wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report

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PDB ID	:	2LBM
Title	:	Solution structure of the ADD domain of ATRX complexed with histone tail H3 1-15 K9me3
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Deposited on	:	2011-04-08

This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

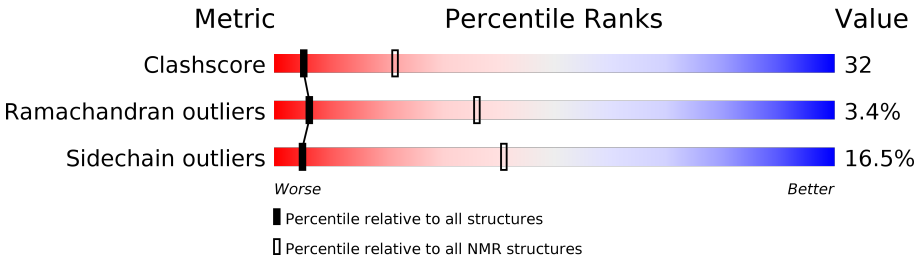
Cyrange	:	Kirchner and Güntert (2011)
NmrClust	:	Kelley et al. (1996)
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
RCI	:	v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV	:	Wang et al. (2010)
ShiftChecker	:	2.11
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.11

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 75%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	12864
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	142	37% 28% 5% • 30%
2	C	15	13% 13% 73%

2 Ensemble composition and analysis

This entry contains 25 models. Model 4 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *lowest energy*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	**Residue range (total)**	**Backbone RMSD (Å)**	**Medoid model**
1	A:170-A:178, A:185-A:208, A:218-A:284, C:3-C:6 (104)	0.17	4

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 5 clusters and 2 single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	2, 4, 9, 11, 14, 15, 16, 17, 19
2	5, 7, 12, 13, 18, 20, 22, 25
3	1, 8
4	6, 10
5	21, 23
Single-model clusters	3; 24

3 Entry composition

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2440 atoms, of which 1197 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Transcriptional regulator ATRX.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
1	A	142	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0
			2197	696	1069	200	214	18	

There are 6 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	155	GLY	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP P46100
A	156	ALA	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP P46100
A	157	MET	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP P46100
A	158	ALA	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP P46100
A	159	ASP	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP P46100
A	?	-	GLU	DELETION	UNP P46100

- Molecule 2 is a protein called histone tail H3 K9me3.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					Trace
2	C	15	Total	C	H	N	O	0
			240	66	128	25	21	

- Molecule 3 is ZINC ION (three-letter code: ZN) (formula: Zn).

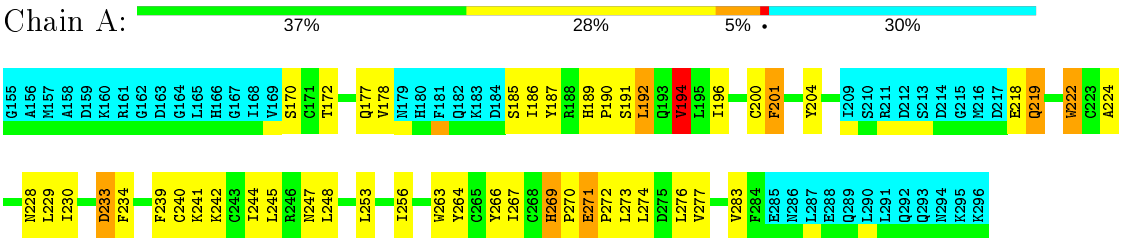
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	
3	A	3	Total	Zn
			3	3

4 Residue-property plots

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Transcriptional regulator ATRX

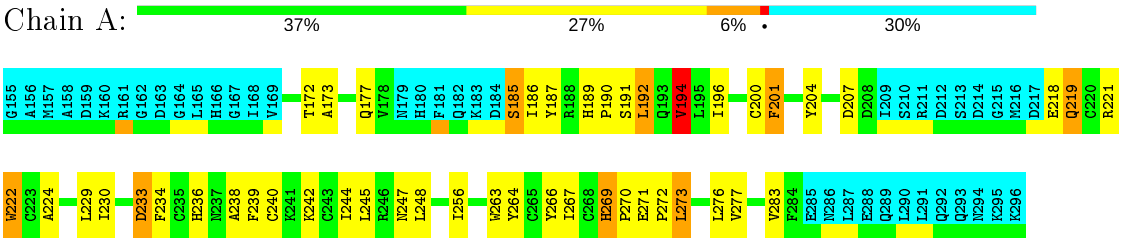


- Molecule 2: histone tail H3 K9me3

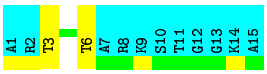
4.2 Residue scores for the representative (medoid) model from the NMR ensemble

The representative model is number 4. Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

- Molecule 1: Transcriptional regulator ATRX



- Molecule 2: histone tail H3 K9me3


A1
R2
T3
T6
A7
R8
K9
S10
T11
G12
G13
K14
A15

5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *simulated annealing*.

