Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Aug 6, 2023 – 01:41 AM EDT

PDB ID	:	1LD7
Title	:	Co-crystal structure of Human Farnesyltransferase with farnesyldiphosphate and inhibitor compound 66
Authors	:	Taylor, J.S.; Terry, K.L.; Beese, L.S.
Deposited on	:	2002-04-08
Resolution	:	2.00 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at
http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references ⓘ) were used in the production of this report:

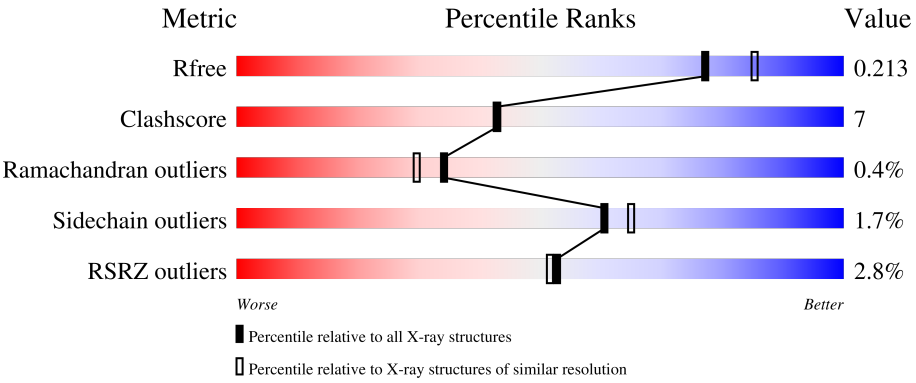
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
EDS	:	2.35
buster-report	:	1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
CCP4	:	7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.35

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.00 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	130704	8085 (2.00-2.00)
Clashscore	141614	9178 (2.00-2.00)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	9054 (2.00-2.00)
Sidechain outliers	138945	9053 (2.00-2.00)
RSRZ outliers	127900	7900 (2.00-2.00)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	382	4% 69% 12% 18%
2	B	437	% 78% 14% 7%
3	C	2	100%

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
6	U66	B	1003	X	-	-	-

2 Entry composition (i)

There are 7 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 6479 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called protein farnesyltransferase alpha subunit.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
1	A	313	2670	1704	465	496	5	0	0	0

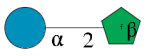
There are 3 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	380	GLU	-	cloning artifact	UNP P49354
A	381	GLU	-	cloning artifact	UNP P49354
A	382	PHE	-	cloning artifact	UNP P49354

- Molecule 2 is a protein called protein farnesyltransferase beta subunit.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
2	B	407	3207	2054	549	582	22	0	0	0

- Molecule 3 is an oligosaccharide called beta-D-fructofuranose-(2-1)-alpha-D-glucopyranose.

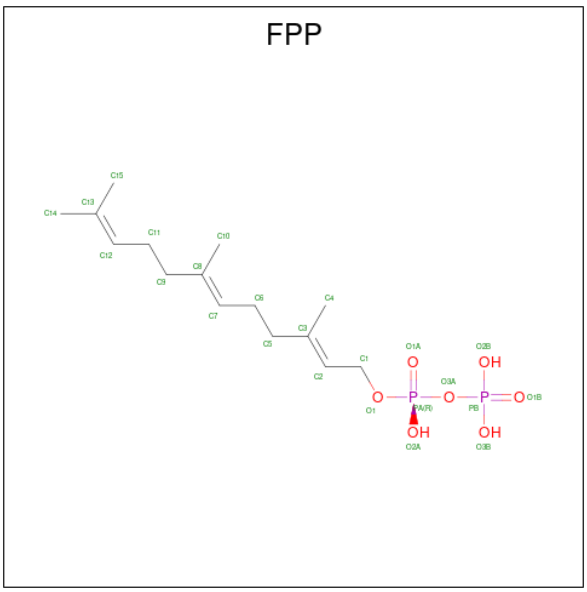


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	O				
3	C	2	23	12	11		0	0	0

- Molecule 4 is ZINC ION (three-letter code: ZN) (formula: Zn).

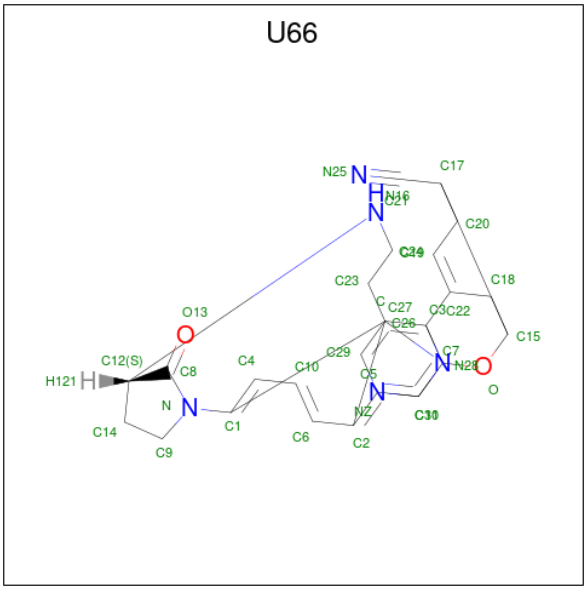
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	Zn		
4	B	1	1	1	0	0

- Molecule 5 is FARNESYL DIPHOSPHATE (three-letter code: FPP) (formula: $C_{15}H_{28}O_7P_2$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	B	1	Total C O P 24 15 7 2	0	0

- Molecule 6 is (20S)-19,20,22,23-TETRAHYDRO-19-OXO-5H,21H-18,20-ETHANO-12,14-ETHENO-6,10-METHENOBENZ[D]IMIDAZO[4,3-L][1,6,9,13]OXATRIA ZACYCLONOADECOSINE-9-CARBONITRILE (three-letter code: U66) (formula: $C_{27}H_{27}N_5O_2$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	B	1	Total C N O 34 27 5 2	0	0

