

# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

#### Aug 8, 2020 – 11:31 AM BST

PDB ID : 5H7W

Title : Crystal structure of 5'-nucleotidase from venom of Naja atra

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Deposited on : 2016-11-21

Resolution : 1.90 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul: 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13 EDS : 2.13.1

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac: 5.8.0158

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

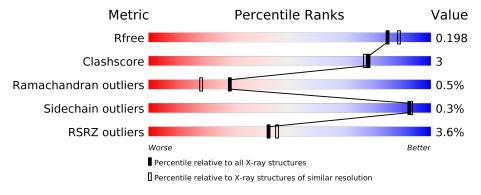
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.13.1

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.90 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Whole archive} \\ (\#\text{Entries}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar \; resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries, \; resolution \; range(\AA)}) \end{array}$
$R_{free}$	130704	6207 (1.90-1.90)
Clashscore	141614	6847 (1.90-1.90)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	6760 (1.90-1.90)
Sidechain outliers	138945	6760 (1.90-1.90)
RSRZ outliers	127900	6082 (1.90-1.90)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain					
1	A	529	93%	7%				
1	В	529	2% 94%	6% •				
2	С	3	67%	33%				
2	D	3	33% 679	6				

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit crite-



## ria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
2	BMA	С	3	-	-	-	X
2	BMA	D	3	-	-	=	X
3	NAG	A	601	-	-	-	X



# 2 Entry composition (i)

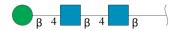
There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 9230 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called venom 5'-nucleotidase.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	A	528	Total 4085	C 2578	11	O 772	S 20	0	0	0
1	В	529	Total 4093	C 2584	- '	O 773	S 20	0	0	0

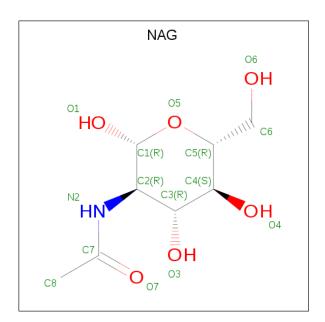
• Molecule 2 is an oligosaccharide called beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
2	С	3	Total C 39 22	N 2 2		0	0	0
2	D	3	Total C 39 22	N 2 2	O 15	0	0	0

• Molecule 3 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula:  $C_8H_{15}NO_6$ ).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total	С	N	O	0	0
		_	14	8	1	5		

• Molecule 4 is ZINC ION (three-letter code: ZN) (formula: Zn).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	В	2	$\begin{array}{cc} \text{Total} & \text{Zn} \\ 2 & 2 \end{array}$	0	0
4	A	2	$\begin{array}{cc} \text{Total} & \text{Zn} \\ 2 & 2 \end{array}$	0	0

• Molecule 5 is CALCIUM ION (three-letter code: CA) (formula: Ca).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	В	1	Total Ca 1 1	0	0
5	A	1	Total Ca 1 1	0	0

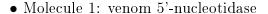
• Molecule 6 is water.

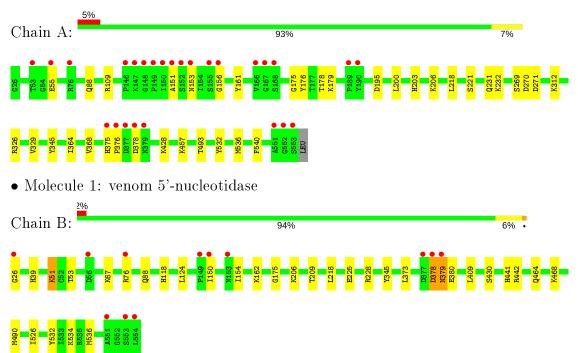
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	443	Total O 443 443	0	0
6	В	511	Total O 511 511	0	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.





• Molecule 2: beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain C: 67% 33%

 $\bullet \ \, Molecule \ 2: \ beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose$ 

Chain D: 33% 67%



# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants	53.09Å 68.15Å 139.81Å	Depositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	90.00° 95.73° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	24.98 - 1.90	Depositor
Resolution (A)	24.98 - 1.90	EDS
% Data completeness	90.2 (24.98-1.90)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	90.2 (24.98-1.90)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.08	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	5.40 (at 1.89Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX (1.10.1_2155: ???)	Depositor
D D.	0.155 , $0.197$	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.157 , $0.198$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	3492  reflections  (4.91%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	19.9	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.083	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.36, 55.7	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$ < L >=0.49, < L^2>=0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.96	EDS
Total number of atoms	9230	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	25.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.34% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $< L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

