

# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

#### Feb 19, 2024 – 08:31 AM EST

PDB ID : 4K99

Title : Structure of Ternary Complex of cGAS with dsDNA and Bound 5 -pppdG(2

,5)pdG

Authors: Gao, P.; Wu, Y.; Patel, D.J.

Deposited on : 2013-04-19

Resolution : 1.95 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.36

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$ 

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

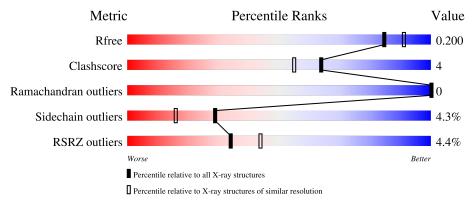
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.95 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar\ resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries,\ resolution\ range(\mathring{\rm A})}) \end{array}$
$R_{free}$	130704	2580 (1.96-1.96)
Clashscore	141614	2705 (1.96-1.96)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	2678 (1.96-1.96)
Sidechain outliers	138945	2678 (1.96-1.96)
RSRZ outliers	127900	2539 (1.96-1.96)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Qualit	ty of chain	
1	A	362	86%		10% ••
2	D	17	12%	35%	12%
3	Е	17	18%	35%	18%

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:



	Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
ſ	5	MG	A	603	-	-	-	X



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 8 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3886 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Cyclic GMP-AMP synthase.

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	354	Total 2924	C 1881	N 495	O 535	S 13	0	0	0

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	146	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q8C6L5

• Molecule 2 is a DNA chain called DNA-F.

Mol	Chain	Residues		$\mathbf{At}$	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	D	15	Total 308	C 147	N 63	O 84	P 14	0	0	0

• Molecule 3 is a DNA chain called DNA-R.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	E	14	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0	0
	Ь	11	284	136	47	87	14			

• Molecule 4 is ZINC ION (three-letter code: ZN) (formula: Zn).

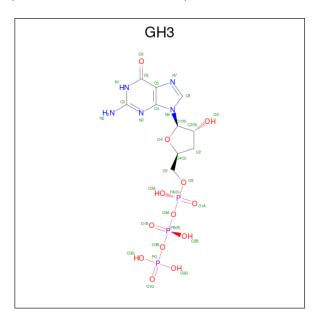
$\mathbf{Mol}$	Chain	Residues	${f Atoms}$	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total Zn 1 1	0	0

• Molecule 5 is MAGNESIUM ION (three-letter code: MG) (formula: Mg).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	2	Total Mg 2 2	0	0

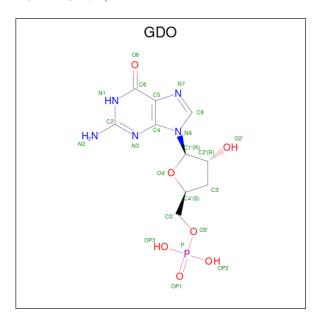


• Molecule 6 is 3'-DEOXY-GUANOSINE-5'-TRIPHOSPHATE (three-letter code: GH3) (formula:  $C_{10}H_{16}N_5O_{13}P_3$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0
	11	1	31	10	5	13	3		

• Molecule 7 is 3'-deoxy-guanosine 5'-monophosphate (three-letter code: GDO) (formula:  $C_{10}H_{14}N_5O_7P$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	1	Total 22		N 5	O 6	P 1	0	0



### • Molecule 8 is water.

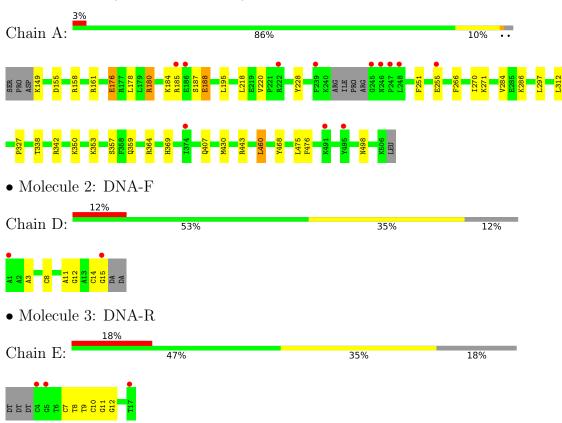
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
8	A	266	Total O 266 266	0	0
8	D	33	Total O 33 33	0	0
8	Е	15	Total O 15 15	0	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Cyclic GMP-AMP synthase





# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	I 2 2 2	Depositor
Cell constants	85.12Å 97.61Å 131.37Å	Depositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	39.18 - 1.95	Depositor
resolution (A)	48.81 - 1.84	EDS
% Data completeness	99.9 (39.18-1.95)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	94.3 (48.81-1.84)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	1.18 (at 1.84Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX (phenix.refine: 1.8.1_1168)	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.176 , $0.212$	Depositor
·	0.168 , 0.200	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	2000 reflections $(4.21\%)$	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	29.7	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.367	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.33, 48.8	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$  <  L  > = 0.49, < L^2 > = 0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.96	EDS
Total number of atoms	3886	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	42.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.10% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $<L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

## 5 Model quality (i)

## 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ZN, GDO, MG, GH3

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles		
IVIOI		RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	A	0.39	0/2986	0.55	0/4006	
2	D	0.72	0/347	1.31	3/534 (0.6%)	
3	Е	0.77	0/316	1.44	4/485 (0.8%)	
All	All	0.47	0/3649	0.79	7/5025 (0.1%)	

There are no bond length outliers.

All (7) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
3	Е	11	DG	O4'-C1'-N9	-9.54	101.33	108.00
3	Е	12	DG	O4'-C1'-N9	-7.55	102.72	108.00
3	Е	10	DC	O4'-C1'-N1	-5.96	103.83	108.00
2	D	11	DA	O4'-C1'-N9	5.89	112.12	108.00
2	D	8	DC	O4'-C1'-N1	5.82	112.07	108.00
2	D	8	DC	O4'-C1'-C2'	-5.78	101.27	105.90
3	Е	7	DC	C1'-O4'-C4'	-5.14	104.96	110.10

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mo	l Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2924	0	2966	22	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	D	308	0	169	3	0
3	Е	284	0	160	1	0
4	A	1	0	0	0	0
5	A	2	0	0	0	0
6	A	31	0	11	1	0
7	A	22	0	12	3	0
8	A	266	0	0	7	0
8	D	33	0	0	0	0
8	Е	15	0	0	0	0
All	All	3886	0	3318	26	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 4.

All (26) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic	Clash
1100111 1	1100111 2	$\operatorname{distance}\left(\mathrm{\AA}\right)$	overlap (Å)
1:A:407:GLN:NE2	8:A:904:HOH:O	2.31	0.61
1:A:149:LYS:N	8:A:901:HOH:O	2.38	0.57
7:A:605:GDO:O5'	7:A:605:GDO:H2	2.05	0.56
1:A:180:ARG:NH1	2:D:3:DA:OP2	2.40	0.55
1:A:155:ASP:HA	1:A:158:ARG:NH1	2.27	0.50
1:A:188:GLU:HG3	1:A:251:PHE:CZ	2.46	0.50
1:A:443:ARG:HG3	8:A:916:HOH:O	2.12	0.49
1:A:338:THR:O	1:A:342:ARG:HG3	2.13	0.49
1:A:271:LYS:O	8:A:942:HOH:O	2.20	0.48
1:A:161:ARG:NH2	2:D:12:DG:N3	2.62	0.47
1:A:158:ARG:NH1	8:A:854:HOH:O	2.27	0.47
1:A:369:HIS:HB3	8:A:727:HOH:O	2.14	0.46
1:A:266:PHE:O	1:A:270:ILE:HG12	2.16	0.46
1:A:176:GLU:O	1:A:180:ARG:HD3	2.17	0.45
1:A:286:LYS:HB3	1:A:286:LYS:HE2	1.74	0.45
1:A:353:LYS:HD2	1:A:357:SER:O	2.17	0.44
1:A:184:LYS:HA	1:A:185:ARG:HA	1.64	0.44
2:D:14:DC:H2"	2:D:15:DG:C8	2.53	0.44
1:A:364:ARG:NH2	7:A:605:GDO:N7	2.67	0.43
6:A:604:GH3:H3'	7:A:605:GDO:H10	2.00	0.43
1:A:327:PRO:HD2	1:A:468:TYR:CZ	2.55	0.42
3:E:8:DT:H2'	3:E:9:DT:C6	2.56	0.41
1:A:220:VAL:HG21	1:A:312:LEU:HB3	2.02	0.40
1:A:228:TYR:OH	1:A:359:GLN:HG3	2.21	0.40

