wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report (i)

Nov 7, 2022 – 09:14 AM JST

PDB ID	:	5IZ7
EMDB ID	:	EMD-8139
Title	:	Cryo-EM structure of thermally stable Zika virus strain H/PF/2013
Authors	:	Kostyuchenko, V.A.; Zhang, S.; Fibriansah, G.; Lok, S.M.
Deposited on	:	2016-03-25
Resolution	:	3.70 Å(reported)
Based on initial model	:	3J27

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at
http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

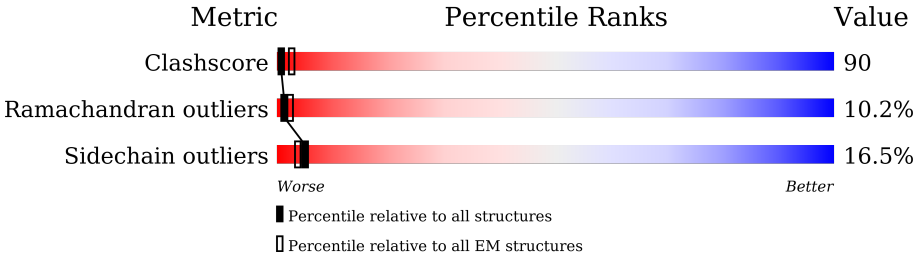
EMDB validation analysis	:	0.0.1.dev43
Mogul	:	1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
MapQ	:	1.9.9
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.31.2

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.70 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	4297
Ramachandran outliers	154571	4023
Sidechain outliers	154315	3826

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion < 40%). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	504	36%; 18%, 62%, 18%, •
1	B	504	32%; 19%, 59%, 20%, •
1	C	504	44%; 22%, 61%, 15%, •
2	D	75	53%; 11%, 67%, 19%, •
2	E	75	64%; 19%, 64%, 17%
2	F	75	56%; 23%, 60%, 16%, •

2 Entry composition (i)

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 13268 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

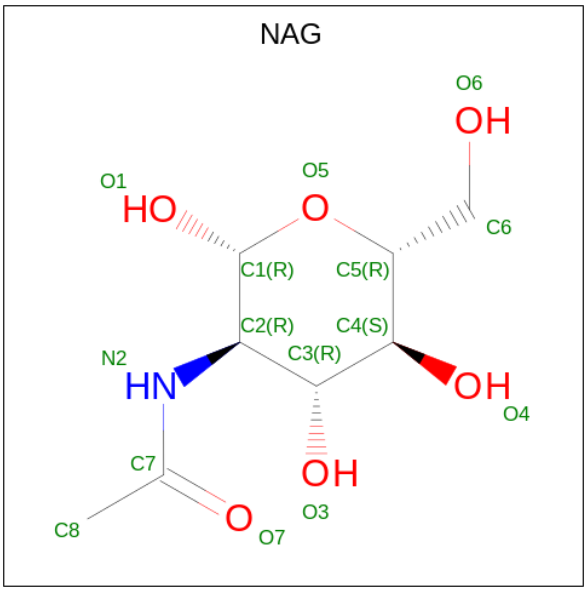
- Molecule 1 is a protein called structural protein E.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
1	A	504	3809	2395	660	723	31	0	0
1	C	504	3808	2395	660	722	31	0	0
1	B	504	3809	2395	660	723	31	0	0

- Molecule 2 is a protein called structural protein M.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
2	D	75	600	391	105	103	1	0	0
2	E	75	600	391	105	103	1	0	0
2	F	75	600	391	105	103	1	0	0

- Molecule 3 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula: $C_8H_{15}NO_6$).

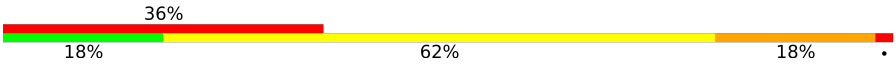


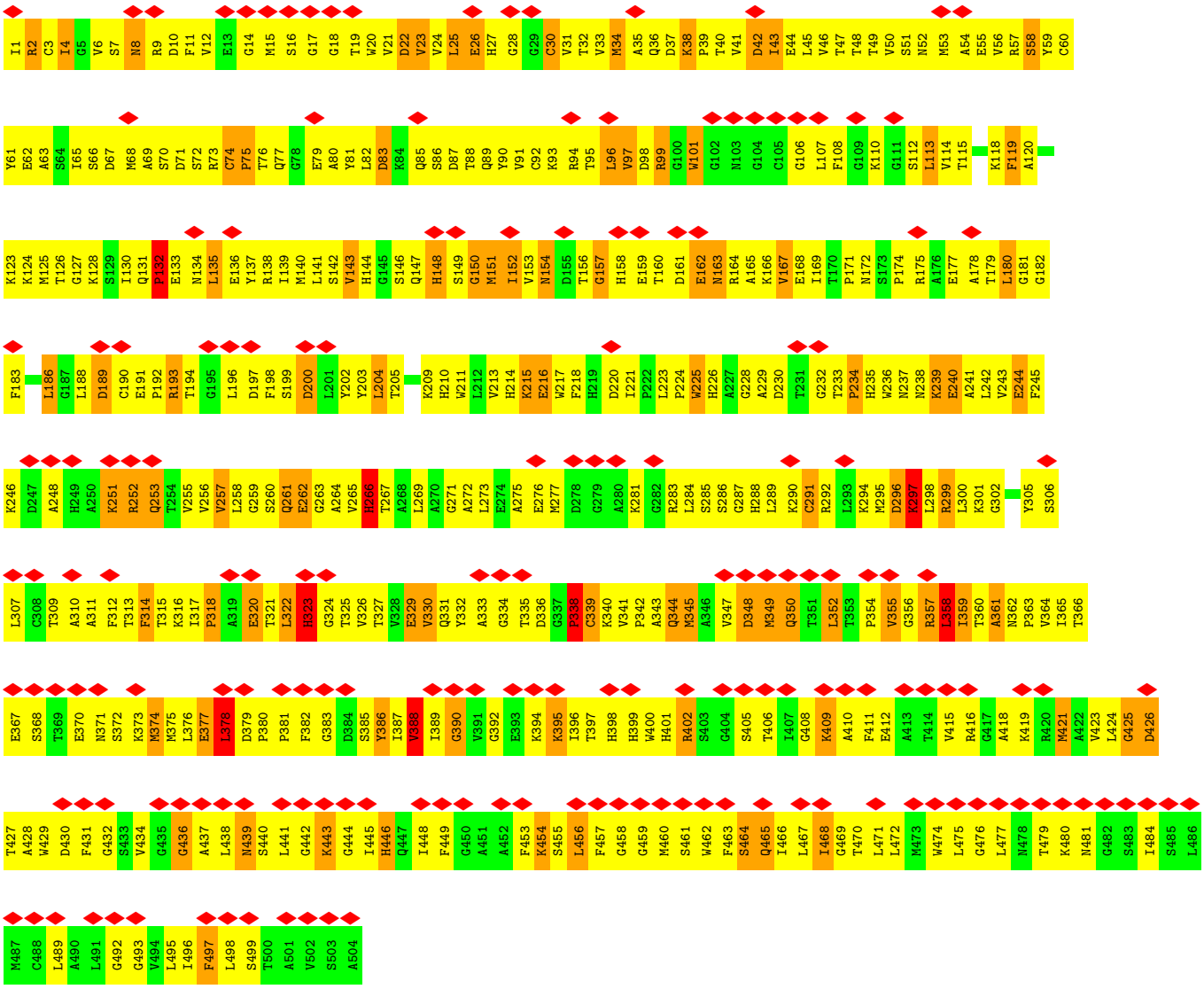
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf
			Total	C	N	O	
3	A	1	14	8	1	5	0
			Total	C	N	O	
3	C	1	14	8	1	5	0
			Total	C	N	O	
3	B	1	14	8	1	5	0

3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

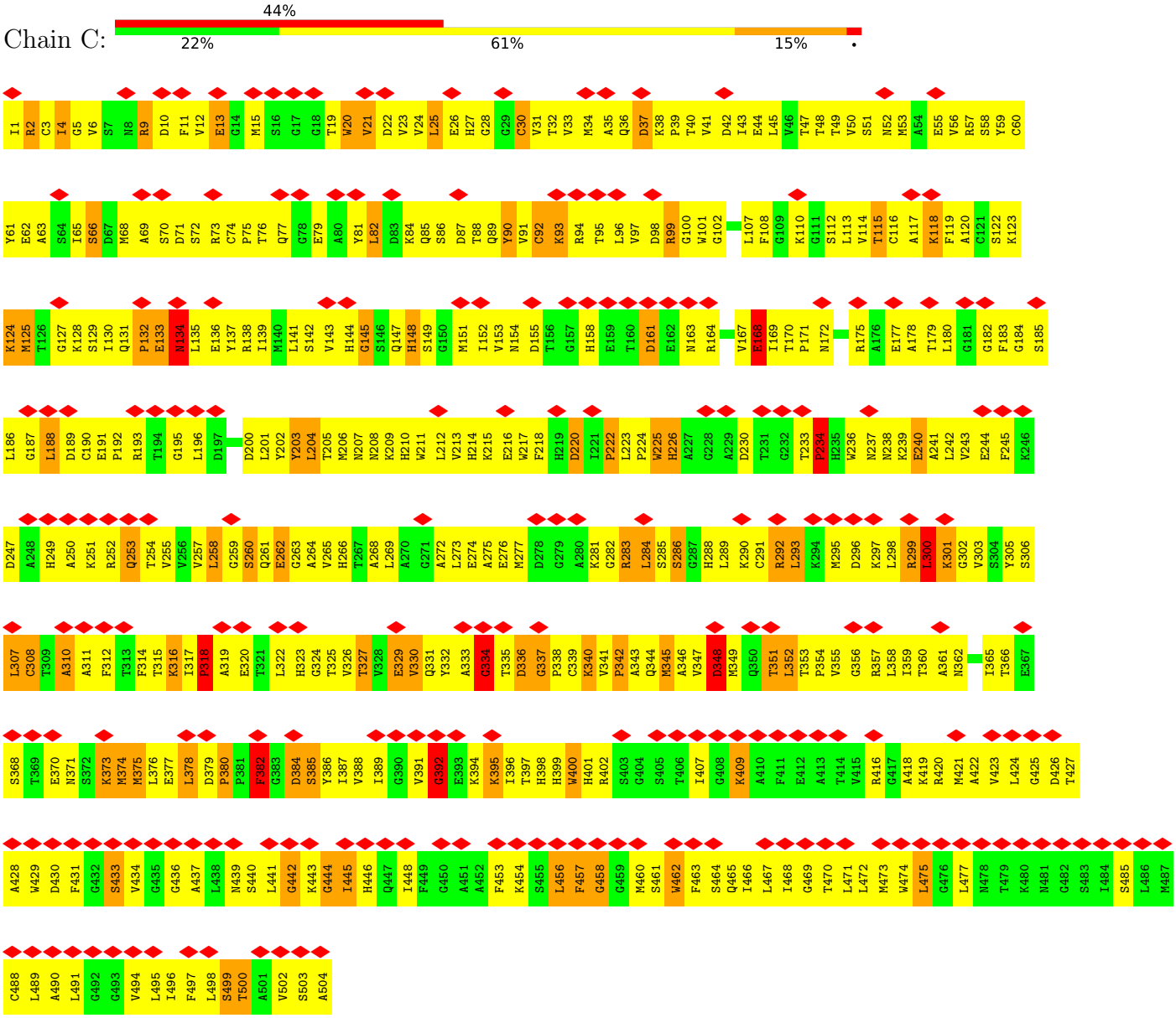
- Molecule 1: structural protein E

Chain A: 



