

Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

Nov 7, 2023 – 01:02 pm GMT

PDB ID : 6HG3

Title : Hybrid dihydroorotase domain of human CAD with E. coli flexible loop, bound

to dihydroorotate

Authors : Ramon-Maiques, S.; Del Cano-Ochoa, F.

Deposited on : 2018-08-22

Resolution : 1.97 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13 EDS : 2.36

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

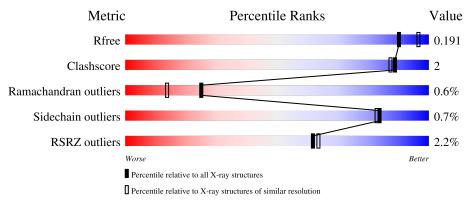
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $X\text{-}RAY\ DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.97 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Whole archive} \\ (\#\text{Entries}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar\ resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries,\ resolution\ range(\mathring{\rm A})}) \end{array}$
R_{free}	130704	11647 (2.00-1.96)
Clashscore	141614	1014 (1.98-1.98)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1006 (1.98-1.98)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1006 (1.98-1.98)
RSRZ outliers	127900	11410 (2.00-1.96)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain					
			2%					
1	A	371	92%	5% •				



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 5987 atoms, of which 2853 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called CAD protein.

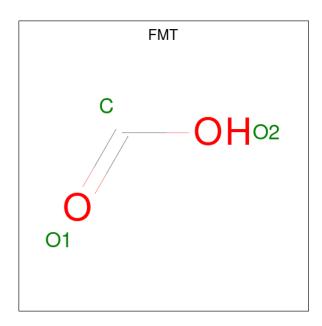
\mathbf{Mol}	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	A	361	Total 5665	C 1800	H 2845	N 497	O 508	S 15	0	16	0

There are 11 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	1454	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P27708
A	1455	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP P27708
A	1560	ALA	-	insertion	UNP P27708
A	1562	ALA	_	insertion	UNP P27708
A	1563	THR	GLU	conflict	UNP P27708
A	1565	ASN	PHE	conflict	UNP P27708
A	1567	SER	GLU	conflict	UNP P27708
Α	1568	HIS	LEU	conflict	UNP P27708
A	1569	GLY	ARG	conflict	UNP P27708
A	1570	VAL	LEU	conflict	UNP P27708
A	1571	THR	ASP	conflict	UNP P27708

• Molecule 2 is FORMIC ACID (three-letter code: FMT) (formula: CH₂O₂).





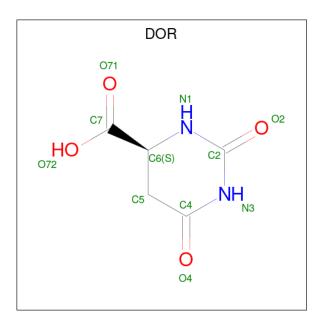
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total 4		H 1		0	0
2	A	1	Total 4		H 1		0	0
2	A	1	Total 4	C 1	H 1	O 2	0	0

• Molecule 3 is ZINC ION (three-letter code: ZN) (formula: Zn).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	2	Total Zn 2 2	0	0

• Molecule 4 is (4S)-2,6-DIOXOHEXAHYDROPYRIMIDINE-4-CARBOXYLIC ACID (three-letter code: DOR) (formula: $C_5H_6N_2O_4$).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf		
4	Λ	1	Total	С	Н	N	О	0	1
4	A	1	16	5	5	2	4		1

• Molecule 5 is water.

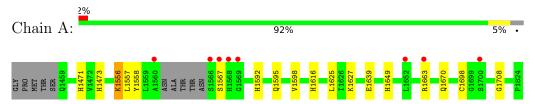
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	292	Total O 292 292	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: CAD protein





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 2 2 21	Depositor
Cell constants	81.91Å 159.47Å 61.88Å	Donositor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	48.88 - 1.97	Depositor
Resolution (A)	48.88 - 1.97	EDS
% Data completeness	98.3 (48.88-1.97)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	98.3 (48.88-1.97)	EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	3.48 (at 1.97Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX 1.12_2829	Depositor
D D	0.167 , 0.190	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.167 , 0.191	DCC
R_{free} test set	1446 reflections (5.05%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	30.5	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.261	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.39, 43.4	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$ < L >=0.50, < L^2>=0.34$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.97	EDS
Total number of atoms	5987	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	38.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 5.49% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $<L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: KCX, FMT, ZN, DOR

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Chain	Bond	$\mathbf{lengths}$	Bond angles		
IVIO	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	A	0.27	0/2947	0.50	0/4019	

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2820	2845	2823	11	2
2	A	9	3	3	0	0
3	A	2	0	0	0	0
4	A	11	5	5	1	0
5	A	292	0	0	3	0
All	All	3134	2853	2831	11	2

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 2.

All (11) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.



Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	${ m distance}({ m \AA})$	overlap (Å)
1:A:1598[B]:VAL:HG23	1:A:1625:LEU:HD23	1.71	0.72
1:A:1649:HIS:ND1	5:A:2001:HOH:O	2.24	0.69
1:A:1595:GLN:O	1:A:1598[B]:VAL:HG22	1.93	0.68
1:A:1627[A]:LYS:NZ	5:A:2002:HOH:O	2.28	0.66
1:A:1556:KCX:HZ	1:A:1592:HIS:HB2	1.63	0.63
1:A:1558:TYR:HB3	1:A:1567:SER:HA	1.91	0.52
1:A:1598[B]:VAL:HG23	1:A:1625:LEU:CD2	2.41	0.51
1:A:1471:HIS:ND1	1:A:1639:GLU:OE2	2.40	0.48
1:A:1663:ARG:HB2	4:A:1906[A]:DOR:HN3	1.81	0.46
1:A:1598[B]:VAL:CG2	1:A:1625:LEU:HD23	2.46	0.41
1:A:1473:HIS:CE1	5:A:2005:HOH:O	2.74	0.40

All (2) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)	
1:A:1698:CYS:HG	1:A:1698:CYS:HG[3_454]	0.88	0.72	
1:A:1698:CYS:SG	1:A:1698:CYS:HG[3_454]	1.39	0.21	

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	372/371 (100%)	358 (96%)	12 (3%)	2 (0%)	29 16	

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	1616	HIS
1	A	1708	GLY



5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Percentiles		
1	A	305/301 (101%)	302 (99%)	3 (1%)	76 73	

All (3) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type		
1	A	1557	LEU		
1	A	1670[A]	GLN		
1	A	1670[B]	GLN		

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

1 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residue is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol T	Tuno	Chain	Res	Link	B	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
	Type		nes		Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	
1	KCX	A	1556	3,1	9,11,12	3.09	3 (33%)	5,12,14	1.54	1 (20%)	

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the



Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mo	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	KCX	A	1556	3,1	-	3/9/10/12	-

All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\operatorname{Observed}(\mathring{\mathbf{A}})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(ext{\AA})$
1	A	1556	KCX	CX-NZ	7.41	1.48	1.35
1	A	1556	KCX	OQ1-CX	4.66	1.30	1.21
1	A	1556	KCX	CB-CA	2.16	1.56	1.53

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(^{o})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	A	1556	KCX	CE-NZ-CX	2.68	126.19	121.89

There are no chirality outliers.

All (3) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
1	A	1556	KCX	CG-CD-CE-NZ
1	A	1556	KCX	CA-CB-CG-CD
1	A	1556	KCX	CE-CD-CG-CB

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mo	1	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1		A	1556	KCX	1	0

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 6 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 4 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and



the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Trus	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
2	FMT	A	1901	-	2,2,2	0.70	0	1,1,1	0.43	0
2	FMT	A	1905	-	2,2,2	0.70	0	1,1,1	0.45	0
2	FMT	A	1902	-	2,2,2	0.74	0	1,1,1	0.45	0
4	DOR	A	1906[A]	-	11,11,11	3.45	6 (54%)	12,15,15	2.12	3 (25%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	DOR	A	1906[A]	-	-	0/4/16/16	0/1/1/1

All (6) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\rm Observed(\mathring{A})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(\text{\AA})$
4	A	1906[A]	DOR	C2-N3	7.31	1.50	1.37
4	A	1906[A]	DOR	C2-N1	6.52	1.48	1.34
4	A	1906[A]	DOR	C4-N3	3.43	1.43	1.37
4	A	1906[A]	DOR	C6-C7	3.04	1.60	1.52
4	A	1906[A]	DOR	O4-C4	-2.19	1.18	1.23
4	A	1906[A]	DOR	O2-C2	-2.10	1.19	1.23

All (3) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
4	A	1906[A]	DOR	C4-N3-C2	-4.86	121.82	125.73
4	A	1906[A]	DOR	N3-C2-N1	3.22	119.51	116.12
4	A	1906[A]	DOR	C5-C4-N3	3.02	119.66	115.95

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	A	1906[A]	DOR	1	0

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<rsrz></rsrz>	# RSRZ > 2			$OWAB(A^2)$	Q<0.9
1	A	360/371 (97%)	0.13	8 (2%)	62	63	22, 31, 56, 82	0

All (8) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	1567	SER	6.4
1	A	1566	SER	5.7
1	A	1568	HIS	4.3
1	A	1652	LEU	3.0
1	A	1569	GLY	2.7
1	A	1700	SER	2.3
1	A	1663	ARG	2.2
1	A	1560	ALA	2.1

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	KCX	A	1556	12/13	0.72	0.25	25,41,62,69	0

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.



6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\operatorname{B-factors}(\mathring{\mathbf{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
2	FMT	A	1905	3/3	0.56	0.28	56,62,63,76	0
4	DOR	A	1906[A]	11/11	0.90	0.21	35,44,60,60	0
2	FMT	A	1901	3/3	0.97	0.14	26,26,26,31	4
3	ZN	A	1903	1/1	0.98	0.06	28,28,28,28	1
2	FMT	A	1902	3/3	0.98	0.10	26,34,35,40	0
3	ZN	A	1904	1/1	0.99	0.07	30,30,30,30	1

6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

