



Full wwPDB EM Validation Report ⓘ

Mar 19, 2024 – 05:40 PM JST

PDB ID : 6IDL
EMDB ID : EMD-9651
Title : Cryo-EM structure of Immature Dengue virus serotype 3 in complex with human antibody 1H10 Fab at pH 5.0 (Class II particle)
Authors : Wirawan, M.; Fibriansah, G.; Ng, T.S.; Zhang, Q.; Kostyuchenko, V.A.; Shi, J.; Lok, S.M.
Deposited on : 2018-09-10
Resolution : 25.00 Å (reported)
Based on initial model : 3IYA

This is a Full wwPDB EM Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev70
MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
MapQ : 1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

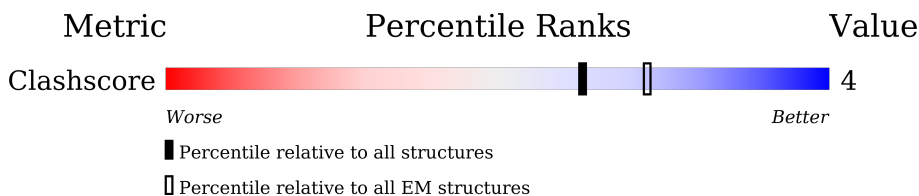
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

ELECTRON MICROSCOPY



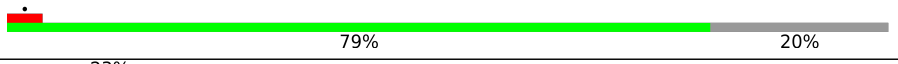
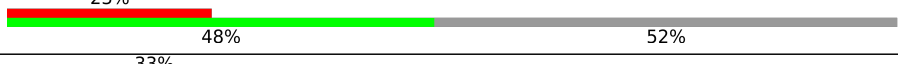

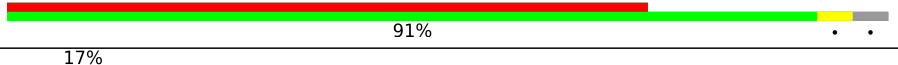
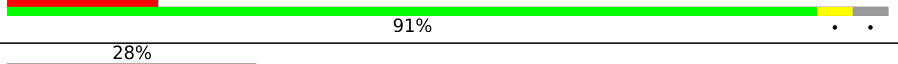
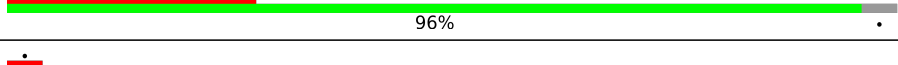
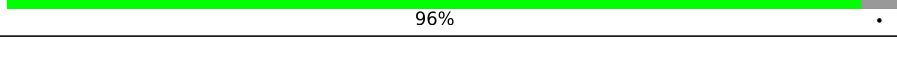
The reported resolution of this entry is 25.00 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	4297

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	493	
1	B	493	
1	C	493	
2	E	166	
2	F	166	
3	I	137	
3	M	137	
4	J	116	
4	N	116	

2 Entry composition

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1821 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Envelope protein.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf	Trace
1	A	393	Total C 393 393	0	393
1	B	393	Total C 393 393	0	393
1	C	393	Total C 393 393	0	393

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Premembrane protein.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf	Trace
2	E	79	Total C 79 79	0	79
2	F	79	Total C 79 79	0	79

- Molecule 3 is a protein called Fab 1H10 heavy chain (V-region).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf	Trace
3	I	131	Total C 131 131	0	131
3	M	131	Total C 131 131	0	131

- Molecule 4 is a protein called Fab 1H10 light chain (V-region).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf	Trace
4	J	111	Total C 111 111	0	111
4	N	111	Total C 111 111	0	111

ALA
ILE
GLY
ILE
ILE
THR
LEU
LEU
TYR
SER
GLY
ALA
VAL
VAL
GLN
ALA

• Molecule 2: Premembrane protein



ALA
PRO
HIS
VAL
VAL
GLY
MET
GLY
LEU
ASP
THR
ARG
GLN
THR
TRP
MET
SER
SER
ALA
GLY
GLY
ALA
TRP
ARG
GLN
VAL
VAL
GLY
LYS
VAL
GLU
GLU
THR
TRP
ALA
LEU
ARG
HIS
PRO
GLY
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LEU
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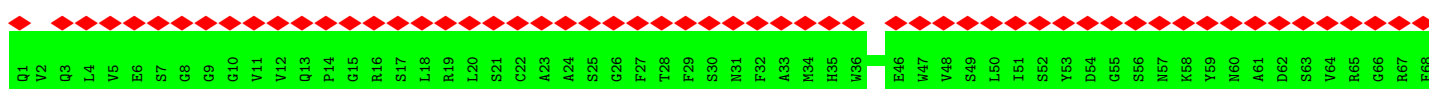
• Molecule 2: Premembrane protein