Of the 50 calculated structures, 25 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the lowest energy*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
xplor-nih	structure solution	2.19
xplor-nih	refinement	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	input_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	1483
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1483
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	75%

No validations of the models with respect to experimental NMR restraints is performed at this time.

6 Model quality

6.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ZN, M3L

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	799	752	752	52±4
2	C	32	35	35	2±1
All	All	20850	19675	19675	1289

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 32.

5 of 143 unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:194:VAL:HG21	1:A:276:LEU:HD23	0.92	1.41	11	15
1:A:172:THR:OG1	1:A:276:LEU:HD21	0.87	1.69	10	22
1:A:189:HIS:CD2	1:A:196:ILE:HD13	0.85	2.07	16	20
1:A:248:LEU:HD22	1:A:256:ILE:HD11	0.83	1.50	10	2
1:A:266:TYR:O	1:A:267:ILE:HD13	0.81	1.75	8	25

6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	100/142 (70%)	76±2 (76±2%)	21±2 (21±2%)	4±1 (4±1%)	6 34
2	C	4/15 (27%)	3±1 (81±15%)	1±1 (19±15%)	0±0 (0±0%)	100 100
All	All	2600/3925 (66%)	1979 (76%)	532 (20%)	89 (3%)	6 36

5 of 8 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	190	PRO	25
1	A	194	VAL	24
1	A	228	ASN	20
1	A	271	GLU	12
1	A	264	TYR	4

6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	92/127 (72%)	77±2 (83±2%)	15±2 (17±2%)	5 41
2	C	4/9 (44%)	3±1 (87±14%)	1±1 (13±14%)	7 48
All	All	2400/3400 (71%)	2003 (83%)	397 (17%)	5 41

5 of 47 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	269	HIS	25
1	A	201	PHE	25

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	192	LEU	25
1	A	222	TRP	24
1	A	219	GLN	23

6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

1 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residue is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds that are observed in the model and the number of bonds that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths		
					Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
2	M3L	C	9	2	10,11,12	0.57±0.01	0±0 (0±0%)

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of angles for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of angles that are observed in the model and the number of angles that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond angle is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond angle with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond angles.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
2	M3L	C	9	2	9,14,16	0.80±0.02	0±0 (0±0%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	M3L	C	9	2	-	0±0,9,10,12	-

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 3 ligands modelled in this entry, 3 are monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 75% for the well-defined parts and 69% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: input_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: *assigned_chem_shift_list_1*

7.1.1 Bookkeeping

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	1483
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1483
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction ± precision, *ppm*	Suggested action
$^{13}C_{\alpha}$	136	-0.56 ± 0.15	Should be applied
$^{13}C_{\beta}$	117	0.25 ± 0.19	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}C'$	0	—	None (insufficient data)
^{15}N	133	-0.23 ± 0.28	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 75%, i.e. 961 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1281. 0 out of 13 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^{1}H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	397/514 (77%)	203/205 (99%)	98/208 (47%)	96/101 (95%)
Sidechain	452/646 (70%)	303/383 (79%)	139/232 (60%)	10/31 (32%)

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	Total	^{1}H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Aromatic	112/121 (93%)	58/64 (91%)	52/52 (100%)	2/5 (40%)
Overall	961/1281 (75%)	564/652 (87%)	289/492 (59%)	108/137 (79%)

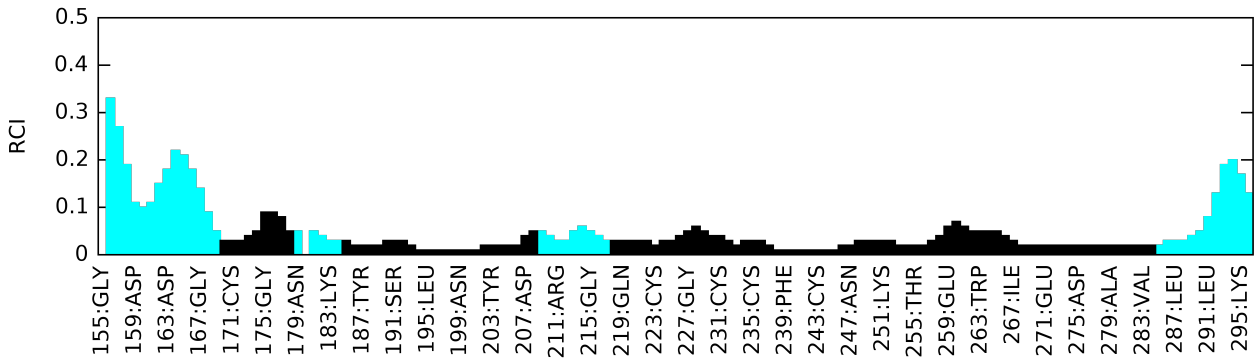
7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

The images below report *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:



Random coil index (RCI) for chain C: