

Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report (i)

Jun 4, 2023 – 11:46 AM EDT

PDB ID : 2LG3 BMRB ID : 17791

Title: Structure of the duplex containing HNE derived (6S,8R,11S) gamma-HO-PdG

when placed opposite dT

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Deposited on : 2011-07-19

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

wwPDB-RCI : v 1n 11 5 13 A (Berjanski et al., 2005)

PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)

 $\begin{array}{ccc} wwPDB\text{-ShiftChecker} &:& v1.2\\ BMRB \ Restraints \ Analysis &:& v1.2 \end{array}$

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

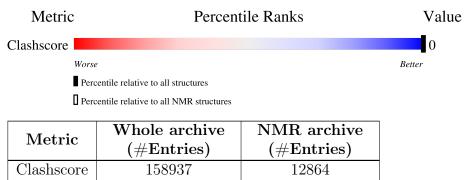
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.33

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $SOLUTION\ NMR$

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 24%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain					
1	A	12	83%	17%				
2	В	12	92%	8%				



2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 1 models. Identification of well-defined residues and clustering analysis are not possible.



3 Entry composition (i)

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 787 atoms, of which 289 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

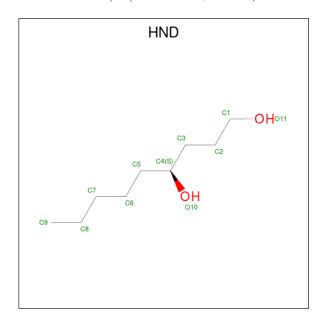
• Molecule 1 is a DNA chain called DNA (5'-D(*GP*CP*TP*AP*GP*CP*GP*AP*GP*TP* CP*C)-3').

Mol	Chain	Residues		\mathbf{Atoms}					Trace
1	Λ	19	Total	С	Н	N	О	Р	0
	A	12	377	116	134	46	70	11	U

• Molecule 2 is a DNA chain called DNA (5'-D(*GP*GP*AP*CP*TP*TP*GP*CP*TP*AP*GP*C)-3').

Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms					Trace
9	D	10	Total	С	Н	N	О	Р	0
	D	12	381	117	137	45	71	11	U

• Molecule 3 is (4S)-nonane-1,4-diol (three-letter code: HND) (formula: $C_9H_{20}O_2$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			
9	Λ	1	Total	С	Н	О
)	A	1	29	9	18	2



4 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: DNA (5'-D(*GP*CP*TP*AP*GP*CP*GP*AP*GP*TP*CP*C)-3')





5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)



The models were refined using the following method: simulated annealing.

Of the 10 calculated structures, 1 were deposited, based on the following criterion: back calculated data agree with experimental NOESY spectrum.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
Amber	refinement	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	140
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	140
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	24%



6 Model quality (i)

6.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: HND

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bor	nd lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z>5	
1	A	1.66	0/272 (0.0%)	2.32	21/418 (5.0%)	
2	В	1.71	0/273 (0.0%)	2.34	22/420 (5.2%)	
All	All	1.68	0/545 (0.0%)	2.33	43/838 (5.1%)	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	Chirality	Planarity
1	A	0	2
2	В	0	1
All	All	0	3

There are no bond-length outliers.

All angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	A	7	DG	N3-C2-N2	-8.85	113.70	119.90
1	A	8	DA	N1-C6-N6	-8.46	113.52	118.60
1	A	4	DA	N1-C6-N6	-8.38	113.57	118.60
2	В	15	DA	N1-C6-N6	-8.18	113.69	118.60
2	В	22	DA	C5-C6-N1	8.04	121.72	117.70
2	В	22	DA	N1-C6-N6	-7.92	113.85	118.60
2	В	19	DG	O4'-C4'-C3'	7.60	110.56	106.00
1	A	4	DA	C5-C6-N1	7.53	121.47	117.70
1	A	8	DA	C5-C6-N1	7.26	121.33	117.70
1	A	4	DA	C4-C5-C6	-7.20	113.40	117.00
2	В	15	DA	C4-C5-C6	-7.17	113.42	117.00
2	В	15	DA	C5-C6-N1	7.16	121.28	117.70



