

# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

Jan 4, 2024 – 01:44 am GMT

PDB ID : 5KTV

Title: Mis-pairing of unnatural base Z-G DNA duplex at pH 8.5

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Deposited on : 2016-07-12

Resolution : 2.35 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13 EDS : 2.36

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac : 5.8.0158

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

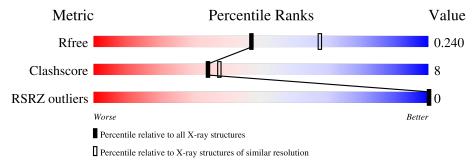
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.35 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	Similar resolution $(\#\text{Entries, resolution range}(\text{Å}))$			
$R_{free}$	130704	1164 (2.36-2.36)			
Clashscore	141614	1232 (2.36-2.36)			
RSRZ outliers	127900	1150 (2.36-2.36)			

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain						
1	A	12	58%	25%	8%	8%			
1	В	12	67%	17%	8%	8%			



## 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 485 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a DNA chain called DNA (5'-D(P\*GP\*CP\*GP\*AP\*AP\*TP\*TP\*(1W5)P\*G P\*CP\*G)-3').

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	Λ	11	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0	0
1	1 A	11	230	108	43	68	11	0		U
1	D	11	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0	0
1	Б	11	230	108	43	68	11		U	0

• Molecule 2 is CALCIUM ION (three-letter code: CA) (formula: Ca).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	5	Total Ca 5 5	0	0
2	В	4	Total Ca 4 4	0	0

• Molecule 3 is water.

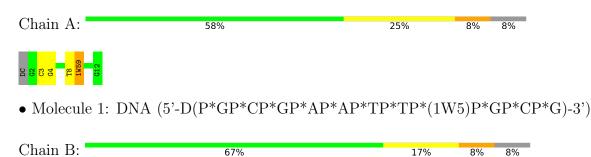
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	4	Total O 4 4	0	0
3	В	12	Total O 12 12	0	0



## 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: DNA (5'-D(P\*GP\*CP\*GP\*AP\*AP\*TP\*TP\*(1W5)P\*GP\*CP\*G)-3')







# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source	
Space group	H 3	Depositor	
Cell constants	40.92Å 40.92Å 102.15Å	Depositor	
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$ $120.00^{\circ}$	1	
Resolution (Å)	34.05 - 2.35	Depositor	
Resolution (A)	33.48 - 2.35	EDS	
% Data completeness	99.7 (34.05-2.35)	Depositor	
(in resolution range)	99.7 (33.48-2.35)	EDS	
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor	
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor	
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	2.04 (at 2.34Å)	Xtriage	
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0135	Depositor	
$R, R_{free}$	0.180 , 0.238	Depositor	
·	0.187 , 0.240	DCC	
$R_{free}$ test set	109 reflections (4.10%)	wwPDB-VP	
Wilson B-factor $(A^2)$	61.6	Xtriage	
Anisotropy	0.412	Xtriage	
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.29, 52.5	EDS	
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$< L > = 0.52, < L^2> = 0.35$	Xtriage	
Estimated twinning fraction	$\begin{array}{c} 0.014 \text{ for } -1/3*h+1/3*k+1/3*l,-k,8/3*h+4/\\ 3*k+1/3*l \\ 0.022 \text{ for } -2/3*h-1/3*k-1/3*l,-1/3*h-2/3*k+\\ 1/3*l,-4/3*h+4/3*k+1/3*l \\ 0.009 \text{ for } -h,1/3*h-1/3*k-1/3*l,-4/3*h-8/3*k \\ +1/3*l \\ 0.000 \text{ for } -h,2/3*h+1/3*k+1/3*l,4/3*h+8/3 \\ *k-1/3*l \\ 0.000 \text{ for } 1/3*h+2/3*k-1/3*l,-k,-8/3*h-4/3*k-1/3*l \\ 0.000 \text{ for } -1/3*h-2/3*k+1/3*l,-2/3*h-1/3*k-1/3*l,4/3*h-4/3*k-1/3*l \\ 0.109 \text{ for } -h-k,k,-l \end{array}$	Xtriage	
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.97	EDS	
Total number of atoms	485	wwPDB-VP	
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	70.0	wwPDB-VP	

