

Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

Oct 9, 2023 – 11:45 PM EDT

PDB ID : 7JTG

Title: Structure of Hepatitis C Virus Envelope Glycoprotein E2 core from genotype

6a bound to broadly neutralizing antibody RM11-43

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Deposited on : 2020-08-17

Resolution : 2.60 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

 $Mol Probity \quad : \quad 4.02b\text{--}467$

Mogul: 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13 EDS : 2.35.1

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

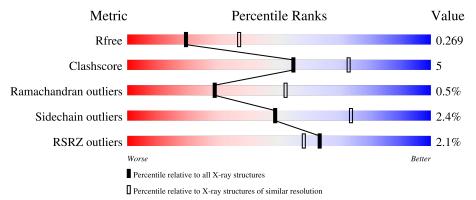
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.35.1

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.60 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar\ resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries,\ resolution\ range(\AA)}) \end{array}$
R_{free}	130704	3163 (2.60-2.60)
Clashscore	141614	3518 (2.60-2.60)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	3455 (2.60-2.60)
Sidechain outliers	138945	3455 (2.60-2.60)
RSRZ outliers	127900	3104 (2.60-2.60)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of	chain			
1	A	233	84%			12%	
2	В	214	86%			13%	•
3	Е	189	61%	15%	•	23%	
4	G	2	100%				

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard



residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
4	NAG	G	2	-	-	=	X



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 4517 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called RM11-43 Fab heavy chain.

Mo	Chain	Residues		At	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	224	Total 1650	C 1043	N 275	O 325	S 7	0	0	0

• Molecule 2 is a protein called RM11-43 Fab light chain.

\mathbf{Mol}	Chain	Residues		\mathbf{At}	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	В	212	Total 1619	C 1014	N 271	O 329	S 5	0	0	0

• Molecule 3 is a protein called Envelope glycoprotein E2.

Mol	Chain	Residues		\mathbf{A}	toms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	E	146	Total 1160	C 742	N 197	O 208	S 13	0	0	0

There are 8 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
E	448	ASP	ASN	engineered mutation	UNP B9V0E2
E	482	GLY	-	linker	UNP B9V0E2
E	483	SER	-	linker	UNP B9V0E2
E	484	SER	-	linker	UNP B9V0E2
E	485	GLY	-	linker	UNP B9V0E2
E	592	GLY	-	linker	UNP B9V0E2
E	593	GLY	-	linker	UNP B9V0E2
Е	597	GLY	-	linker	UNP B9V0E2

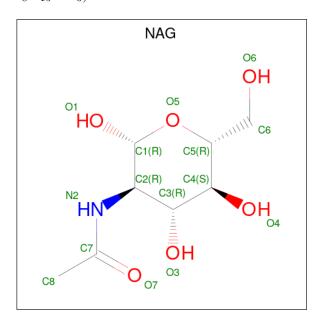
• Molecule 4 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-a cetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.





\mathbf{Mol}	Chain	Residues	l A	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
4	G	2	Total 28	C 16	_	O 10	0	0	0

 \bullet Molecule 5 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula: $\rm C_8H_{15}NO_6).$



Mol	Chain	Residues	A	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	Е	1	Total 14	C 8	N 1	O 5	0	0

• Molecule 6 is water.

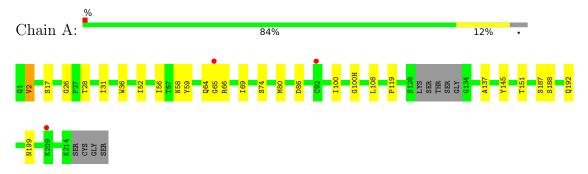
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	19	Total O 19 19	0	0
6	В	22	Total O 22 22	0	0
6	E	5	Total O 5 5	0	0



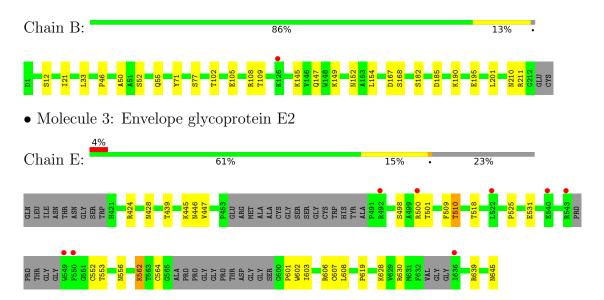
3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: RM11-43 Fab heavy chain



• Molecule 2: RM11-43 Fab light chain



• Molecule 4: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain G:





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants	59.96Å 65.34Å 215.87Å	Donositor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	29.75 - 2.60	Depositor
Resolution (A)	29.75 - 2.60	EDS
% Data completeness	98.8 (29.75-2.60)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	98.8 (29.75-2.60)	EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	1.39 (at 2.61Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX 1.17.1_3660	Depositor
D D.	0.222 , 0.269	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.222 , 0.269	DCC
R_{free} test set	1367 reflections (5.12%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	64.2	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.391	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.27 , 31.7	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$ < L >=0.48, < L^2>=0.31$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.93	EDS
Total number of atoms	4517	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	71.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.97% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $<L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: NAG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ $\# Z > 5$		RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	A	0.30	0/1684	0.54	0/2292	
2	В	0.29	0/1656	0.50	0/2250	
3	Е	0.28	0/1195	0.55	1/1628 (0.1%)	
All	All	0.29	0/4535	0.53	1/6170 (0.0%)	

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
3	E	510	THR	C-N-CD	-5.13	109.32	120.60

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1650	0	1653	14	1
2	В	1619	0	1569	11	1
3	Е	1160	0	1090	22	0
4	G	28	0	25	0	0
5	Е	14	0	13	1	0
6	A	19	0	0	1	0
6	В	22	0	0	0	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
6	Е	5	0	0	0	0
All	All	4517	0	4350	46	1

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 5.

All (46) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic	Clash
		distance (Å)	overlap (Å)
3:E:606:ARG:HH12	3:E:645:ASN:HB2	1.39	0.88
1:A:56:ILE:HD12	3:E:439:THR:HG22	1.63	0.79
3:E:500:ARG:NH2	3:E:531:GLU:O	2.24	0.71
3:E:606:ARG:NH1	3:E:645:ASN:HB2	2.08	0.69
2:B:147:GLN:HB2	2:B:154:LEU:HD11	1.73	0.68
3:E:445:LYS:HD3	3:E:446:ASN:H	1.61	0.65
1:A:66:ARG:NH2	1:A:86:ASP:OD2	2.31	0.63
3:E:556:ASN:ND2	3:E:562:LYS:HE2	2.14	0.62
1:A:119:PRO:HB3	1:A:145:TYR:HB3	1.80	0.62
2:B:167:ASP:OD1	2:B:168:SER:N	2.32	0.62
2:B:108:ARG:NH1	2:B:109:THR:O	2.32	0.61
3:E:628:LYS:HB3	3:E:630:ARG:NH1	2.17	0.60
3:E:445:LYS:NZ	3:E:446:ASN:O	2.22	0.56
3:E:445:LYS:CD	3:E:446:ASN:H	2.20	0.54
2:B:21:ILE:HD12	2:B:102:THR:HG21	1.87	0.54
2:B:46:PRO:HB2	2:B:55:GLN:HG2	1.89	0.54
1:A:2:VAL:H	1:A:26:GLY:HA3	1.72	0.54
1:A:151:THR:OG1	1:A:199:ASN:HB3	2.09	0.53
3:E:424:ARG:HA	3:E:518:THR:HG22	1.90	0.52
1:A:36:TRP:CE2	1:A:80:MET:HB2	2.46	0.50
1:A:66:ARG:HH22	1:A:86:ASP:CG	2.15	0.50
3:E:498:SER:O	3:E:501:THR:HG22	2.12	0.49
1:A:59:TYR:HE1	1:A:69:ILE:HG13	1.77	0.49
2:B:50:ALA:O	2:B:52:SER:N	2.42	0.47
3:E:509:PHE:CZ	3:E:601:PRO:HB3	2.50	0.47
2:B:190:LYS:HG2	2:B:211:ARG:HH21	1.80	0.47
3:E:630:ARG:HD2	3:E:639:ARG:CD	2.45	0.47
1:A:52:ILE:HB	1:A:56:ILE:HB	1.97	0.47
1:A:65:GLY:O	1:A:66:ARG:HG3	2.15	0.46
1:A:28:THR:HG22	5:E:700:NAG:H61	1.98	0.46
3:E:509:PHE:HE2	3:E:553:THR:HG22	1.80	0.46
2:B:149:LYS:NZ	2:B:195:GLU:OE1	2.48	0.45
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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	${ m distance}({ m \AA})$	overlap (Å)
2:B:182:SER:OG	2:B:185:ASP:OD1	2.35	0.45
3:E:428:ASN:OD1	3:E:500:ARG:HA	2.16	0.45
3:E:603:ILE:HD11	3:E:607:CYS:HB2	1.99	0.45
2:B:190:LYS:O	2:B:210:ASN:HA	2.16	0.45
3:E:445:LYS:HD3	3:E:446:ASN:N	2.29	0.44
3:E:552:CYS:HB2	3:E:564:CYS:SG	2.57	0.44
2:B:33:LEU:HD13	2:B:71:TYR:CD2	2.54	0.43
1:A:31:ILE:CG2	1:A:100:ILE:HD11	2.48	0.43
3:E:630:ARG:HD2	3:E:639:ARG:HD2	2.01	0.43
1:A:137:ALA:O	6:A:301:HOH:O	2.22	0.41
3:E:424:ARG:CZ	3:E:525:PRO:HB3	2.51	0.41
1:A:188:SER:O	1:A:188:SER:OG	2.35	0.41
3:E:447:VAL:HG11	3:E:619:PRO:O	2.21	0.41
3:E:602:TRP:CE2	3:E:608:LEU:HD12	2.56	0.40

