



# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

May 22, 2020 – 07:03 pm BST

PDB ID : 3KLX  
Title : Crystal structure of native abscisic acid receptor PYL3  
Authors : Zhang, X.; Wang, G.; Chen, Z.  
Deposited on : 2009-11-09  
Resolution : 2.50 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)  
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13  
EDS : 2.11  
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)  
Refmac : 5.8.0158  
CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.11

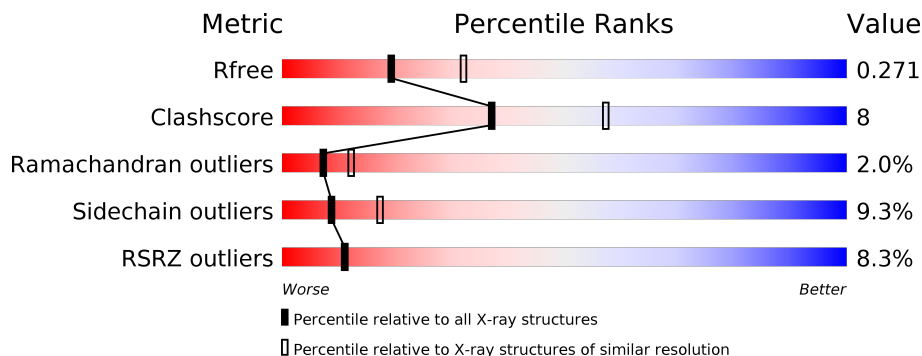
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.50 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	130704	4661 (2.50-2.50)
Clashscore	141614	5346 (2.50-2.50)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	5231 (2.50-2.50)
Sidechain outliers	138945	5233 (2.50-2.50)
RSRZ outliers	127900	4559 (2.50-2.50)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	209	 4% 74% 10% • 14%
1	B	209	 11% 67% 16% • • 13%

## 2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2883 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called F3N23.20 protein.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
1	A	180	Total 1378	C 877	N 236	O 262	S 3	0	0	0
1	B	181	Total 1371	C 865	N 236	O 267	S 3	0	0	0

- Molecule 2 is SULFATE ION (three-letter code: SO4) (formula: O<sub>4</sub>S).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	O	S		
2	A	1	Total 5	O 4	S 1	0	0
2	B	1	Total 5	O 4	S 1	0	0

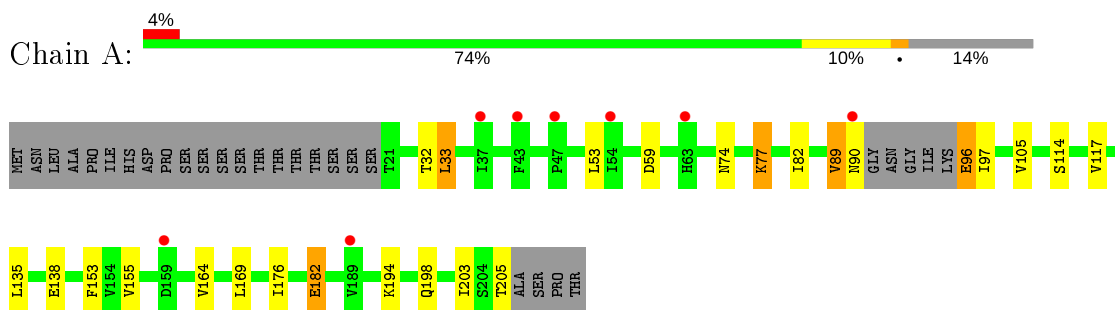
- Molecule 3 is water.

<b>Mol</b>	<b>Chain</b>	<b>Residues</b>	<b>Atoms</b>		<b>ZeroOcc</b>	<b>AltConf</b>
3	A	60	Total 60	O 60	0	0
3	B	64	Total 64	O 64	0	0