 $Continued\ from\ previous\ page...$

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
2	В	18	DT	C6-C5-C7	-7.13	118.62	122.90
1	A	11	DC	N3-C2-O2	-6.95	117.04	121.90
2	В	16	DC	N3-C2-O2	-6.72	117.20	121.90
1	A	6	DC	N3-C2-O2	-6.65	117.25	121.90
1	A	8	DA	C4-C5-C6	-6.61	113.70	117.00
2	В	22	DA	C4-C5-C6	-6.49	113.75	117.00
2	В	18	DT	N3-C2-O2	-6.40	118.46	122.30
2	В	20	DC	N3-C2-O2	-6.39	117.43	121.90
2	В	21	DT	C6-C5-C7	-6.23	119.16	122.90
2	В	18	DT	O4'-C4'-C3'	6.21	109.73	106.00
1	A	2	DC	N3-C2-O2	-6.21	117.56	121.90
1	A	12	DC	N3-C2-O2	-6.21	117.56	121.90
2	В	17	DT	C6-C5-C7	-6.12	119.22	122.90
2	В	23	DG	N1-C6-O6	-6.11	116.23	119.90
2	В	16	DC	N1-C2-O2	5.85	122.41	118.90
1	A	6	DC	N1-C2-O2	5.82	122.39	118.90
1	A	3	DT	C6-C5-C7	-5.81	119.41	122.90
1	A	11	DC	N1-C2-O2	5.76	122.36	118.90
1	A	7	DG	C6-N1-C2	-5.73	121.66	125.10
1	A	1	DG	N1-C6-O6	-5.57	116.56	119.90
2	В	24	DC	N3-C2-O2	-5.56	118.01	121.90
2	В	14	DG	N1-C6-O6	-5.41	116.65	119.90
2	В	20	DC	N1-C2-O2	5.33	122.10	118.90
2	В	19	DG	N1-C6-O6	-5.25	116.75	119.90
2	В	17	DT	N3-C2-O2	-5.21	119.17	122.30
1	A	10	DT	N3-C2-O2	-5.15	119.21	122.30
1	A	9	DG	N1-C6-O6	-5.14	116.81	119.90
1	A	7	DG	C5-C6-N1	5.10	114.05	111.50
1	A	2	DC	N1-C2-O2	5.07	121.94	118.90
1	A	5	DG	N1-C6-O6	-5.07	116.86	119.90
2	В	13	DG	N1-C6-O6	-5.05	116.87	119.90

There are no chirality outliers.

All planar outliers are listed below.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	1	DG	Sidechain
1	A	6	DC	Sidechain
2	В	13	DG	Sidechain



6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

\mathbf{Mol}	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
All	All	498	289	289	-

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is -.

There are no clashes.

6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

There are no protein molecules in this entry.

6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

There are no protein molecules in this entry.

6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.



In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds that are observed in the model and the number of bonds that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths.

Mal	Type	Chain	Pog	Link	Boı	nd lengt	hs
WIOI	туре	Chain	$ \operatorname{Res} \operatorname{Link}$	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
3	HND	A	25	1	10,10,10	0.64	0 (0%)

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of angles for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of angles that are observed in the model and the number of angles that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond angle is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond angle with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond angles.

Mal	Tuno	Chain	Pag	Link	Bond angles		es
MOI	туре	Chain	nes	Link	Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
3	HND	A	25	1	10,10,10	0.74	0 (0%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	HND	A	25	1	-	0,9,9,9	-

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.



6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



7 Chemical shift validation (i)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 24% for the well-defined parts and 24% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: assigned_chem_shift_list_1

7.1.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	140
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	140
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

No chemical shift referencing corrections were calculated (not enough data).

