

Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

Dec 10, 2023 – 12:53 am GMT

PDB ID : 1GJR

Title: Ferredoxin-NADP+ Reductase complexed with NADP+ by COCRYSTAL-

LIZATION

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C.

Deposited on : 2001-08-01

Resolution : 2.10 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.36

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac : 5.8.0158

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

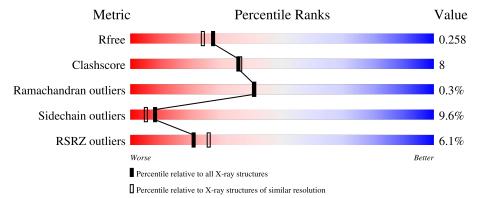
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.10 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Whole archive} \\ (\#\text{Entries}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar\ resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries,\ resolution\ range(\mathring{\rm A})}) \end{array}$
R_{free}	130704	5197 (2.10-2.10)
Clashscore	141614	5710 (2.10-2.10)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	5647 (2.10-2.10)
Sidechain outliers	138945	5648 (2.10-2.10)
RSRZ outliers	127900	5083 (2.10-2.10)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
			6%		
1	A	304	75%	20%	• •



2 Entry composition (i)

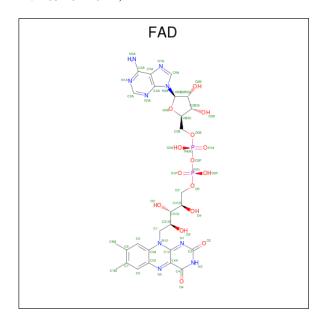
There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2639 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called FERREDOXIN-NADP REDUCTASE.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	Δ	295	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	Λ	290	2338	1488	399	442	9		0	

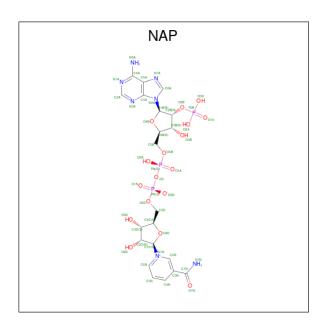
• Molecule 2 is FLAVIN-ADENINE DINUCLEOTIDE (three-letter code: FAD) (formula: $C_{27}H_{33}N_9O_{15}P_2$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf		
2	Δ	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0
	Λ	1	53	27	9	15	2	0	

• Molecule 3 is NADP NICOTINAMIDE-ADENINE-DINUCLEOTIDE PHOSPHATE (three-letter code: NAP) (formula: C₂₁H₂₈N₇O₁₇P₃).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	
3	A	1	Total 48	C 21	_	O 17	P 3	0	0

• Molecule 4 is water.

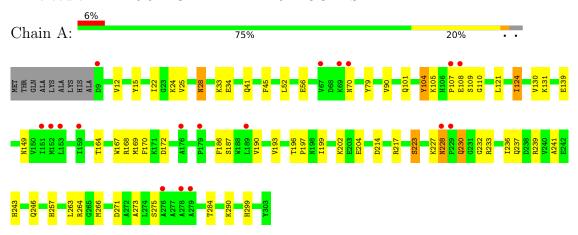
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	200	Total O 200 200	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: FERREDOXIN-NADP REDUCTASE





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source	
Space group	I 41	Depositor	
Cell constants	151.69Å 151.69Å 35.44Å	Donositon	
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor	
Resolution (Å)	29.70 - 2.10	Depositor	
rtesolution (A)	29.75 - 2.02	EDS	
% Data completeness	98.8 (29.70-2.10)	Depositor	
(in resolution range)	98.5 (29.75-2.02)	EDS	
R_{merge}	0.10	Depositor	
R_{sym}	0.10	Depositor	
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	1.16 (at 2.01Å)	Xtriage	
Refinement program	X-PLOR 3.843	Depositor	
R, R_{free}	0.200 , 0.270	Depositor	
It, Itfree	0.197 , 0.258	DCC	
R_{free} test set	1846 reflections (6.90%)	wwPDB-VP	
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	35.1	Xtriage	
Anisotropy	0.273	Xtriage	
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.36, 67.5	EDS	
L-test for twinning ²	$< L > = 0.47, < L^2> = 0.30$	Xtriage	
Estimated twinning fraction	0.035 for -k,-h,-l	Xtriage	
F_o, F_c correlation	0.96	EDS	
Total number of atoms	2639	wwPDB-VP	
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	33.0	wwPDB-VP	

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 5.21% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $<L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: FAD, NAP

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Г	Mal	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
1	WIOI	Chain	RMSZ $ \# Z > 5$		RMSZ	# Z > 5	
	1	A	0.50	0/2394	0.61	0/3243	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	2

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	108	GLU	Peptide
1	A	79	TYR	Sidechain

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2338	0	2314	37	0



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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	$\mathbf{H}(\mathbf{added})$	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	A	53	0	31	1	0
3	A	48	0	25	3	0
4	A	200	0	0	4	0
All	All	2639	0	2370	39	0

The all-atom clash score is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clash score for this structure is 8.

