Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

Feb 10, 2024 – 09:17 AM EST

PDB ID	:	2IMA
Title	:	Clostridium botulinum Neurotoxin Serotype A Light Chain Inhibited by 2,4-dichlorocinnamic hydroxamate
Authors	:	Silvaggi, N.R.; Allen, K.N.
Deposited on	:	2006-10-04
Resolution	:	1.94 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at
http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

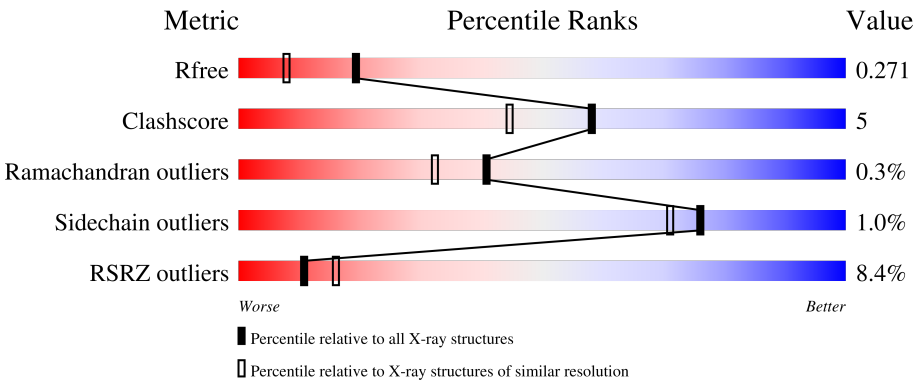
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
EDS	:	2.36
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
CCP4	:	7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.36

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.94 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	130704	4310 (1.96-1.92)
Clashscore	141614	1023 (1.94-1.94)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1007 (1.94-1.94)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1007 (1.94-1.94)
RSRZ outliers	127900	4250 (1.96-1.92)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	444	7% 83% 7% 9%
1	B	444	8% 80% 9% • 9%

2 Entry composition (i)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 7010 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Botulinum neurotoxin A light-chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
1	A	402	3256	2100	538	610	8	0	0	0
1	B	403	3260	2100	537	615	8	0	0	0

There are 42 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	-19	MET	-	cloning artifact	UNP Q7B8V4
A	-18	GLY	-	cloning artifact	UNP Q7B8V4
A	-17	SER	-	cloning artifact	UNP Q7B8V4
A	-16	SER	-	cloning artifact	UNP Q7B8V4
A	-15	HIS	-	cloning artifact	UNP Q7B8V4
A	-14	HIS	-	cloning artifact	UNP Q7B8V4
A	-13	HIS	-	cloning artifact	UNP Q7B8V4
A	-12	HIS	-	cloning artifact	UNP Q7B8V4
A	-11	HIS	-	cloning artifact	UNP Q7B8V4
A	-10	HIS	-	cloning artifact	UNP Q7B8V4
A	-9	SER	-	cloning artifact	UNP Q7B8V4
A	-8	SER	-	cloning artifact	UNP Q7B8V4
A	-7	GLY	-	cloning artifact	UNP Q7B8V4
A	-6	LEU	-	cloning artifact	UNP Q7B8V4
A	-5	VAL	-	cloning artifact	UNP Q7B8V4
A	-4	PRO	-	cloning artifact	UNP Q7B8V4
A	-3	ARG	-	cloning artifact	UNP Q7B8V4
A	-2	GLY	-	cloning artifact	UNP Q7B8V4
A	-1	SER	-	cloning artifact	UNP Q7B8V4
A	0	HIS	-	cloning artifact	UNP Q7B8V4
A	2	GLN	PRO	conflict	UNP Q7B8V4
B	-19	MET	-	cloning artifact	UNP Q7B8V4
B	-18	GLY	-	cloning artifact	UNP Q7B8V4
B	-17	SER	-	cloning artifact	UNP Q7B8V4
B	-16	SER	-	cloning artifact	UNP Q7B8V4

