

Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report (i)

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PDB ID	:	2LLJ
Title	:	Structure of a bis-naphthalene bound to a thymine-thymine DNA mismatch
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Deposited on	:	2011-11-10

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

${ m Cyrange}$ NmrClust		Kirchner and Güntert (2011) Kelley et al. (1006)
		Kelley et al. (1996)
MolProbity		4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541 be (2020)
buster-report	:	1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
RCI	:	v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV	:	Wang et al. (2010)
${ m ShiftChecker}$:	2.11
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.11

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $SOLUTION \ NMR$

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 38%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.

Metric	Percentile Ranks	Value
Clashscore		4
	Worse	Better
I	Percentile relative to all structures	
l	Percentile relative to all NMR structures	
	Whole encline NIMD encline	1

Metric	$egin{array}{c} { m Whole \ archive} \ (\#{ m Entries}) \end{array}$	${f NMR} \ {f archive} \ (\#{f Entries})$
Clashscore	158937	12864

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length		Quality of chain	
1	А	11	18%	64%	18%
2	В	11	36%	36%	27%



2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 5 models. The atoms present in the NMR models are not consistent. Some calculations may have failed as a result. All residues are included in the validation scores. This entry does not contain polypeptide chains, therefore identification of well-defined residues and clustering analysis are not possible. All residues are included in the validation scores.



3 Entry composition (i)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 828 atoms, of which 295 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

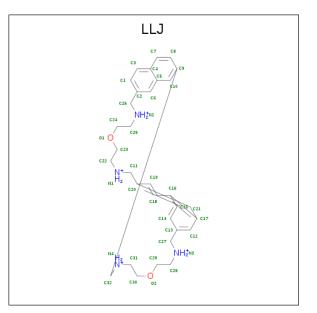
• Molecule 1 is a DNA chain called DNA (5'-D(*CP*GP*TP*CP*GP*TP*AP*GP*TP*GP* C)-3').

Mol	Chain	Residues		1	Atom	.s			Trace
1	Λ	11	Total	С	Η	Ν	Ο	Р	0
	A		349	107	126	40	66	10	0

• Molecule 2 is a DNA chain called DNA (5'-D(*GP*CP*AP*CP*TP*TP*CP*GP*AP*CP* G)-3').

Mol	Chain	Residues		د	Atom	.s			Trace
0	D	11	Total	С	Η	Ν	Ο	Р	0
	D		346	106	125	41	64	10	U

• Molecule 3 is 6,22-dioxa-3,9,19,25-tetraazoniapentacyclo [25.5.3.3 11,17 .0 14,37 .0 30,34]o ctatriaconta-1(33),11(38),12,14(37),15,17(36),27,29,31,34-decaene (three-letter code: LLJ) (formula: $C_{32}H_{44}N_4O_2$).



Mol	Chain	Residues		Ate	oms		
9	D	1	Total	С	Η	Ν	0
0	D		82	32	44	4	2

• Molecule 4 is water.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms
4	Λ	19	Total O
4	Л	19	19 19
4	В	32	Total O
4	D	52	32 32



4 Residue-property plots (i)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: DNA (5'-D(*CP*GP*TP*CP*GP*TP*AP*GP*TP*GP*C)-3')

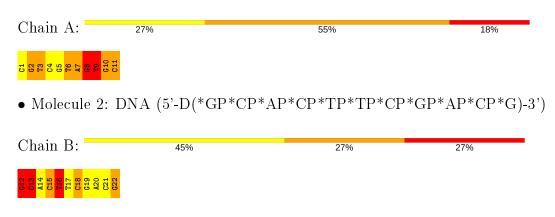
Chain A:	18%	64%	18%
C1 62 13 65 65 76 68 19	G10 C11		
• Molecule 2	2: DNA (5'-D(*0	GP*CP*AP*CP*TP*TP*CP'	*GP*AP*CP*G)-3')
Chain B:	36%	36%	27%
612 613 714 716 717 716 619 820 A20	G21 622		

4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1

• Molecule 1: DNA (5'-D(*CP*GP*TP*CP*GP*TP*AP*GP*TP*GP*C)-3')





4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2

• Molecule 1: DNA (5'-D(*CP*GP*TP*CP*GP*TP*AP*GP*TP*GP*C)-3')

Chain A:	27%	73%	
C1 C2 C4 C4 C4 C4 C4 C4 C4 C4 C4 C4 C4 C4 C4			
• Molecule 2: 1	DNA $(5'-D(*GP$	*CP*AP*CP*TP*TP*CP*GP*AP*CP	*G)-3')
Chain B:	45%	27% 27%	
612 013 014 015 116 1116 018 018 018 018 021 021			

