012-08-07

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)  
wwPDB-RCI : v\_1n\_11\_5\_13\_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)  
PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)  
wwPDB-ShiftChecker : v1.2  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36.2

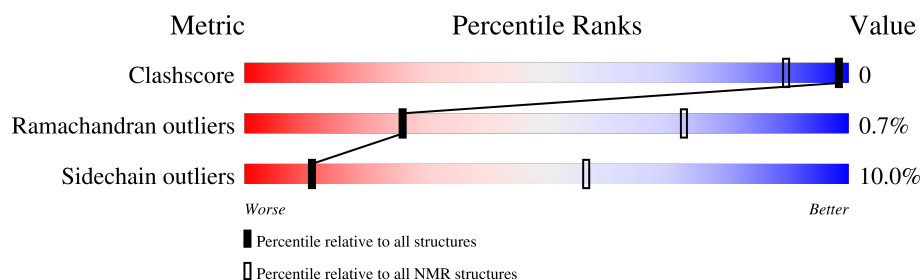
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*SOLUTION NMR*

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 83%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	12864
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	100	81% 9% 10%
2	B	70	53% 10% 37%

## 2 Ensemble composition and analysis

This entry contains 20 models. Model 4 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *lowest energy*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model
1	A:347-A:436, B:434-B:453, B:457-B:480 (134)	0.92	4

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 4 clusters and 1 single-model cluster was found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 3, 4, 5, 12, 18, 19
2	6, 8, 15, 20
3	2, 10, 11, 16
4	7, 13, 14, 17
Single-model clusters	9

### 3 Entry composition

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2556 atoms, of which 1261 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called CREB-binding protein.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
1	A	100	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0
			1568	472	788	162	135	11	

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Nuclear transcription factor RelA.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
2	B	70	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0
			985	311	473	85	114	2	

There are 4 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
B	421	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q548Y4
B	422	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q548Y4
B	423	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q548Y4
B	424	MET	-	expression tag	UNP Q548Y4

- Molecule 3 is ZINC ION (three-letter code: ZN) (formula: Zn).

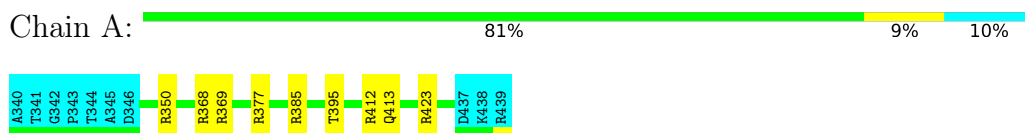
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	
3	A	3	Total	Zn
			3	3

## 4 Residue-property plots [i](#)

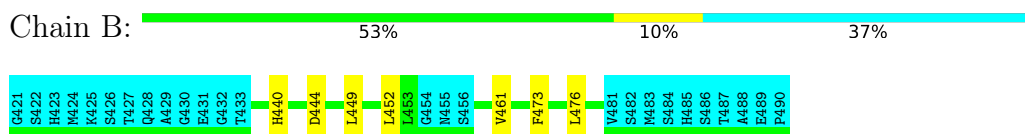
### 4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: CREB-binding protein



- Molecule 2: Nuclear transcription factor RelA

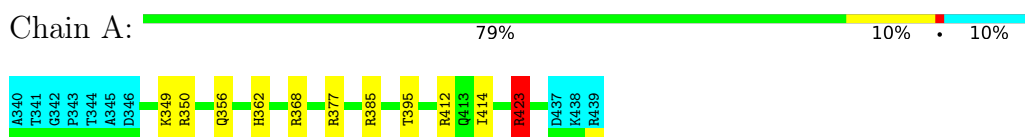


### 4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

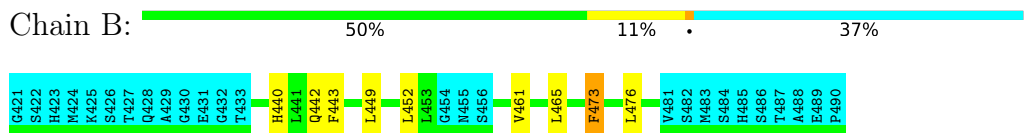
Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