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 24%, i.e. 116 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 477. 0 out of 0 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}{ m H}$	$^{13}\mathbf{C}$	$^{15}{ m N}$
Sugar	83/288 (29%)	83/168~(49%)	0/120 (0%)	0/0 (%)
Base	33/189 (17%)	33/118~(28%)	0/40 (0%)	0/31 (0%)
Overall	$116/477 \ (24\%)$	116/286 (41%)	0/160 (0%)	0/31 (0%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 24%, i.e. 116 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 477. 0 out of 0 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.



	Total	$^{1}\mathrm{H}$	$^{13}\mathbf{C}$	$^{15}{ m N}$
Sugar	83/288 (29%)	83/168~(49%)	0/120 (0%)	0/0 (%)
Base	33/189 (17%)	33/118 (28%)	0/40 (0%)	0/31 (0%)
Overall	116/477 (24%)	116/286 (41%)	0/160 (0%)	0/31 (0%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

No random coil index(RCI) plot could be generated from the current chemical shift list. RCI is only applicable to proteins



8 NMR restraints analysis (i)

8.1 Conformationally restricting restraints (i)

The following table provides the summary of experimentally observed NMR restraints in different categories. Restraints are classified into different categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved.

Description	Value
Total distance restraints	212
Intra-residue ($ i-j =0$)	118
Sequential ($ i-j =1$)	78
Medium range ($ i-j >1$ and $ i-j <5$)	0
Long range (i-j ≥5)	8
Inter-chain	8
Hydrogen bond restraints	0
Disulfide bond restraints	0
Total dihedral-angle restraints	0
Number of unmapped restraints	0
Number of restraints per residue	8.8
Number of long range restraints per residue ¹	0.3

¹Long range hydrogen bonds and disulfide bonds are counted as long range restraints while calculating the number of long range restraints per residue

8.2 Residual restraint violations (i)

This section provides the overview of the restraint violations analysis. The violations are binned as small, medium and large violations based on its absolute value. Average number of violations per model is calculated by dividing the total number of violations in each bin by the size of the ensemble.

8.2.1 Average number of distance violations per model (i)

Distance violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the calculation.

Bins (Å)	Average number of violations per model	Max (Å)
0.1-0.2 (Small)	17.0	0.19
0.2-0.5 (Medium)	32.0	0.49
>0.5 (Large)	60.0	2.37



8.2.2 Average number of dihedral-angle violations per model (i)

Dihedral-angle violations less than 1° are not included in the calculation. There are no dihedral-angle violations



9 Distance violation analysis (i)

9.1 Summary of distance violations (i)

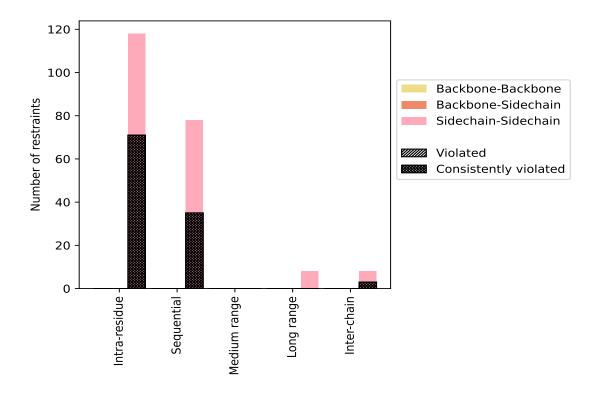
The following table shows the summary of distance violations in different restraint categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved. Each category is further sub-divided into three sub-categories based on the atoms involved. Violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the statistics.

Doodnointo tomo	C	% ¹	Vi	olated	3	Consistently Violated ⁴		
Restraints type	Count	70	Count	$\%^2$	$\%^{1}$	Count	$\%^2$	$\%^1$
Intra-residue (i-j =0)	118	55.7	71	60.2	33.5	71	60.2	33.5
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	118	55.7	71	60.2	33.5	71	60.2	33.5
Sequential (i-j =1)	78	36.8	35	44.9	16.5	35	44.9	16.5
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	78	36.8	35	44.9	16.5	35	44.9	16.5
Medium range ($ i-j >1 \& i-j <5$)	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Long range ($ i-j \ge 5$)	8	3.8	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	8	3.8	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Inter-chain	8	3.8	3	37.5	1.4	3	37.5	1.4
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	8	3.8	3	37.5	1.4	3	37.5	1.4
Hydrogen bond	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Disulfide bond	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Total	212	100.0	109	51.4	51.4	109	51.4	51.4
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	212	100.0	109	51.4	51.4	109	51.4	51.4

