

Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

Jun 16, 2021 – 02:04 PM EDT

PDB ID : 7KB0

Title: O-acety-L-homoserine aminocarboxypropyltransferase (MetY) from Ther-

motoga maritima with pyridoxal-5-phosphate (PLP) bound in the internal

aldimine state

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Deposited on : 2020-10-01

Resolution : 1.85 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul: 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13 EDS : 2.20

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove) roteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

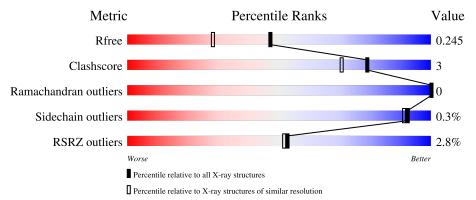
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.20

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $X\text{-}RAY\ DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.85 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar\ resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries,\ resolution\ range(\mathring{A})}) \end{array}$
R_{free}	130704	2469 (1.86-1.86)
Clashscore	141614	2625 (1.86-1.86)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	2592 (1.86-1.86)
Sidechain outliers	138945	2592 (1.86-1.86)
RSRZ outliers	127900	2436 (1.86-1.86)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
			3%	
1	A	430	92%	7%



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 6645 atoms, of which 3193 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called O-acetyl-L-homoserine sulfhydrylase.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace			
1	Λ	428	Total	С	Н	N	О	Р	S	0	0	0
1	Λ	420	6468	2096	3193	542	630	1	6	U	U	U

• Molecule 2 is water.

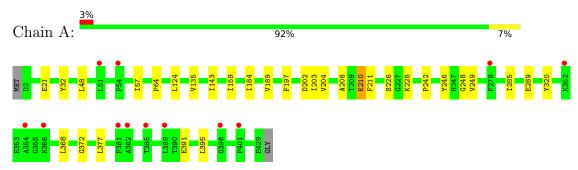
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	177	Total O 177 177	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: O-acetyl-L-homoserine sulfhydrylase





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 64 2 2	Depositor
Cell constants	135.31Å 135.31Å 110.88Å	Donogitor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	42.88 - 1.85	Depositor
Resolution (A)	42.88 - 1.85	EDS
% Data completeness	99.4 (42.88-1.85)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	99.4 (42.88-1.85)	EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	1.16 (at 1.86Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX 1.17.1_3660	Depositor
D D.	0.210 , 0.245	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.210 , 0.245	DCC
R_{free} test set	2590 reflections (5.07%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	24.2	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.025	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.39, 46.1	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$ < L >=0.43, < L^2>=0.25$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	6645	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	32.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.82% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $<L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: LLP

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Chain	Boı	Bond lengths		angles
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	A	0.69	$2/3323 \ (0.1\%)$	0.73	0/4520

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	${f Z}$	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(ext{\AA})$
1	A	208	ALA	C-O	6.00	1.34	1.23
1	A	320	TYR	CD1-CE1	-5.38	1.31	1.39

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3275	3193	3198	18	0
2	A	177	0	0	0	0
All	All	3452	3193	3198	18	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 3.

All (18) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.



Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Interatomic} \\ \text{distance } (\text{\AA}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:48:LEU:HB3	1:A:57:ILE:HD11	1.67	0.76
1:A:135:VAL:HG21	1:A:143:ILE:HD13	1.77	0.65
1:A:184:ILE:HG12	1:A:203:ILE:HB	1.86	0.57
1:A:211:PHE:CE1	1:A:372:GLY:HA2	2.40	0.57
1:A:135:VAL:CG2	1:A:143:ILE:HD13	2.35	0.55
1:A:368:LEU:HD11	1:A:377:LEU:HD13	1.88	0.55
1:A:197:PHE:CE1	1:A:204:VAL:HG23	2.44	0.52
1:A:391:GLU:O	1:A:395:LEU:HG	2.09	0.51
1:A:246:TYR:O	1:A:249:VAL:HG23	2.13	0.49
1:A:32:TYR:CD2	1:A:64:PRO:HB2	2.48	0.48
1:A:226:SER:OG	1:A:228:LYS:HG2	2.14	0.48
1:A:159:ILE:HB	1:A:189:VAL:HG21	1.96	0.47
1:A:242:PRO:HB3	1:A:248:GLY:HA2	1.99	0.43
1:A:202:ASP:O	1:A:203:ILE:HD13	2.20	0.42
1:A:210:LLP:NZ	1:A:210:LLP:O3	2.48	0.41
1:A:124:LEU:HD23	1:A:124:LEU:HA	1.94	0.41
1:A:197:PHE:CE1	1:A:226:SER:HB3	2.54	0.41
1:A:285:ILE:O	1:A:289:GLU:HG3	2.21	0.41

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	425/430 (99%)	409 (96%)	16 (4%)	0	100 100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.



The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	336/349 (96%)	335 (100%)	1 (0%)	92 91

All (1) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	21	GLU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (1) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	388	GLN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

1 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residue is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Tune	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Dog	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
MIOI	Type		in Res	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2							
1	LLP	A	210	1	23,24,25	2.39	6 (26%)	25,32,34	1.39	4 (16%)							

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	LLP	A	210	1	-	5/16/17/19	0/1/1/1

All (6) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	Observed(A)	$\operatorname{Ideal}(ext{\AA})$
1	A	210	LLP	C4-C4'	7.18	1.60	1.46
1	A	210	LLP	C4'-NZ	4.64	1.42	1.27
1	A	210	LLP	C4-C5	-3.99	1.36	1.42
1	A	210	LLP	C2'-C2	3.17	1.55	1.50
1	A	210	LLP	C6-N1	2.99	1.40	1.34
1	A	210	LLP	P-OP2	-2.54	1.45	1.54

All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Type Atoms		$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	A	210	LLP	C4-C4'-NZ	-3.77	107.00	124.31
1	A	210	LLP	C3-C4-C5	2.20	119.95	118.26
1	A	210	LLP	CE-NZ-C4'	-2.16	112.28	118.90
1	A	210	LLP	C4-C3-C2	2.01	121.43	120.19

There are no chirality outliers.

All (5) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
1	A	210	LLP	C4-C4'-NZ-CE
1	A	210	LLP	O-C-CA-CB
1	A	210	LLP	C3-C4-C4'-NZ
1	A	210	LLP	CD-CE-NZ-C4'
1	A	210	LLP	N-CA-CB-CG

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	210	LLP	1	0

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.



5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<rsrz></rsrz>	# RSRZ > 2	$OWAB(Å^2)$	Q<0.9
1	A	427/430 (99%)	-0.00	12 (2%) 53 52	15, 26, 57, 74	0

All (12) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	398	GLY	4.2
1	A	389	LEU	3.3
1	A	381	PRO	2.9
1	A	385	THR	2.8
1	A	51	LEU	2.7
1	A	352	LYS	2.6
1	A	54	PRO	2.5
1	A	401	PRO	2.4
1	A	356	LYS	2.3
1	A	354	ALA	2.3
1	A	382	ALA	2.2
1	A	279	PHE	2.0

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
1	LLP	A	210	24/25	0.98	0.13	13,20,28,30	0



6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