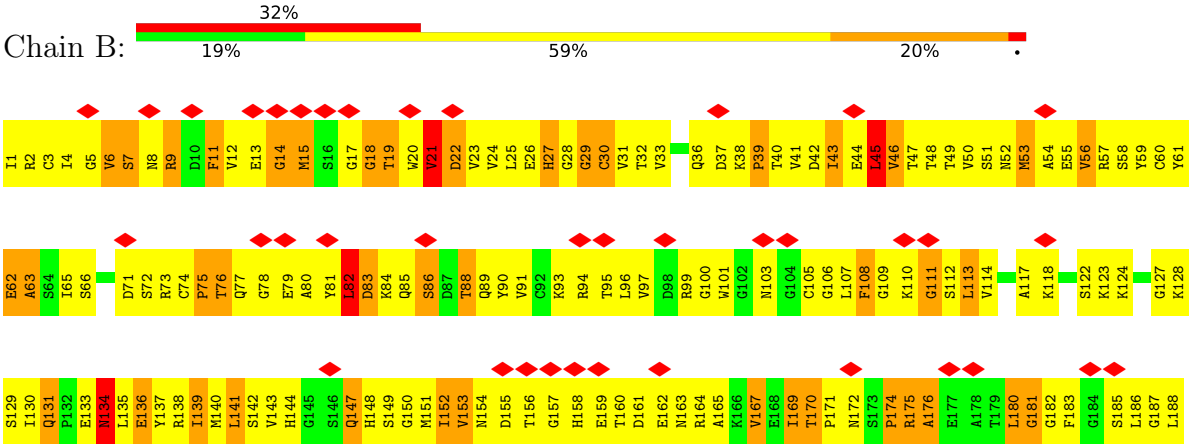
- Molecule 1: structural protein E

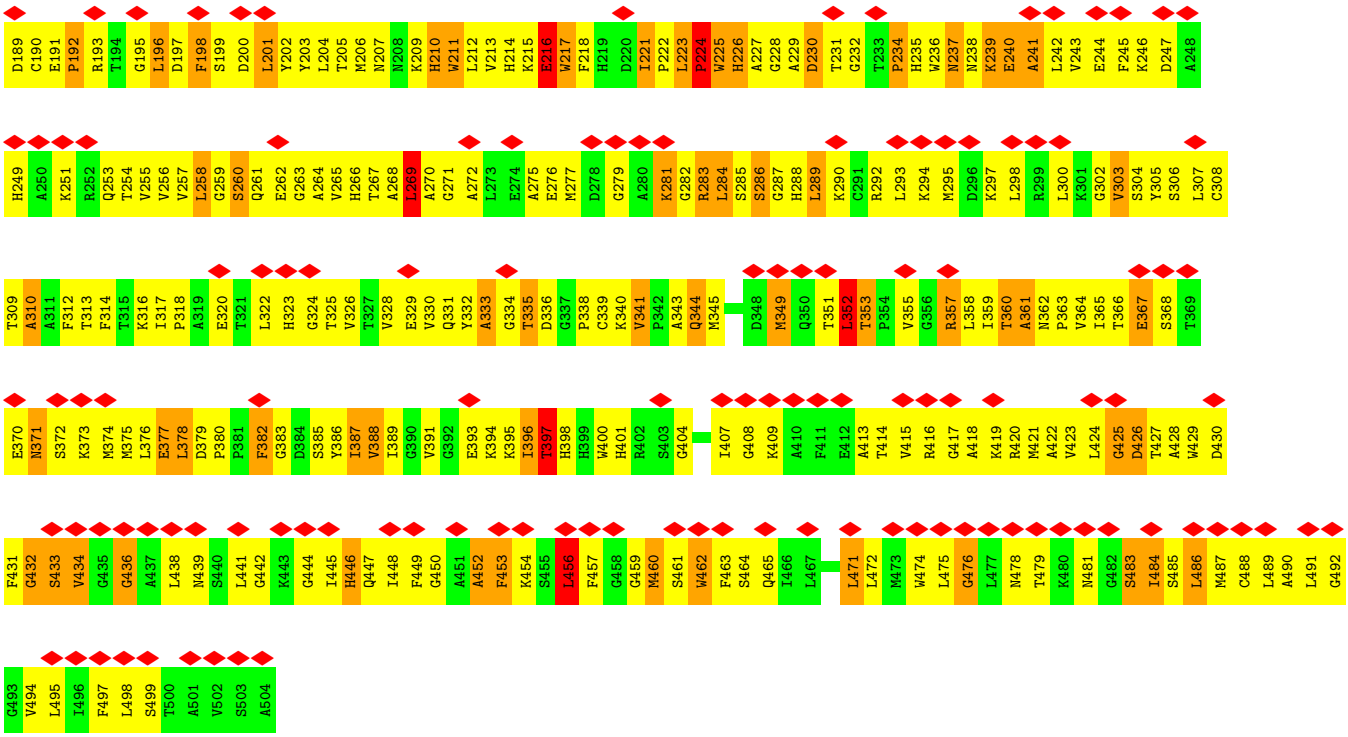
Chain C:



- Molecule 1: structural protein E

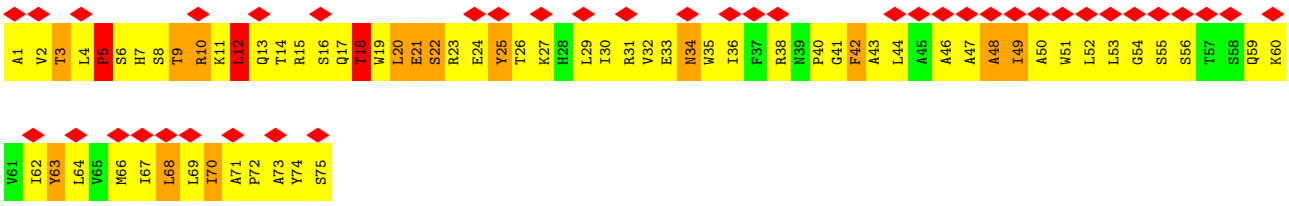
Chain B:





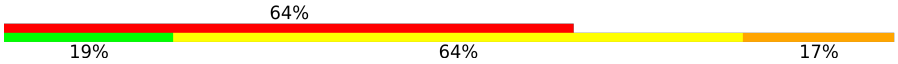
- Molecule 2: structural protein M

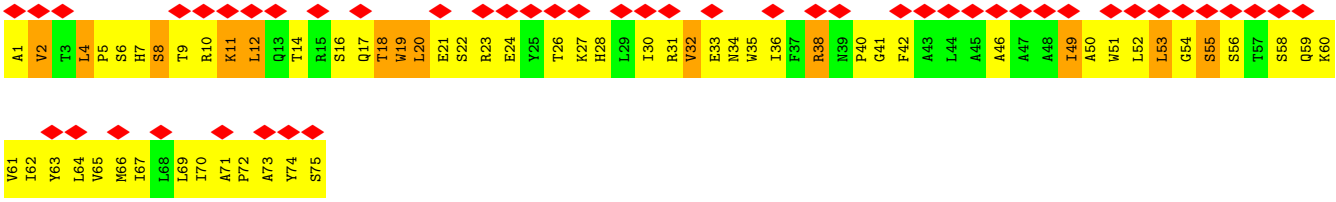
Chain D:



- Molecule 2: structural protein M

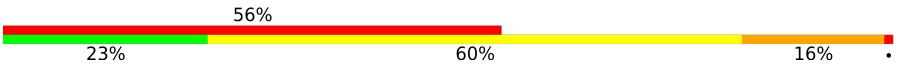
Chain E:

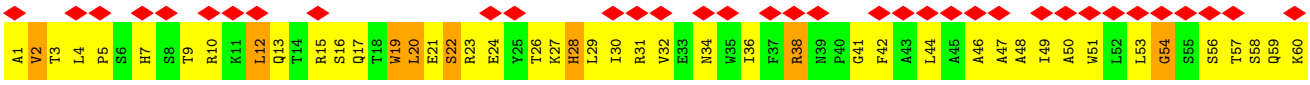


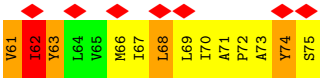


- Molecule 2: structural protein M

Chain F:






V61
I62
Y63
L64
V65
M66
I67
L68
L69
I70
A71
P72
A73
Y74
S75

4 Experimental information (i)

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, I	Depositor
Number of particles used	7180	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION; correction for astigmatism included	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/Å^2$)	50	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Maximum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	FEI FALCON II (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	11.108	Depositor
Minimum map value	-6.234	Depositor
Average map value	0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	1.000	Depositor
Recommended contour level	3.5	Depositor
Map size (Å)	536.0, 536.0, 536.0	wwPDB
Map dimensions	400, 400, 400	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	1.34, 1.34, 1.34	Depositor

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: NAG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#$\|Z\|$ >5	RMSZ	#$\|Z\|$ >5
1	A	0.60	0/3888	0.87	5/5261 (0.1%)
1	B	0.65	0/3888	0.93	9/5261 (0.2%)
1	C	0.66	1/3887 (0.0%)	0.91	8/5261 (0.2%)
2	D	0.61	0/615	0.82	1/838 (0.1%)
2	E	0.77	0/615	0.86	0/838
2	F	0.66	0/615	0.85	1/838 (0.1%)
All	All	0.64	1/13508 (0.0%)	0.90	24/18297 (0.1%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand.A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
2	F	0	1

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	C	225	TRP	CB-CG	-8.14	1.35	1.50

The worst 5 of 24 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
1	C	334	GLY	N-CA-C	6.91	130.37	113.10
1	B	224	PRO	N-CA-C	-6.73	94.61	112.10
1	B	82	LEU	N-CA-C	6.66	128.98	111.00
1	C	348	ASP	N-CA-C	6.48	128.49	111.00
1	B	456	LEU	CA-CB-CG	6.47	130.18	115.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
2	F	74	TYR	Sidechain

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3809	0	3761	684	0
1	B	3809	0	3760	770	0
1	C	3808	0	3760	682	0
2	D	600	0	624	165	0
2	E	600	0	624	119	0
2	F	600	0	624	124	0
3	A	14	0	13	4	0
3	B	14	0	13	1	0
3	C	14	0	13	5	0
All	All	13268	0	13192	2386	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 90.

The worst 5 of 2386 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:C:68:MET:SD	1:C:255:VAL:HB	1.79	1.21
1:B:345:MET:HE3	1:B:380:PRO:HA	1.23	1.16
1:C:178:ALA:HB3	1:C:186:LEU:H	1.08	1.15
1:A:158:HIS:HB3	1:A:166:LYS:HE3	1.20	1.15
1:B:60:CYS:HB3	1:B:224:PRO:HG2	1.21	1.14

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	502/504 (100%)	332 (66%)	123 (24%)	47 (9%)	0 9
1	B	502/504 (100%)	331 (66%)	104 (21%)	67 (13%)	0 4
1	C	502/504 (100%)	365 (73%)	96 (19%)	41 (8%)	1 11
2	D	73/75 (97%)	37 (51%)	26 (36%)	10 (14%)	0 3
2	E	73/75 (97%)	48 (66%)	20 (27%)	5 (7%)	1 16
2	F	73/75 (97%)	43 (59%)	24 (33%)	6 (8%)	1 11
All	All	1725/1737 (99%)	1156 (67%)	393 (23%)	176 (10%)	1 7

5 of 176 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	36	GLN
1	A	132	PRO
1	A	322	LEU
1	A	323	HIS
1	A	357	ARG

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	410/410 (100%)	335 (82%)	75 (18%)	1 10
1	B	410/410 (100%)	343 (84%)	67 (16%)	2 15
1	C	410/410 (100%)	349 (85%)	61 (15%)	3 18

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
2	D	64/64 (100%)	53 (83%)	11 (17%)	2	13
2	E	64/64 (100%)	52 (81%)	12 (19%)	1	10
2	F	64/64 (100%)	55 (86%)	9 (14%)	3	20
All	All	1422/1422 (100%)	1187 (84%)	235 (16%)	5	14

5 of 235 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	C	327	THR
2	E	19	TRP
2	D	34	ASN
2	E	17	GLN
1	B	352	LEU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 34 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	323	HIS
1	B	362	ASN
2	E	28	HIS
1	C	144	HIS
1	C	134	ASN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

3 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$
3	NAG	B	601	1	14,14,15	0.67	0	17,19,21	0.66	0
3	NAG	A	601	1	14,14,15	1.04	0	17,19,21	0.96	0
3	NAG	C	601	1	14,14,15	1.12	2 (14%)	17,19,21	0.91	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	NAG	B	601	1	-	3/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	A	601	1	-	4/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	C	601	1	-	4/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
3	C	601	NAG	C1-C2	2.95	1.56	1.52
3	C	601	NAG	C3-C2	2.31	1.57	1.52

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 11 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	A	601	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
3	A	601	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
3	C	601	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
3	C	601	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	B	601	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2

There are no ring outliers.

3 monomers are involved in 10 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	B	601	NAG	1	0
3	A	601	NAG	4	0
3	C	601	NAG	5	0

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

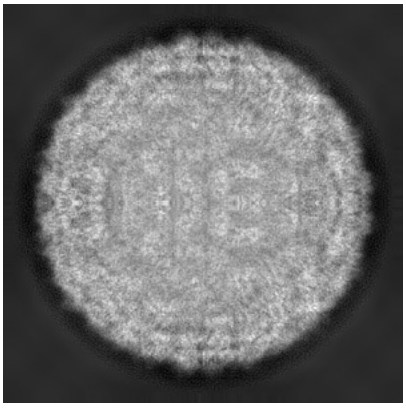
6 Map visualisation (i)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-8139. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

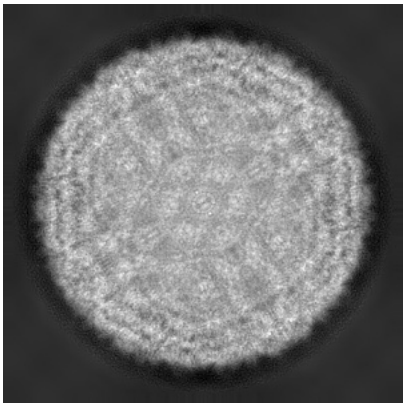
No raw map or half-maps were deposited for this entry and therefore no images, graphs, etc. pertaining to the raw map can be shown.