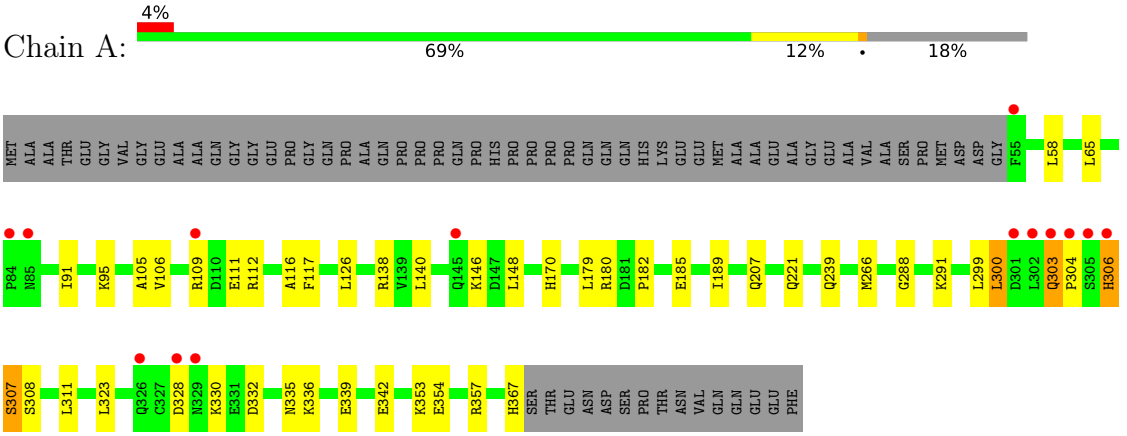
- Molecule 7 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	227	Total O 227 227	0	0
7	B	293	Total O 293 293	0	0

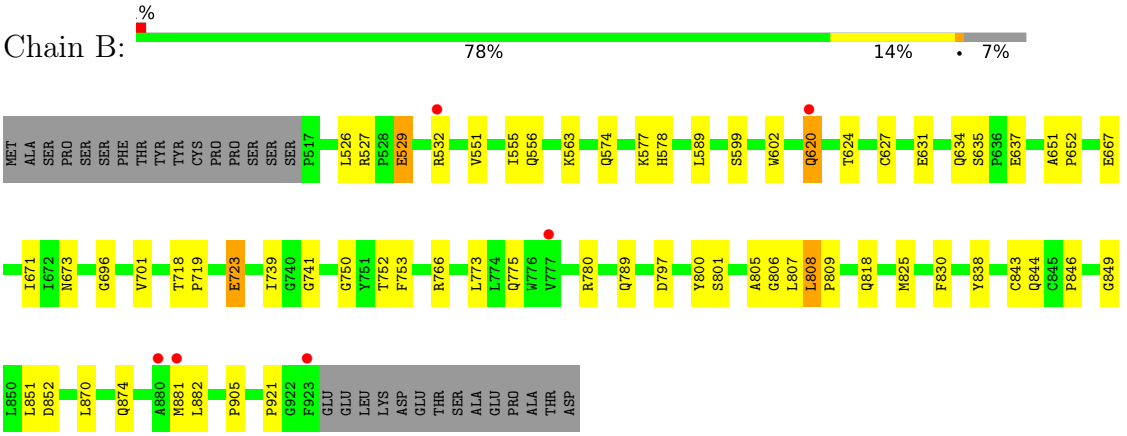
3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

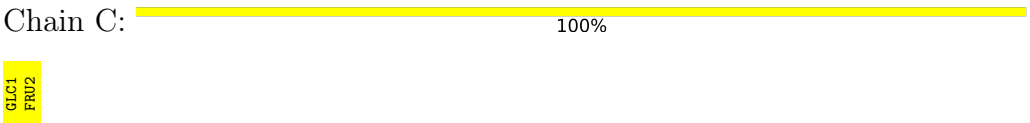
• Molecule 1: protein farnesyltransferase alpha subunit



• Molecule 2: protein farnesyltransferase beta subunit



• Molecule 3: beta-D-fructofuranose-(2-1)-alpha-D-glucopyranose



4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 61	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α, β, γ	178.72Å 178.72Å 64.55Å 90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	36.74 – 2.00 36.74 – 2.00	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	94.6 (36.74-2.00) 96.2 (36.74-2.00)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	0.14	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) >$ [1]	1.08 (at 2.00Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	CNS	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.195 , 0.219 0.189 , 0.213	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	3873 reflections (5.03%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å^2)	27.4	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.084	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol}(e/Å^3), B_{sol}(Å^2)	0.39 , 53.7	EDS
L-test for twinning[2]	$< \|L\| > = 0.50$, $< L^2 > = 0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.025 for h,-h-k,-l	Xtriage
F_o,F_c correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	6479	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å^2)	28.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.01% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

[1] Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

[2] Theoretical values of $< |L| >$, $< L^2 >$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: FPP, ZN, FRU, U66, GLC

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 5$	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 5$
1	A	0.31	0/2737	0.51	0/3717
2	B	0.34	0/3296	0.59	1/4479 (0.0%)
All	All	0.33	0/6033	0.55	1/8196 (0.0%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
2	B	808	LEU	CA-CB-CG	-7.11	98.95	115.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2670	0	2589	34	0
2	B	3207	0	3132	47	0
3	C	23	0	21	0	0
4	B	1	0	0	0	0
5	B	24	0	25	2	0
6	B	34	0	25	1	0
7	A	227	0	0	4	0
7	B	293	0	0	4	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
All	All	6479	0	5792	80	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 7.

