

# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

#### May 27, 2020 - 07:40 pm BST

PDB ID	:	2GWJ
$\operatorname{Title}$	:	SpvB ADP-ribosylated actin: hexagonal crystal form
Authors	:	Stebbins, C.E.; Margarit, S.M.
Deposited on	:	2006-05-04
Resolution	:	1.90  Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

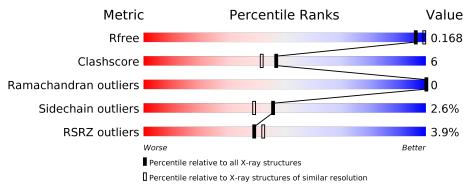
Xtriage (Phenix) EDS buster-report Percentile statistics Refmac	::	1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020) 1.13 2.11 1.1.7 (2018) 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019) 5.8.0158 7.0.044 (Gargrove) Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)		Parkinson et al. (1996) 2.11

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.90 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$egin{array}{c} { m Whole \ archive} \ (\#{ m Entries}) \end{array}$	${f Similar\ resolution}\ (\#{ m Entries},{ m resolution\ range}({ m \AA}))$
$R_{free}$	130704	6207 (1.90-1.90)
Clashscore	141614	6847(1.90-1.90)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	6760 (1.90-1.90)
Sidechain outliers	138945	6760 (1.90-1.90)
RSRZ outliers	127900	6082 (1.90-1.90)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
			4%		
1	A	371	85%	10% •	•••



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3271 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Actin, alpha skeletal muscle.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	А	360	Total 2822	C 1789	N 473	O 540	S 20	0	1	0

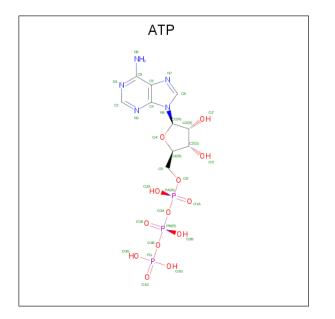
There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
А	73	HIC	HIS	MODIFIED RESIDUE	UNP P68135

• Molecule 2 is CALCIUM ION (three-letter code: CA) (formula: Ca).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	А	1	Total Ca 1 1	0	0

• Molecule 3 is ADENOSINE-5'-TRIPHOSPHATE (three-letter code: ATP) (formula:  $C_{10}H_{16}N_5O_{13}P_3$ ).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	А	1	Total 31		N 5		Р 3	0	0

• Molecule 4 is water.

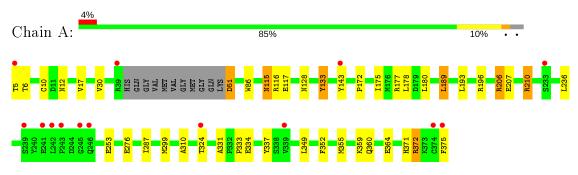
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	А	417	Total         O           417         417	0	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Actin, alpha skeletal muscle





# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 32 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants	96.36Å $96.36$ Å $97.41$ Å	Depositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$ $120.00^{\circ}$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	83.33 - 1.90	Depositor
Resolution (A)	31.69 - 1.70	EDS
% Data completeness	$95.9\ (83.33 ext{-}1.90)$	Depositor
(in resolution range)	91.9 (31.69 - 1.70)	EDS
R <sub>merge</sub>	0.05	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	$2.44 ~({\rm at}~1.70{\rm \AA})$	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC $5.2.0005$	Depositor
B B.	0.152 , $0.184$	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.165 , $0.168$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	2927 reflections $(5.06%)$	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor $(Å^2)$	19.8	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.415	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3), B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.37, $66.4$	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$<  L  > = 0.50, < L^2 > = 0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.029 for -h,-k,l	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.96	EDS
Total number of atoms	3271	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	27.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.03% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



 $<sup>^1 {\</sup>rm Intensities}$  estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

### 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: CA, HIC, ATP

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol Chair		Bo	nd lengths	Bond angles		
Mol C	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	А	0.95	2/2875~(0.1%)	1.01	12/3894~(0.3%)	

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	Ideal(Å)
1	А	116	ARG	CD-NE	-5.89	1.36	1.46
1	А	133	TYR	CE1-CZ	-5.31	1.31	1.38

All (12) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	А	116	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-15.43	112.58	120.30
1	А	116	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	12.90	126.75	120.30
1	А	372	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-11.99	114.30	120.30
1	А	372	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	8.42	124.51	120.30
1	А	177	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	7.05	123.83	120.30
1	А	189	LEU	CB-CG-CD2	6.88	122.70	111.00
1	А	206	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.81	123.70	120.30
1	А	206	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-6.13	117.23	120.30
1	А	180	LEU	CA-CB-CG	5.82	128.68	115.30
1	А	51	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	5.60	123.34	118.30
1	А	116	ARG	CD-NE-CZ	5.54	131.36	123.60
1	А	178	LEU	CB-CG-CD1	5.01	119.52	111.00

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.



### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	А	2822	0	2792	35	0
2	А	1	0	0	0	0
3	А	31	0	12	0	0
4	А	417	0	0	14	0
All	All	3271	0	2804	35	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 6.

All (35) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

		Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	distance $(\text{\AA})$	overlap (Å)
1:A:10[B]:CYS:SG	4:A:1502:HOH:O	2.29	0.90
1:A:128:ASN:HB3	4:A:1559:HOH:O	1.75	0.87
1:A:299:MET:CE	1:A:331:ALA:HB2	2.06	0.84
1:A:143:TYR:OH	1:A:349:LEU:HD11	1.78	0.83
1:A:117:GLU:OE1	1:A:371:HIS:HE1	1.79	0.66
1:A:5:THR:N	4:A:1699:HOH:O	2.29	0.65
1:A:276:GLU:CD	4:A:1571:HOH:O	2.37	0.63
1:A:299:MET:HE3	1:A:331:ALA:HB2	1.80	0.62
1:A:206:ARG:NH2	4:A:1768:HOH:O	2.32	0.61
1:A:352:PHE:HA	1:A:355:MET:HG3	1.85	0.59
1:A:299:MET:HE2	1:A:331:ALA:HB2	1.86	0.57
1:A:12:ASN:HD21	1:A:86:TRP:HE1	1.53	0.56
1:A:5:THR:HG22	1:A:6:THR:H	1.71	0.55
1:A:299:MET:HE3	1:A:331:ALA:CB	2.36	0.54
1:A:324:THR:OG1	1:A:324:THR:O	2.20	0.53
1:A:360:GLN:HE21	1:A:364:GLU:CG	2.22	0.52
1:A:115:ASN:ND2	4:A:1441:HOH:O	2.44	0.50
1:A:12:ASN:ND2	1:A:86:TRP:HE1	2.12	0.48
1:A:133:TYR:OH	1:A:375:PHE:HD1	1.97	0.48
1:A:360:GLN:O	1:A:364:GLU:HG3	2.15	0.46
1:A:324:THR:HG23	4:A:1732:HOH:O	2.14	0.45
1:A:337:TYR:HB2	4:A:1599:HOH:O	2.16	0.45
1:A:333:PRO:HD2	1:A:334:GLU:OE1	2.16	0.45

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:17:VAL:O	1:A:30:VAL:HA	2.16	0.45
1:A:276:GLU:CD	4:A:1683:HOH:O	2.55	0.45
1:A:128:ASN:CB	4:A:1559:HOH:O	2.51	0.44
1:A:299:MET:HE1	1:A:310:ALA:HB2	1.99	0.44
1:A:210:ARG:NH2	4:A:1735:HOH:O	2.52	0.43
1:A:334:GLU:HG2	4:A:1781:HOH:O	2.18	0.43
1:A:196:ARG:HD3	1:A:253:GLU:OE2	2.19	0.43
1:A:210:ARG:CZ	4:A:1735:HOH:O	2.68	0.41
1:A:207:GLU:OE1	1:A:210:ARG:NH1	2.54	0.41
1:A:51:ASP:N	4:A:1782:HOH:O	2.54	0.40
1:A:172:PRO:HA	1:A:175:ILE:HD12	2.03	0.40
1:A:196:ARG:CD	1:A:253:GLU:OE2	2.69	0.40

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There are no symmetry-related clashes.

### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Analysed Favoured Allowed Outliers		Perce	ntiles	
1	А	356/371~(96%)	352 (99%)	4 (1%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	А	306/313~(98%)	298~(97%)	8 (3%)	46 39	

All (8) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	115	ASN
1	А	189	LEU
1	А	193	LEU
1	А	210	ARG
1	А	236	LEU
1	А	287	ILE
1	А	359	LYS
1	А	372	ARG

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (9) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	12	ASN
1	А	59	GLN
1	А	87	HIS
1	А	115	ASN
1	А	121	GLN
1	А	128	ASN
1	А	280	ASN
1	А	360	GLN
1	А	371	HIS

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

1 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residue is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the



expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Bog	Link	B	ond leng	gths	B	Bond ang	gles
	туре	Unam	nes		Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
1	HIC	A	73	1	8,11,12	1.38	1 (12%)	6, 14, 16	1.67	1(16%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	$\mathbf{Res}$	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	HIC	А	73	1	-	3/5/6/8	0/1/1/1

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	Ideal(Å)
1	А	73	HIC	CD2-NE2	-3.29	1.33	1.38

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	А	73	HIC	CB-CA-C	-3.84	104.27	111.47

There are no chirality outliers.