#### 4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1

- Molecule 1: CREB-binding protein

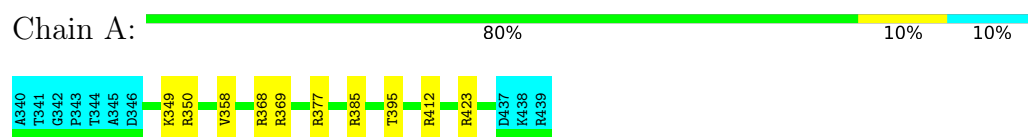


- Molecule 2: Nuclear transcription factor RelA

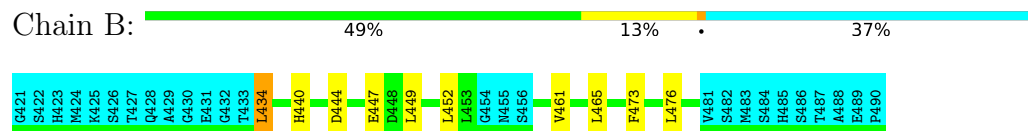


### 4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2

- Molecule 1: CREB-binding protein

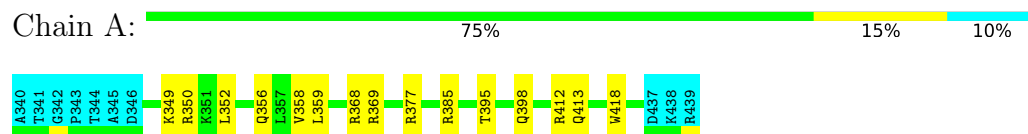


- Molecule 2: Nuclear transcription factor RelA

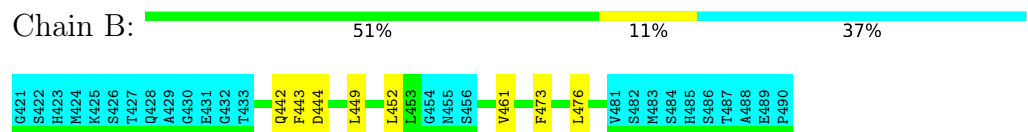


### 4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

- Molecule 1: CREB-binding protein

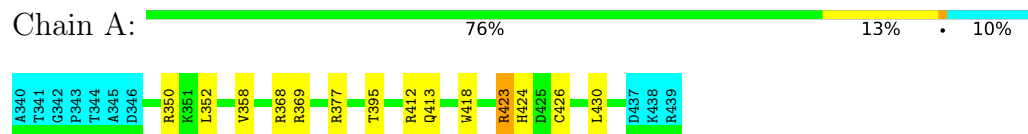


- Molecule 2: Nuclear transcription factor RelA

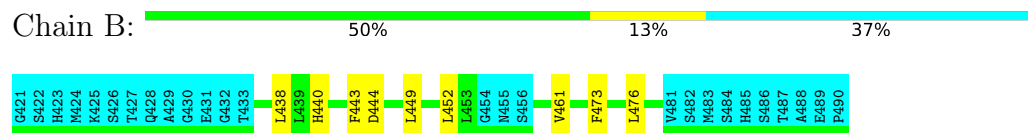


### 4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4 (medoid)

- Molecule 1: CREB-binding protein

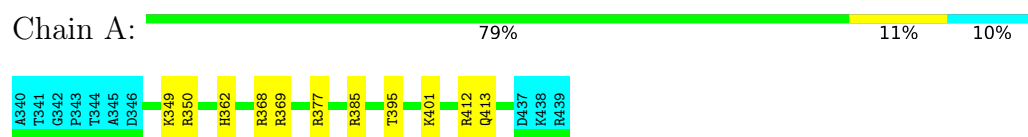


- Molecule 2: Nuclear transcription factor RelA

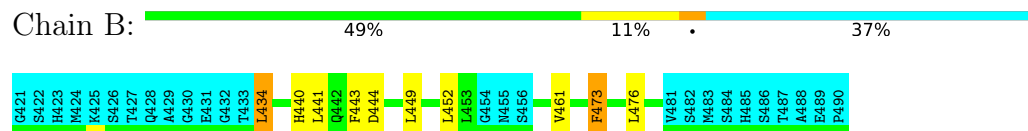


### 4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5

- Molecule 1: CREB-binding protein

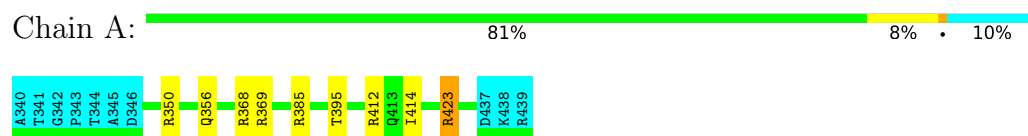


- Molecule 2: Nuclear transcription factor RelA