All (80) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:578:HIS:HD1	2:B:849:GLY:H	1.15	0.94
2:B:780:ARG:HE	2:B:789:GLN:HE21	1.22	0.87
2:B:526:LEU:HD13	2:B:563:LYS:HB2	1.56	0.87
2:B:574:GLN:H	2:B:844:GLN:HE22	1.24	0.85
2:B:634:GLN:HE22	2:B:673:ASN:H	1.29	0.80
2:B:627:CYS:HB3	2:B:671:ILE:HD11	1.65	0.79
2:B:766:ARG:HH21	2:B:818:GLN:HG2	1.48	0.77
1:A:106:VAL:HG13	1:A:111:GLU:HB3	1.76	0.67
2:B:905:PRO:HD2	7:B:1197:HOH:O	1.95	0.66
1:A:303:GLN:O	1:A:307:SER:HB2	1.97	0.65
2:B:766:ARG:NH2	2:B:818:GLN:HG2	2.14	0.63
1:A:303:GLN:CB	1:A:304:PRO:HD3	2.30	0.61
1:A:58:LEU:HD11	1:A:126:LEU:HG	1.81	0.61
2:B:574:GLN:H	2:B:844:GLN:NE2	1.96	0.61
1:A:300:LEU:O	1:A:303:GLN:HB2	2.00	0.61
2:B:723:GLU:O	2:B:723:GLU:HG3	1.99	0.61
2:B:801:SER:O	2:B:805:ALA:HB3	2.02	0.60
2:B:624:THR:HG22	2:B:667:GLU:OE1	2.01	0.59
2:B:808:LEU:HD13	2:B:830:PHE:HB3	1.86	0.58
2:B:739:ILE:HB	2:B:752:THR:HA	1.86	0.58
2:B:780:ARG:HE	2:B:789:GLN:NE2	1.96	0.57
1:A:303:GLN:HE21	1:A:303:GLN:C	2.06	0.57
2:B:631:GLU:HG3	7:B:1143:HOH:O	2.04	0.57
2:B:753:PHE:HA	2:B:807:LEU:HD21	1.87	0.56
1:A:332:ASP:O	1:A:336:LYS:HG2	2.06	0.55
1:A:303:GLN:HB3	1:A:304:PRO:HD3	1.88	0.55
2:B:620:GLN:OE1	2:B:624:THR:HG23	2.07	0.54
2:B:634:GLN:NE2	2:B:673:ASN:H	2.03	0.54
2:B:577:LYS:HD3	2:B:846:PRO:O	2.08	0.53
1:A:239:GLN:HE21	1:A:239:GLN:HA	1.73	0.53
2:B:627:CYS:HB3	2:B:671:ILE:CD1	2.38	0.53
2:B:825:MET:HG2	7:B:1147:HOH:O	2.09	0.52
1:A:221:GLN:HG3	7:A:1180:HOH:O	2.09	0.52

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:106:VAL:HG11	1:A:116:ALA:HB1	1.91	0.51
1:A:288:GLY:O	1:A:291:LYS:HB2	2.09	0.51
2:B:881:MET:O	2:B:882:LEU:HD12	2.08	0.51
1:A:303:GLN:HE21	1:A:303:GLN:CA	2.23	0.51
2:B:620:GLN:HE22	2:B:624:THR:HG21	1.75	0.51
1:A:112:ARG:HA	1:A:140:LEU:CD2	2.40	0.50
2:B:578:HIS:HD1	2:B:849:GLY:N	1.96	0.50
2:B:808:LEU:HD13	2:B:830:PHE:CD2	2.47	0.50
1:A:105:ALA:O	1:A:109:ARG:HB2	2.12	0.49
1:A:148:LEU:HB2	1:A:179:LEU:HD21	1.94	0.49
2:B:750:GLY:HA3	5:B:1002:FPP:C8	2.43	0.49
2:B:635:SER:OG	2:B:637:GLU:HG2	2.13	0.48
1:A:91:ILE:HG12	2:B:589:LEU:O	2.12	0.48
1:A:342:GLU:OE2	1:A:357:ARG:NH1	2.42	0.48
2:B:806:GLY:O	2:B:809:PRO:HD2	2.14	0.48
5:B:1002:FPP:H102	6:B:1003:U66:H181	1.94	0.48
1:A:323:LEU:HD23	1:A:330:LYS:HD2	1.95	0.47
1:A:138:ARG:HD2	7:A:1379:HOH:O	2.13	0.47
2:B:718:THR:HB	2:B:719:PRO:HD2	1.96	0.47
2:B:701:VAL:HG23	2:B:741:GLY:O	2.14	0.47
1:A:239:GLN:HA	1:A:239:GLN:NE2	2.30	0.46
2:B:780:ARG:NE	2:B:789:GLN:HE21	2.03	0.46
2:B:574:GLN:N	2:B:844:GLN:HE22	2.04	0.46
2:B:870:LEU:O	2:B:874:GLN:HG3	2.16	0.46
2:B:651:ALA:HB3	2:B:652:PRO:CD	2.45	0.45
1:A:367:HIS:HE1	7:A:1325:HOH:O	1.98	0.45
2:B:551:VAL:O	2:B:555:ILE:HG12	2.16	0.45
2:B:556:GLN:NE2	7:B:1025:HOH:O	2.47	0.45
1:A:170:HIS:HE1	2:B:696:GLY:O	2.00	0.45
1:A:266:MET:HA	1:A:266:MET:HE2	1.98	0.44
2:B:797:ASP:HB3	2:B:800:TYR:CD1	2.52	0.44
2:B:599:SER:O	2:B:602:TRP:HB2	2.16	0.44
1:A:185:GLU:O	1:A:189:ILE:HG13	2.18	0.43
1:A:207:GLN:HE21	1:A:239:GLN:NE2	2.15	0.43
2:B:773:LEU:O	2:B:773:LEU:HD23	2.18	0.43
1:A:65:LEU:HD21	1:A:95:LYS:HG2	2.00	0.43
1:A:353:LYS:O	1:A:357:ARG:HG2	2.19	0.42
1:A:335:ASN:O	1:A:339:GLU:HG3	2.19	0.42
1:A:307:SER:O	1:A:308:SER:HB3	2.20	0.42
1:A:353:LYS:HG3	1:A:354:GLU:N	2.36	0.41
2:B:527:ARG:HB3	2:B:529:GLU:OE1	2.20	0.41