6.1 Orthogonal projections (i)

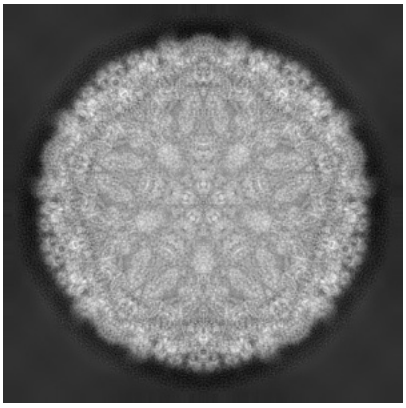
6.1.1 Primary map



X



Y

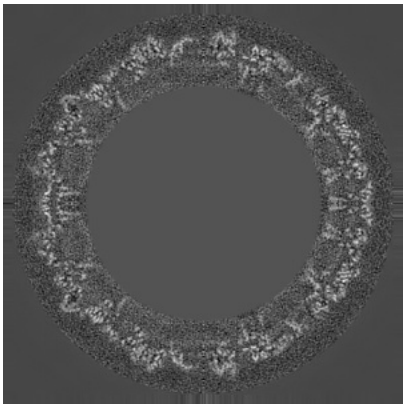


Z

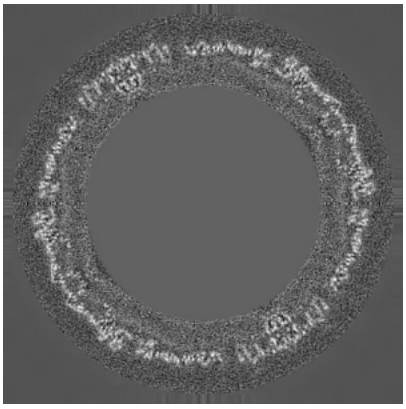
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices (i)

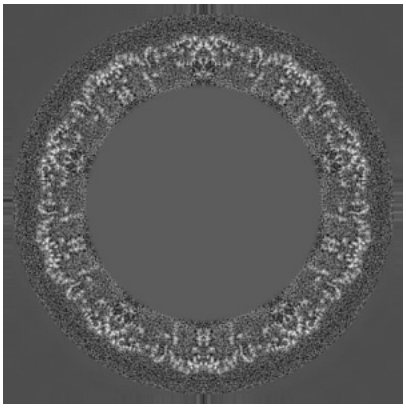
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 200



Y Index: 200

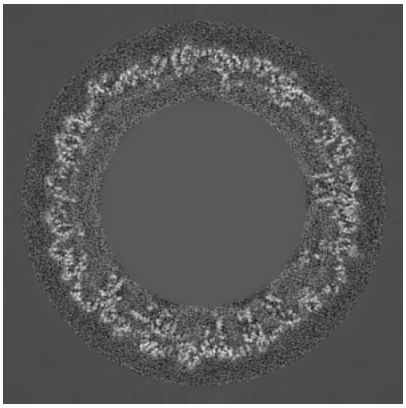


Z Index: 200

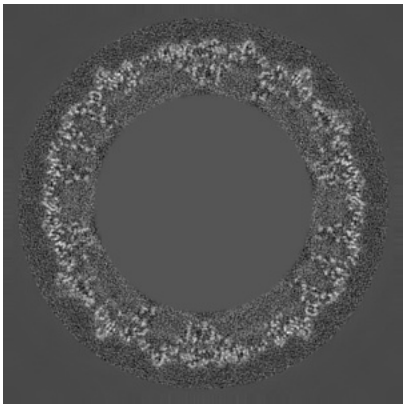
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices (i)

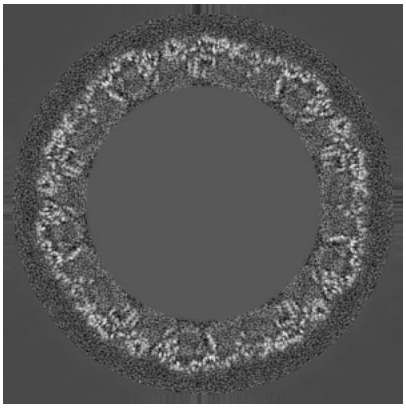
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 256



Y Index: 156



Z Index: 194

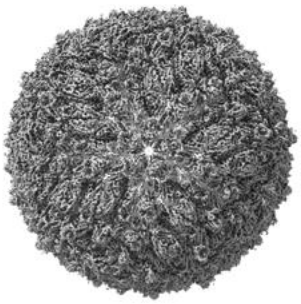
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal surface views (i)

6.4.1 Primary map

X

Y



Z

The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 3.5. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

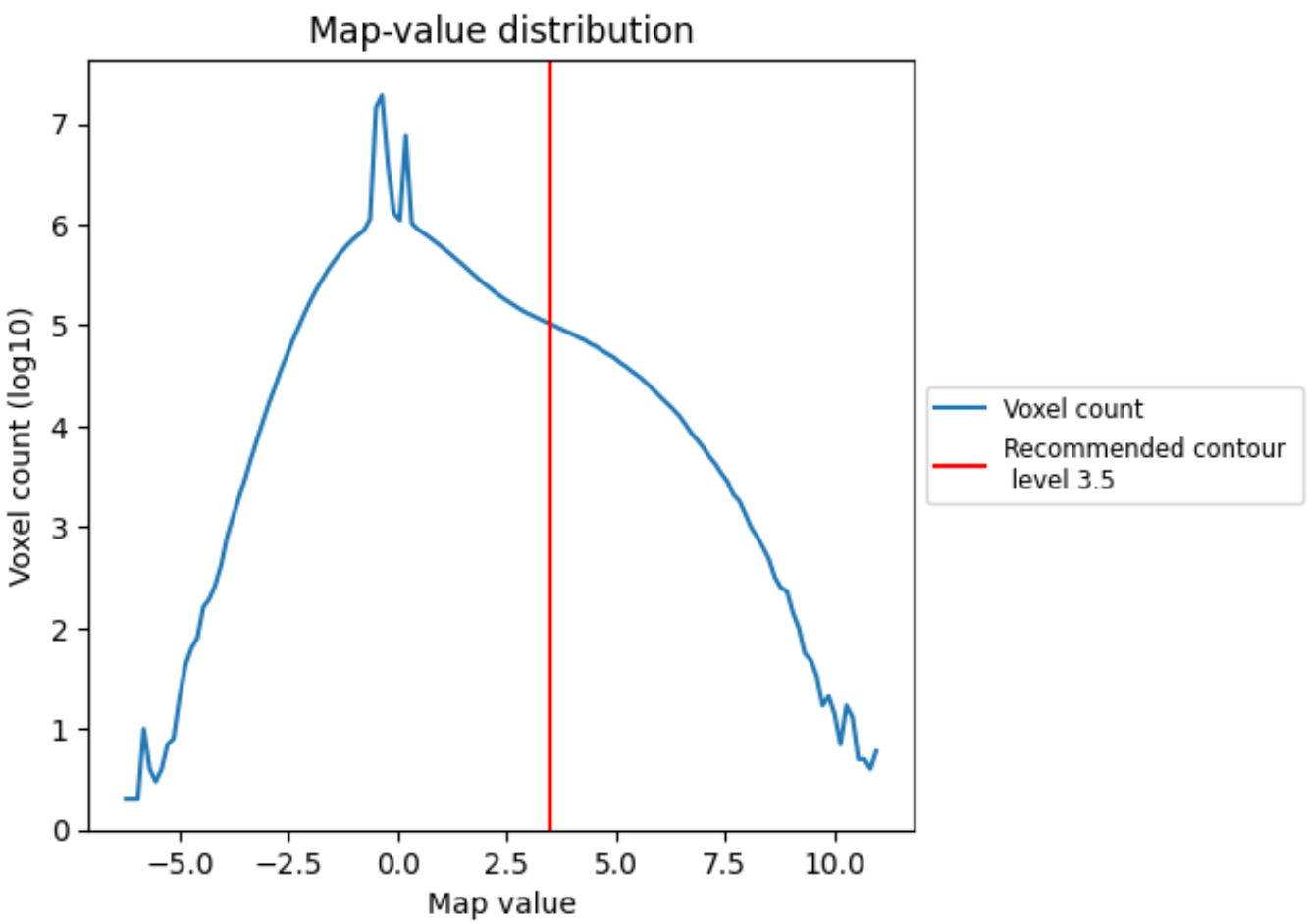
6.5 Mask visualisation (i)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis (i)