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Atom-1	1100111 1		$egin{aligned}  ext{Clash} \  ext{overlap } ( ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$
1:A:498:ASN:ND2	8:A:943:HOH:O	2.31	0.40
1:A:460:LEU:HD13	1:A:476:PHE:CE2	2.57	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	350/362 (97%)	342 (98%)	8 (2%)	0	100 100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	327/335~(98%)	313 (96%)	14 (4%)	29 16	

All (14) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	176	GLU
1	A	178	LEU
1	A	180	ARG
1	A	187	SER

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	188	GLU
1	A	195	LEU
1	A	218	LEU
1	A	255	GLU
1	A	284	VAL
1	A	297	LEU
1	A	350	LYS
1	A	430	MET
1	A	460	LEU
1	A	475	LEU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 5 ligands modelled in this entry, 3 are monoatomic - leaving 2 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Mol Type Chain Res	$\operatorname{in} \left  \operatorname{Res} \right  \operatorname{Link} \left  \right $		B	Bond lengths		Bond angles			
Moi Type	Chain   Res   Lin	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2		
6	GH3	A	604	7,5	25,33,33	3.47	14 (56%)	29,52,52	1.82	8 (27%)



Mol	Type	Type Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Res	Res Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
10.	101	туре		nes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2				
	7	GDO	A	605	6	17,24,25	4.35	9 (52%)	16,35,38	2.48	7 (43%)				

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

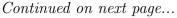
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
6	GH3	A	604	7,5	-	11/18/34/34	0/3/3/3
7	GDO	A	605	6	-	1/3/21/22	0/3/3/3

All (23) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	Observed(A)	Ideal(A)
7	A	605	GDO	C2'-C1'	-11.45	1.43	1.54
6	A	604	GH3	C5-C6	-9.35	1.28	1.47
7	A	605	GDO	C5-C6	-7.06	1.33	1.47
7	A	605	GDO	O4'-C4'	-6.20	1.32	1.44
6	A	604	GH3	C2'-C1'	-5.63	1.49	1.54
6	A	604	GH3	C5-C4	-5.31	1.29	1.43
6	A	604	GH3	PG-O3G	-5.01	1.35	1.54
7	A	605	GDO	C3'-C4'	-4.91	1.42	1.52
7	A	605	GDO	C5-C4	-4.50	1.31	1.43
7	A	605	GDO	C6-N1	-4.36	1.31	1.37
6	A	604	GH3	PG-O2G	-4.28	1.38	1.54
6	A	604	GH3	PA-O1A	-4.06	1.36	1.50
6	A	604	GH3	PA-O5'	-3.59	1.44	1.59
6	A	604	GH3	O4'-C4'	-3.52	1.37	1.44
6	A	604	GH3	C8-N7	-3.51	1.29	1.35
7	A	605	GDO	O2'-C2'	-3.51	1.35	1.43
6	A	604	GH3	PG-O1G	-3.35	1.39	1.50
6	A	604	GH3	C3'-C2'	-3.23	1.44	1.52
7	A	605	GDO	C3'-C2'	-3.02	1.44	1.52
6	A	604	GH3	PA-O2A	-2.83	1.42	1.55
6	A	604	GH3	C4-N3	-2.49	1.31	1.37
7	A	605	GDO	C8-N7	-2.24	1.31	1.35
6	A	604	GH3	PB-O2B	-2.13	1.45	1.55

All (15) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(^{o})$
7	A	605	GDO	O6-C6-N1	-5.14	114.58	120.65





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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
7	A	605	GDO	C5-C6-N1	4.46	121.83	113.95
6	A	604	GH3	C2-N1-C6	-3.97	117.80	125.10
6	A	604	GH3	O6-C6-C5	-3.65	117.25	124.37
7	A	605	GDO	C8-N7-C5	3.56	109.78	102.99
6	A	604	GH3	C5-C6-N1	3.42	119.99	113.95
7	A	605	GDO	O4'-C4'-C5'	-3.19	104.27	109.52
7	A	605	GDO	C2-N1-C6	-2.99	119.59	125.10
6	A	604	GH3	O3G-PG-O1G	2.64	121.03	110.68
6	A	604	GH3	C8-N7-C5	2.62	107.98	102.99
7	A	605	GDO	N1-C2-N3	-2.53	118.60	123.32
6	A	604	GH3	C2'-C3'-C4'	2.50	107.64	102.94
6	A	604	GH3	N2-C2-N1	2.41	121.85	116.71
7	A	605	GDO	O4'-C4'-C3'	-2.27	102.14	105.07
6	A	604	GH3	N1-C2-N3	-2.20	119.21	123.32

There are no chirality outliers.

All (12) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
6	A	604	GH3	PB-O3B-PG-O3G
6	A	604	GH3	C5'-O5'-PA-O3A
6	A	604	GH3	O4'-C4'-C5'-O5'
7	A	605	GDO	O4'-C4'-C5'-O5'
6	A	604	GH3	C3'-C4'-C5'-O5'
6	A	604	GH3	C5'-O5'-PA-O1A
6	A	604	GH3	C5'-O5'-PA-O2A
6	A	604	GH3	PA-O3A-PB-O1B
6	A	604	GH3	PB-O3A-PA-O2A
6	A	604	GH3	PB-O3B-PG-O1G
6	A	604	GH3	PB-O3B-PG-O2G
6	A	604	GH3	PB-O3A-PA-O1A

There are no ring outliers.

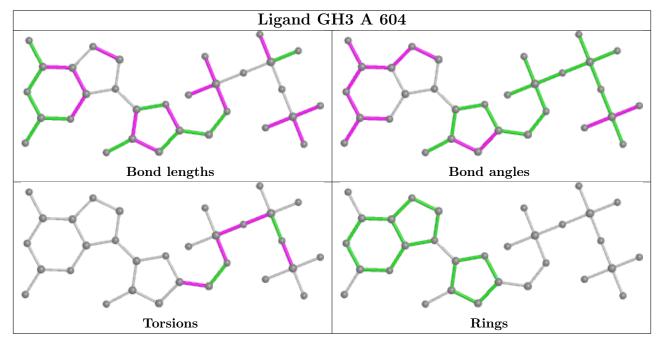
2 monomers are involved in 3 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
6	A	604	GH3	1	0
7	A	605	GDO	3	0

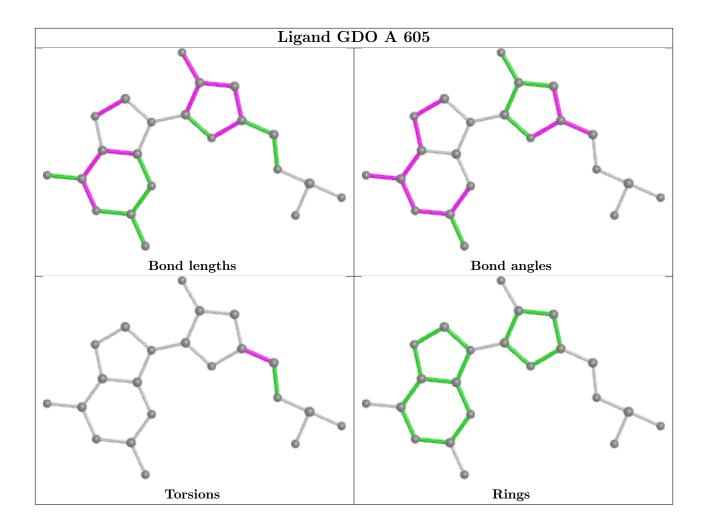
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In



addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.