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:299:LEU:HB3	1:A:311:LEU:HD11	2.03	0.41
2:B:852:ASP:OD1	2:B:852:ASP:C	2.58	0.41
1:A:117:PHE:CE2	1:A:146:LYS:HE2	2.56	0.41
7:A:2048:HOH:O	2:B:775:GLN:HG2	2.21	0.41
1:A:307:SER:HA	1:A:311:LEU:HD23	2.02	0.40
2:B:838:TYR:CE2	2:B:843:CYS:SG	3.15	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	311/382 (81%)	295 (95%)	14 (4%)	2 (1%)	25	19
2	B	405/437 (93%)	395 (98%)	9 (2%)	1 (0%)	47	44
All	All	716/819 (87%)	690 (96%)	23 (3%)	3 (0%)	34	30

All (3) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	306	HIS
1	A	307	SER
2	B	921	PRO

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	292/344 (85%)	286 (98%)	6 (2%)	53	57
2	B	343/370 (93%)	338 (98%)	5 (2%)	65	69
All	All	635/714 (89%)	624 (98%)	11 (2%)	60	65

All (11) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	180	ARG
1	A	182	PRO
1	A	300	LEU
1	A	303	GLN
1	A	306	HIS
1	A	328	ASP
2	B	529	GLU
2	B	532	ARG
2	B	620	GLN
2	B	723	GLU
2	B	851	LEU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (17) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	135	HIS
1	A	170	HIS
1	A	218	ASN
1	A	221	GLN
1	A	239	GLN
1	A	246	ASN
1	A	261	GLN
1	A	303	GLN
1	A	367	HIS
2	B	556	GLN
2	B	628	GLN
2	B	634	GLN
2	B	789	GLN
2	B	818	GLN
2	B	844	GLN
2	B	875	HIS
2	B	910	GLN

5.3.3 RNA

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates

2 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$
3	GLC	C	1	3	11,11,12	3.03	4 (36%)	15,15,17	1.53	3 (20%)
3	FRU	C	2	3	11,12,12	1.56	2 (18%)	10,18,18	0.79	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	GLC	C	1	3	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	FRU	C	2	3	-	0/5/24/24	0/1/1/1

All (6) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
3	C	1	GLC	C2-C3	8.85	1.65	1.52
3	C	2	FRU	O2-C2	3.69	1.47	1.40
3	C	2	FRU	C1-C2	2.81	1.56	1.52
3	C	1	GLC	C4-C5	2.68	1.58	1.53
3	C	1	GLC	O5-C5	2.42	1.48	1.43
3	C	1	GLC	O5-C1	2.11	1.47	1.43

All (3) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
3	C	1	GLC	C1-O5-C5	3.92	117.51	112.19
3	C	1	GLC	C1-C2-C3	-2.54	106.55	109.67
3	C	1	GLC	O3-C3-C2	-2.30	105.59	109.99

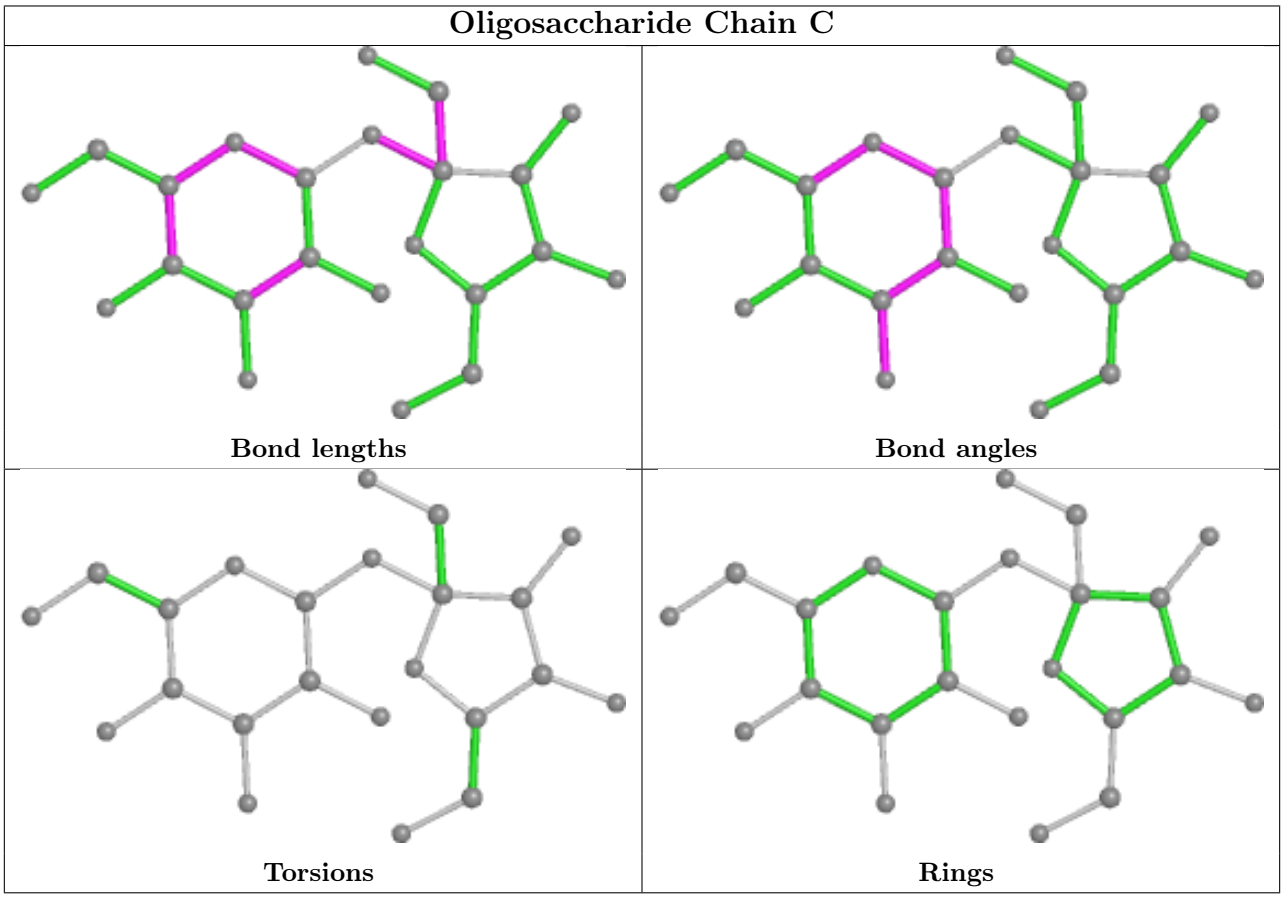
There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.