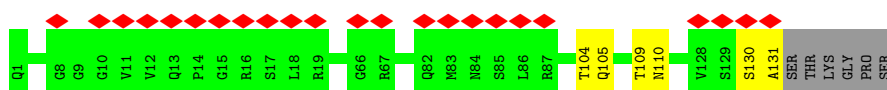
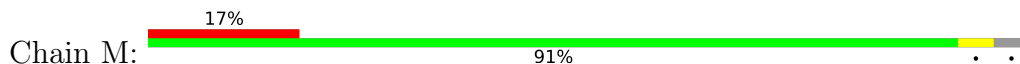
CYS
ASN
GLN
ALA
GLY
GLU
HIS
ARG
ASP
LYS
ARG
SER
VAL
ALA
LEU
ALA
PRO
HIS
VAL
GLY
MET
GLY
ASP
THR
ARG
THR
GLN
TRP
MET
SER
ALA
GLU
GLY
ALA
TRP
ALA
TRP
ARG
GLN
VAL
LYS
GLU
VAL
GLU
THR
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LEU
ARG
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PHE
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SER
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GLN
LYS
VAL
VAL
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LEU
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THR
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THR

• Molecule 3: Fab 1H10 heavy chain (V-region)

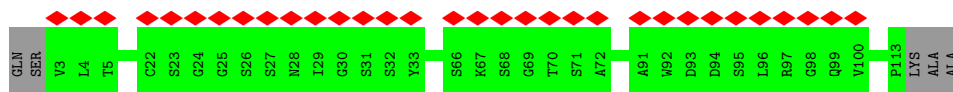


• Molecule 3: Fab 1H10 heavy chain (V-region)



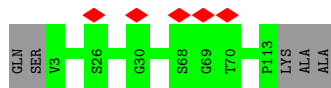
• Molecule 4: Fab 1H10 light chain (V-region)





- Molecule 4: Fab 1H10 light chain (V-region)

Chain N: 96%



4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, I	Depositor
Number of particles used	3106	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.5 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING ONLY	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	18	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Maximum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Magnification	47000	Depositor
Image detector	FEI FALCON II (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	7.592	Depositor
Minimum map value	-3.298	Depositor
Average map value	0.043	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.993	Depositor
Recommended contour level	2.0	Depositor
Map size (\AA)	870.4, 870.4, 870.4	wwPDB
Map dimensions	512, 512, 512	wwPDB
Map angles ($^\circ$)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (\AA)	1.7, 1.7, 1.7	Depositor

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

There are no protein, RNA or DNA chains available to summarize Z scores of covalent bonds and angles.

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	393	0	0	1	0
1	B	393	0	0	1	0
1	C	393	0	0	2	0
2	E	79	0	0	0	0
2	F	79	0	0	0	0
3	I	131	0	0	3	0
3	M	131	0	0	3	0
4	J	111	0	0	0	0
4	N	111	0	0	0	0
All	All	1821	0	0	8	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 4.

All (8) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:241:ALA:CA	1:C:269:GLN:CA	2.61	0.79
3:M:104:THR:CA	3:M:105:GLN:CA	2.85	0.55
3:M:109:THR:CA	3:M:110:ASN:CA	2.85	0.54
3:I:104:THR:CA	3:I:105:GLN:CA	2.85	0.54
3:I:109:THR:CA	3:I:110:ASN:CA	2.85	0.54
3:M:130:SER:CA	3:M:131:ALA:CA	2.93	0.47
3:I:130:SER:CA	3:I:131:ALA:CA	2.93	0.45
1:B:166:ALA:CA	1:C:307:LYS:CA	2.99	0.41

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

There are no protein backbone outliers to report in this entry.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

There are no protein residues with a non-rotameric sidechain to report in this entry.

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

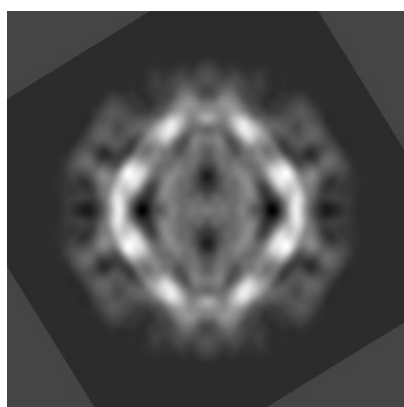
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-9651. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

No raw map or half-maps were deposited for this entry and therefore no images, graphs, etc. pertaining to the raw map can be shown.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

6.1.1 Primary map



X



Y



Z

The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 256



Y Index: 256



Z Index: 256

The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [\(i\)](#)

6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 207



Y Index: 207

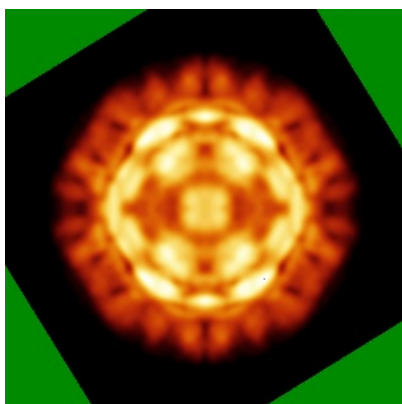


Z Index: 305

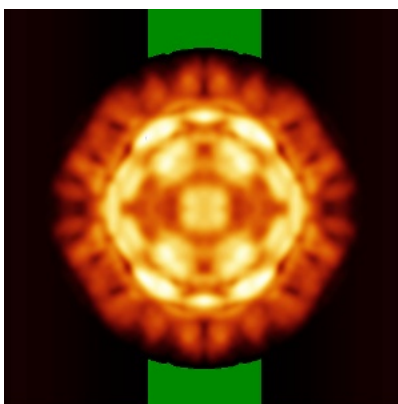
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [\(i\)](#)