 $^{^1}$ percentage calculated with respect to the total number of distance restraints, 2 percentage calculated with respect to the number of restraints in a particular restraint category, 3 violated in at least one model, 4 violated in all the models



9.1.1 Bar chart: Distribution of distance restraints and violations (i)



Violated and consistently violated restraints are shown using different hatch patterns in their respective categories. The hydrogen bonds and disulfied bonds are counted in their appropriate category on the x-axis

9.2 Distance violation statistics for each model (i)

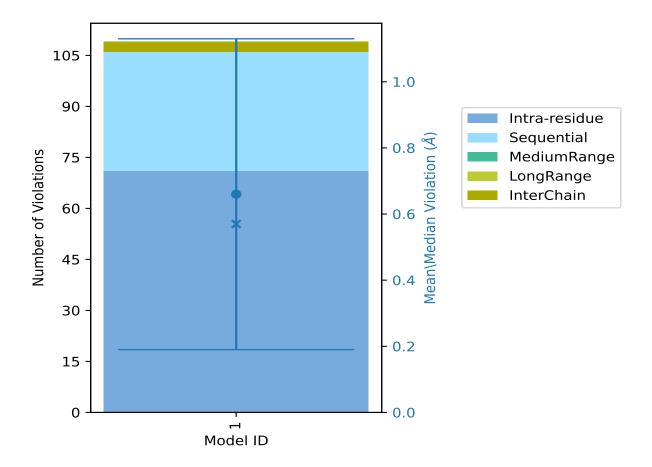
The following table provides the distance violation statistics for each model in the ensemble. Violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the statistics.

Model ID			nber o			3	Moon (Å)	Max (Å)	SD6 (Å)	Median (Å)
Model ID	IR^1	SQ^2	MR^3	LR^4	IC^5	Total	Mean (Å)	wax (A)	$ SD^*(A) $	
1	71	35	0	0	3	109	0.66	2.37	0.47	0.57

 $^{^1}$ Intra-residue restraints, 2 Sequential restraints, 3 Medium range restraints, 4 Long range restraints, 5 Inter-chain restraints, 6 Standard deviation



9.2.1 Bar graph: Distance Violation statistics for each model (i)



The mean(dot),median(x) and the standard deviation are shown in blue with respect to the y axis on the right

9.3 Distance violation statistics for the ensemble (i)

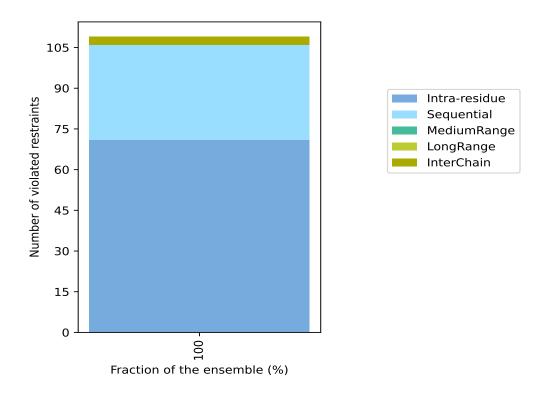
Violation analysis may find that some restraints are violated in few models and some are violated in most of models. The following table provides this information as number of violated restraints for a given fraction of the ensemble. In total, 103(IR:47, SQ:43, MR:0, LR:8, IC:5) restraints are not violated in the ensemble.