5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 3 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 2 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and

the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$
5	FPP	B	1002	-	21,23,23	0.65	0	27,31,31	0.67	0
6	U66	B	1003	4	35,39,39	2.20	11 (31%)	37,56,56	2.75	10 (27%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	FPP	B	1002	-	-	4/25/25/25	-
6	U66	B	1003	4	3/3/6/8	4/17/46/46	0/5/6/6

All (11) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
6	B	1003	U66	C17-C15	-6.05	1.46	1.54
6	B	1003	U66	C18-C15	-4.49	1.42	1.53
6	B	1003	U66	C20-C24	-3.79	1.42	1.50
6	B	1003	U66	C8-N	3.61	1.41	1.37
6	B	1003	U66	C3-C7	3.45	1.43	1.37
6	B	1003	U66	C18-C22	-3.39	1.43	1.50
6	B	1003	U66	C24-C22	3.21	1.42	1.33
6	B	1003	U66	C5-C11	3.14	1.43	1.36
6	B	1003	U66	C4-C1	2.45	1.43	1.38
6	B	1003	U66	C10-C6	2.35	1.42	1.36
6	B	1003	U66	O-C7	2.28	1.42	1.38

All (10) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
6	B	1003	U66	O-C15-C17	12.85	125.43	107.08
6	B	1003	U66	C17-C20-C24	5.70	121.17	112.48
6	B	1003	U66	O-C15-C18	4.31	115.43	107.70
6	B	1003	U66	C19-C23-C27	3.01	118.17	111.11
6	B	1003	U66	C7-C3-C	2.90	123.91	120.05
6	B	1003	U66	C14-C12-C8	-2.47	101.42	103.83

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
6	B	1003	U66	C26-N28-C30	-2.41	122.83	125.66
6	B	1003	U66	C27-C29-NZ	2.40	113.26	108.80
6	B	1003	U66	C19-N16-C12	2.19	117.89	114.04
6	B	1003	U66	C3-C-C2	-2.01	116.56	118.79

All (3) chirality outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom
6	B	1003	U66	C17
6	B	1003	U66	C27
6	B	1003	U66	C15

All (8) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
5	B	1002	FPP	C4-C3-C5-C6
5	B	1002	FPP	C2-C3-C5-C6
6	B	1003	U66	C24-C22-C26-N28
6	B	1003	U66	C18-C15-O-C7
6	B	1003	U66	C-C1-N-C9
6	B	1003	U66	C17-C15-O-C7
5	B	1002	FPP	C10-C8-C9-C11
5	B	1002	FPP	PB-O3A-PA-O1A

There are no ring outliers.

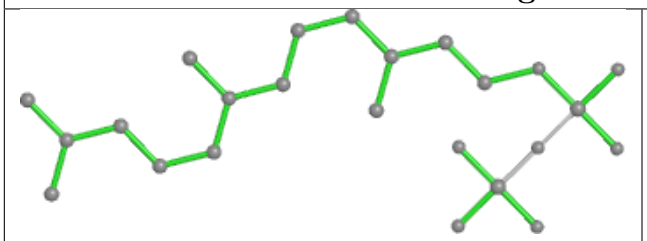
2 monomers are involved in 2 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	B	1002	FPP	2	0
6	B	1003	U66	1	0

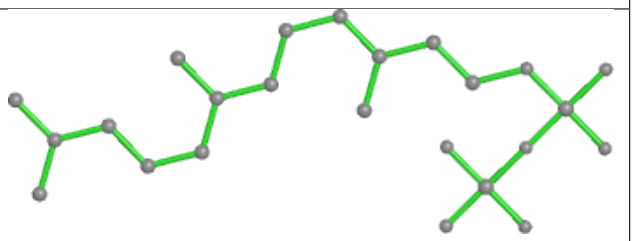
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient

equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

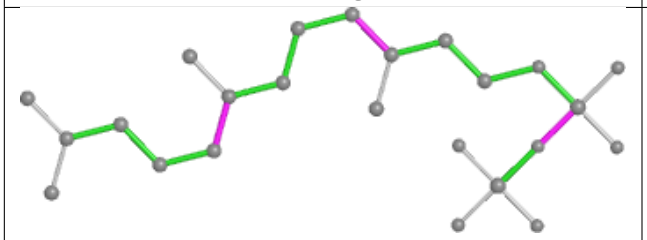
Ligand FPP B 1002



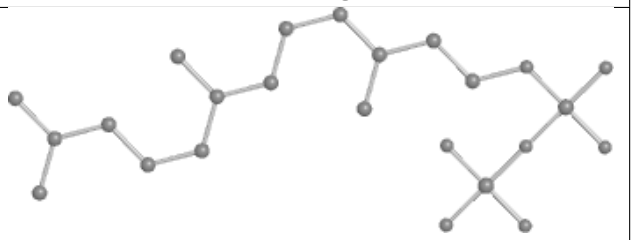
Bond lengths



Bond angles

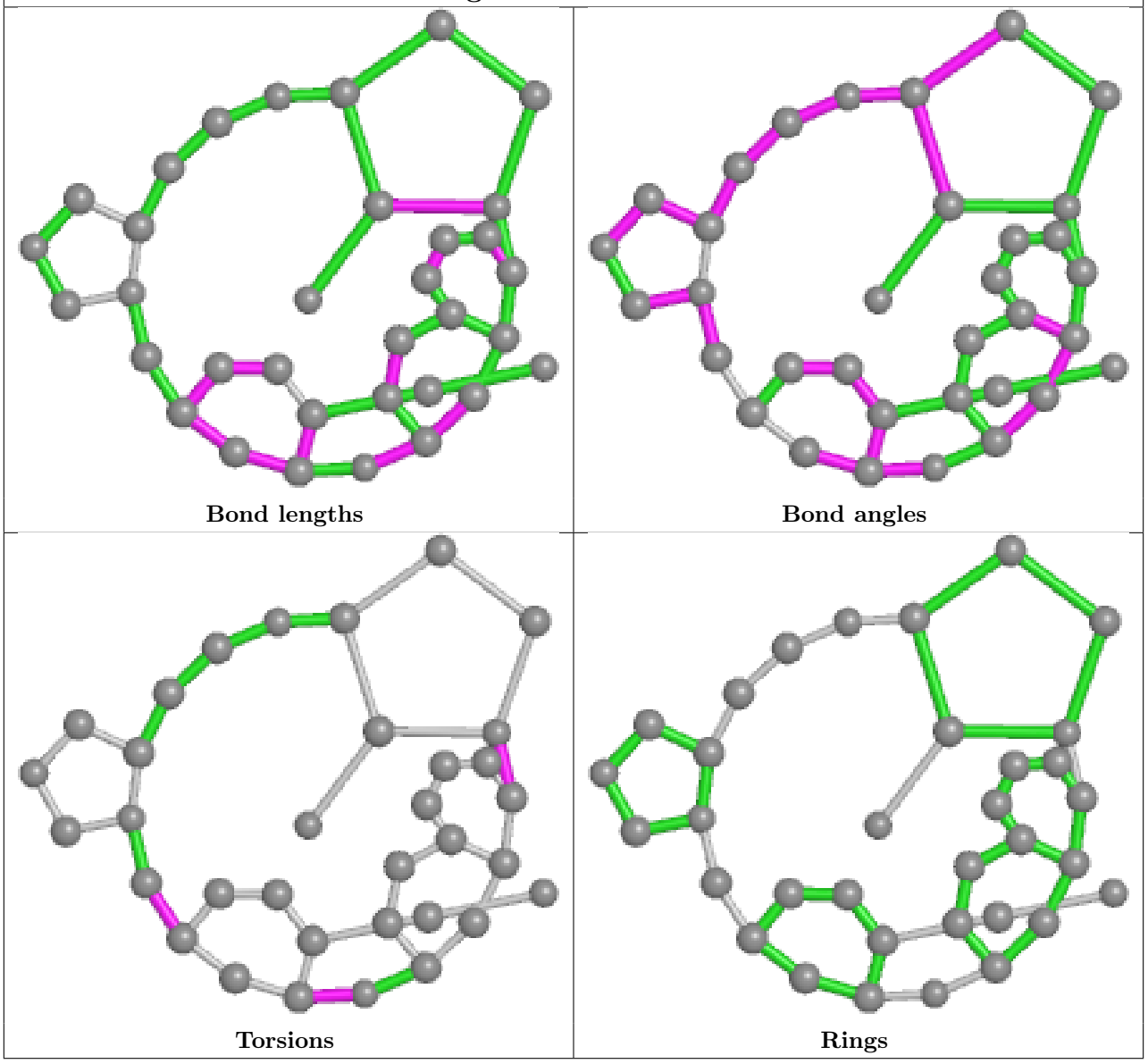


Torsions



Rings

Ligand U66 B 1003



5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å^2)	Q<0.9
1	A	313/382 (81%)	-0.05	14 (4%) 33 32	19, 30, 45, 63	0
2	B	407/437 (93%)	-0.09	6 (1%) 73 72	17, 24, 37, 47	0
All	All	720/819 (87%)	-0.07	20 (2%) 53 51	17, 27, 40, 63	0

All (20) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	55	PHE	6.2
1	A	305	SER	5.0
2	B	880	ALA	4.9
1	A	306	HIS	4.8
2	B	923	PHE	3.9
1	A	304	PRO	3.8
2	B	620	GLN	3.5
1	A	301	ASP	3.4
2	B	881	MET	3.0
1	A	302	LEU	2.9
1	A	303	GLN	2.9
1	A	328	ASP	2.9
1	A	84	PRO	2.5
1	A	145	GLN	2.3
1	A	329	ASN	2.3
2	B	777	VAL	2.2
1	A	85	ASN	2.2
1	A	109	ARG	2.1
1	A	326	GLN	2.1
2	B	532	ARG	2.0