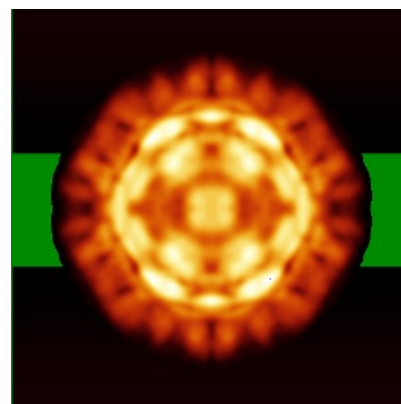
6.4.1 Primary map



X



Y

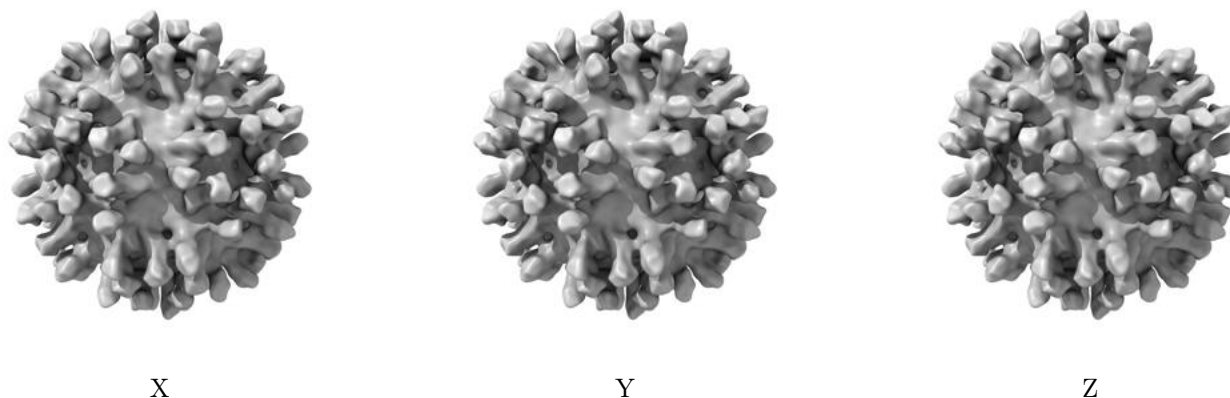


Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 2.0. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

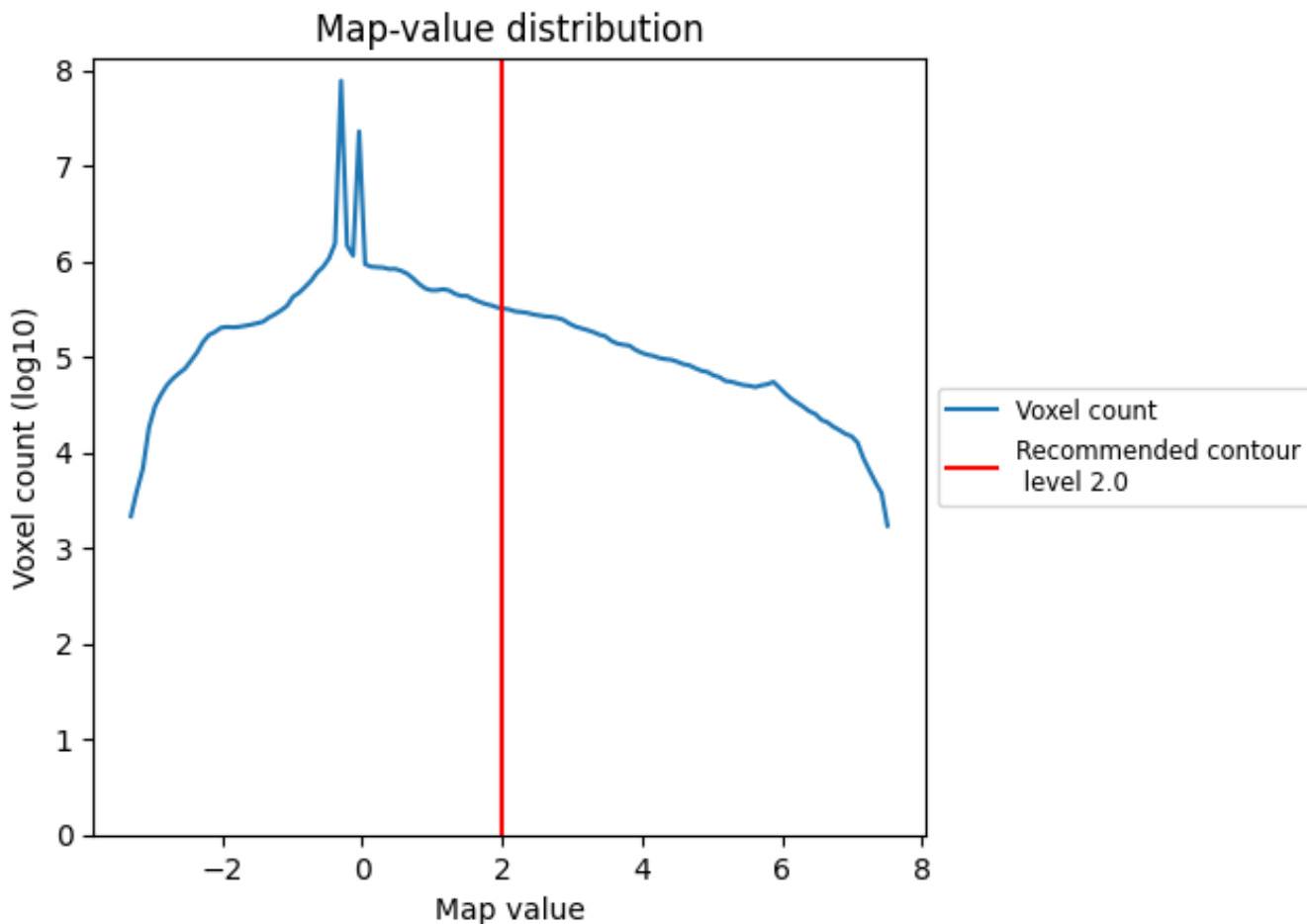
6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis [i](#)

