

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Feb 4, 2024 – 10:06 PM EST

PDB ID : 8ICD

Title : REGULATION OF AN ENZYME BY PHOSPHORYLATION AT THE AC-

TIVE SITE

Authors: Hurley, J.H.; Dean, A.M.; Sohl, J.L.; Koshlandjunior, D.E.; Stroud, R.M.

Deposited on : 1990-05-30

Resolution : 2.50 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : NOT EXECUTED EDS : NOT EXECUTED

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

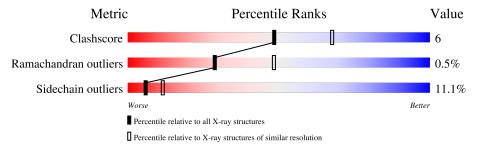
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.50 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Metric	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$(\# ext{Entries}, ext{ resolution range}(ext{Å}))$
Clashscore	141614	5346 (2.50-2.50)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	5231 (2.50-2.50)
Sidechain outliers	138945	5233 (2.50-2.50)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Note EDS was not executed.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
1	A	416	71%	23%	5% •



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3228 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called ISOCITRATE DEHYDROGENASE.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
1	Λ	414	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	A	414	3150	2010	531	591	18	0	U	

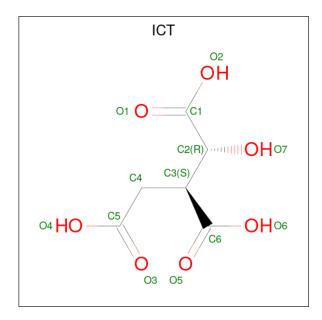
There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	113	GLU	SER	conflict	UNP P08200

• Molecule 2 is MAGNESIUM ION (three-letter code: MG) (formula: Mg).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total Mg 1 1	0	0

• Molecule 3 is ISOCITRIC ACID (three-letter code: ICT) (formula: C₆H₈O₇).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total 13	C 6	O 7	0	0

• Molecule 4 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	64	Total O 64 64	0	0

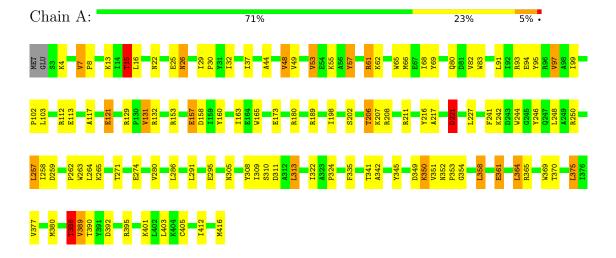


3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

Note EDS was not executed.

• Molecule 1: ISOCITRATE DEHYDROGENASE





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Xtriage (Phenix) and EDS were not executed - this section is therefore incomplete.

Property	Value	Source	
Space group	P 43 21 2	Depositor	
Cell constants	105.10Å 105.10Å 150.30Å	Depositor	
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor	
Resolution (Å)	(Not available) – 2.50	Depositor	
% Data completeness	(Not available) ((Not available)-2.50)	Depositor	
(in resolution range)	, , ,	Depositor	
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor	
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor	
Refinement program	X-PLOR	Depositor	
R, R_{free}	0.168 , (Not available)	Depositor	
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage	
Total number of atoms	3228	wwPDB-VP	
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	28.0	wwPDB-VP	



5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ICT, MG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Chain	Bo	nd lengths	Во	ond angles
MIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5
1	A	0.86	2/3211 (0.1%)	1.57	59/4351 (1.4%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a maintenain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	1

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(ext{\AA})$
1	A	280	VAL	CA-CB	5.43	1.66	1.54
1	A	377	VAL	CA-CB	5.25	1.65	1.54

The worst 5 of 59 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	A	189	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	12.39	126.50	120.30
1	A	211	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	-10.10	115.25	120.30
1	A	165	TRP	CD1-CG-CD2	9.47	113.88	106.30
1	A	112	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	-9.05	115.78	120.30
1	A	369	TRP	CD1-CG-CD2	8.76	113.31	106.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	57	TYR	Sidechain



5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3150	0	3143	38	0
2	A	1	0	0	0	0
3	A	13	0	4	0	0
4	A	64	0	0	1	0
All	All	3228	0	3147	38	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 6.

The worst 5 of 38 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Clash} \\ \text{overlap } (\text{\AA}) \end{array}$
1:A:206:THR:HB	1:A:241:PHE:CD2	2.30	0.65
1:A:388:THR:HG21	4:A:451:HOH:O	2.03	0.59
1:A:44:ALA:O	1:A:48:VAL:HG13	2.04	0.58
1:A:305:ASN:O	1:A:309:ILE:HG12	2.05	0.57
1:A:324:PRO:HB3	1:A:358:LEU:HB3	1.88	0.56

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	412/416 (99%)	393 (95%)	17 (4%)	2 (0%)	29 48	

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	221	ASP
1	A	113	GLU

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Analysed Rotameric		Percentiles	
1	A	323/338 (96%)	287 (89%)	36 (11%)	6 11	

5 of 36 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	350	LYS
1	A	389	VAL
1	A	358	LEU
1	A	375	LEU
1	A	121	GLU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (3) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	26	ASN
1	A	220	ASN
1	A	316	GLN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.



5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 2 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 1 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	e Chain	Res	Tipk	Res Link Bond lengths		Bond angles			
IVIOI				Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
3	ICT	A	418	2	12,12,12	1.36	2 (16%)	13,16,16	1.40	2 (15%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	ICT	A	418	2	-	1/16/16/16	-

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

\mathbf{Mol}	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(ext{\AA})$
3	A	418	ICT	O6-C6	-2.69	1.21	1.30
3	A	418	ICT	O2-C1	-2.25	1.23	1.30

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

\mathbf{Mol}	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^o)$
3	A	418	ICT	C3-C4-C5	-2.43	109.20	114.04
3	A	418	ICT	O2-C1-C2	2.33	119.58	113.27

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) torsion outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	A	418	ICT	C6-C3-C4-C5

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.4 Ligands (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.5 Other polymers (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