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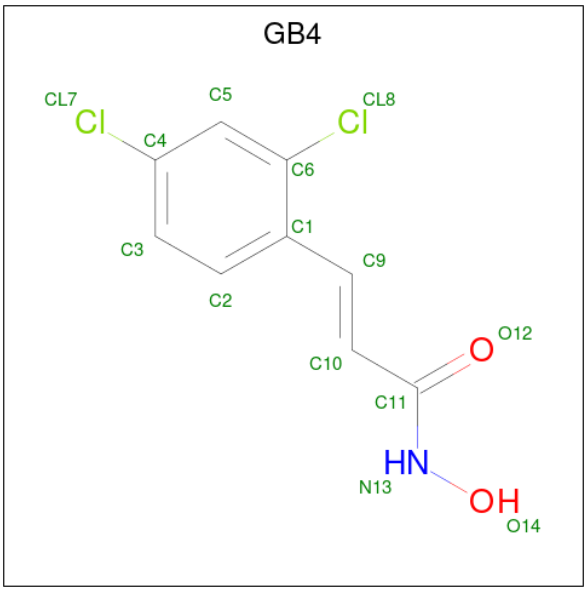
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
B	-15	HIS	-	cloning artifact	UNP Q7B8V4
B	-14	HIS	-	cloning artifact	UNP Q7B8V4
B	-13	HIS	-	cloning artifact	UNP Q7B8V4
B	-12	HIS	-	cloning artifact	UNP Q7B8V4
B	-11	HIS	-	cloning artifact	UNP Q7B8V4
B	-10	HIS	-	cloning artifact	UNP Q7B8V4
B	-9	SER	-	cloning artifact	UNP Q7B8V4
B	-8	SER	-	cloning artifact	UNP Q7B8V4
B	-7	GLY	-	cloning artifact	UNP Q7B8V4
B	-6	LEU	-	cloning artifact	UNP Q7B8V4
B	-5	VAL	-	cloning artifact	UNP Q7B8V4
B	-4	PRO	-	cloning artifact	UNP Q7B8V4
B	-3	ARG	-	cloning artifact	UNP Q7B8V4
B	-2	GLY	-	cloning artifact	UNP Q7B8V4
B	-1	SER	-	cloning artifact	UNP Q7B8V4
B	0	HIS	-	cloning artifact	UNP Q7B8V4
B	2	GLN	PRO	conflict	UNP Q7B8V4

- Molecule 2 is ZINC ION (three-letter code: ZN) (formula: Zn).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	Zn		
2	A	1	1	1	0	0
			Total	Zn		
2	B	1	1	1	0	0

- Molecule 3 is (2E)-3-(2,4-DICHLOROPHENYL)-N-HYDROXYACRYLAMIDE (three-letter code: GB4) (formula: $C_9H_7Cl_2NO_2$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	C	Cl	N	O		
3	A	1	14	9	2	1	2	0	0
3	B	1	14	9	2	1	2	0	0

- Molecule 4 is water.

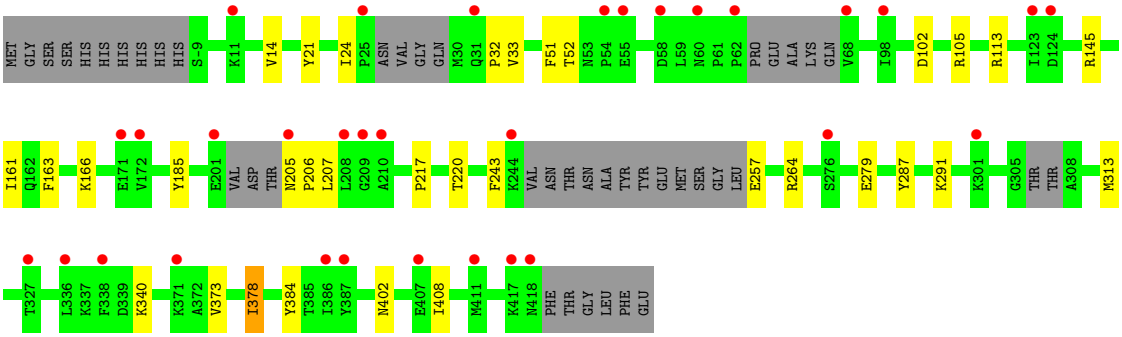
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	O		
4	A	235	235	235	0	0
4	B	229	229	229	0	0