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 17.58% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $<L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

## 5 Model quality (i)

### 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: CA, 1W5

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	A	0.58	0/232	1.07	1/354~(0.3%)	
1	В	0.55	0/232	0.91	0/354	
All	All	0.57	0/464	0.99	1/708 (0.1%)	

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	A	8	DT	O5'-P-OP1	-5.61	100.65	105.70

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

#### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	230	0	124	2	0
1	В	230	0	124	4	0
2	A	5	0	0	0	0
2	В	4	0	0	0	0
3	A	4	0	0	0	0
3	В	12	0	0	2	0
All	All	485	0	248	6	0



The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 8.

All (6) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	$egin{aligned}  ext{Clash} \  ext{overlap } ( ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$	
1:A:9:1W5:P	1:A:9:1W5:OP2	1.10	1.48	
1:B:21:1W5:P	1:B:21:1W5:OP1	1.07	1.47	
1:B:23:DC:OP2	3:B:201:HOH:O	1.90	0.89	
1:B:23:DC:P	3:B:201:HOH:O	2.36	0.82	
1:A:3:DC:H2"	1:A:4:DG:C8	2.35	0.61	
1:B:20:DT:H2"	1:B:21:1W5:H5'A	1.91	0.52	

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

#### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

There are no protein molecules in this entry.

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

There are no protein molecules in this entry.

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

2 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).



Mol	Trme	Chain	Dag	Link	Во	ond leng	ths	В	ond ang	les
IVIOI	Type	Chain	Res	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
1	1W5	A	9	1	18,23,24	0.66	0	20,33,36	1.11	2 (10%)
1	1W5	В	21	1	18,23,24	0.68	0	20,33,36	1.08	1 (5%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	1W5	A	9	1	-	0/8/25/26	0/2/2/2
1	1W5	В	21	1	-	5/8/25/26	0/2/2/2

There are no bond length outliers.

All (3) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	В	21	1W5	C5-C4-N4	-3.52	121.60	125.22
1	A	9	1W5	C5-C4-N4	-3.33	121.80	125.22
1	A	9	1W5	C4'-O4'-C1'	-2.02	104.65	108.83

There are no chirality outliers.

All (5) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
1	В	21	1W5	C6-C1-C1'-C2'
1	В	21	1W5	C6-C1-C1'-O4'
1	В	21	1W5	O4'-C4'-C5'-O5'
1	В	21	1W5	C2-C1-C1'-O4'
1	В	21	1W5	C2-C1-C1'-C2'

There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 3 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	9	1W5	1	0
1	В	21	1W5	2	0



#### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 9 ligands modelled in this entry, 9 are monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

#### 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

### 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



### 6 Fit of model and data (i)

#### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	$\langle { m RSRZ} \rangle$	# RSRZ > 2		$\mathbf{Z}\mathbf{>}2$	$OWAB(A^2)$	Q<0.9
1	A	10/12 (83%)	-0.71	0	100	100	54, 75, 79, 82	0
1	В	10/12 (83%)	-0.60	0	100	100	56, 65, 74, 77	0
All	All	20/24 (83%)	-0.65	0	100	100	54, 68, 79, 82	0

There are no RSRZ outliers to report.

#### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	1W5	В	21	22/23	0.93	0.16	61,87,108,113	0
1	1W5	A	9	22/23	0.96	0.11	61,72,96,107	0

### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

#### 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathring{\mathbf{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
2	CA	В	103	1/1	0.35	0.07	129,129,129,129	1
2	CA	A	101	1/1	0.89	0.10	95,95,95,95	0
2	CA	A	105	1/1	0.91	0.16	104,104,104,104	0
2	CA	В	102	1/1	0.94	0.05	72,72,72,72	1
2	CA	В	101	1/1	0.94	0.39	115,115,115,115	1
2	CA	A	102	1/1	0.95	0.37	110,110,110,110	0
2	CA	A	103	1/1	0.96	0.48	104,104,104,104	1
2	CA	В	104	1/1	0.98	0.10	66,66,66,66	0
2	CA	A	104	1/1	1.00	0.05	64,64,64,64	0

# 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