All (39) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

A	A	Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	${\rm distance}\ (\rm \mathring{A})$	overlap (Å)
1:A:257:HIS:HD2	1:A:299:HIS:HE1	1.09	0.94
1:A:257:HIS:CD2	1:A:299:HIS:HE1	2.00	0.77
1:A:257:HIS:HD2	1:A:299:HIS:CE1	2.01	0.72
3:A:305:NAP:H51N	3:A:305:NAP:O1A	1.94	0.67
1:A:243:HIS:CD2	1:A:246:GLN:HE22	2.16	0.64
1:A:25:VAL:HG21	1:A:124:ILE:HG12	1.82	0.61
1:A:15:TYR:HD2	1:A:52:LEU:HD13	1.68	0.58
1:A:190:VAL:O	1:A:236:ILE:HD11	2.03	0.57
1:A:263:LEU:O	1:A:266:MET:HG2	2.04	0.57
1:A:243:HIS:HD2	1:A:246:GLN:HE22	1.53	0.55
1:A:105:LYS:HD2	1:A:110:GLY:O	2.07	0.54
1:A:28:ASN:HD22	1:A:28:ASN:C	2.11	0.53
1:A:236:ILE:HG21	1:A:266:MET:CE	2.39	0.53
1:A:228:ASN:ND2	1:A:232:GLY:H	2.09	0.51
1:A:28:ASN:ND2	1:A:41:GLN:HE21	2.08	0.51
1:A:104:TYR:CD1	1:A:104:TYR:N	2.80	0.50
1:A:271:ASP:O	1:A:275:SER:HB2	2.11	0.50
1:A:169:MET:HE2	1:A:170:PHE:CE2	2.48	0.49
1:A:149:ASN:ND2	4:A:2106:HOH:O	2.46	0.49
1:A:223:SER:HG	3:A:305:NAP:P2B	2.37	0.48
1:A:241:ALA:HA	1:A:273:ALA:HB1	1.97	0.47
1:A:121:LEU:O	1:A:124:ILE:HG22	2.14	0.47
1:A:15:TYR:CD2	1:A:52:LEU:HD13	2.49	0.46
1:A:217:ARG:HD2	4:A:2131:HOH:O	2.14	0.46
1:A:139:GLU:O	1:A:299:HIS:HD2	1.98	0.46
1:A:196:THR:HB	1:A:197:PRO:HD3	1.96	0.46
1:A:199:ILE:CG2	1:A:202:LYS:HB2	2.46	0.46
1:A:149:ASN:HA	1:A:186:PHE:O	2.17	0.45
1:A:45:PHE:HE2	1:A:130:VAL:HG21	1.83	0.43
1:A:236:ILE:HG21	1:A:266:MET:HE2	1.99	0.43



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Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:237:GLN:OE1	3:A:305:NAP:H2A	2.18	0.43
1:A:236:ILE:HG21	1:A:266:MET:HE3	2.00	0.43
1:A:33:LYS:HE2	4:A:2120:HOH:O	2.18	0.43
1:A:223:SER:O	1:A:233:ARG:HG2	2.18	0.43
1:A:168:ARG:HD2	4:A:2039:HOH:O	2.19	0.42
1:A:22:ILE:CD1	1:A:131:LYS:HG2	2.50	0.41
2:A:304:FAD:H1'1	2:A:304:FAD:H9	1.83	0.41
1:A:228:ASN:HD22	1:A:230:GLN:H	1.69	0.40
1:A:56:GLU:HB3	1:A:164:THR:OG1	2.21	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured Allowed		Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	293/304 (96%)	280 (96%)	12 (4%)	1 (0%)	41 41	

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	107	PRO

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	Analysed Rotameric		Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	250/256~(98%)	226 (90%)	24 (10%)	8 5	

All (24) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A A A A	12	VAL
1	A	24	LYS
1	A	28	ASN
1	A	34	GLU
1	A A	70	ASN
1	A	90	VAL
1	A	101	GLN
1	A	104	TYR
1	A	109	SER
1	A	124	ILE
1	A	167	TRP
1	A	172	ASP
1	A	187	SER
1	A A A	193	VAL
1	A	204	GLU
1	A	214	ASP
1	A	223	SER
1	A	227	LYS
1	A	228	ASN
1	A	230	GLN
1	A A	239	ARG
1	A	264	ARG
1	A	284	THR
1	A	290	LYS

