

# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

#### Jan 4, 2024 - 10:36 am GMT

PDB ID	:	5L44
Title	:	Structure of K-26-DCP in complex with the K-26 tripeptide
Authors	:	Masuyer, G.; Acharya, K.R.; Kramer, G.J.; Bachmann, B.O.
Deposited on		
Resolution	:	1.75 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org* A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

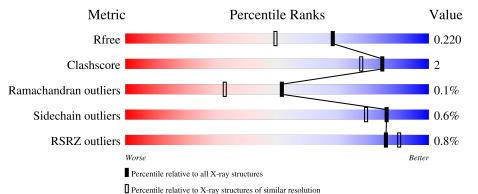
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
EDS	:	2.36
buster-report	:	1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
CCP4	:	7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.36

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  $X\text{-}RAY \, DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.75 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$egin{array}{c} { m Whole \ archive} \ (\#{ m Entries}) \end{array}$	${f Similar\ resolution}\ (\#{ m Entries,\ resolution\ range}({ m \AA}))$
R <sub>free</sub>	130704	2340 (1.76-1.76)
Clashscore	141614	2466 (1.76-1.76)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	2437 (1.76-1.76)
Sidechain outliers	138945	2437 (1.76-1.76)
RSRZ outliers	127900	2298 (1.76-1.76)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
1	А	683	% 91%	6%	·
1	В	683	91%	6%	·



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 11677 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called K-26 dipeptidyl carboxypeptidase.

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms		ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
1	А	662	Total 5287	C 3358	N 922	O 997	S 10	0	4	0
1	В	662	Total 5274	C 3352	1,	0 994	S 10	0	3	0

• Molecule 2 is ZINC ION (three-letter code: ZN) (formula: Zn).

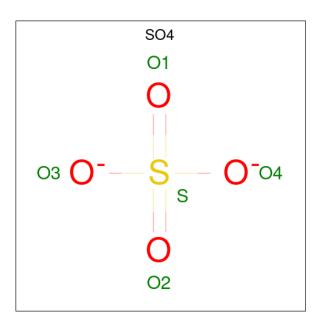
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf				
2	А	1	Total Zn 1 1	0	0				
2	В	1	Total Zn 1 1	0	0				

• Molecule 3 is MAGNESIUM ION (three-letter code: MG) (formula: Mg).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf		
3	А	2	$\begin{array}{cc} \text{Total} & \text{Mg} \\ 2 & 2 \end{array}$	0	0		
3	В	2	Total Mg 2 2	0	0		

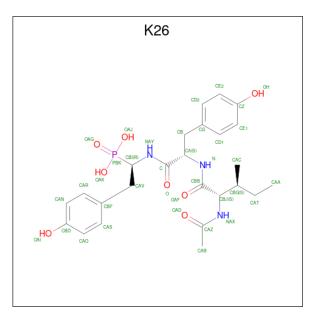
• Molecule 4 is SULFATE ION (three-letter code: SO4) (formula: O<sub>4</sub>S).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	А	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} & \text{O} & \text{S} \\ 5 & 4 & 1 \end{array}$	0	0
4	В	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} & \text{O} & \text{S} \\ 5 & 4 & 1 \end{array}$	0	0

• Molecule 5 is N-ACETYL-L-ILE-L-TYR-(R)-1-AMINO-2-(4-HYDROXYPHENYL)ETHY LPHOSPHONIC ACID (three-letter code: K26) (formula: C<sub>25</sub>H<sub>34</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O<sub>8</sub>P).



Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	$\mathbf{ms}$			ZeroOcc	AltConf
Б	5 1	1	Total	С	Ν	0	Р	0	0
0	A	1	37	25	3	8	1	U	U



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Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	В	1	Total	С	Ν	0	Р	0	0
	D	1	37	25	3	8	1	0	0

• Molecule 6 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf				
6	А	506	Total O 506 506	0	0				
6	В	520	Total         O           520         520	0	0				



#### Residue-property plots (i) 3

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: K-26 dipeptidyl carboxypeptidase Chain A: 91% 6% • MET GLY SER SER HIS HIS HIS HIS HIS HIS SER HIS SER HIS SER VAL LEU VAL CLEU SER SER

• Molecule 1: K-26 dipeptidyl carboxypeptidase

Cł	nain B:								91%									6% ·															
MET GLY	SER	SER HIS	HIS	HIS	SIH	SER SER	GLY LEU	VAL	PRO ARC	GLY	SER LEU	SER	EIO	E28	L46	V49	H	104	R70	<b>K99</b>	L118	1125	D128	R140	L170	Q176	H181	H245	G252 TD52	V253 P254	L259	R267	H279
L338		D345	<mark>Q348</mark>	R357	V363	N395	0426		F455	M461	V476		5532 0533	K534	0001	H555	<b>Q</b> 558	F591	A592 HE03	CECH	<b>S597</b> G598	<mark>Y599</mark> S600	R635	L638	L671								



# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Depositor
$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{a, b, c, a, p, \gamma} \\ \hline \\ \textbf{Resolution (Å)} \end{array}$	$\frac{33.00 - 1.75}{32.74 - 1.75}$	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	89.2 (33.00-1.75) 85.9 (32.74-1.75)	Depositor EDS
R <sub>merge</sub>	0.10	Depositor
R <sub>sym</sub>	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	$2.24 (at 1.75 \text{\AA})$	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0131	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	6436 reflections $(5.01%)$	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor $(Å^2)$	13.9	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.085	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.35 , $22.5$	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$<  L  > = 0.46, < L^2 > = 0.29$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.267 for h,-h-k,-l	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	11677	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	16.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 5.10% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

# 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: MG, ZN, K26, SO4  $\,$ 

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	В	ond angles
	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5
1	А	0.55	0/5432	0.74	7/7399~(0.1%)
1	В	0.54	0/5422	0.75	3/7386~(0.0%)
All	All	0.54	0/10854	0.75	10/14785~(0.1%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	А	0	2
1	В	0	2
All	All	0	4

There are no bond length outliers.

All (10) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Ζ	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	А	77	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.03	123.32	120.30
1	В	254	PRO	N-CA-C	5.74	127.02	112.10
1	А	360	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.72	123.16	120.30
1	В	357	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.69	123.15	120.30
1	В	70	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.53	123.06	120.30
1	А	254	PRO	N-CA-C	5.45	126.27	112.10
1	А	243	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.32	122.96	120.30
1	А	77	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.31	117.64	120.30
1	А	378	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.31	122.96	120.30
1	А	70	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.10	122.85	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.



All (4) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	А	253	VAL	Peptide,Mainchain
1	В	253	VAL	Peptide,Mainchain

### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	А	5287	0	5132	22	0
1	В	5274	0	5124	23	0
2	А	1	0	0	0	0
2	В	1	0	0	0	0
3	А	2	0	0	0	0
3	В	2	0	0	0	0
4	А	5	0	0	1	0
4	В	5	0	0	1	0
5	А	37	0	32	3	0
5	В	37	0	31	0	0
6	А	506	0	0	7	0
6	В	520	0	0	4	0
All	All	11677	0	10319	49	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 2.

All (49) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:467:HIS:CD2	6:A:1102:HOH:O	2.27	0.86
4:B:1004:SO4:O3	6:B:1101:HOH:O	1.97	0.82
5:A:1005:K26:OAJ	6:A:1102:HOH:O	2.03	0.77
4:A:1004:SO4:O2	6:A:1101:HOH:O	2.01	0.77
1:B:426:GLN:HE22	1:B:476:VAL:H	1.35	0.75
1:A:426:GLN:HE22	1:A:476:VAL:H	1.38	0.69
1:A:395:ASN:HD21	1:A:635:ARG:HH22	1.41	0.68
1:B:395:ASN:HD21	1:B:635:ARG:HH22	1.43	0.66