3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

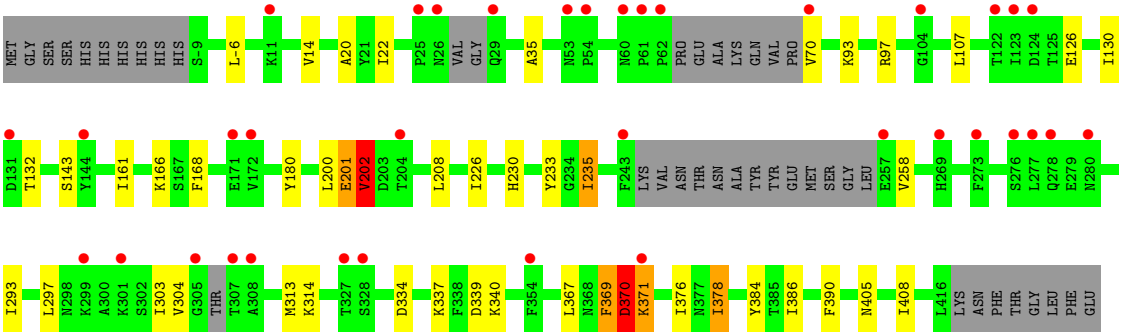
• Molecule 1: Botulinum neurotoxin A light-chain

Chain A:



• Molecule 1: Botulinum neurotoxin A light-chain

Chain B:



4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α, β, γ	73.44Å 67.26Å 98.19Å 90.00° 106.53° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	50.00 – 1.94 16.21 – 1.94	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	93.7 (50.00-1.94) 93.8 (16.21-1.94)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.07	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) >$ [1]	1.87 (at 1.94Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.2.0019	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.189 , 0.237 0.232 , 0.271	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	3232 reflections (5.06%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å^2)	26.6	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.208	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol}(e/Å^3), B_{sol}(Å^2)	0.40 , 56.6	EDS
L-test for twinning[2]	$< \|L\| > = 0.47$, $< L^2 > = 0.29$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o,F_c correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	7010	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å^2)	36.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.84% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

[1]Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

[2]Theoretical values of $< |L| >$, $< L^2 >$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ZN, GB4

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\#\|Z\|>5$	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\|>5$
1	A	0.64	0/3329	0.72	2/4494 (0.0%)
1	B	0.65	0/3333	0.75	3/4503 (0.1%)
All	All	0.65	0/6662	0.73	5/8997 (0.1%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand.A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	B	0	3

There are no bond length outliers.

All (5) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
1	B	371	LYS	N-CA-C	-9.38	85.67	111.00
1	A	113	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	9.00	124.80	120.30
1	A	113	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-8.26	116.17	120.30
1	B	370	ASP	N-CA-C	7.37	130.91	111.00
1	B	202	VAL	N-CA-CB	5.15	122.82	111.50

There are no chirality outliers.

All (3) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	B	201	GLU	Peptide
1	B	369	PHE	Peptide
1	B	370	ASP	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3256	0	3211	28	0
1	B	3260	0	3207	34	0
2	A	1	0	0	0	0
2	B	1	0	0	0	0
3	A	14	0	6	0	0
3	B	14	0	6	0	0
4	A	235	0	0	5	0
4	B	229	0	0	2	0
All	All	7010	0	6430	62	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 5.

All (62) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:14:VAL:HG11	4:A:1236:HOH:O	1.56	1.06
1:B:130:ILE:HG22	1:B:132:THR:HG22	1.56	0.88
4:A:1361:HOH:O	1:B:340:LYS:HD3	1.77	0.83
1:B:230:HIS:O	1:B:235:ILE:HD13	1.78	0.83
1:A:217:PRO:CG	1:A:378:ILE:CD1	2.66	0.73
1:B:14:VAL:HG13	1:B:20:ALA:HA	1.72	0.71
1:A:217:PRO:CG	1:A:378:ILE:HD11	2.23	0.69
1:B:378:ILE:HD11	1:B:390:PHE:CZ	2.28	0.68
1:A:217:PRO:HG2	1:A:378:ILE:CD1	2.23	0.68
1:A:217:PRO:HG3	1:A:378:ILE:CD1	2.25	0.67
1:B:130:ILE:CG2	1:B:132:THR:HG22	2.26	0.65
1:B:378:ILE:HG13	1:B:384:TYR:CG	2.31	0.64
1:A:340:LYS:HD3	4:B:1038:HOH:O	1.96	0.64
1:B:376:ILE:HD12	1:B:378:ILE:HD13	1.80	0.63
1:B:70:VAL:O	1:B:70:VAL:HG13	1.98	0.63
1:B:202:VAL:HG11	1:B:208:LEU:HB2	1.82	0.62
1:B:132:THR:OG1	1:B:168:PHE:HB2	2.00	0.61
1:A:21:TYR:HB3	1:A:32:PRO:HB2	1.82	0.61
1:A:14:VAL:CG1	4:A:1236:HOH:O	2.29	0.60

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:180:TYR:CE1	1:B:293:ILE:HD11	2.37	0.59
1:B:334:ASP:HB3	1:B:337:LYS:HB2	1.88	0.56
1:B:180:TYR:CD1	1:B:293:ILE:HD11	2.41	0.56
1:B:130:ILE:HG22	1:B:132:THR:CG2	2.32	0.56
1:B:339:ASP:HB3	4:B:1297:HOH:O	2.05	0.55
1:A:402:ASN:OD1	1:A:408:ILE:HD12	2.06	0.55
1:B:107:LEU:HD22	1:B:226:ILE:CD1	2.37	0.54
1:A:217:PRO:HG3	1:A:378:ILE:HD11	1.87	0.54
1:B:70:VAL:HG11	1:B:369:PHE:HE2	1.74	0.52
1:B:297:LEU:O	1:B:314:LYS:NZ	2.41	0.52
1:A:102:ASP:OD1	1:A:105:ARG:NH2	2.44	0.50
1:B:22:ILE:HD13	1:B:35:ALA:CB	2.41	0.50
1:A:287:TYR:CE2	1:A:291:LYS:HD2	2.48	0.48
1:A:264:ARG:NH2	1:A:279:GLU:OE2	2.47	0.48
1:B:180:TYR:CE1	1:B:293:ILE:CD1	2.96	0.48
1:B:126:GLU:CD	1:B:304:VAL:CG2	2.82	0.48
1:A:33:VAL:HG11	1:A:51:PHE:CZ	2.49	0.47
1:A:217:PRO:HG2	1:A:378:ILE:HD13	1.97	0.47
1:B:303:ILE:HD11	1:B:313:MET:HG3	1.97	0.46
1:A:378:ILE:HG12	1:A:384:TYR:CG	2.50	0.46
1:A:217:PRO:HG3	1:A:378:ILE:HD12	1.97	0.46
1:A:402:ASN:OD1	1:A:408:ILE:CD1	2.63	0.46
1:A:161:ILE:HD13	1:A:373:VAL:CG2	2.46	0.45
1:B:22:ILE:HD13	1:B:35:ALA:HB3	1.99	0.45
1:A:205:ASN:CB	1:A:206:PRO:CD	2.94	0.45
1:B:126:GLU:CD	1:B:304:VAL:HG23	2.37	0.45
1:B:370:ASP:OD1	1:B:370:ASP:N	2.50	0.44
1:A:206:PRO:HG2	1:A:207:LEU:HD13	2.00	0.44
1:A:163:PHE:CD2	1:A:220:THR:HG21	2.53	0.44
1:B:258:VAL:CG2	1:B:367:LEU:HD11	2.49	0.43
1:A:378:ILE:HG12	1:A:384:TYR:CD2	2.53	0.43
1:B:97:ARG:HA	1:B:386:ILE:HG23	2.01	0.43
1:B:200:LEU:O	1:B:201:GLU:HG2	2.18	0.43
1:B:233:TYR:HB2	1:B:235:ILE:HD12	2.01	0.42
1:B:378:ILE:HG13	1:B:384:TYR:CD2	2.55	0.42
1:A:145:ARG:HD2	4:A:1238:HOH:O	2.20	0.42
1:B:70:VAL:HG22	1:B:161:ILE:HD11	2.02	0.41
1:B:405:ASN:HB3	1:B:408:ILE:HB	2.01	0.41
1:A:313:MET:HE1	4:A:1027:HOH:O	2.21	0.41
1:B:-6:LEU:HD23	1:B:93:LYS:HG3	2.02	0.41
1:A:243:PHE:O	1:A:257:GLU:HA	2.21	0.40

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:24:ILE:HG23	1:A:185:TYR:OH	2.21	0.40
1:A:52:THR:OG1	1:A:166:LYS:CE	2.69	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	390/444 (88%)	383 (98%)	7 (2%)	0	100	100
1	B	393/444 (88%)	377 (96%)	14 (4%)	2 (0%)	29	17
All	All	783/888 (88%)	760 (97%)	21 (3%)	2 (0%)	41	32

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	202	VAL
1	B	370	ASP

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	360/397 (91%)	359 (100%)	1 (0%)	92	93
1	B	361/397 (91%)	355 (98%)	6 (2%)	60	49

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
All	All	721/794 (91%)	714 (99%)	7 (1%)	76 71