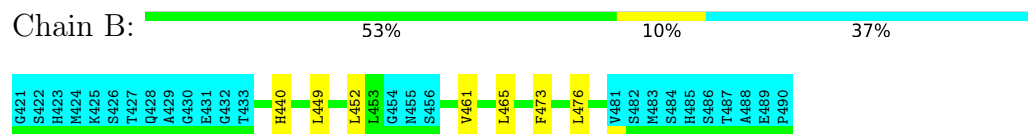


### 4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6

- Molecule 1: CREB-binding protein

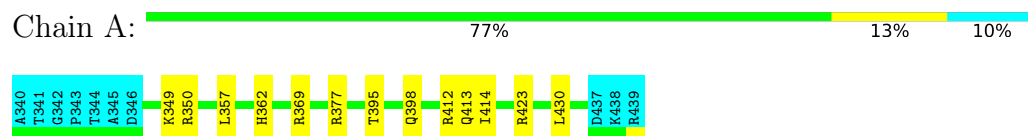


- Molecule 2: Nuclear transcription factor RelA

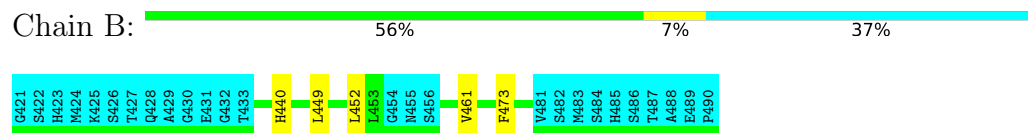


### 4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7

- Molecule 1: CREB-binding protein

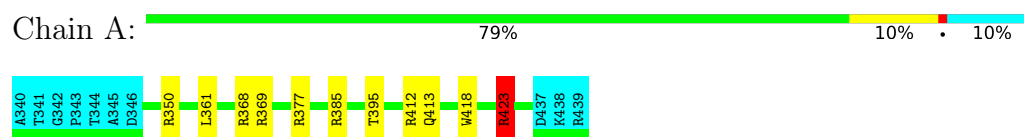


- Molecule 2: Nuclear transcription factor RelA

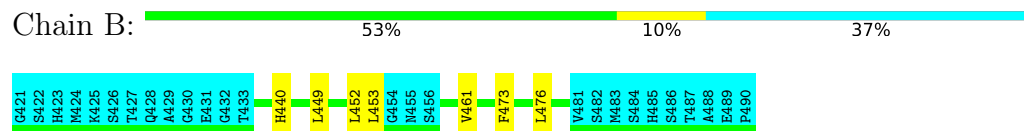


### 4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

- Molecule 1: CREB-binding protein

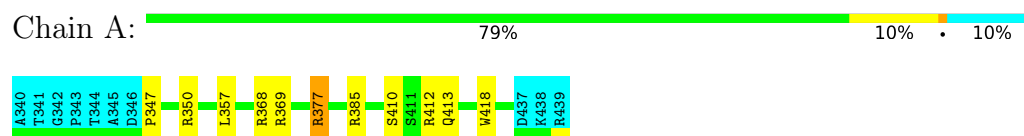


- Molecule 2: Nuclear transcription factor RelA

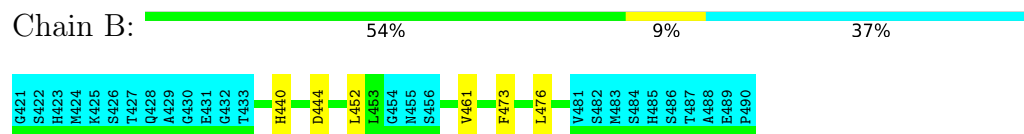


### 4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

- Molecule 1: CREB-binding protein

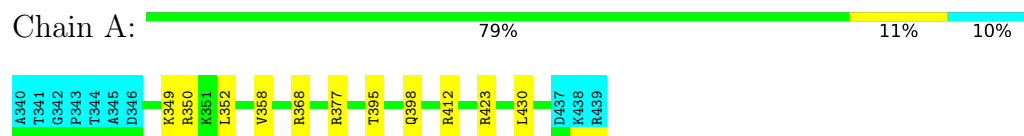


- Molecule 2: Nuclear transcription factor RelA

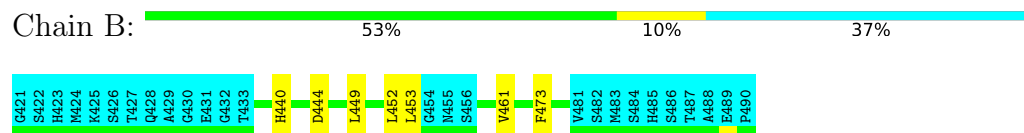


### 4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10

- Molecule 1: CREB-binding protein



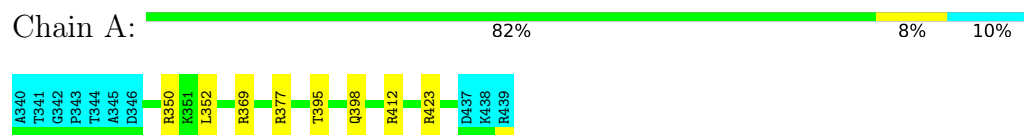
- Molecule 2: Nuclear transcription factor RelA



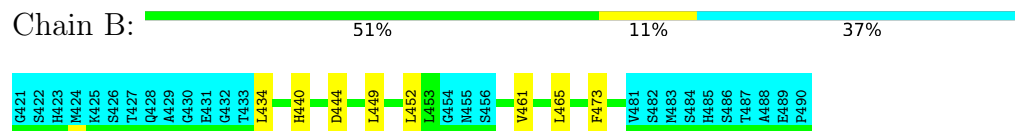


### 4.2.11 Score per residue for model 11

- Molecule 1: CREB-binding protein

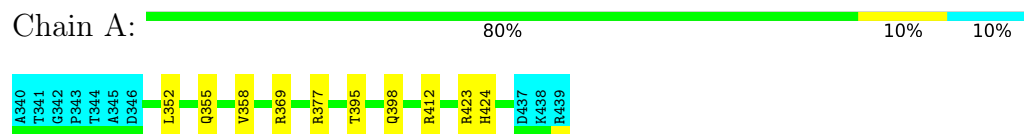


- Molecule 2: Nuclear transcription factor RelA

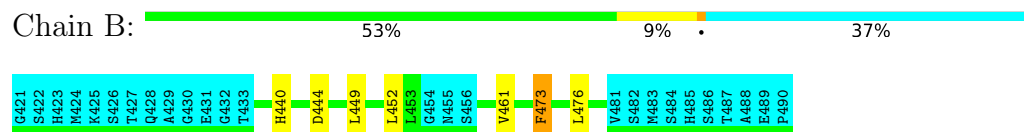


### 4.2.12 Score per residue for model 12

- Molecule 1: CREB-binding protein

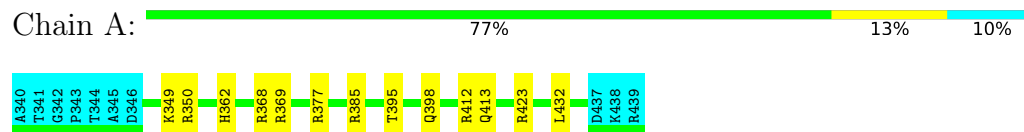


- Molecule 2: Nuclear transcription factor RelA

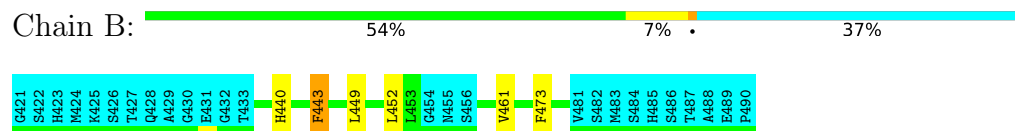


### 4.2.13 Score per residue for model 13

- Molecule 1: CREB-binding protein

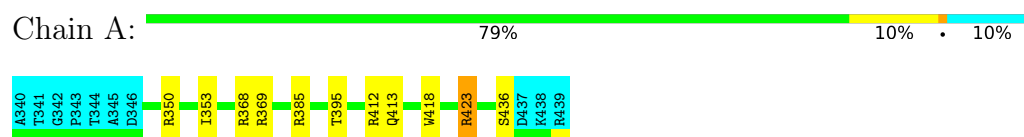


- Molecule 2: Nuclear transcription factor RelA

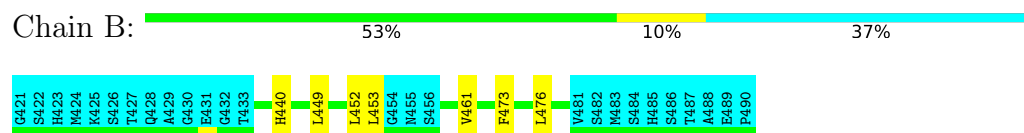


#### 4.2.14 Score per residue for model 14

- Molecule 1: CREB-binding protein

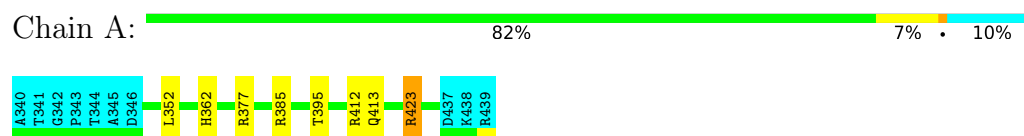


- Molecule 2: Nuclear transcription factor RelA

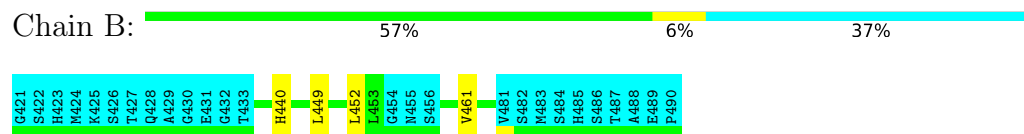


#### 4.2.15 Score per residue for model 15

- Molecule 1: CREB-binding protein

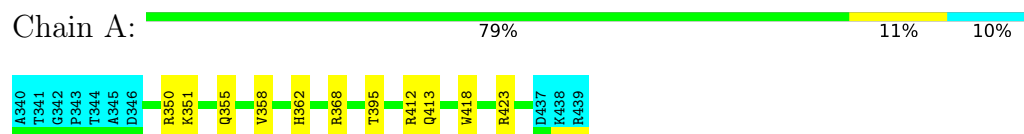