Continued from prev		Interatomic	Clash	
Atom-1	Atom-2	distance (Å)	overlap (Å)	
1:B:99:LYS:HE3	1:B:176:GLN:HE22	1.62	0.65	
1:A:159[A]:ARG:O	1:A:159[A]:ARG:HD2	2.02	0.59	
1:A:181:HIS:HD2	1:A:252:GLY:H	1.52	0.57	
1:A:395:ASN:ND2	1:A:635:ARG:HH22	2.03	0.57	
1:A:267:ARG:HH11	1:A:555:HIS:HE1	1.53	0.56	
1:A:267:ARG:HH11	1:A:555:HIS:CE1	2.24	0.54	
1:B:345:ASP:O	1:B:348:GLN:HG2	2.06	0.54	
1:B:395:ASN:ND2	1:B:635:ARG:HH22	2.05	0.54	
1:A:338:LEU:HD21	1:A:535:TYR:CD2	2.46	0.51	
1:B:338:LEU:HD22	1:B:532:SER:HB2	1.93	0.51	
1:A:49:VAL:HG13	1:A:118:LEU:HD22	1.94	0.50	
1:B:363:VAL:HG21	1:B:461:MET:HG2	1.93	0.50	
1:B:181:HIS:HD2	1:B:252:GLY:H	1.60	0.49	
1:A:597:SER:OG	1:A:598:GLY:N	2.45	0.49	
1:B:267:ARG:HH11	1:B:555:HIS:HE1	1.60	0.49	
1:A:593:HIS:HD2	6:A:1474:HOH:O	1.95	0.48	
5:A:1005:K26:C	6:A:1102:HOH:O	2.61	0.48	
1:B:338:LEU:HD21	1:B:535:TYR:CD2	2.49	0.48	
1:B:46:LEU:HA	1:B:49:VAL:HG12	1.97	0.47	
1:B:267:ARG:HH11	1:B:555:HIS:CE1	2.33	0.46	
1:A:140:ARG:HD3	1:A:140:ARG:O	2.16	0.45	
1:B:593:HIS:HD2	6:B:1483:HOH:O	1.99	0.45	
1:B:245:HIS:HE1	6:B:1565:HOH:O	1.98	0.45	
1:A:49:VAL:CG1	1:A:118:LEU:HD22	2.47	0.45	
1:A:279:HIS:HE1	1:A:600:SER:OG	1.99	0.45	
1:A:170:LEU:HD22	1:A:259:LEU:CD1	2.48	0.44	
1:B:597:SER:OG	1:B:598:GLY:N	2.49	0.44	
1:A:345:ASP:O	1:A:348:GLN:HG2	2.18	0.44	
1:A:245:HIS:HE1	6:A:1547:HOH:O	1.99	0.43	
1:B:64:THR:HB	1:B:125:ILE:HD11	2.01	0.43	
1:A:120:ALA:O	1:A:124:GLN:HG2	2.20	0.42	
1:A:455:PHE:CD2	1:A:533:GLN:NE2	2.87	0.42	
1:B:357:ARG:NH2	6:B:1106:HOH:O	2.39	0.42	
1:A:593:HIS:CE1	5:A:1005:K26:HAR	2.55	0.41	
1:B:279:HIS:HE1	1:B:600:SER:OG	2.02	0.41	
1:B:49:VAL:HG23	1:B:118:LEU:HD22	2.03	0.41	
1:A:124:GLN:HG3	6:A:1572:HOH:O	2.21	0.41	
1:B:170:LEU:HD22	1:B:259:LEU:CD1	2.51	0.40	
1:B:49:VAL:CG2	1:B:118:LEU:HD22	2.51	0.40	
1:B:140:ARG:HD3	1:B:140:ARG:O	2.22	0.40	
1:B:455:PHE:CD2	1:B:533:GLN:NE2	2.90	0.40	

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There are no symmetry-related clashes.

### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	А	664/683~(97%)	647 (97%)	17 (3%)	0	100	100
1	В	663/683~(97%)	648 (98%)	14 (2%)	1 (0%)	47	29
All	All	1327/1366~(97%)	1295~(98%)	31 (2%)	1 (0%)	51	33

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	254	PRO

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent side chain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed Rotameric Outliers		Percentiles		
1	А	556/570~(98%)	552~(99%)	4 (1%)	84 75	
1	В	555/570~(97%)	552 (100%)	3 (0%)	88 83	
All	All	1111/1140 (98%)	1104 (99%)	7 (1%)	86 79	

All (7) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	327	PRO
1	А	558	GLN



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	U	1	1 0
Mol	Chain	$\mathbf{Res}$	Type
1	А	591	PHE
1	А	638	LEU
1	В	28	GLU
1	В	591	PHE
1	В	638	LEU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (33) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	45	GLN
1	А	100	GLN
1	А	157	GLN
1	А	176	GLN
1	А	177	ASN
1	A A	181	HIS
1	А	183	ASN
1	А	245	HIS
1	А	279	HIS
1	А	395	ASN
1	А	400	GLN
1	А	421	ASN
1	А	426	GLN
1	А	555	HIS
1	А	593	HIS
1	В	45	GLN
1	В	73	GLN
1	В	100	GLN
1	В	124	GLN
1	В	157	GLN
1	В	176	GLN
1	В	177	ASN
1	В	181	HIS
1	В	183	ASN
1	В	245	HIS
1	В	279	HIS
1	В	320	GLN
1	В	395	ASN
1	В	421	ASN
1	В	426	GLN
1	В	555	HIS
1	В	593	HIS
1	В	621	HIS



#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

#### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

#### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

#### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 10 ligands modelled in this entry, 6 are monoatomic - leaving 4 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Mol Type Chain	Pog	Res Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles			
	туре	Chain	nes		Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
4	SO4	А	1004	-	4,4,4	0.34	0	6,6,6	0.49	0
5	K26	В	1005	2	38,38,38	1.38	5 (13%)	$49,\!53,\!53$	1.32	<mark>6 (12%)</mark>
5	K26	А	1005	2	38,38,38	1.60	5 (13%)	49,53,53	1.39	<mark>6 (12%)</mark>
4	SO4	В	1004	-	4,4,4	0.59	0	$6,\!6,\!6$	0.63	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	K26	А	1005	2	-	2/40/40/40	0/2/2/2
5	K26	В	1005	2	-	2/40/40/40	0/2/2/2

All (10) bond length outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Ζ	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
5	А	1005	K26	PBK-OAK	-4.91	1.47	1.54
5	А	1005	K26	PBK-OAJ	-4.58	1.47	1.54
5	А	1005	K26	PBK-CBI	3.71	1.88	1.84
5	В	1005	K26	PBK-OAJ	-3.59	1.49	1.54
5	В	1005	K26	CB-CG	-3.54	1.42	1.51
5	А	1005	K26	CB-CG	-3.31	1.43	1.51
5	В	1005	K26	PBK-OAK	3.29	1.60	1.54
5	А	1005	K26	CAV-CBF	-3.17	1.43	1.51
5	В	1005	K26	CAV-CBF	-2.72	1.44	1.51
5	В	1005	K26	CBJ-NAX	2.00	1.50	1.45