All (7) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	378	ILE
1	B	143	SER
1	B	166	LYS
1	B	235	ILE
1	B	370	ASP
1	B	371	LYS
1	B	378	ILE

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 4 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 2 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$
3	GB4	B	600	2	14,14,14	0.96	1 (7%)	18,18,18	1.91	4 (22%)
3	GB4	A	600	2	14,14,14	0.99	1 (7%)	18,18,18	1.72	4 (22%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	GB4	B	600	2	-	0/7/7/7	0/1/1/1
3	GB4	A	600	2	-	0/7/7/7	0/1/1/1

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
3	B	600	GB4	C6-CL8	2.04	1.78	1.73
3	A	600	GB4	C1-C9	2.01	1.50	1.47

All (8) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
3	B	600	GB4	C6-C1-C9	-4.78	118.21	121.86
3	A	600	GB4	C6-C1-C9	-3.76	118.99	121.86
3	A	600	GB4	C10-C11-N13	3.22	120.79	114.38
3	B	600	GB4	C10-C11-N13	3.14	120.63	114.38
3	A	600	GB4	C5-C6-CL8	-2.27	114.83	118.49
3	B	600	GB4	C1-C6-CL8	2.25	122.12	120.17
3	B	600	GB4	O12-C11-N13	-2.16	118.90	122.89
3	A	600	GB4	C1-C6-CL8	2.01	121.92	120.17

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2			OWAB(Å^2)	Q<0.9
1	A	402/444 (90%)	0.55	32 (7%)	12	17	22, 35, 45, 54	0
1	B	403/444 (90%)	0.56	36 (8%)	9	14	22, 35, 49, 60	0
All	All	805/888 (90%)	0.55	68 (8%)	11	16	22, 35, 46, 60	0

All (68) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	208	LEU	5.6
1	B	273	PHE	5.5
1	B	277	LEU	5.5
1	B	54	PRO	5.4
1	B	144	TYR	4.7
1	A	62	PRO	4.5
1	B	62	PRO	4.5
1	B	305	GLY	3.9
1	A	172	VAL	3.9
1	A	327	THR	3.7
1	B	327	THR	3.7
1	B	307	THR	3.7
1	B	124	ASP	3.6
1	A	55	GLU	3.5
1	A	244	LYS	3.4
1	A	124	ASP	3.4
1	A	68	VAL	3.4
1	B	276	SER	3.3
1	B	29	GLN	3.3
1	A	60	ASN	3.2
1	B	269	HIS	3.2
1	A	210	ALA	3.2
1	A	205	ASN	3.1
1	B	172	VAL	3.1

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	201	GLU	3.0
1	B	243	PHE	3.0
1	B	122	THR	3.0
1	B	301	LYS	3.0
1	B	328	SER	2.9
1	B	25	PRO	2.9
1	A	171	GLU	2.9
1	A	123	ILE	2.9
1	A	301	LYS	2.9
1	A	417	LYS	2.9
1	B	61	PRO	2.8
1	A	54	PRO	2.8
1	A	336	LEU	2.7
1	A	276	SER	2.7
1	A	371	LYS	2.7
1	B	60	ASN	2.7
1	B	280	ASN	2.7
1	B	26	ASN	2.7
1	A	209	GLY	2.6
1	A	31	GLN	2.6
1	A	387	TYR	2.6
1	B	131	ASP	2.6
1	B	171	GLU	2.6
1	B	371	LYS	2.5
1	B	354	PHE	2.5
1	B	257	GLU	2.5
1	A	418	ASN	2.5
1	A	411	MET	2.4
1	B	70	VAL	2.4
1	A	11	LYS	2.4
1	B	53	ASN	2.4
1	A	338	PHE	2.3
1	B	11	LYS	2.2
1	A	386	ILE	2.2
1	A	407	GLU	2.2
1	B	299	LYS	2.2
1	B	123	ILE	2.2
1	A	98	ILE	2.1
1	B	204	THR	2.1
1	A	58	ASP	2.1
1	B	308	ALA	2.1
1	A	25	PRO	2.1

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	B	278	GLN	2.0
1	B	104	GLY	2.0

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å^2)	Q<0.9
3	GB4	A	600	14/14	0.88	0.17	45,53,54,54	0
3	GB4	B	600	14/14	0.94	0.12	42,50,51,51	0
2	ZN	B	500	1/1	0.98	0.05	36,36,36,36	0
2	ZN	A	500	1/1	0.99	0.10	37,37,37,37	0

6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.