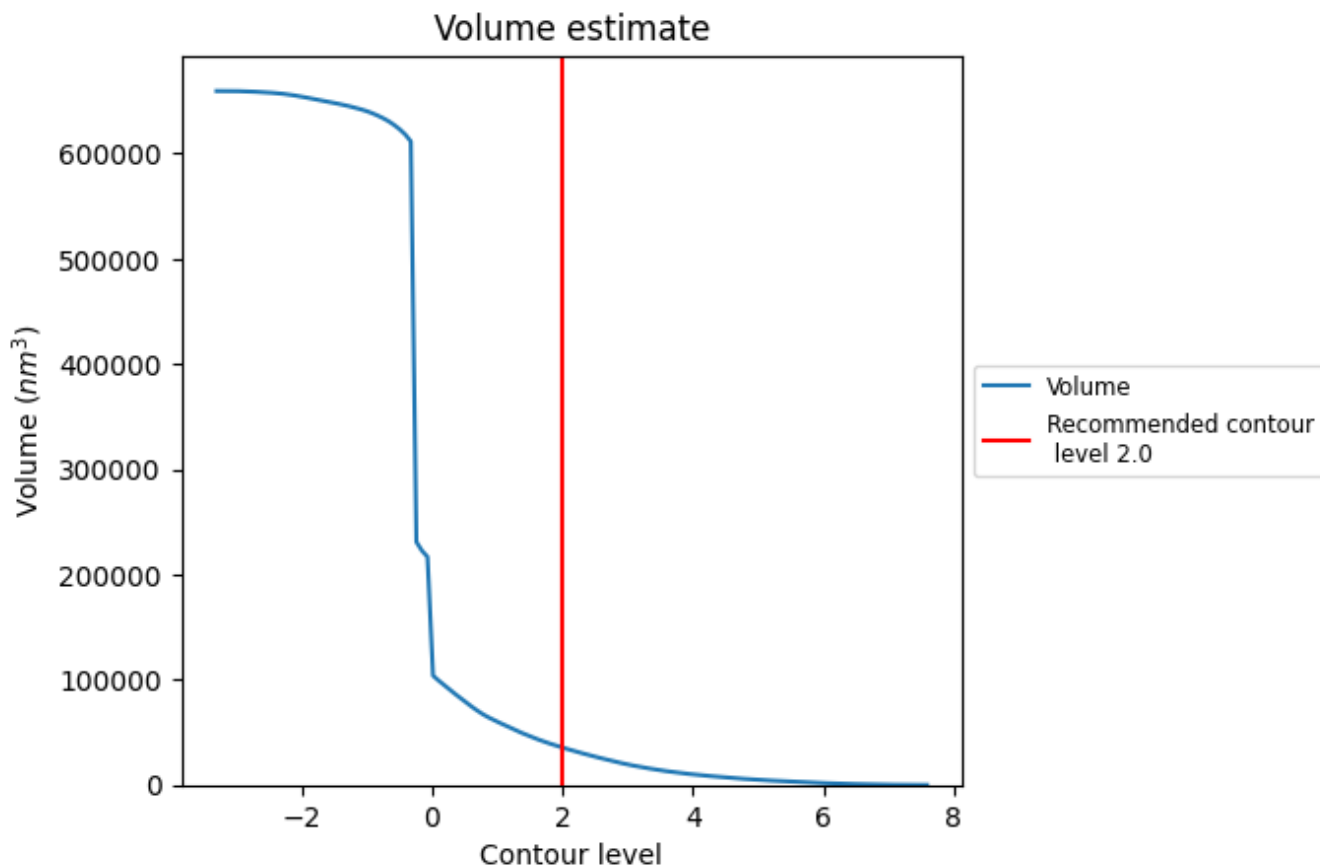
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