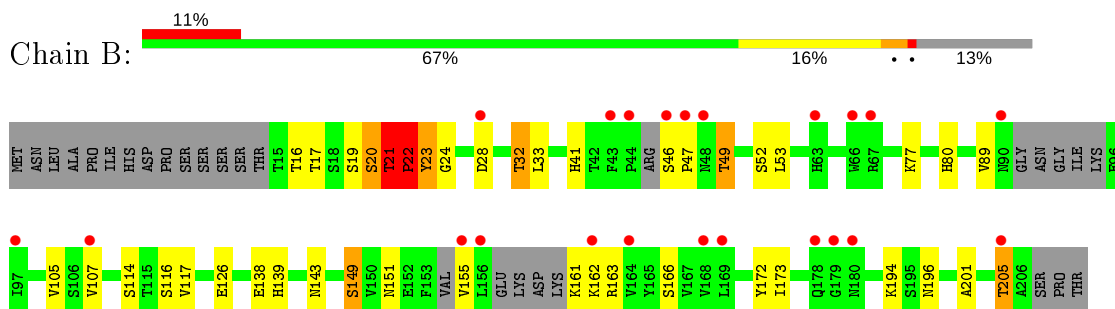
### 3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $RSRZ > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: F3N23.20 protein



- Molecule 1: F3N23.20 protein



## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 41 21 2	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	86.96Å 86.96Å 154.12Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	20.00 – 2.50 48.06 – 2.49	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.4 (20.00-2.50) 99.2 (48.06-2.49)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	0.06	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	2.49 (at 2.48Å)	Xtrriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.5.0072	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.252 , 0.270 0.260 , 0.271	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	1090 reflections (5.15%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	78.2	Xtrriage
Anisotropy	0.155	Xtrriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.31 , 52.8	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.50$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.34$	Xtrriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtrriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	2883	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	71.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtrriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 5.39% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

## 5 Model quality [i](#)

### 5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: SO4

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z  >5	RMSZ	# Z  >5
1	A	0.41	0/1403	0.56	0/1914
1	B	0.45	0/1394	0.58	0/1899
All	All	0.43	0/2797	0.57	0/3813

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	B	0	1

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	B	22	PRO	Peptide

### 5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1378	0	1332	10	0
1	B	1371	0	1310	32	0
2	A	5	0	0	0	0
2	B	5	0	0	0	0
3	A	60	0	0	0	0
3	B	64	0	0	3	0
All	All	2883	0	2642	42	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 8.

All (42) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:21:THR:OG1	1:B:22:PRO:HD3	1.59	1.03
1:B:22:PRO:HB3	1:B:24:GLY:H	1.27	0.99
1:B:22:PRO:CB	1:B:24:GLY:H	1.82	0.92
1:B:22:PRO:HB3	1:B:24:GLY:N	1.96	0.79
1:B:21:THR:OG1	1:B:22:PRO:CD	2.34	0.76
1:A:96:GLU:HG2	1:A:97:ILE:H	1.58	0.68
1:A:74:ASN:HB3	1:A:77:LYS:HD3	1.76	0.67
1:B:21:THR:CB	1:B:22:PRO:HD3	2.24	0.66
1:B:80:HIS:H	1:B:196:ASN:HD21	1.46	0.61
1:B:201:ALA:O	1:B:205:THR:HB	2.03	0.58
1:B:114:SER:HB2	1:B:138:GLU:HB2	1.86	0.56
1:B:22:PRO:HB3	1:B:24:GLY:CA	2.35	0.56
1:B:139:HIS:HD2	3:B:214:HOH:O	1.89	0.56
1:B:16:THR:CG2	1:B:23:TYR:OH	2.54	0.56
1:B:41:HIS:NE2	1:B:149:SER:HB3	2.20	0.55
1:A:89:VAL:HG12	1:A:90:ASN:OD1	2.07	0.55
1:B:16:THR:HG23	1:B:23:TYR:OH	2.07	0.55
1:A:82:ILE:HG23	1:A:105:VAL:HG23	1.88	0.53
1:B:19:SER:HB3	1:B:22:PRO:HD2	1.88	0.53
1:B:19:SER:C	1:B:21:THR:H	2.11	0.53
1:B:21:THR:HG1	1:B:22:PRO:HD3	1.70	0.52
1:A:33:LEU:HD13	1:A:153:PHE:HZ	1.75	0.50
1:A:53:LEU:HD21	1:A:169:LEU:HD22	1.93	0.49
1:B:49:THR:HG21	1:B:173:ILE:HD11	1.92	0.49
1:B:46:SER:O	1:B:49:THR:HB	2.13	0.49
1:B:105:VAL:CG2	1:B:116:SER:HB3	2.43	0.48
1:B:19:SER:CB	1:B:22:PRO:HD2	2.44	0.47
1:B:28:ASP:O	1:B:32:THR:HG22	2.15	0.46