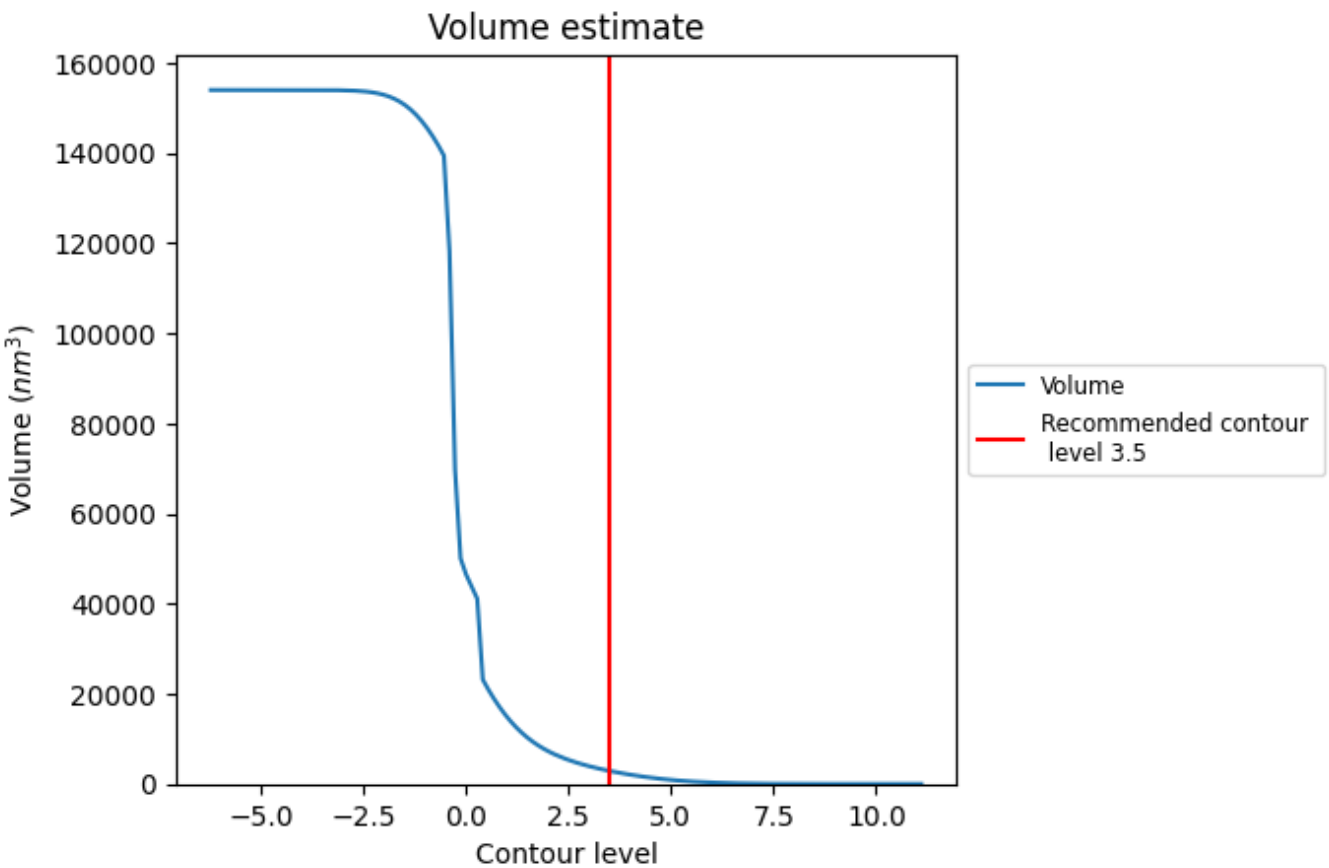
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution (i)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

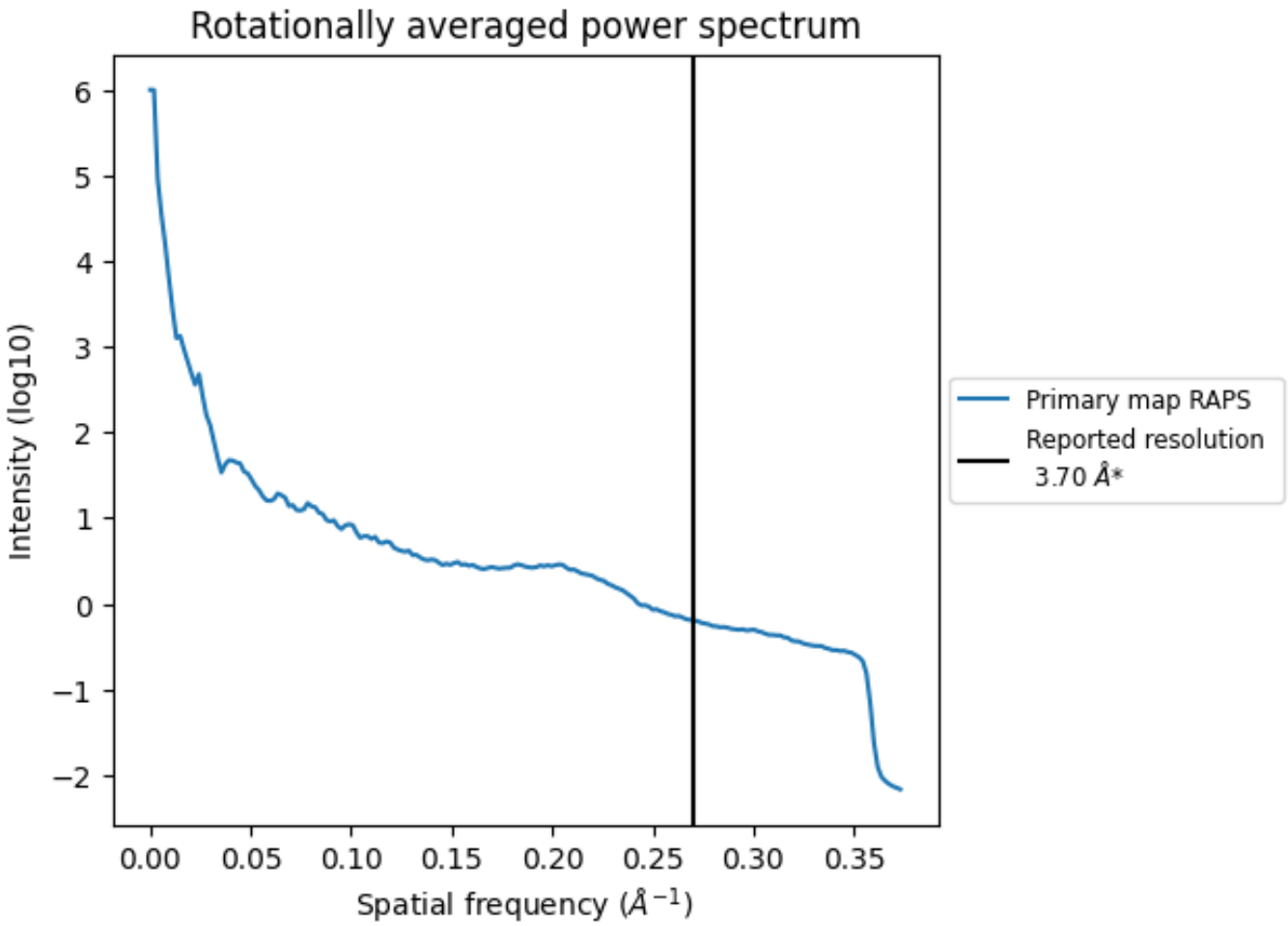
7.2 Volume estimate (i)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 2891 nm^3; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 2612 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum (i)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.270 Å^{-1}