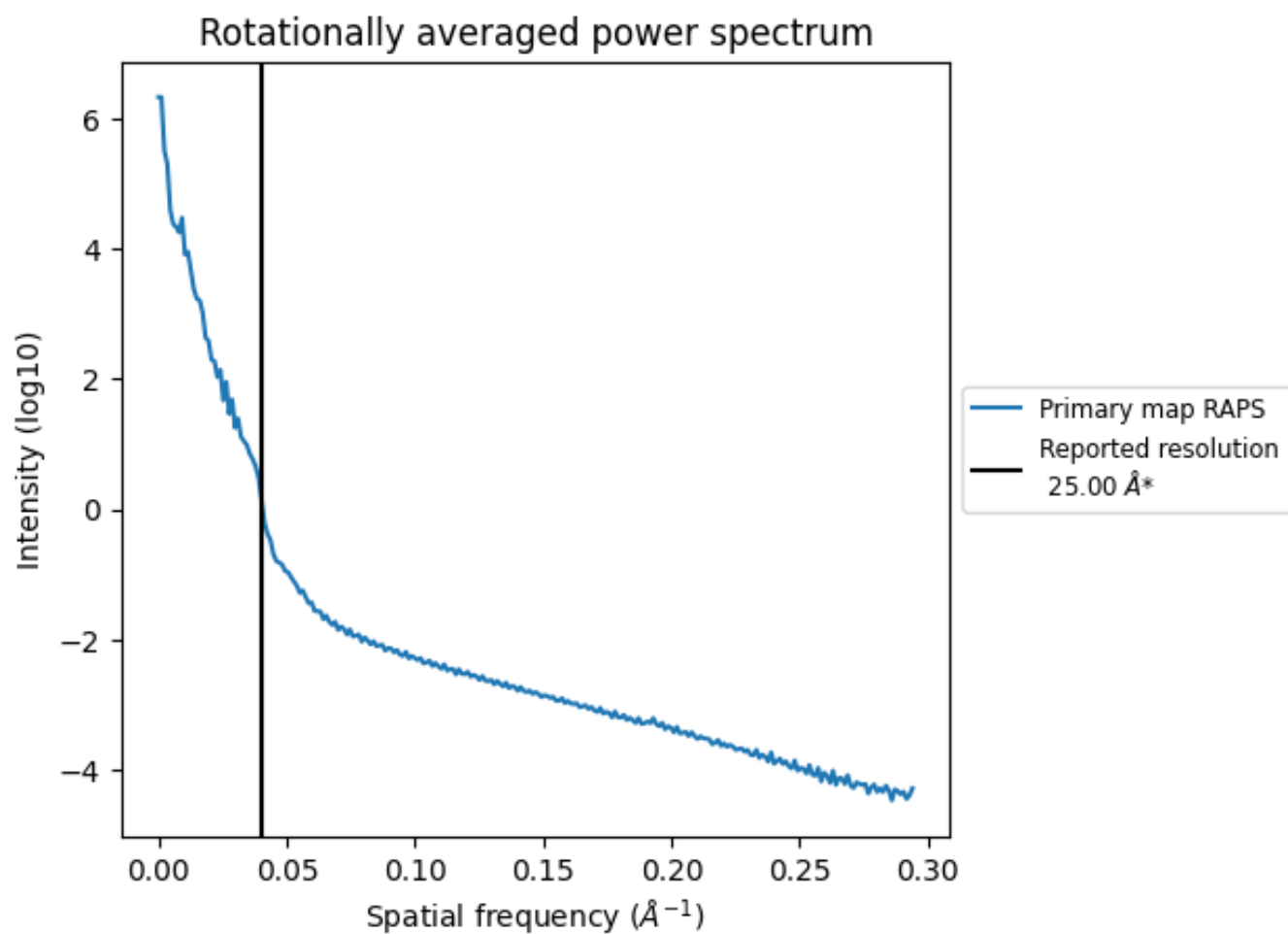
7.2 Volume estimate [\(i\)](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 35599 nm³; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 32157 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum [i](#)