## 5 Model quality (i)

## 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ZN, BMA, CA, NAG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Boı	nd lengths	Bo	ond angles
MIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5
1	A	0.42	0/4167	0.63	0/5639
1	В	0.44	1/4175 (0.0%)	0.64	$1/5650 \ (0.0\%)$
All	All	0.43	1/8342 (0.0%)	0.63	$1/11289 \ (0.0\%)$

#### All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}( ext{\AA})$
1	В	380	GLU	CD-OE1	-5.58	1.19	1.25

#### All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	В	51	LYS	CD-CE-NZ	5.18	123.62	111.70

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

## 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	4085	0	4051	24	0
1	В	4093	0	4063	25	0
2	С	39	0	34	1	0
2	D	39	0	34	2	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	A	14	0	13	0	0
4	A	2	0	0	0	0
4	В	2	0	0	0	0
5	A	1	0	0	0	0
5	В	1	0	0	0	0
6	A	443	0	0	4	0
6	В	511	0	0	5	0
All	All	9230	0	8195	48	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 3.

All (48) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:55:GLU:OE2	6:A:701:HOH:O	1.58	1.19
1:B:51:LYS:HE2	1:B:53:THR:HG22	1.31	1.10
1:A:161:TYR:HE1	1:A:206:LYS:HE3	1.39	0.86
1:B:51:LYS:HE2	1:B:53:THR:CG2	2.11	0.77
1:A:161:TYR:CE1	1:A:206:LYS:HE3	2.23	0.74
1:A:428:LYS:HE2	1:A:493:THR:OG1	1.99	0.62
1:B:379:ASN:H	1:B:379:ASN:HD22	1.50	0.60
1:B:76:ARG:NH1	6:B:710:HOH:O	2.35	0.59
1:B:409:LEU:HD11	1:B:526:ILE:HD12	1.85	0.58
1:B:534:LYS:NZ	6:B:709:HOH:O	2.35	0.58
1:A:345:TYR:CD2	2:C:1:NAG:H82	2.40	0.55
1:A:376:PRO:HG3	6:B:759:HOH:O	2.06	0.54
1:A:231:GLN:HG2	1:A:232:LYS:HD3	1.89	0.54
1:A:153:ASN:O	1:A:156:GLY:N	2.40	0.54
1:B:379:ASN:H	1:B:379:ASN:ND2	2.06	0.53
1:B:345:TYR:CD1	2:D:1:NAG:H82	2.43	0.53
1:A:109:ARG:NH1	6:A:706:HOH:O	2.41	0.53
1:B:175:GLY:HA2	1:B:218:LEU:O	2.10	0.51
1:B:379:ASN:HD22	1:B:379:ASN:N	2.08	0.51
1:A:231:GLN:HA	1:A:269:SER:HA	1.92	0.50
1:A:175:GLY:HA2	1:A:218:LEU:O	2.13	0.49
1:B:225:GLU:OE1	1:B:228:ARG:NH2	2.35	0.49
1:A:326:ARG:O	1:A:329:VAL:HG22	2.13	0.48
1:B:441:HIS:CD2	1:B:442:ARG:HG3	2.48	0.48
1:B:26:GLY:HA3	6:B:1068:HOH:O	2.14	0.48
1:A:269:SER:OG	1:A:271:ASP:OD1	2.31	0.47

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A 4 a ma 1	A 4 a ma 2	Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	${f distance}({f \AA})$	overlap (Å)
1:B:162:LYS:NZ	6:B:721:HOH:O	2.47	0.47
1:A:540:PHE:CE1	1:B:373:LEU:HD11	2.50	0.46
1:A:532:TYR:O	1:A:536:MET:HG2	2.15	0.45
1:B:206:LYS:O	1:B:209:THR:HG22	2.16	0.45
1:A:203:HIS:CE1	1:A:206:LYS:HZ1	2.36	0.44
1:B:532:TYR:O	1:B:536:MET:HG2	2.18	0.44
1:B:379:ASN:N	1:B:379:ASN:ND2	2.66	0.43
1:B:67:LYS:HD3	1:B:67:LYS:HA	1.86	0.43
1:A:176:TYR:HB3	1:A:200:LEU:HD11	2.01	0.42
1:A:179:LYS:HD3	1:A:195:ASP:HA	2.01	0.42
1:A:457:LYS:HE3	6:A:1062:HOH:O	2.19	0.42
1:B:150:ILE:N	1:B:150:ILE:HD12	2.33	0.42
1:B:464:GLN:NE2	1:B:468:LYS:O	2.51	0.42
1:B:345:TYR:CG	2:D:1:NAG:H82	2.55	0.42
1:A:375:HIS:HA	1:A:376:PRO:HD2	1.94	0.42
1:A:232:LYS:NZ	1:A:270:ASP:OD2	2.29	0.42
1:B:39:HIS:HE1	1:B:118:HIS:CD2	2.39	0.41
1:A:178:THR:HB	1:A:221:SER:HA	2.02	0.41
1:B:430:SER:HA	1:B:490:MET:CE	2.51	0.41
1:A:536:MET:HE3	6:A:898:HOH:O	2.20	0.41
1:A:364:ILE:O	1:A:368:VAL:HG23	2.21	0.41
1:B:124:LEU:HB3	1:B:154:ILE:HD12	2.04	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	$526/529 \; (99\%)$	509 (97%)	14 (3%)	3 (1%)	25 15
1	В	$527/529 \; (100\%)$	510 (97%)	15 (3%)	2 (0%)	34 24
All	All	1053/1058 (100%)	1019 (97%)	29 (3%)	5 (0%)	29 18