8 Fourier-Shell correlation (i)

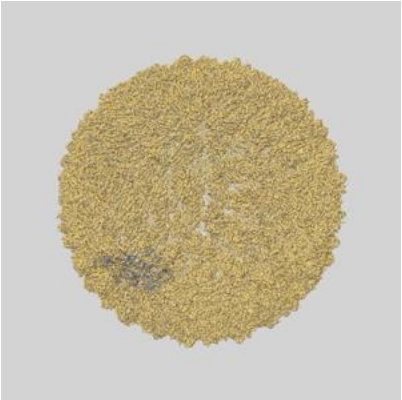
This section was not generated. No FSC curve or half-maps provided.

9 Map-model fit (i)

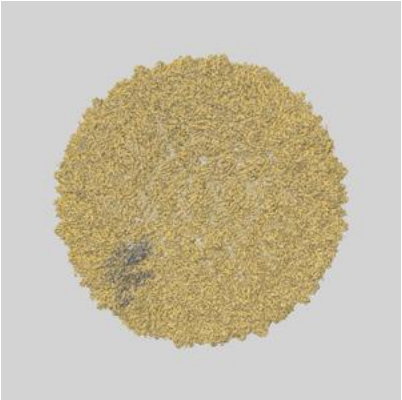
This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-8139 and PDB model 5IZ7. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 5.

9.1 Map-model overlays

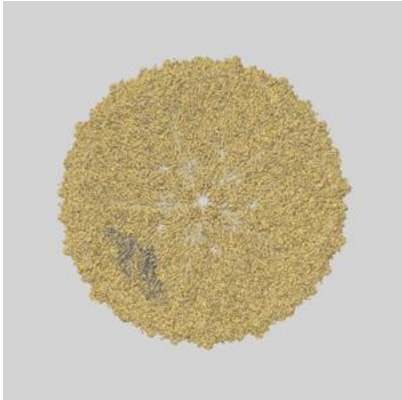
9.1.1 Map-model overlay (i)



X

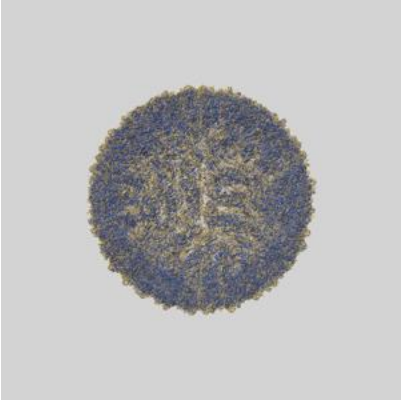


Y

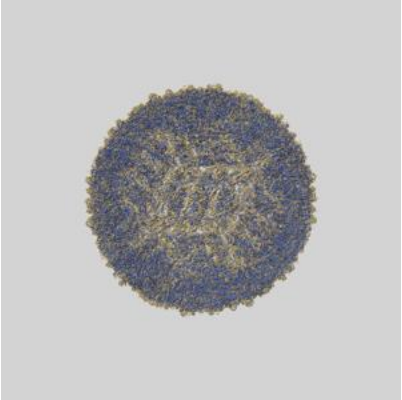


Z

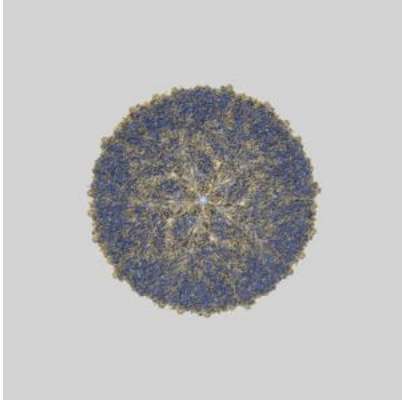
9.1.2 Map-model assembly overlay (i)