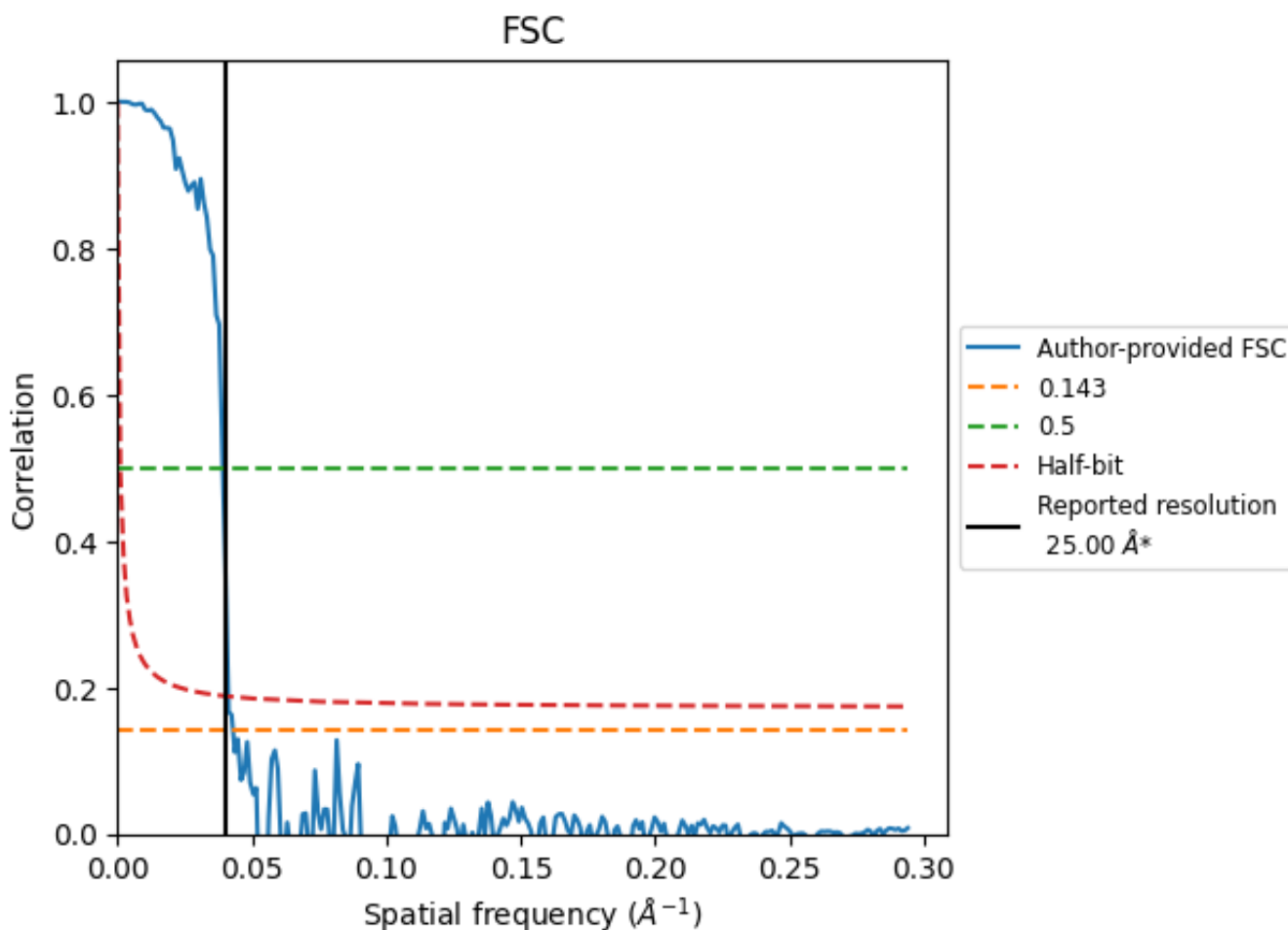


*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.040 Å⁻¹

8 Fourier-Shell correlation [i](#)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC [i](#)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.040 Å⁻¹

8.2 Resolution estimates [i](#)

Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	-	25.00	-
Author-provided FSC curve	23.31	25.58	24.27
Unmasked-calculated*	-	-	-

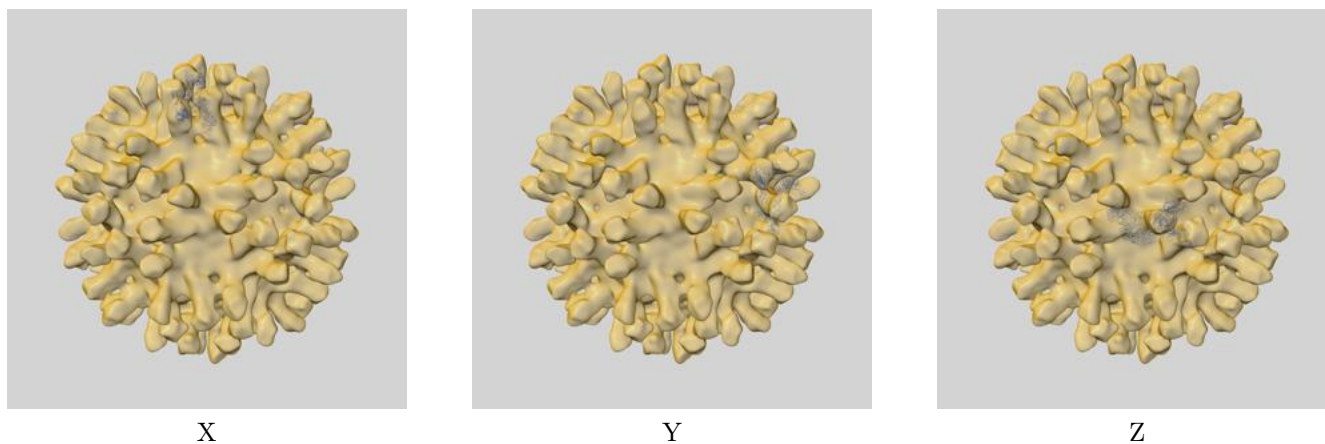
*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps.