- Molecule 2: Nuclear transcription factor RelA

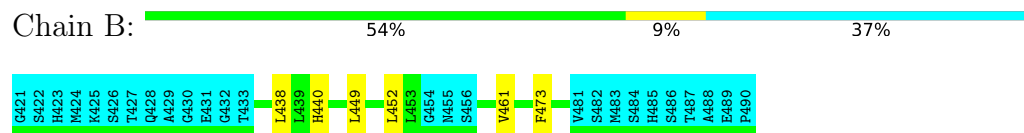


#### 4.2.16 Score per residue for model 16

- Molecule 1: CREB-binding protein

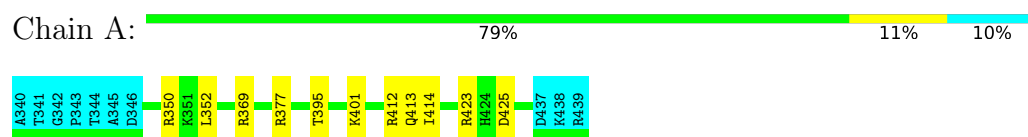


- Molecule 2: Nuclear transcription factor RelA

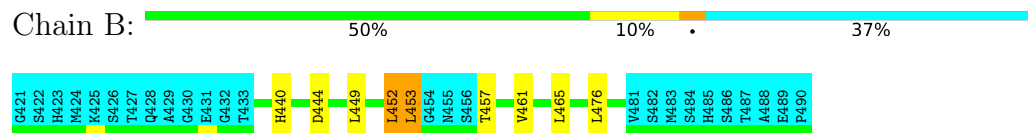


### 4.2.17 Score per residue for model 17

- Molecule 1: CREB-binding protein

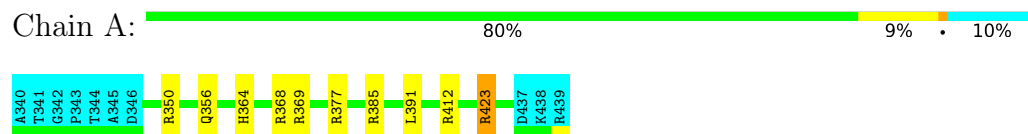


- Molecule 2: Nuclear transcription factor RelA

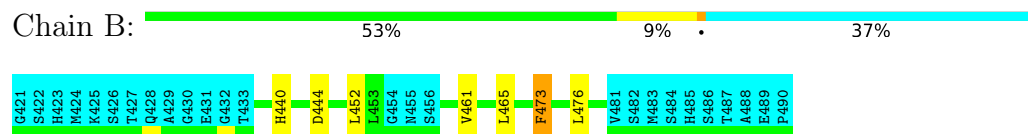


### 4.2.18 Score per residue for model 18

- Molecule 1: CREB-binding protein

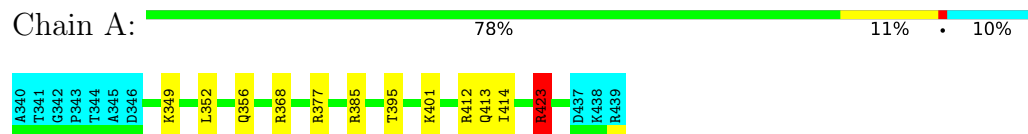


- Molecule 2: Nuclear transcription factor RelA

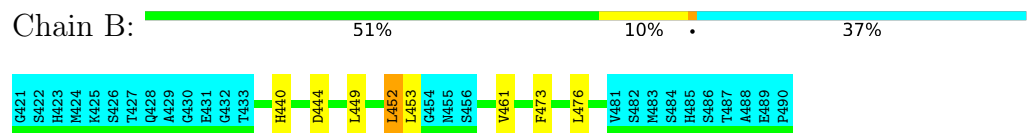


### 4.2.19 Score per residue for model 19

- Molecule 1: CREB-binding protein




- Molecule 2: Nuclear transcription factor RelA



#### 4.2.20 Score per residue for model 20

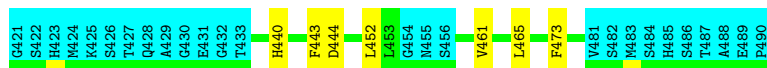
##### • Molecule 1: CREB-binding protein

Chain A:  75% 15% 10%



##### • Molecule 2: Nuclear transcription factor RelA

Chain B:  53% 10% 37%



## 5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *molecular dynamics*.

Of the 200 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the lowest energy*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CYANA	structure solution	2.1
Amber	refinement	10

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	1822
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1822
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	83%

## 6 Model quality [i](#)

### 6.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section:  
ZN

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z>5
1	A	0.59±0.00	0±0/723 ( 0.0± 0.0%)	1.09±0.02	6±1/973 ( 0.6± 0.1%)
2	B	0.65±0.01	0±0/340 ( 0.0± 0.0%)	1.04±0.02	0±1/464 ( 0.1± 0.1%)
All	All	0.61	0/21260 ( 0.0%)	1.08	117/28740 ( 0.4%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	Chirality	Planarity
1	A	0.0±0.0	0.3±0.5
2	B	0.0±0.0	0.2±0.4
All	All	0	11

There are no bond-length outliers.