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (12) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	28	ASN
1	A	70	ASN
1	A	101	GLN
1	A 106		HIS
1	A	149	ASN
1	A	182	GLN
1	A	226	GLN
1	A	228	ASN
1	A	243	HIS



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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	246	GLN
1	A	257	HIS
1	A	299	HIS

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

2 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Tuno	Type Chain 1		Res Link Bond lengths				Bond angles		
MIOI	Type Chain Res		LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	
3	NAP	A	305	-	45,52,52	1.55	12 (26%)	56,80,80	1.64	9 (16%)
2	FAD	A	304	-	53,58,58	1.69	11 (20%)	68,89,89	1.41	12 (17%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	NAP	A	305	-	-	7/31/67/67	0/5/5/5



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\mathbf{Mol}	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	FAD	A	304	-	-	1/30/50/50	0/6/6/6

All (23) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(A)	Ideal(Å)
2	A	304	FAD	P-O2P	-4.38	1.34	1.55
2	A	304	FAD	O4B-C1B	3.64	1.46	1.41
3	A	305	NAP	C2N-C3N	3.64	1.44	1.39
2	A	304	FAD	O5'-C5'	3.62	1.58	1.44
2	A	304	FAD	C6-C7	-3.49	1.34	1.39
2	A	304	FAD	PA-O2A	-3.44	1.39	1.55
3	A	305	NAP	P2B-O2B	3.26	1.65	1.59
3	A	305	NAP	C2N-N1N	3.02	1.38	1.35
3	A	305	NAP	P2B-O2X	-2.94	1.43	1.54
2	A	304	FAD	C5X-N5	-2.93	1.33	1.39
3	A	305	NAP	C2D-C1D	2.72	1.57	1.53
3	A	305	NAP	P2B-O3X	-2.60	1.44	1.54
3	A	305	NAP	PA-O2A	-2.58	1.43	1.55
3	A	305	NAP	C3N-C7N	-2.52	1.46	1.50
2	A	304	FAD	C2B-C1B	-2.49	1.50	1.53
2	A	304	FAD	C7M-C7	2.47	1.56	1.51
2	A	304	FAD	C2-N1	-2.43	1.31	1.36
3	A	305	NAP	PA-O5B	2.19	1.68	1.59
2	A	304	FAD	C10-N10	-2.19	1.32	1.37
2	A	304	FAD	PA-O5B	-2.19	1.50	1.59
3	A	305	NAP	C5N-C4N	-2.05	1.34	1.38
3	A	305	NAP	C5A-C4A	-2.04	1.35	1.40
3	A	305	NAP	C8A-N7A	-2.02	1.31	1.34

All (21) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\mathbf{Ideal}(^o)$
3	A	305	NAP	O3X-P2B-O2X	5.79	129.75	107.64
3	A	305	NAP	O7N-C7N-N7N	-3.90	117.04	122.58
3	A	305	NAP	O2A-PA-O1A	3.53	129.71	112.24
3	A	305	NAP	C3N-C2N-N1N	-3.27	117.23	120.43
3	A	305	NAP	C3N-C7N-N7N	3.24	121.63	117.75
2	A	304	FAD	C4-N3-C2	-2.84	120.39	125.64
2	A	304	FAD	O3B-C3B-C4B	2.81	119.18	111.05
2	A	304	FAD	C4X-C10-N10	2.77	120.54	116.48
2	A	304	FAD	C5A-C6A-N1A	-2.66	114.33	120.35
2	A	304	FAD	C4-C4X-N5	2.65	122.01	118.23



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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^o)$
2	A	304	FAD	O5'-P-O1P	-2.65	98.70	109.07
2	A	304	FAD	C5A-C6A-N6A	2.38	123.97	120.35
2	A	304	FAD	C10-C4X-N5	-2.33	119.90	124.86
2	A	304	FAD	C2A-N1A-C6A	2.30	122.68	118.75
3	A	305	NAP	C3D-C2D-C1D	-2.28	97.55	100.98
3	A	305	NAP	O5D-PN-O1N	2.27	117.92	109.07
2	A	304	FAD	O5B-PA-O1A	-2.22	100.39	109.07
2	A	304	FAD	C10-N1-C2	2.15	121.21	116.90
2	A	304	FAD	C1'-N10-C9A	-2.14	116.95	120.51
3	A	305	NAP	O3B-C3B-C2B	-2.09	105.24	111.17
3	A	305	NAP	C3B-C2B-C1B	-2.06	99.02	102.89

There are no chirality outliers.