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

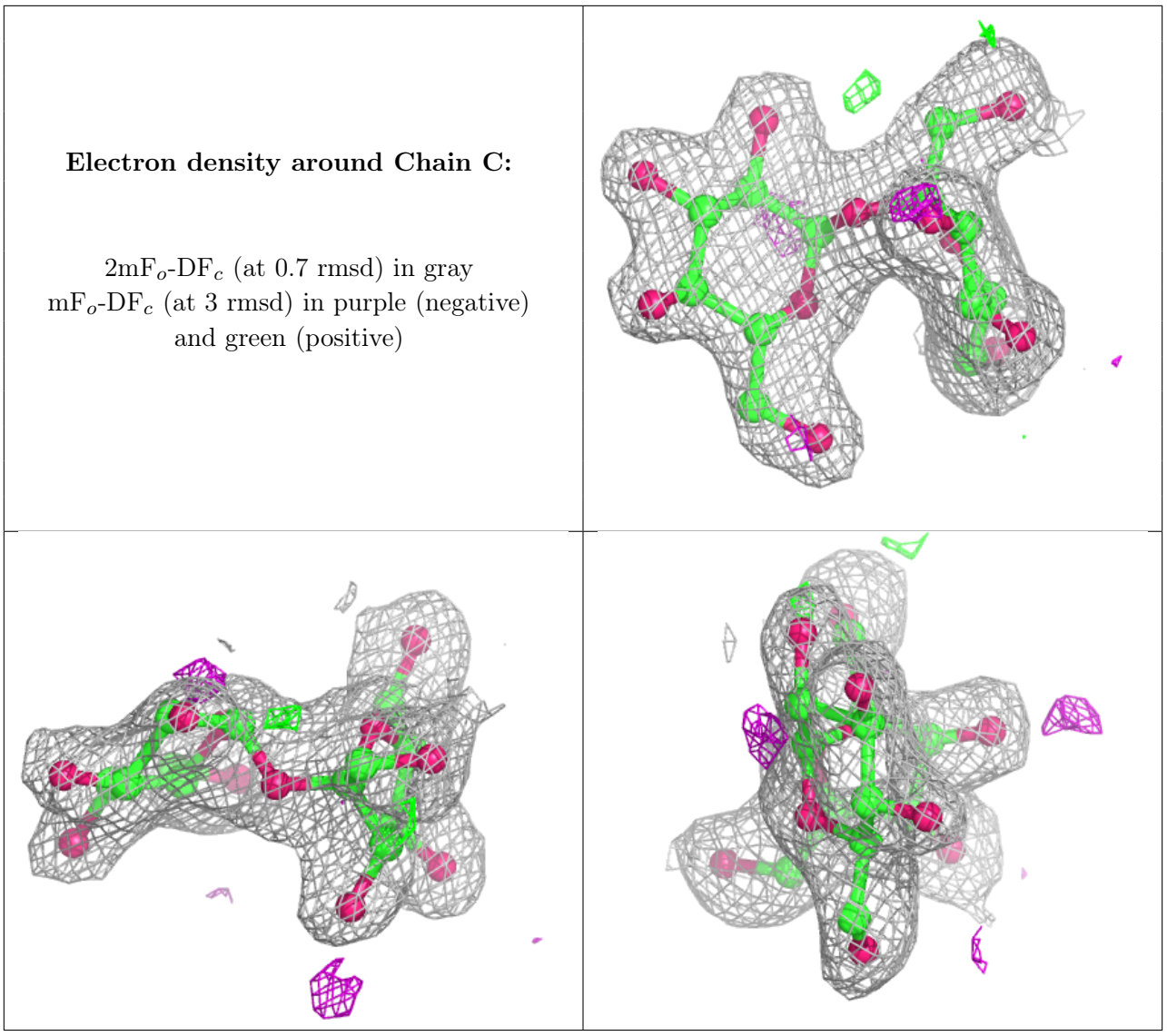
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å^2)	Q<0.9
3	FRU	C	2	12/12	0.89	0.12	33,35,36,37	0
3	GLC	C	1	11/12	0.93	0.14	38,38,38,39	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

Electron density around Chain C:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)