X



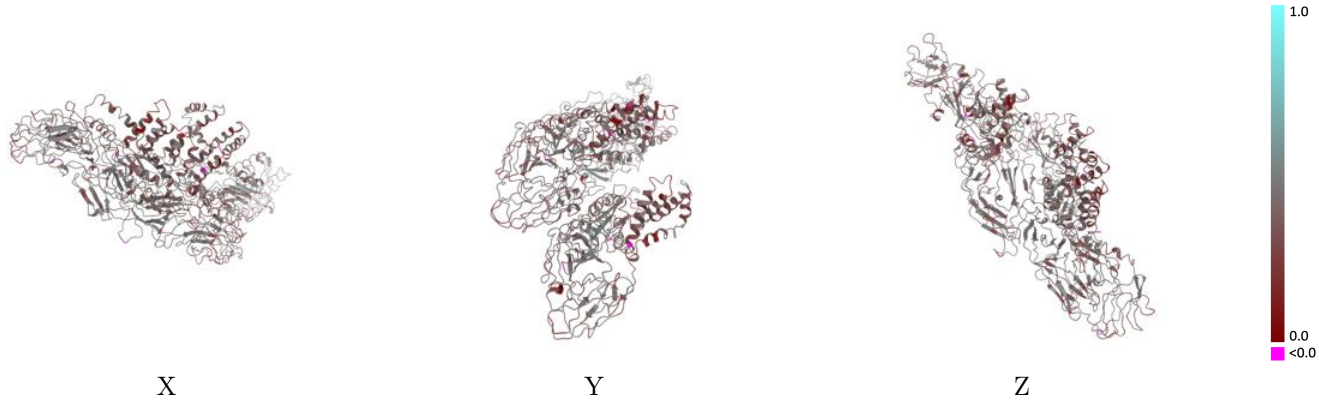
Y



Z

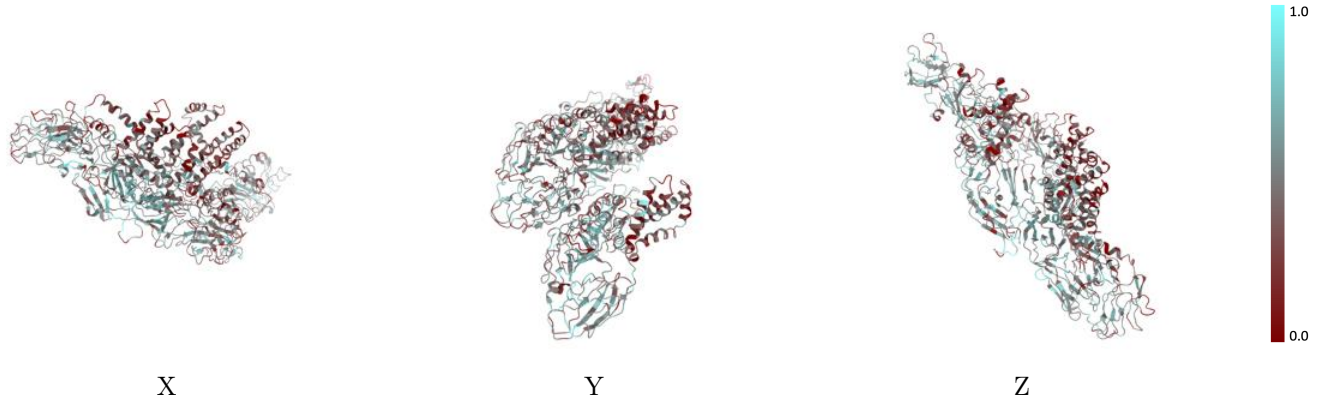
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 3.5 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model (i)



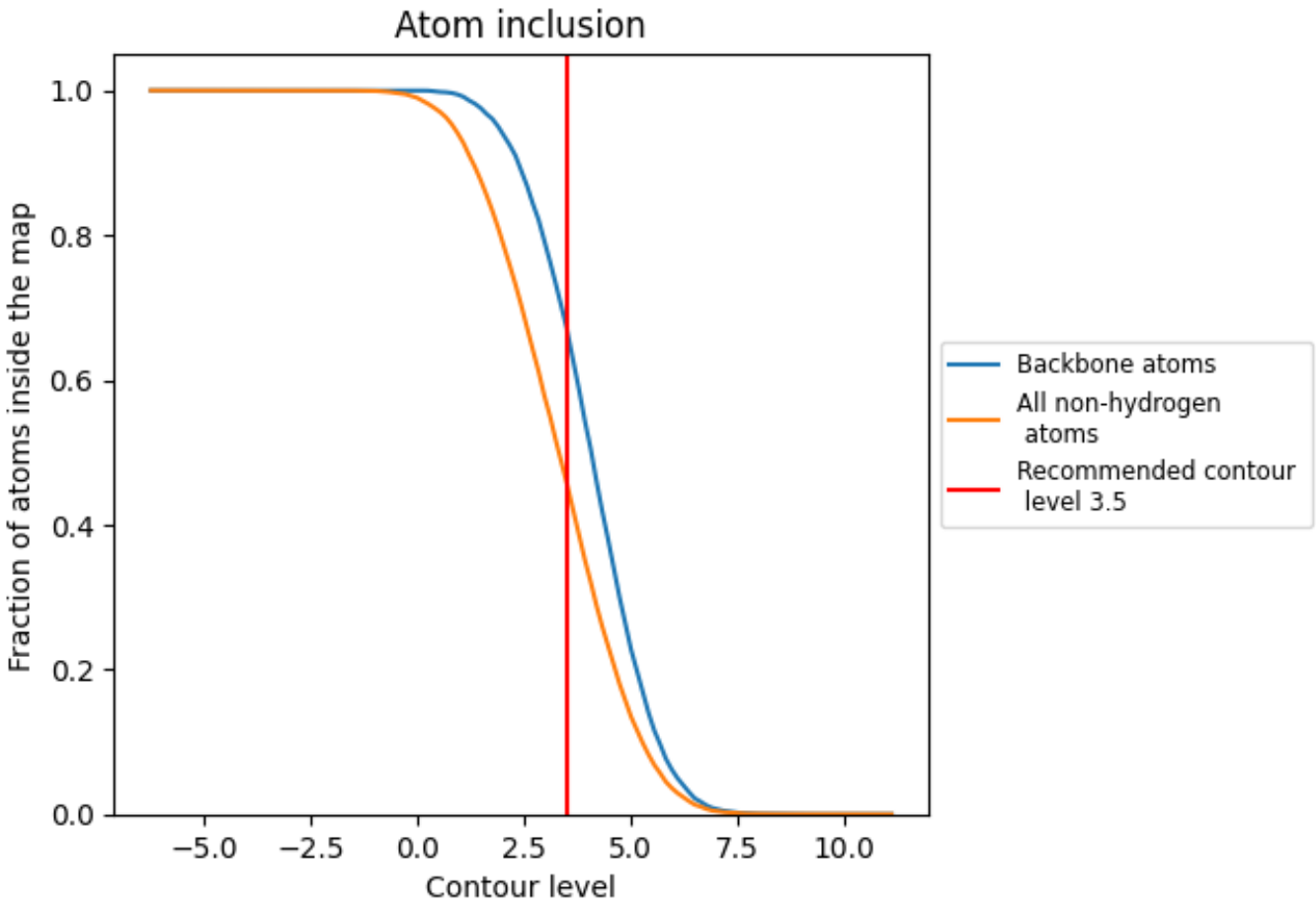
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model (i)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (3.5).

9.4 Atom inclusion (i)



At the recommended contour level, 67% of all backbone atoms, 46% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary (i)

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (3.5) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.4585	0.3870
A	0.4701	0.3950
B	0.4877	0.3910
C	0.4506	0.3860
D	0.3921	0.3770
E	0.3750	0.3420
F	0.3955	0.3710