All (1) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Interatomic} \\ \text{distance (Å)} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Clash} \\ \text{overlap } (\text{\AA}) \end{array}$
1:A:64:GLN:NE2	2:B:201:LEU:O[3_555]	2.19	0.01

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	sed Favoured Allowed		Outliers	Perce	entiles
1	A	$220/233 \ (94\%)$	205 (93%)	13 (6%)	2 (1%)	17	35
2	В	210/214 (98%)	204 (97%)	6 (3%)	0	100	100
3	E	136/189 (72%)	131 (96%)	4 (3%)	1 (1%)	22	43
All	All	566/636 (89%)	540 (95%)	23 (4%)	3 (0%)	29	52

All (3) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	100(H)	GLY
1	A	2	VAL
3	Е	510	THR

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	nalysed Rotameric Outliers		Percentiles
1	A	184/191 (96%)	178 (97%)	6 (3%)	38 64
2	В	183/185 (99%)	178 (97%)	5 (3%)	44 71
3	E	131/159 (82%)	130 (99%)	1 (1%)	81 92
All	All	498/535 (93%)	486 (98%)	12 (2%)	49 74

All (12) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	17	SER
1	A	58	ASN
1	A	74	SER
1	A	108	LEU
1	A	187	SER
1	A	192	GLN
2	В	12	SER
2	В	77	SER
2	В	105	GLU
2	В	145	LYS
2	В	152	ASN
3	Е	562	LYS

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (2) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	199	ASN
3	Ε	446	ASN



5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

2 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Tuno	Chain	Res	Link	Bo	ond leng	$ ag{ths}$	В	ond ang	eles
Mol Type Chair	Chain	nes Li	Link	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	
4	NAG	G	1	3,4	14,14,15	0.53	0	17,19,21	0.59	0
4	NAG	G	2	4	14,14,15	0.36	0	17,19,21	0.56	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	NAG	G	1	3,4	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	G	2	4	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) torsion outliers are listed below:

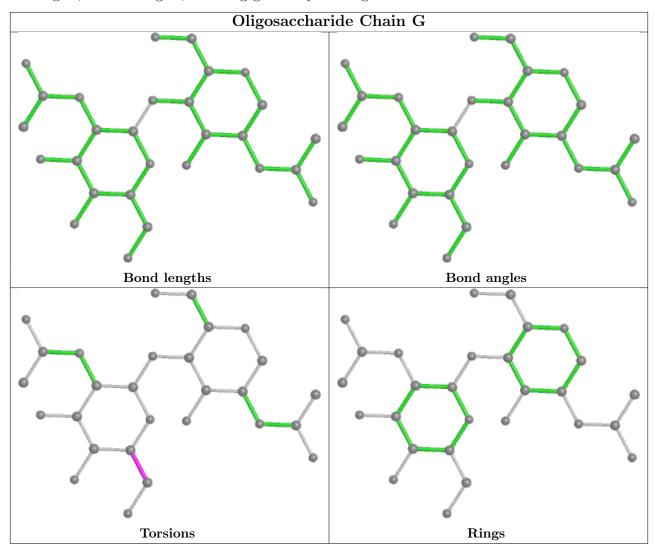
\mathbf{Mol}	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	G	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6



There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.



5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Pog I	Res Link	Bo	ond leng	ths	Bond angles		
WIOI				Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	
5	NAG	Е	700	3	14,14,15	0.46	0	17,19,21	0.78	1 (5%)	

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	NAG	Е	700	3	-	3/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(^{o})$
5	Ε	700	NAG	C1-O5-C5	2.18	115.14	112.19

There are no chirality outliers.

All (3) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
5	Ε	700	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
5	Ε	700	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
5	Ε	700	NAG	C3-C2-N2-C7

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	E	700	NAG	1	0

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<rsrz></rsrz>	$\# \mathrm{RSRZ} {>} 2$	$OWAB(Å^2)$	Q<0.9
1	A	$224/233 \ (96\%)$	-0.21	3 (1%) 77 73	42, 66, 106, 143	0
2	В	212/214 (99%)	-0.48	1 (0%) 91 89	44, 62, 89, 111	0
3	Е	146/189 (77%)	0.16	8 (5%) 25 19	56, 79, 130, 149	0
All	All	582/636 (91%)	-0.21	12 (2%) 63 58	42, 67, 113, 149	0

All (12) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	65	GLY	4.8
3	Е	522	LEU	3.6
3	Е	549	TRP	3.4
3	Е	636	ILE	3.1
3	Е	500	ARG	2.7
3	Е	550	PHE	2.7
3	Е	492	ARG	2.7
1	A	209	LYS	2.5
3	Е	543	ARG	2.5
2	В	126	LYS	2.3
3	Е	540	GLU	2.1
1	A	92	CYS	2.0

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

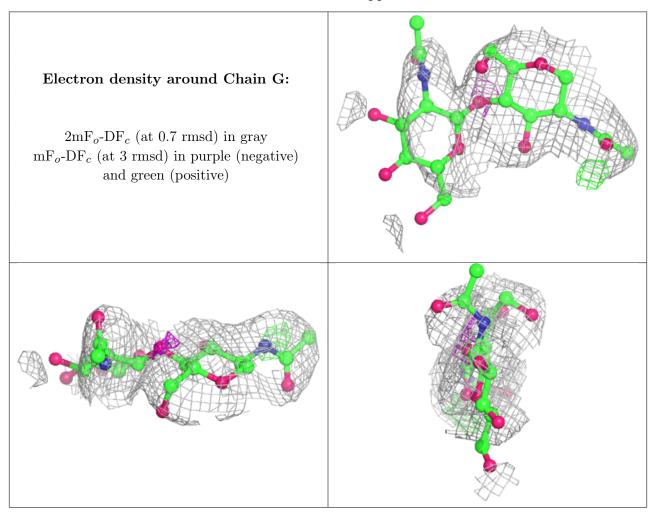
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum,



median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
4	NAG	G	2	14/15	0.67	0.47	139,152,160,165	0
4	NAG	G	1	14/15	0.79	0.20	70,87,108,131	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.



6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{ ilde{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
5	NAG	Е	700	14/15	0.83	0.24	88,98,113,113	0



6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