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:155:VAL:HG13	1:B:163:ARG:O	2.16	0.45
1:A:176:ILE:HD11	1:A:182:GLU:HG2	1.99	0.44
1:B:80:HIS:H	1:B:196:ASN:ND2	2.11	0.44
1:B:52:SER:HB3	1:B:172:TYR:CE2	2.53	0.43
1:B:149:SER:OG	1:B:151:ASN:ND2	2.48	0.43
1:B:139:HIS:CD2	3:B:214:HOH:O	2.65	0.43
1:B:143:ASN:ND2	3:B:270:HOH:O	2.51	0.43
1:A:194:LYS:O	1:A:198:GLN:HG3	2.19	0.43
1:B:105:VAL:HG23	1:B:116:SER:HB3	2.01	0.42
1:B:161:LYS:O	1:B:163:ARG:N	2.52	0.42
1:B:16:THR:HG21	1:B:23:TYR:OH	2.20	0.42
1:A:114:SER:HB2	1:A:138:GLU:HB2	2.02	0.41
1:A:33:LEU:HG	1:A:169:LEU:HD11	2.02	0.41
1:B:19:SER:C	1:B:21:THR:N	2.74	0.41

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	176/209 (84%)	169 (96%)	6 (3%)	1 (1%)	25 43
1	B	171/209 (82%)	158 (92%)	7 (4%)	6 (4%)	3 4
All	All	347/418 (83%)	327 (94%)	13 (4%)	7 (2%)	7 12

All (7) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	22	PRO
1	B	20	SER
1	B	21	THR
1	B	23	TYR

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	162	LYS
1	B	47	PRO
1	A	89	VAL

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	149/192 (78%)	137 (92%)	12 (8%)	11	23
1	B	152/192 (79%)	136 (90%)	16 (10%)	7	13
All	All	301/384 (78%)	273 (91%)	28 (9%)	9	17

All (28) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	32	THR
1	A	33	LEU
1	A	59	ASP
1	A	77	LYS
1	A	96	GLU
1	A	117	VAL
1	A	135	LEU
1	A	155	VAL
1	A	164	VAL
1	A	182	GLU
1	A	203	ILE
1	A	205	THR
1	B	17	THR
1	B	20	SER
1	B	21	THR
1	B	32	THR
1	B	33	LEU
1	B	49	THR
1	B	53	LEU
1	B	77	LYS

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	89	VAL
1	B	107	VAL
1	B	117	VAL
1	B	126	GLU
1	B	149	SER
1	B	166	SER
1	B	194	LYS
1	B	205	THR

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (6) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	76	ASN
1	B	56	HIS
1	B	63	HIS
1	B	143	ASN
1	B	180	ASN
1	B	196	ASN

### 5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

2 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond

length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$
2	SO4	B	300	-	4,4,4	0.15	0	6,6,6	0.10	0
2	SO4	A	300	-	4,4,4	0.12	0	6,6,6	0.15	0

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ > 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q < 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	A	180/209 (86%)	0.83	8 (4%) 34 37	50, 69, 94, 109	3 (1%)
1	B	181/209 (86%)	1.10	22 (12%) 4 3	46, 74, 106, 174	0
All	All	361/418 (86%)	0.96	30 (8%) 11 11	46, 70, 103, 174	3 (0%)

All (30) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	B	44	PRO	4.3
1	B	179	GLY	4.2
1	B	155	VAL	3.9
1	B	46	SER	3.6
1	B	28	ASP	3.6
1	B	90	ASN	3.5
1	B	43	PHE	3.5
1	B	178	GLN	3.4
1	A	63	HIS	3.2
1	B	180	ASN	2.8
1	B	48	ASN	2.7
1	B	164	VAL	2.6
1	B	63	HIS	2.5
1	B	47	PRO	2.5
1	B	67	ARG	2.5
1	A	159	ASP	2.4
1	A	54	ILE	2.3
1	B	168	VAL	2.3
1	B	162	LYS	2.3
1	A	47	PRO	2.3
1	B	205	THR	2.3
1	B	156	LEU	2.3
1	B	169	LEU	2.2
1	B	107	VAL	2.2

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	37	ILE	2.1
1	A	189	VAL	2.1
1	B	66	TRP	2.1
1	A	43	PHE	2.0
1	A	90	ASN	2.0
1	B	97	ILE	2.0

## 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

## 6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
2	SO4	A	300	5/5	0.83	0.28	100,100,100,101	0
2	SO4	B	300	5/5	0.89	0.32	126,126,126,126	0

## 6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.