Nu	ımber	of vio	lated	Fraction of the ensemble			
IR^1	$\mathbb{R}^1 \mid \mathrm{SQ}^2 \mid \mathrm{MR}^3 \mid \mathrm{LR}^4 \mid \mathrm{IC}^5 \mid \mathrm{Total}$				$\mid \text{Count}^6 \mid \%$		
71	35	0	0	3	109	1	100.0

¹Intra-residue restraints, ²Sequential restraints, ³Medium range restraints, ⁴Long range restraints, ⁵Inter-chain restraints, ⁶ Number of models with violations



9.3.1 Bar graph: Distance violation statistics for the ensemble (i)



9.4 Most violated distance restraints in the ensemble (i)

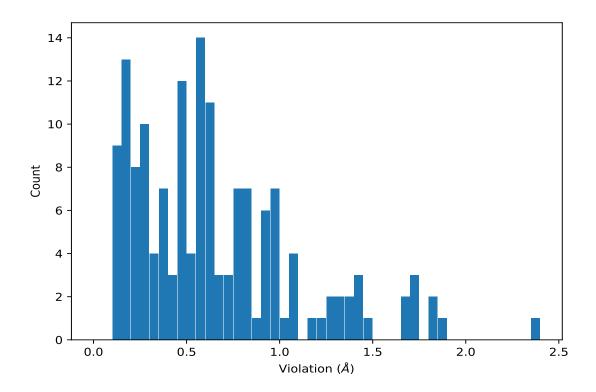
No violations found

9.5 All violated distance restraints (i)

9.5.1 Histogram: Distribution of distance violations (i)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the absolute value of the violation for all violated restraints in the ensemble.





9.5.2 Table: All distance violations (i)

The following table lists the absolute value of the violation for each restraint in the ensemble sorted by its value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint. Rows with same key represent combinatorial or ambiguous restraints and are counted as a single restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(1,190)	3:A:25:HND:H2	2:B:19:DG:H1'	1	2.37
(1,71)	1:A:4:DA:H3'	1:A:4:DA:H8	1	1.88
(1,19)	1:A:3:DT:H6	1:A:2:DC:H1'	1	1.84
(1,81)	1:A:6:DC:H5	1:A:5:DG:H8	1	1.82
(1,156)	2:B:18:DT:H71	2:B:17:DT:H1'	1	1.7
(1,156)	2:B:18:DT:H72	2:B:17:DT:H1'	1	1.7
(1,156)	2:B:18:DT:H73	2:B:17:DT:H1'	1	1.7
(1,67)	1:A:4:DA:H8	1:A:3:DT:H1'	1	1.69
(1,165)	2:B:20:DC:H6	2:B:19:DG:H8	1	1.65
(1,170)	2:B:20:DC:H5	2:B:19:DG:H2'	1	1.46
(1,142)	2:B:17:DT:H3'	2:B:17:DT:H1'	1	1.41
(1,1)	1:A:1:DG:H8	1:A:1:DG:H1'	1	1.41
(1,79)	1:A:6:DC:H6	1:A:6:DC:H1'	1	1.4
(1,208)	3:A:25:HND:H6	3:A:25:HND:H4	1	1.39
(1,208)	3:A:25:HND:H6A	3:A:25:HND:H4	1	1.39
(1,152)	2:B:18:DT:H6	2:B:17:DT:H2'	1	1.31