6.4 Ligands

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

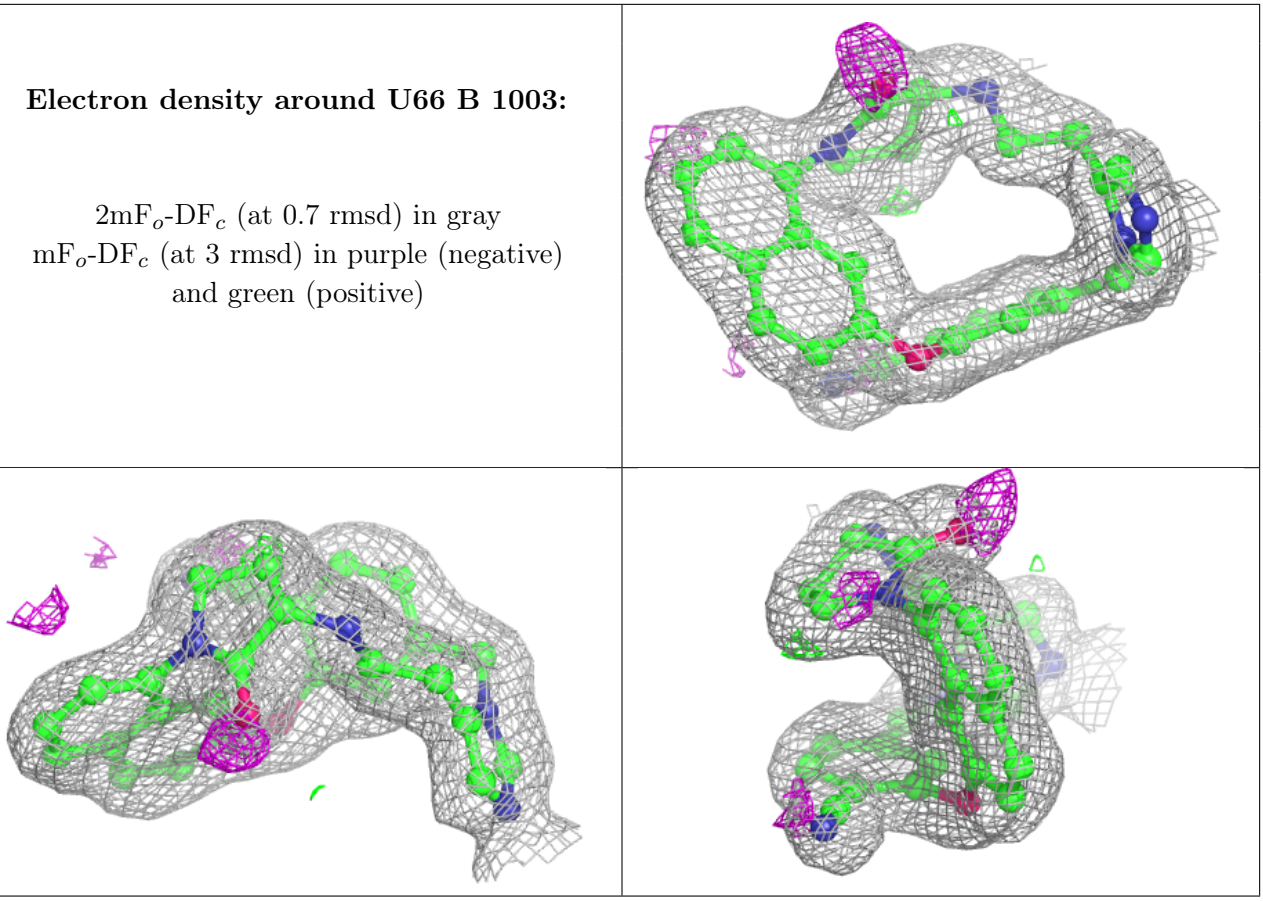
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å^2)	Q<0.9
6	U66	B	1003	34/34	0.95	0.20	19,21,23,24	0
5	FPP	B	1002	24/24	0.98	0.21	20,21,22,22	0
4	ZN	B	1001	1/1	1.00	0.08	24,24,24,24	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different

orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

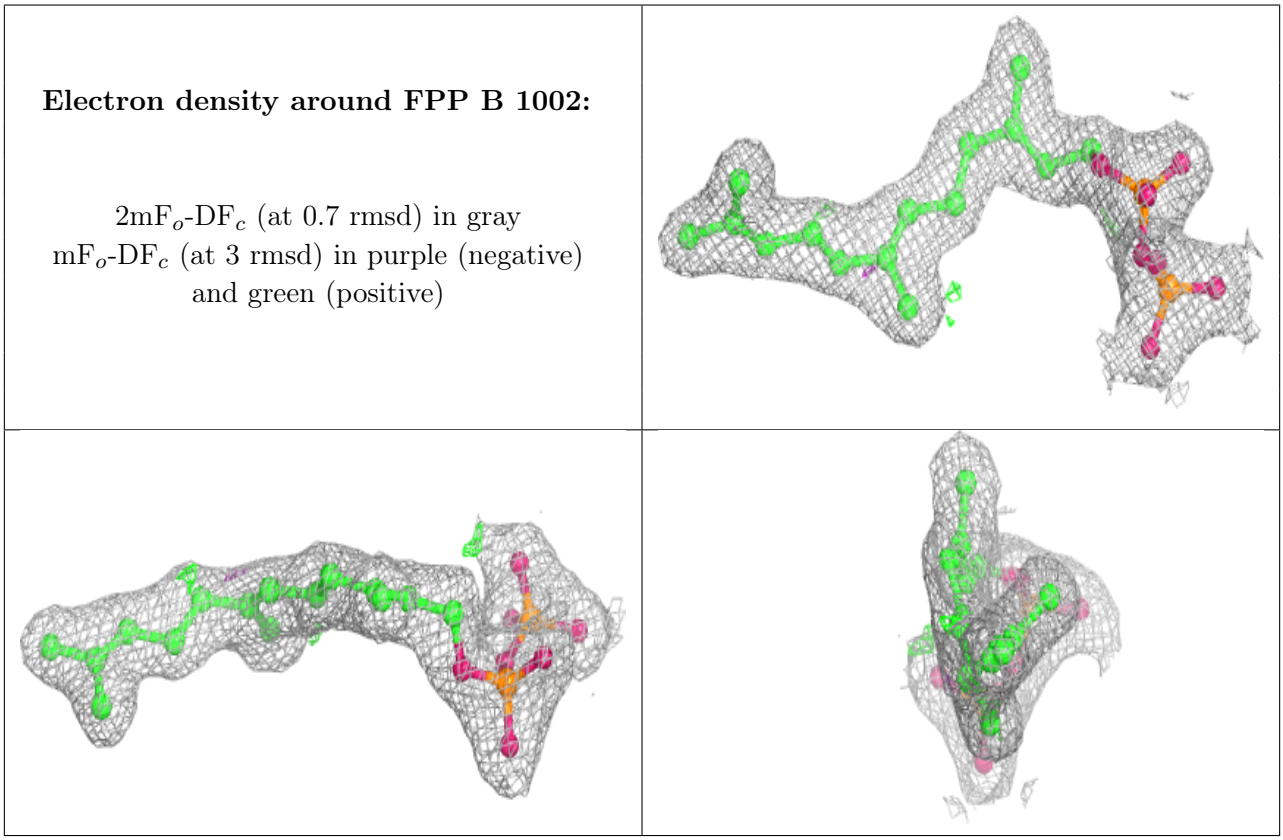
Electron density around U66 B 1003:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)



Electron density around FPP B 1002:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)



6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.