9 Map-model fit [i](#)

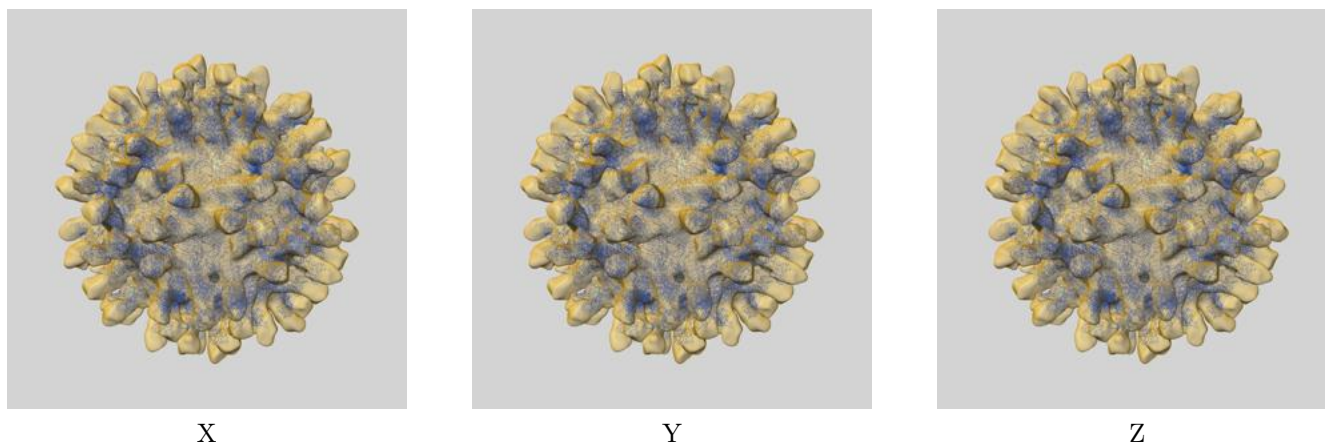
This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-9651 and PDB model 6IDL. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 4.

9.1 Map-model overlays

9.1.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)

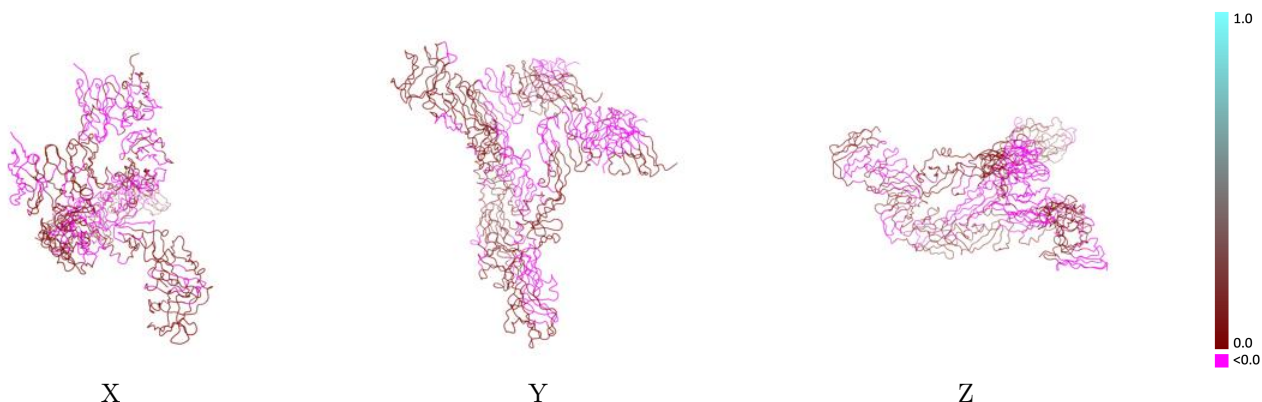


9.1.2 Map-model assembly overlay [i](#)



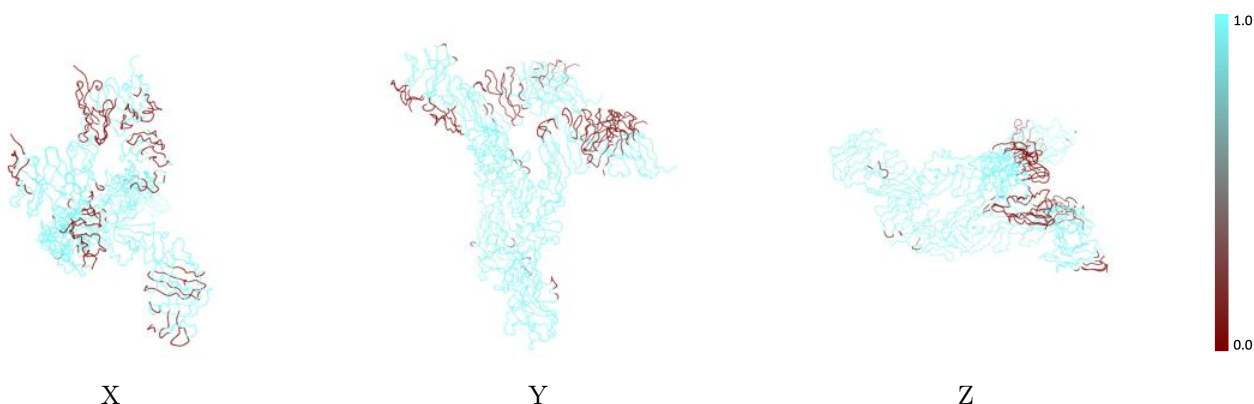
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 2.0 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