All (12) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
5	В	1005	K26	CG-CB-CA	-3.89	102.66	113.39
5	А	1005	K26	CG-CB-CA	-3.66	103.30	113.39
5	А	1005	K26	OAK-PBK-OAJ	3.60	117.31	107.64
5	А	1005	K26	CAV-CBF-CAS	3.14	127.14	120.91
5	В	1005	K26	CAV-CBI-NAY	-3.11	107.72	111.39
5	В	1005	K26	CAV-CBF-CAS	2.84	126.54	120.91
5	А	1005	K26	CAN-CAR-CBF	2.61	124.61	121.03
5	В	1005	K26	CAN-CAR-CBF	2.58	124.57	121.03
5	В	1005	K26	OAK-PBK-OAG	-2.57	107.00	113.45
5	А	1005	K26	OAK-PBK-OAG	-2.53	107.09	113.45
5	А	1005	K26	CAV-CBI-NAY	-2.11	108.90	111.39
5	В	1005	K26	C-CA-N	-2.06	105.54	111.16

There are no chirality outliers.

All (4) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
5	А	1005	K26	CBI-CAV-CBF-CAR
5	А	1005	K26	CBI-CAV-CBF-CAS
5	В	1005	K26	CBI-CAV-CBF-CAR
5	В	1005	K26	CBI-CAV-CBF-CAS

There are no ring outliers.

3 monomers are involved in 5 short contacts:

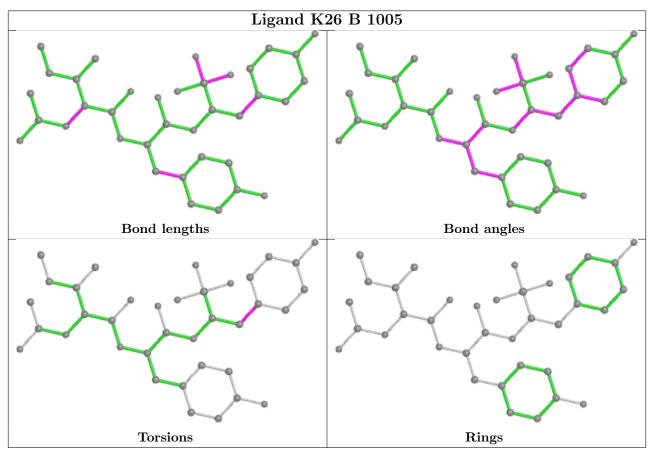
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	А	1004	SO4	1	0
5	А	1005	K26	3	0



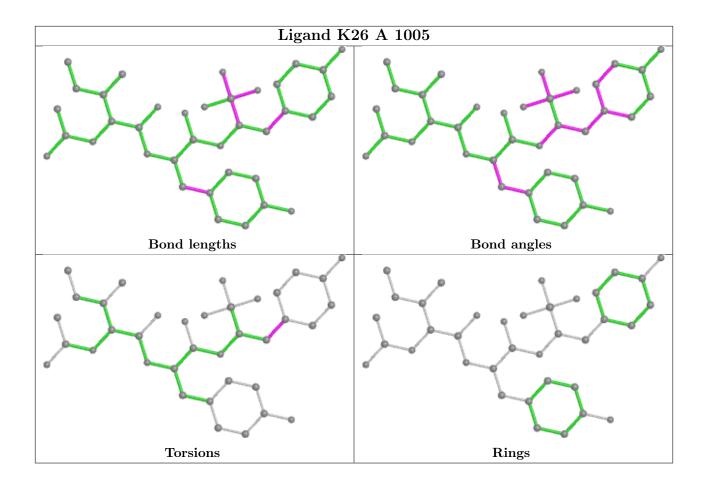
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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	В	1004	SO4	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and sufficient the outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.







## 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

### 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



# 6 Fit of model and data (i)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	$\langle RSRZ \rangle$	# RSRZ > 2	$OWAB(Å^2)$	Q<0.9
1	А	662/683~(96%)	-0.16	7 (1%) 80 86	5, 15, 30, 46	0
1	В	662/683~(96%)	-0.24	3 (0%) 91 93	5, 14, 28, 43	0
All	All	1324/1366~(96%)	-0.20	10 (0%) 86 90	5, 15, 29, 46	0

All (10) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	А	10	GLU	3.7
1	В	534	LYS	2.7
1	А	671	LEU	2.7
1	А	124	GLN	2.7
1	А	562	GLU	2.4
1	А	116	ARG	2.4
1	В	558	GLN	2.3
1	А	163	LEU	2.1
1	В	128	ASP	2.1
1	А	533	GLN	2.0

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.