All (8) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	A	305	NAP	C5D-O5D-PN-O1N
3	A	305	NAP	O4D-C4D-C5D-O5D
3	A	305	NAP	C3D-C4D-C5D-O5D
3	A	305	NAP	C5D-O5D-PN-O3
2	A	304	FAD	PA-O3P-P-O1P
3	A	305	NAP	C5D-O5D-PN-O2N
3	A	305	NAP	C2B-O2B-P2B-O1X
3	A	305	NAP	O4B-C4B-C5B-O5B

There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 4 short contacts:

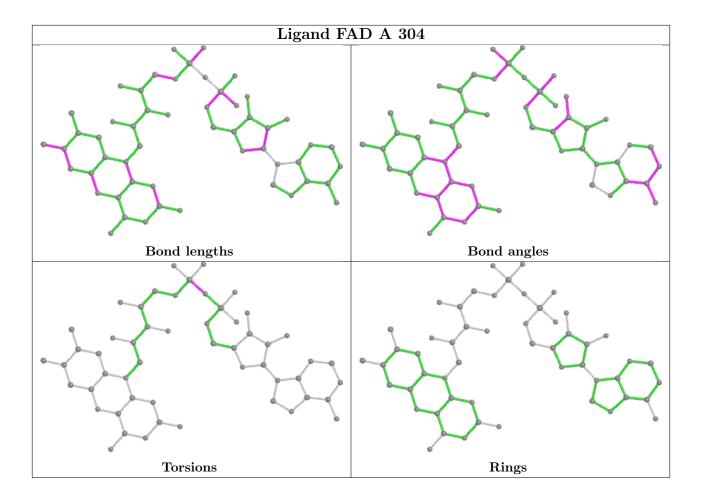
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	A	305	NAP	3	0
2	A	304	FAD	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier.



The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	$\langle { m RSRZ} \rangle$	# RSRZ > 2		$\mathbf{OWAB}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
1	A	295/304 (97%)	0.19	18 (6%) 21	26	17, 32, 52, 73	0

All (18) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	229	PRO	4.5
1	A	107	PRO	3.8
1	A	69	LYS	3.7
1	A	9	ASP	3.3
1	A	70	ASN	3.3
1	A	153	LEU	3.0
1	A	279	ALA	2.8
1	A	108	GLU	2.6
1	A	179	PRO	2.6
1	A	176	ALA	2.5
1	A	228	ASN	2.5
1	A	67	VAL	2.4
1	A	159	ILE	2.3
1	A	276	ALA	2.3
1	A	278	ALA	2.2
1	A	151	ILE	2.1
1	A	152	MET	2.1
1	A	189	LEU	2.0

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.



6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

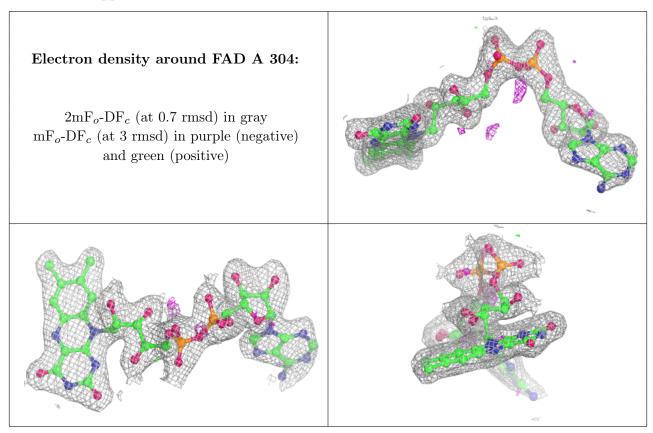
There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands (i)

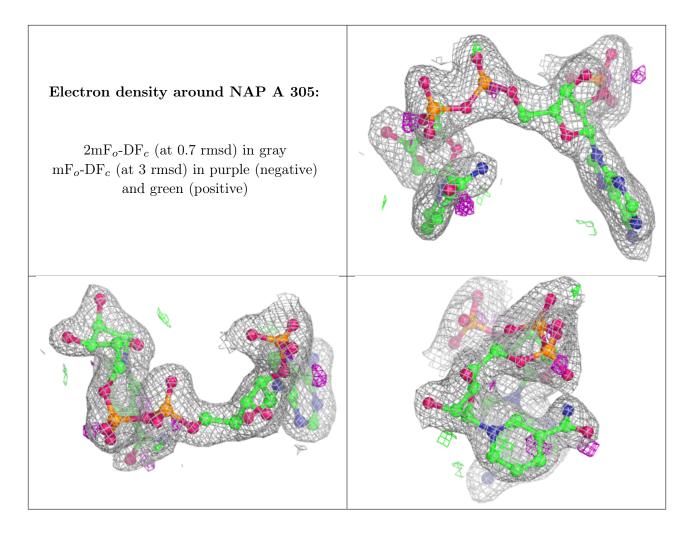
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
2	FAD	A	304	53/53	0.95	0.11	12,20,61,64	0
3	NAP	A	305	48/48	0.95	0.11	24,37,46,48	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.







6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