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	412	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	9.57	125.09	120.30	3	20
1	A	423	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	8.27	124.44	120.30	18	16
1	A	369	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	7.66	124.13	120.30	7	15
1	A	350	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	7.17	123.89	120.30	10	16
1	A	368	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.81	123.70	120.30	1	14
1	A	385	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.75	123.67	120.30	5	13
1	A	377	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.62	123.61	120.30	18	17
2	B	473	PHE	CB-CG-CD2	-6.10	116.53	120.80	1	4
2	B	473	PHE	CB-CG-CD1	5.34	124.54	120.80	1	2

There are no chirality outliers.

All unique planar outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group	Models (Total)
1	A	362	HIS	Sidechain	6
2	B	443	PHE	Sidechain	5

## 6.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	709	720	715	0±1
2	B	335	313	313	0±1
All	All	20940	20660	20560	9

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 0.

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:432:LEU:HD22	2:B:443:PHE:CZ	0.52	2.39	13	2
2:B:434:LEU:O	2:B:434:LEU:HD12	0.45	2.10	5	1
2:B:452:LEU:HD13	2:B:453:LEU:N	0.45	2.27	17	2
1:A:364:HIS:CE1	1:A:391:LEU:HD22	0.43	2.48	18	2
2:B:434:LEU:HD12	2:B:434:LEU:C	0.42	2.35	5	1
2:B:434:LEU:HD22	2:B:434:LEU:C	0.40	2.36	2	1

## 6.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 6.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	90/100 (90%)	88±1 (97±1%)	2±1 (2±1%)	0±0 (0±1%)	38	78
2	B	44/70 (63%)	41±1 (94±3%)	2±1 (5±3%)	1±0 (1±1%)	15	61
All	All	2680/3400 (79%)	2579 (96%)	82 (3%)	19 (1%)	26	73

All 5 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
2	B	444	ASP	12
1	A	423	ARG	4
1	A	347	PRO	1
1	A	436	SER	1
1	A	425	ASP	1

### 6.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	80/87 (92%)	75±2 (93±2%)	5±2 (7±2%)	20	68
2	B	37/57 (65%)	31±1 (83±3%)	6±1 (17±3%)	5	39
All	All	2340/2880 (81%)	2105 (90%)	235 (10%)	11	56

All 37 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
2	B	452	LEU	20
2	B	461	VAL	20
2	B	440	HIS	19
1	A	395	THR	18
2	B	473	PHE	18
2	B	449	LEU	17
2	B	476	LEU	13
1	A	413	GLN	12
1	A	352	LEU	9
1	A	349	LYS	8
1	A	423	ARG	8

*Continued on next page...*



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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
2	B	465	LEU	7
1	A	398	GLN	7
1	A	414	ILE	6
1	A	358	VAL	6
1	A	418	TRP	6
1	A	356	GLN	5
1	A	401	LYS	4
2	B	453	LEU	4
2	B	434	LEU	3
1	A	430	LEU	3
2	B	442	GLN	2
1	A	424	HIS	2
2	B	438	LEU	2
1	A	357	LEU	2
1	A	355	GLN	2
1	A	353	ILE	2
2	B	447	GLU	1
1	A	359	LEU	1
1	A	426	CYS	1
2	B	441	LEU	1
1	A	361	LEU	1
1	A	377	ARG	1
1	A	410	SER	1
1	A	351	LYS	1
1	A	350	ARG	1
2	B	457	THR	1

### 6.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 6.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 6.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 3 ligands modelled in this entry, 3 are monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

## 6.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

## 6.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 7 Chemical shift validation

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 83% for the well-defined parts and 82% for the entire structure.

