

wwPDB Geometry-Only Validation Summary Report (i)

Jan 30, 2024 – 06:10 PM EST

PDB ID : 1IFK

Title : MOLECULAR MODELS AND STRUCTURAL COMPARISONS OF NA-

TIVE AND MUTANT CLASS I FILAMENTOUS BACTERIOPHAGES FF

(FD, F1, M13), IF1 AND IKE

Authors : Marvin, D.A. Deposited on : 1994-01-31

Resolution : 5.00 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB Geometry-Only Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

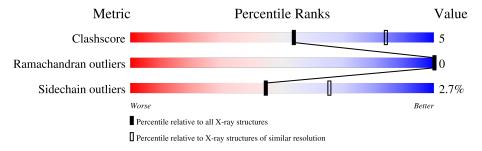
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $FIBER\ DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 5.00 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Metric	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$(\# ext{Entries}, ext{ resolution range}(ext{Å}))$
Clashscore	141614	1000 (6.16-3.82)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1146 (6.20-3.80)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1122 (6.20-3.80)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Note EDS was not executed.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain			
1	A	51	76%	18%		



2 Entry composition (i)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 373 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called INOVIRUS.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace			
1	A	51	Total 373	C 239	N 61	O 72	S 1	0	0	0

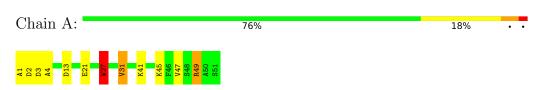


3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

Note EDS was not executed.

• Molecule 1: INOVIRUS





4 Model quality (i)

4.1 Standard geometry (i)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bon	d lengths	Bo	ond angles
Moi Chair		RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	A	1.00	4/378 (1.1%)	1.67	10/510 (2.0%)

All (4) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	Observed(A)	$\operatorname{Ideal}(ext{\AA})$
1	A	21	GLU	CD-OE2	10.72	1.37	1.25
1	A	2	ASP	CG-OD1	5.35	1.37	1.25
1	A	3	ASP	CG-OD1	5.29	1.37	1.25
1	A	13	ASP	CG-OD1	5.28	1.37	1.25

The worst 5 of 10 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	A	49	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	7.89	124.24	120.30
1	A	13	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	-6.75	112.23	118.30
1	A	2	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	-6.69	112.28	118.30
1	A	3	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	-6.49	112.46	118.30
1	A	27	TRP	CD1-NE1-CE2	-5.75	103.83	109.00

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

4.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

M	Iol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
	1	A	373	0	382	4	0
A	All	All	373	0	382	4	0



The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 5.

All (4) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	$egin{aligned} ext{Clash} \ ext{overlap } (ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$
1:A:27:TRP:O	1:A:31:VAL:HG23	2.02	0.59
1:A:45:LYS:O	1:A:49:ARG:HG2	2.05	0.56
1:A:1:ALA:O	1:A:4:ALA:HB3	2.16	0.46
1:A:41:LYS:O	1:A:45:LYS:HG2	2.20	0.42

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

4.3 Torsion angles (i)

4.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	49/51 (96%)	49 (100%)	0	0	100 100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

4.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	37/37 (100%)	36 (97%)	1 (3%)	44 65

All (1) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	27	TRP

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

4.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

4.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

4.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

4.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

4.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

4.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