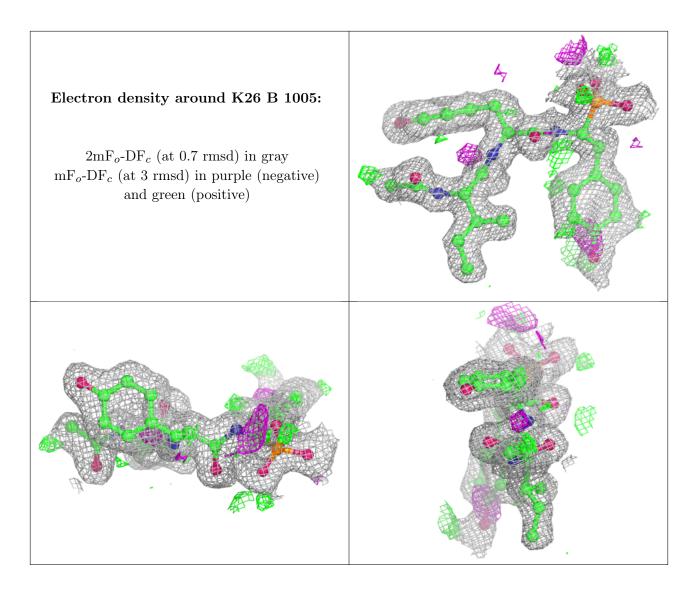
### 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

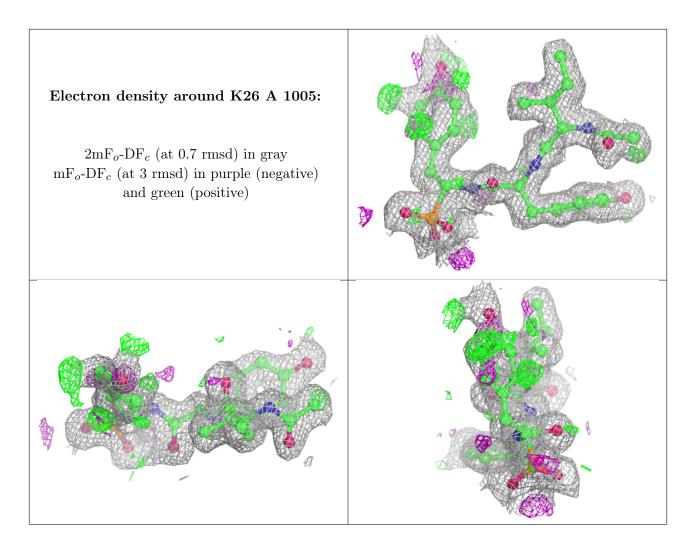
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-factors}(\mathrm{\AA}^2)$	Q < 0.9
5	K26	В	1005	37/37	0.94	0.10	10,15,22,28	0
5	K26	А	1005	37/37	0.95	0.11	8,14,23,27	0
4	SO4	А	1004	5/5	0.95	0.13	19,22,24,26	0
4	SO4	В	1004	5/5	0.96	0.11	19,22,24,25	0
3	MG	А	1003	1/1	0.97	0.08	27,27,27,27	0
3	MG	В	1003	1/1	0.97	0.09	$25,\!25,\!25,\!25$	0
3	MG	В	1002	1/1	0.99	0.03	8,8,8,8	0
3	MG	А	1002	1/1	0.99	0.03	8,8,8,8	0
2	ZN	А	1001	1/1	1.00	0.02	9,9,9,9	0
2	ZN	В	1001	1/1	1.00	0.02	9,9,9,9	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.









# 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