 $Continued\ from\ previous\ page...$

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(1,152)	2:B:18:DT:H6	2:B:17:DT:H2'	1	1.31
(1,175)	2:B:21:DT:H6	2:B:21:DT:H1'	1	1.29
(1,132)	2:B:16:DC:H6	2:B:16:DC:H1'	1	1.25
(1,164)	2:B:20:DC:H6	2:B:19:DG:H1'	1	1.23
(1,2)	1:A:1:DG:H3'	1:A:1:DG:H1'	1	1.15
(1,118)	1:A:10:DT:H71	1:A:10:DT:H6	1	1.09
(1,118)	1:A:10:DT:H72	1:A:10:DT:H6	1	1.09
(1,118)	1:A:10:DT:H73	1:A:10:DT:H6	1	1.09
(1,121)	1:A:11:DC:H5	1:A:10:DT:H6	1	1.07
(1,181)	2:B:21:DT:H2'	2:B:21:DT:H1'	1	1.02
(1,103)	1:A:8:DA:H2'	1:A:8:DA:H8	1	0.99
(1,103)	1:A:8:DA:H2'	1:A:8:DA:H8	1	0.99
(1,27)	1:A:11:DC:H2'	1:A:11:DC:H1'	1	0.96
(1,172)	2:B:20:DC:H2'	2:B:20:DC:H5	1	0.95
(1,138)	2:B:17:DT:H71	2:B:16:DC:H1'	1	0.95
(1,138)	2:B:17:DT:H72	2:B:16:DC:H1'	1	0.95
(1,138)	2:B:17:DT:H73	2:B:16:DC:H1'	1	0.95
(1,108)	1:A:9:DG:H8	1:A:8:DA:H2'	1	0.94
(1,179)	2:B:21:DT:H3'	2:B:21:DT:H6	1	0.93
(1,15)	1:A:2:DC:H3'	1:A:2:DC:H6	1	0.93
(1,166)	2:B:20:DC:H6	2:B:19:DG:H2'	1	0.91
(1,80)	1:A:6:DC:H5	1:A:5:DG:H1'	1	0.9
(1,143)	2:B:17:DT:H2'	2:B:17:DT:H1'	1	0.9
(1,134)	2:B:16:DC:H2'	2:B:16:DC:H1'	1	0.88
(1,24)	1:A:3:DT:H71	1:A:2:DC:H2'	1	0.83
(1,24)	1:A:3:DT:H72	1:A:2:DC:H2'	1	0.83
(1,24)	1:A:3:DT:H73	1:A:2:DC:H2'	1	0.83
(1,125)	2:B:14:DG:H8	2:B:14:DG:H1'	1	0.83
(1,176)	2:B:21:DT:H71	2:B:20:DC:H5	1	0.8
(1,176)	2:B:21:DT:H72	2:B:20:DC:H5	1	0.8
(1,176)	2:B:21:DT:H73	2:B:20:DC:H5	1	0.8
(1,141)	2:B:17:DT:H71	2:B:17:DT:H6	1	0.78
(1,141)	2:B:17:DT:H72	2:B:17:DT:H6	1	0.78
(1,141)	2:B:17:DT:H73	2:B:17:DT:H6	1	0.78
(1,46)	2:B:14:DG:H3'	2:B:14:DG:H8	1	0.77
(1,173)	2:B:20:DC:H2'	2:B:20:DC:H1'	1	0.75
(1,133)	2:B:16:DC:H5	2:B:15:DA:H2'	1	0.75
(1,133)	2:B:16:DC:H5	2:B:15:DA:H2'	1	0.75
(1,189)	3:A:25:HND:H2	2:B:17:DT:H1'	1	0.72
(1,72)	1:A:5:DG:H8	1:A:5:DG:H1'	1	0.7
(1,183)	2:B:22:DA:H8	2:B:21:DT:H3'	1	0.7
(2,2)	1:A:11:DC:H2'	1:A:11:DC:H1'	1	0.67



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Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(1,12)	1:A:2:DC:H5	1:A:1:DG:H1'	1	0.67
(1,65)	2:B:24:DC:H2'	2:B:24:DC:H1'	1	0.65
(1,66)	2:B:24:DC:H2'	2:B:24:DC:H3'	1	0.64
(1,86)	1:A:6:DC:H2'	1:A:6:DC:H1'	1	0.63
(1,37)	1:A:12:DC:H2'	1:A:12:DC:H6	1	0.62
(1,37)	1:A:12:DC:H2"	1:A:12:DC:H6	1	0.62
(1,117)	1:A:10:DT:H71	1:A:9:DG:H2'	1	0.62
(1,117)	1:A:10:DT:H72	1:A:9:DG:H2'	1	0.62
(1,117)	1:A:10:DT:H73	1:A:9:DG:H2'	1	0.62
(1,117)	1:A:10:DT:H71	1:A:9:DG:H2'	1	0.62
(1,117)	1:A:10:DT:H72	1:A:9:DG:H2'	1	0.62
(1,117)	1:A:10:DT:H73	1:A:9:DG:H2'	1	0.62
(1,56)	2:B:23:DG:H3'	2:B:23:DG:H1'	1	0.6
(1,155)	2:B:18:DT:H6	2:B:18:DT:H2'	1	0.59
(1,155)	2:B:18:DT:H6	2:B:18:DT:H2'	1	0.59
(1,139)	2:B:17:DT:H71	2:B:16:DC:H6	1	0.59
(1,139)	2:B:17:DT:H72	2:B:16:DC:H6	1	0.59
(1,139)	2:B:17:DT:H73	2:B:16:DC:H6	1	0.59
(1,111)	1:A:9:DG:H2'	1:A:9:DG:H1'	1	0.59
(1,111)	1:A:9:DG:H2'	1:A:9:DG:H1'	1	0.59
(1,159)	2:B:18:DT:H71	2:B:18:DT:H6	1	0.58
(1,159)	2:B:18:DT:H72	2:B:18:DT:H6	1	0.58
(1,159)	2:B:18:DT:H73	2:B:18:DT:H6	1	0.58
(1,39)	2:B:13:DG:H8	2:B:13:DG:H1'	1	0.57
(1,206)	3:A:25:HND:H6	2:B:17:DT:H1'	1	0.57
(1,206)	3:A:25:HND:H6A	2:B:17:DT:H1'	1	0.57
(1,43)	2:B:13:DG:H2'	2:B:13:DG:H1'	1	0.55
(1,16)	1:A:2:DC:H2'	1:A:2:DC:H6	1	0.54
(1,95)	1:A:7:DG:H2'	1:A:7:DG:H1'	1	0.53
(1,63)	2:B:24:DC:H2'	2:B:24:DC:H1'	1	0.52
(1,151)	2:B:18:DT:H6	2:B:17:DT:H3'	1	0.52
(1,73)	1:A:5:DG:H3'	1:A:5:DG:H1'	1	0.49
(1,153)	2:B:18:DT:H6	2:B:18:DT:H1'	1	0.48
(1,158)	2:B:18:DT:H71	2:B:17:DT:H3'	1	0.47
(1,158)	2:B:18:DT:H72	2:B:17:DT:H3'	1	0.47
(1,158)	2:B:18:DT:H73	2:B:17:DT:H3'	1	0.47
(1,22)	1:A:3:DT:H71	1:A:2:DC:H5	1	0.46
(1,22)	1:A:3:DT:H72	1:A:2:DC:H5	1	0.46
(1,22)	1:A:3:DT:H73	1:A:2:DC:H5	1	0.46
(1,20)	1:A:3:DT:H71	1:A:2:DC:H1'	1	0.46
(1,20)	1:A:3:DT:H72	1:A:2:DC:H1'	1	0.46
(1,20)	1:A:3:DT:H73	1:A:2:DC:H1'	1	0.46