## 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



# 6 Fit of model and data (i)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	$\#\mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$OWAB(Å^2)$	Q<0.9
1	A	$354/362 \ (97\%)$	0.05	12 (3%) 45 55	15, 33, 65, 111	0
2	D	15/17 (88%)	0.33	2 (13%) 3 5	24, 53, 111, 111	0
3	Е	14/17 (82%)	0.39	3 (21%) 0 1	31, 58, 114, 121	0
All	All	383/396 (96%)	0.08	17 (4%) 34 44	15, 34, 75, 121	0

All (17) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	185	ARG	5.8
1	A	246	ASN	4.9
2	D	15	DG	4.3
1	A	239	PHE	3.8
1	A	245	GLY	3.8
1	A	186	GLU	3.6
1	A	247	PRO	3.0
1	A	222	ARG	3.0
3	Е	5	DG	2.9
1	A	248	LEU	2.9
3	Е	4	DC	2.7
3	Е	17	DT	2.4
2	D	1	DA	2.4
1	A	255	GLU	2.1
1	A	374	ILE	2.1
1	A	495	TYR	2.0
1	A	491	LYS	2.0

## 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.



## 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

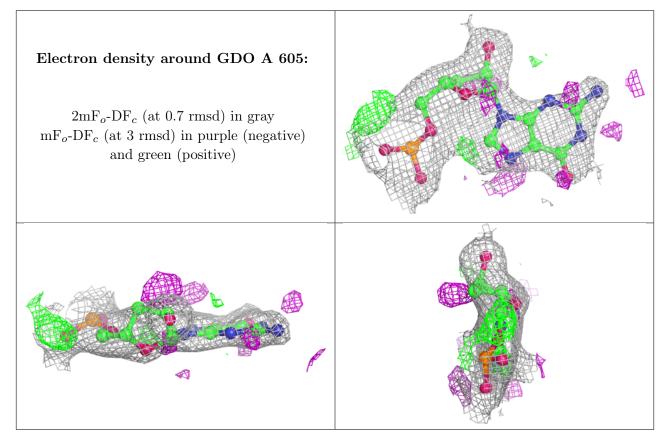
There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 6.4 Ligands (i)

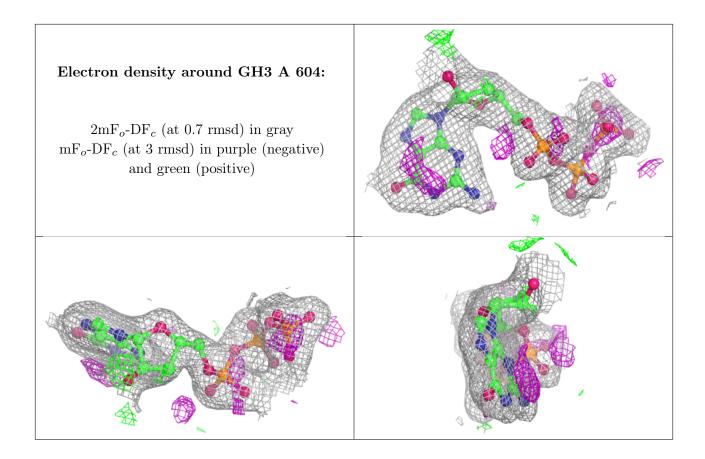
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	$\operatorname{Res}$	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
5	MG	A	603	1/1	0.55	0.43	63,63,63,63	0
7	GDO	A	605	22/23	0.88	0.15	44,54,60,75	2
6	GH3	A	604	31/31	0.97	0.08	20,37,44,48	3
5	MG	A	602	1/1	0.97	0.07	19,19,19,19	0
4	ZN	A	601	1/1	0.99	0.08	22,22,22,22	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.







## 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