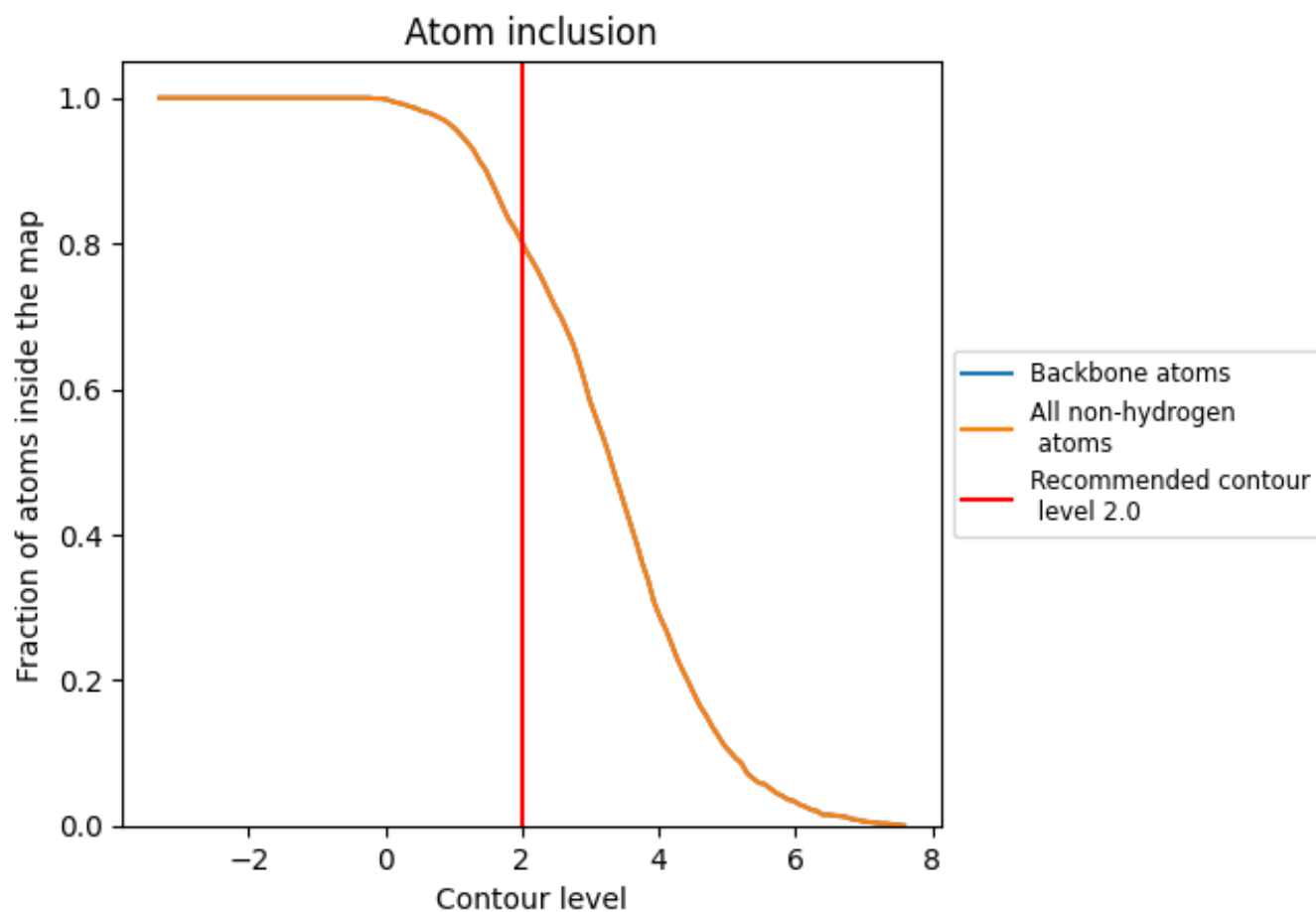
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (2.0).





















9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 80% of all backbone atoms, 80% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (2.0) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	 0.8020	 0.0150
A	 0.8240	 0.0280
B	 0.9520	 0.0130
C	 0.9490	 0.0320
E	 0.5190	 -0.0060
F	 0.3040	 -0.0210
I	 0.2440	 -0.0420
J	 0.7120	 0.0150
M	 0.8240	 0.0080
N	 0.9550	 0.0270