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Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(1,5)	1:A:1:DG:H2'	1:A:1:DG:H1'	1	0.45
(1,110)	1:A:9:DG:H3'	1:A:9:DG:H1'	1	0.41
(1,90)	1:A:7:DG:H8	1:A:7:DG:H1'	1	0.4
(1,201)	3:A:25:HND:H5A	3:A:25:HND:H3	1	0.4
(1,29)	1:A:12:DC:H6	1:A:11:DC:H1'	1	0.38
(1,145)	2:B:17:DT:H2'	2:B:17:DT:H1'	1	0.38
(1,78)	1:A:6:DC:H6	1:A:5:DG:H2'	1	0.37
(1,3)	1:A:1:DG:H2'	1:A:1:DG:H1'	1	0.37
(1,38)	1:A:12:DC:H2'	1:A:12:DC:H3'	1	0.36
(1,38)	1:A:12:DC:H2"	1:A:12:DC:H3'	1	0.36
(1,83)	1:A:6:DC:H2'	1:A:6:DC:H1'	1	0.35
(1,147)	2:B:17:DT:H2'	2:B:17:DT:H3'	1	0.34
(1,104)	1:A:9:DG:H1'	1:A:8:DA:H2	1	0.33
(1,76)	1:A:5:DG:H2'	1:A:5:DG:H3'	1	0.31
(2,3)	2:B:14:DG:H2'	2:B:14:DG:H8	1	0.3
(1,53)	2:B:15:DA:H2'	2:B:15:DA:H1'	1	0.29
(1,53)	2:B:15:DA:H2'	2:B:15:DA:H1'	1	0.29
(1,96)	1:A:8:DA:H8	1:A:7:DG:H1'	1	0.27
(1,82)	1:A:6:DC:H5	1:A:5:DG:H2'	1	0.27
(1,31)	1:A:12:DC:H6	1:A:12:DC:H1'	1	0.26
(1,167)	2:B:20:DC:H6	2:B:20:DC:H1'	1	0.26
(1,149)	2:B:18:DT:H2'	2:B:18:DT:H1'	1	0.26
(1,149)	2:B:18:DT:H2'	2:B:18:DT:H1'	1	0.26
(1,26)	1:A:3:DT:H2'	1:A:3:DT:H1'	1	0.25
(1,26)	1:A:3:DT:H2'	1:A:3:DT:H1'	1	0.25
(1,207)	3:A:25:HND:H6	3:A:25:HND:H3	1	0.24
(1,207)	3:A:25:HND:H6A	3:A:25:HND:H3	1	0.24
(1,127)	2:B:14:DG:H2'	2:B:14:DG:H1'	1	0.24
(1,127)	2:B:14:DG:H2'	2:B:14:DG:H1'	1	0.24
(1,75)	1:A:5:DG:H2'	1:A:5:DG:H8	1	0.23
(1,7)	1:A:1:DG:H2'	1:A:1:DG:H3'	1	0.23
(1,28)	1:A:11:DC:H2'	1:A:11:DC:H3'	1	0.23
(1,191)	3:A:25:HND:H2	3:A:25:HND:H1	1	0.21
(2,1)	1:A:1:DG:H2'	1:A:1:DG:H8	1	0.19
(1,8)	1:A:2:DC:H6	1:A:1:DG:H1'	1	0.19
(1,199)	3:A:25:HND:H4	3:A:25:HND:H2	1	0.18
(1,199)	3:A:25:HND:H4	3:A:25:HND:H2A	1	0.18
(1,99)	1:A:8:DA:H8	1:A:7:DG:H2'	1	0.16
(1,99)	1:A:8:DA:H8	1:A:7:DG:H2'	1	0.16
(1,57)	2:B:24:DC:H6	2:B:24:DC:H1'	1	0.16
(1,33)	1:A:12:DC:H3'	1:A:12:DC:H1'	1	0.16
(1,195)	3:A:25:HND:H3	3:A:25:HND:H1	1	0.16



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Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(1,162)	2:B:19:DG:H3'	2:B:19:DG:H8	1	0.16
(1,131)	2:B:16:DC:H6	2:B:15:DA:H2'	1	0.16
(1,131)	2:B:16:DC:H6	2:B:15:DA:H2'	1	0.16
(1,129)	2:B:16:DC:H1'	2:B:15:DA:H2	1	0.16
(1,94)	1:A:7:DG:H2'	1:A:7:DG:H3'	1	0.14
(1,92)	1:A:7:DG:H2'	1:A:7:DG:H1'	1	0.14
(1,163)	2:B:19:DG:H2'	2:B:19:DG:H3'	1	0.14
(1,140)	2:B:17:DT:H71	2:B:16:DC:H5	1	0.14
(1,140)	2:B:17:DT:H72	2:B:16:DC:H5	1	0.14
(1,140)	2:B:17:DT:H73	2:B:16:DC:H5	1	0.14
(1,91)	1:A:7:DG:H3'	1:A:7:DG:H8	1	0.13
(1,74)	1:A:5:DG:H2'	1:A:5:DG:H1'	1	0.12
(1,97)	1:A:8:DA:H8	1:A:7:DG:H8	1	0.11



10 Dihedral-angle violation analysis (i)

No dihedral-angle restraints found