4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

• Molecule 1: DNA (5'-D(*CP*GP*TP*CP*GP*TP*AP*GP*TP*GP*C)-3')

Chain A: 1	18%	82%
C1 C2 C4 C4 C4 C4 C4 C4 C1 C1 C1 C1 C1 C1 C1 C1 C1 C1 C1 C1 C1		
• Molecule 2: I	DNA (5'-D(*GP*CP*AP*CP*T	'P*TP*CP*GP*AP*CP*G)-3')

Chain B:	36%	36%	27%
612 018 116 116 018 018 619 621 621 622			

4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

• Molecule 1: DNA (5'-D(*CP*GP*TP*CP*GP*TP*AP*GP*TP*GP*C)-3')

Chain A:	18%	64%	18%
C1 C2 C2 C3 C3 C3 C3 C3 C3 C3 C3 C3 C3 C3 C3 C3	G10 C11		
• Molecule 2	2: DNA (5'-D(*)	GP*CP*AP*CP*TP*TP*CP*	GP*AP*CP*G)-3')
Chain B:	36%	36%	27%
612 613 114 015 117 117 018 018 018 018	G21 G22		



4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5

• Molecule 1: DNA (5'-D(*CP*GP*TP*CP*GP*TP*AP*GP*TP*GP*C)-3')

Chain A:	18%	64%	18%
C1 G2 C4 C4 G5 T6 A7	68 610 011		
• Molecul	e 2: DNA (5'-D(*GP*CP*AP*CP*TP*TP*CP*GP*	AP*CP*G)-3')

Chain B:	36%	36%	27%
612 612 013 015 015 015 015 015 015 015	021 622 622		



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5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)

The models were refined using the following method: *simulated annealing, molecular dynamics.*

Of the 100 calculated structures, 5 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the lowest energy*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
AMBER	structure solution	10.1
AMBER	refinement	10.1

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 6 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	input_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	178
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	178
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	38%

No validations of the models with respect to experimental NMR restraints is performed at this time.

COVALENT-GEOMETRY INFOmissingINFO

5.1 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	А	223	126	126	2 ± 0
2	В	221	125	125	2 ± 0
3	В	38	44	37	1 ± 0
All	All	2665	1475	1440	18

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including



hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 4.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	$\operatorname{Mo}(\lambda)$ Mo	
Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(A)	$\mathbf{Distance}(\mathbf{A})$	Worst	Total
2:B:16:DT:C6	3:B:101:LLJ:C7	0.63	2.81	3	5
2:B:12:DG:C8	2:B:13:DC:C5	0.44	3.06	2	5
1:A:2:DG:H1'	1:A:3:DT:C6	0.43	2.48	1	5
1:A:8:DG:C8	1:A:9:DT:C5	0.42	3.07	1	3

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

5.2 Torsion angles (i)

5.2.1 Protein backbone (i)

There are no protein molecules in this entry.

5.2.2 Protein sidechains (i)

There are no protein molecules in this entry.

5.2.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.3 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.4 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry. LIGAND-GEOMETRY INFOmissingINFO

5.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.



5.6 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Chemical shift validation (i)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 38% for the well-defined parts and 38% for the entire structure.

6.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: input_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: assigned_chem_shift_list_1

6.1.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	178
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	178
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

6.1.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

No chemical shift referencing corrections were calculated (not enough data).

6.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 38%, i.e. 164 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 437. 0 out of 0 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}\mathrm{H}$	$^{13}\mathrm{C}$	$^{15}\mathbf{N}$
Backbone	0/0~(-%)	0/0~(-%)	$0/0 \ (\%)$	0/0 (-%)
Sidechain	0/0~(-%)	0/0~(-%)	$0/0 \ (-\%)$	$0/0 \ (-\%)$
Aromatic	0/0~(-%)	0/0~(-%)	0/0 (%)	$0/0 \ (-\%)$
Overall	164/437~(38%)	164/261~(63%)	0/147~(0%)	0/29~(0%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 38%, i.e. 164 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 437. 0 out of 0 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.



	Total	$^{1}\mathrm{H}$	$^{13}\mathrm{C}$	$^{15}\mathbf{N}$
Backbone	0/0~(-%)	0/0~(-%)	$0/0 \ (-\%)$	$0/0 \ (\%)$
Sidechain	0/0~(-%)	0/0~(-%)	$0/0 \ (-\%)$	$0/0 \ (-\%)$
Aromatic	0/0~(-%)	0/0~(-%)	$0/0 \ (-\%)$	$0/0 \ (\%)$
Overall	164/437~(38%)	164/261~(63%)	0/147~(0%)	0/29~(0%)

6.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

6.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots ()

No *random coil index* (RCI) plot could be generated from the current chemical shift list (assigned_chem_shift_list_1). RCI is only applicable to proteins.