All (5) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	151	ALA
1	A	378	ASP
1	В	378	ASP
1	A	88	GLN
1	В	88	GLN

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles		
1	A	446/447 (100%)	445 (100%)	1 (0%)		93	94
1	В	447/447 (100%)	445 (100%)	2 (0%)		91	91
All	All	893/894 (100%)	890 (100%)	3 (0%)		92	93

All (3) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	312	LYS
1	В	378	ASP
1	В	379	ASN

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (1) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	379	ASN

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.



## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

6 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Trens	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	Link	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
2	NAG	С	1	1,2	14,14,15	0.47	0	17,19,21	0.62	0
2	NAG	С	2	2	14,14,15	0.26	0	17,19,21	0.47	0
2	BMA	С	3	2	11,11,12	0.78	0	15,15,17	0.64	0
2	NAG	D	1	1,2	14,14,15	0.32	0	17,19,21	0.57	0
2	NAG	D	2	2	14,14,15	0.58	0	17,19,21	0.47	0
2	BMA	D	3	2	11,11,12	1.66	3 (27%)	15,15,17	1.56	2 (13%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NAG	С	1	1,2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	С	2	2	_	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	BMA	С	3	2	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	D	1	1,2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	D	2	2	_	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	BMA	D	3	2	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1

All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}})$	$Ideal(\AA)$
2	D	3	BMA	C2-C3	3.37	1.57	1.52
2	D	3	BMA	O5-C1	-3.23	1.38	1.43
2	D	3	BMA	C4-C3	2.15	1.57	1.52



All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^o)$
2	D	3	BMA	C2-C3-C4	3.95	117.72	110.89
2	D	3	BMA	C1-C2-C3	3.33	113.76	109.67

There are no chirality outliers.

All (4) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	D	3	BMA	C4-C5-C6-O6
2	D	3	BMA	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	С	3	BMA	C4-C5-C6-O6
2	С	3	BMA	O5-C5-C6-O6

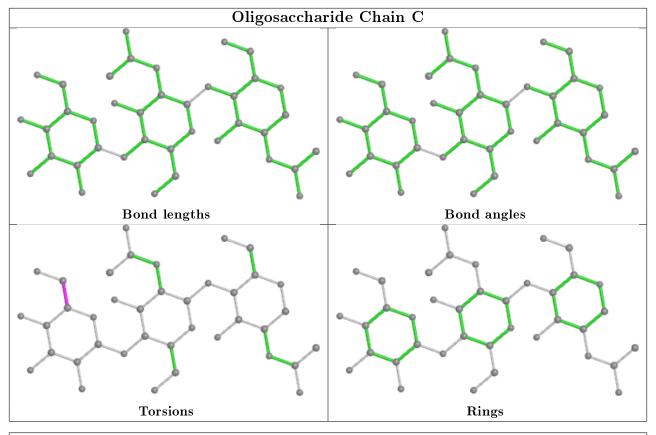
There are no ring outliers.

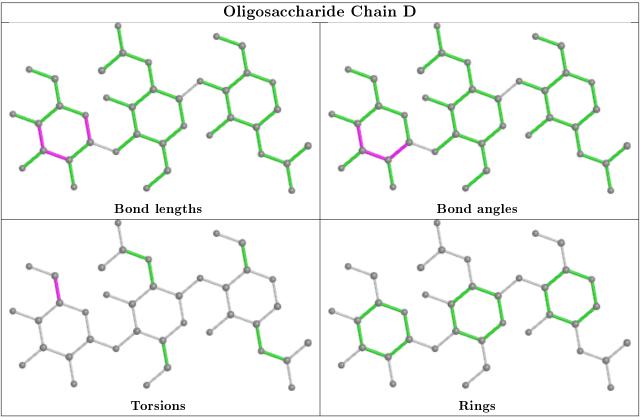
2 monomers are involved in 3 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	D	1	NAG	2	0
2	С	1	NAG	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.









## 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 7 ligands modelled in this entry, 6 are monoatomic - leaving 1 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol Type	Chain	Pos	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles			
	туре	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
3	NAG	A	601	1	14,14,15	0.27	0	17,19,21	0.39	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	${f Res}$	Link	Chirals	${f Torsions}$	Rings
3	NAG	A	601	1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	A	601	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
3	A	601	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

## 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.



# 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

## 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	> #RSRZ $>$ 2		$OWAB(\AA^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	A	$528/529 \; (99\%)$	-0.03	26 (4%) 29	33	12, 23, 49, 73	0
1	В	$529/529 \; (100\%)$	-0.18	12 (2%) 60	63	10, 20, 39, 67	0
All	All	1057/1058~(99%)	-0.11	38 (3%) 42	45	10, 21, 42, 73	0

All (38) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	152	SER	9.6
1	A	149	PRO	7.7
1	В	378	ASP	7.3
1	A	150	ILE	7.0
1	A	155	SER	6.6
1	A	151	ALA	5.8
1	В	551	ALA	5.6
1	A	375	HIS	5.6
1	В	26	GLY	5.4
1	A	378	ASP	4.8
1	В	377	ASP	4.8
1	A	153	ASN	4.7
1	A	168	SER	4.7
1	В	150	ILE	4.5
1	A	55	GLU	4.3
1	В	56	ASP	4.1
1	В	379	ASN	4.1
1	В	149	PRO	3.8
1	A	376	PRO	3.5
1	A	377	ASP	3.5
1	В	553	SER	3.5
1	A	190	TYR	3.4
1	A	167	GLY	3.4
1	A	189	PRO	3.0

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	В	554	LEU	2.8
1	A	551	ALA	2.7
1	A	553	SER	2.5
1	В	76	ARG	2.5
1	A	147	LYS	2.5
1	A	148	GLY	2.4
1	A	156	GLY	2.3
1	A	379	ASN	2.2
1	A	76	ARG	2.2
1	A	166	VAL	2.2
1	A	552	GLY	2.1
1	В	153	ASN	2.0
1	A	146	PRO	2.0
1	A	53	THR	2.0

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

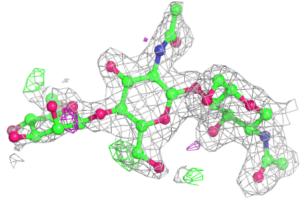
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	${f B-factors}({f \AA}^2)$	Q<0.9
2	BMA	С	3	11/12	0.62	0.54	66,71,72,73	0
2	BMA	D	3	11/12	0.69	0.53	68,72,73,73	0
2	NAG	С	2	14/15	0.82	0.26	37,42,50,58	0
2	NAG	D	2	14/15	0.83	0.33	41,47,55,62	0
2	NAG	D	1	14/15	0.96	0.11	14,20,23,30	0
2	NAG	С	1	14/15	0.97	0.10	14,18,22,30	0

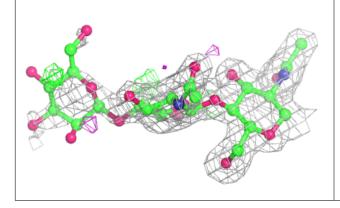
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

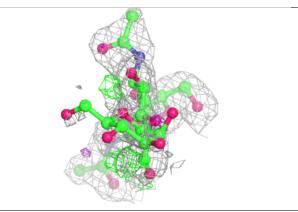


## Electron density around Chain C:

 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-DF}_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-DF}_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

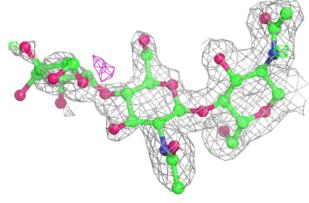


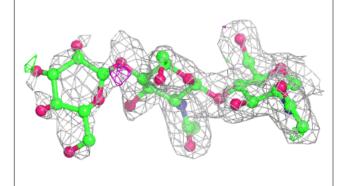


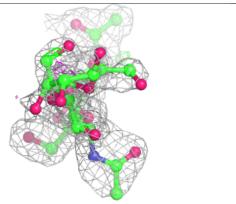


#### Electron density around Chain D:

 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)









## 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	${f B\text{-factors}}({f \AA}^2)$	Q < 0.9
3	NAG	A	601	14/15	0.65	0.41	53,61,64,65	0
5	CA	A	607	1/1	0.99	0.04	26,26,26,26	0
4	ZN	A	605	1/1	1.00	0.04	17,17,17,17	0
4	ZN	A	606	1/1	1.00	0.05	17,17,17,17	0
5	CA	В	606	1/1	1.00	0.05	15,15,15,15	0
4	ZN	В	605	1/1	1.00	0.06	17,17,17,17	0
4	ZN	В	604	1/1	1.00	0.03	16,16,16,16	0

## 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