All (3) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
1	А	73	HIC	O-C-CA-CB
1	А	73	HIC	CA-CB-CG-ND1
1	А	73	HIC	CA-CB-CG-CD2

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.



### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 2 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 1 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

	Mol Type C	Chain	Res	Link	Bo	ond leng	$\mathbf{ths}$	В	ond ang	les	
		туре	Cham	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
	3	ATP	А	1380	2	$26,\!33,\!33$	1.13	3 (11%)	$31,\!52,\!52$	1.19	2 (6%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	ATP	А	1380	2	-	2/18/38/38	0/3/3/3

All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	Ideal(Å)
3	А	1380	ATP	C4-N3	2.42	1.39	1.35
3	А	1380	ATP	C5-C4	2.27	1.46	1.40
3	А	1380	ATP	O4'-C4'	-2.15	1.40	1.45

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$\mathbf{Ideal}(^{o})$
3	А	1380	ATP	N3-C2-N1	-3.03	123.95	128.68
3	А	1380	ATP	05'-PA-01A	-2.21	100.44	109.07

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) torsion outliers are listed below:

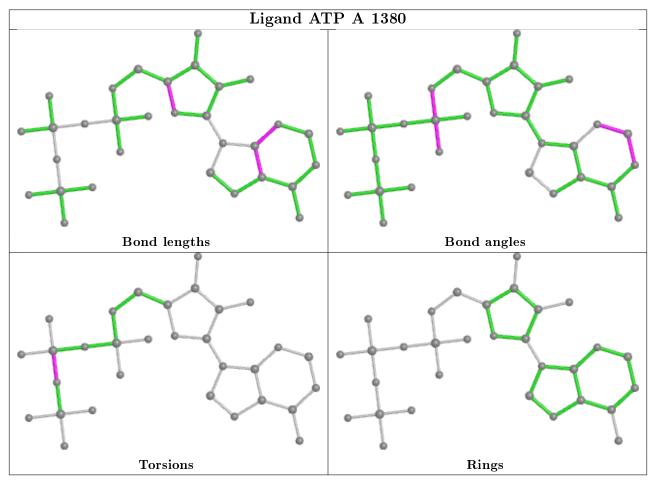
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	А	1380	ATP	PG-O3B-PB-O1B
3	А	1380	ATP	PG-O3B-PB-O2B



There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



#### 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.



## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	$ $ $<$ $\mathbf{RSRZ}>$	#RSRZ>2		$\mathbf{OWAB}(\mathbf{A}^2)$	Q<0.9	
1	А	359/371~(96%)	0.24	14 (3%)	39	42	20, 25, 35, 45	0

All (14) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	А	324	THR	4.1
1	А	239	SER	3.9
1	А	242	LEU	3.9
1	А	143	TYR	3.6
1	А	374	CYS	3.0
1	А	246	GLN	2.9
1	А	233	SER	2.9
1	А	243	PRO	2.9
1	А	245	GLY	2.7
1	А	39	ARG	2.7
1	А	339	VAL	2.7
1	А	5	THR	2.7
1	А	375	PHE	2.2
1	А	241	GLU	2.1

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-factors}(\mathbf{A}^2)$	Q<0.9
1	HIC	А	73	11/12	0.96	0.08	$17,\!20,\!34,\!37$	0



### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

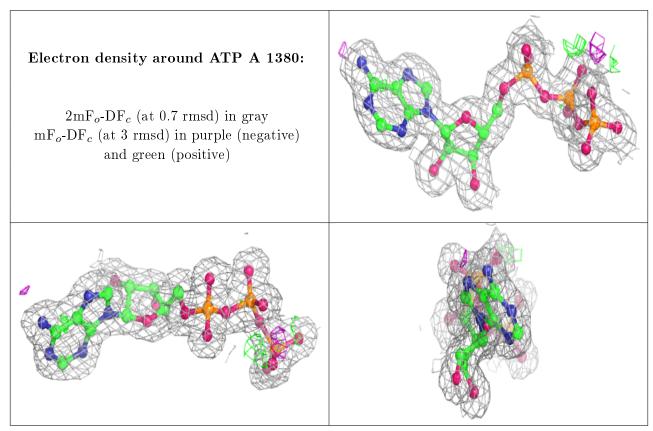
There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

### 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} extsf{-factors}(\mathrm{\AA}^2)$	$\mathbf{Q}{<}0.9$
3	ATP	А	1380	31/31	0.97	0.10	$23,\!25,\!26,\!27$	0
2	CA	А	1401	1/1	0.99	0.05	24,24,24,24	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.





## 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