### 7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working\_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: *assigned\_chem\_shift\_list\_1*

#### 7.1.1 Bookkeeping

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	1822
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1822
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

#### 7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction $\pm$ precision, ppm	Suggested action
$^{13}\text{C}_\alpha$	169	$-0.22 \pm 0.11$	None needed ( $< 0.5$ ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}_\beta$	158	$0.47 \pm 0.11$	None needed ( $< 0.5$ ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}'$	0	—	None (insufficient data)
$^{15}\text{N}$	156	$-0.56 \pm 0.20$	Should be applied

#### 7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 83%, i.e. 1510 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1820. 0 out of 26 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^1\text{H}$	$^{13}\text{C}$	$^{15}\text{N}$
Backbone	521/665 (78%)	263/268 (98%)	134/268 (50%)	124/129 (96%)
Sidechain	930/1045 (89%)	633/678 (93%)	280/320 (88%)	17/47 (36%)

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	Total	<sup>1</sup> H	<sup>13</sup> C	<sup>15</sup> N
Aromatic	59/110 (54%)	30/57 (53%)	28/38 (74%)	1/15 (7%)
Overall	1510/1820 (83%)	926/1003 (92%)	442/626 (71%)	142/191 (74%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 82%, i.e. 1821 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 2216. 0 out of 27 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	<sup>1</sup> H	<sup>13</sup> C	<sup>15</sup> N
Backbone	660/846 (78%)	335/343 (98%)	169/340 (50%)	156/163 (96%)
Sidechain	1098/1246 (88%)	748/808 (93%)	332/384 (86%)	18/54 (33%)
Aromatic	63/124 (51%)	32/65 (49%)	30/42 (71%)	1/17 (6%)
Overall	1821/2216 (82%)	1115/1216 (92%)	531/766 (69%)	175/234 (75%)

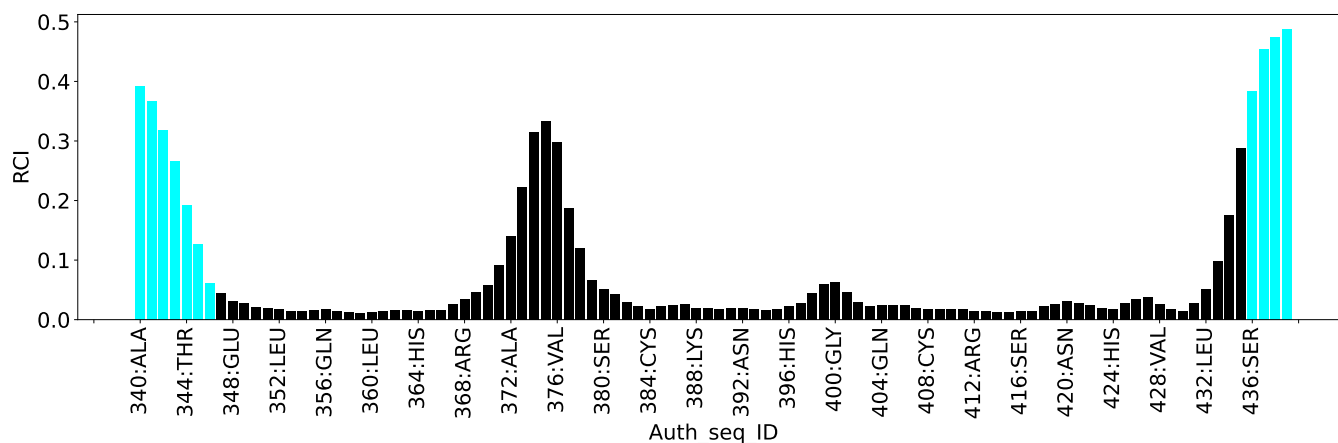
#### 7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts ⓘ

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

#### 7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots ⓘ

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:



Random coil index (RCI) for chain B:

