



# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Feb 12, 2024 – 12:16 AM EST

PDB ID : 3GBP  
Title : STRUCTURE OF THE PERIPLASMIC GLUCOSE/GALACTOSE RECEPTOR OF SALMONELLA TYPHIMURIUM  
Authors : Mowbray, S.L.  
Deposited on : 1990-01-25  
Resolution : 2.40 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

---

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)  
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13  
EDS : 2.36  
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)  
Refmac : 5.8.0158  
CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

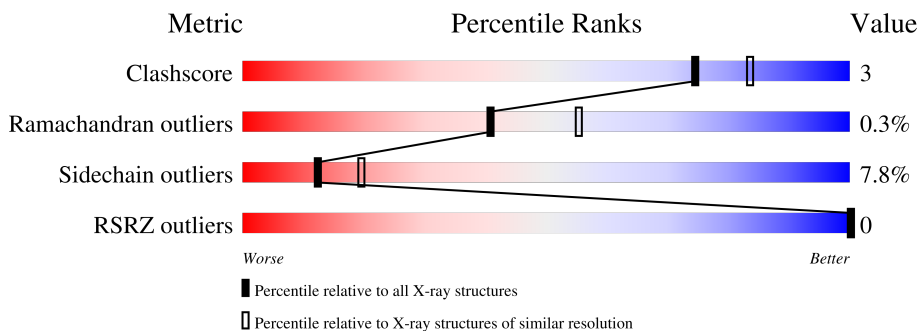
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*X-RAY DIFFRACTION*


The reported resolution of this entry is 2.40 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	141614	4398 (2.40-2.40)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	4318 (2.40-2.40)
Sidechain outliers	138945	4319 (2.40-2.40)
RSRZ outliers	127900	3811 (2.40-2.40)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	307	 80% 16% ...

## 2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3192 atoms, of which 753 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

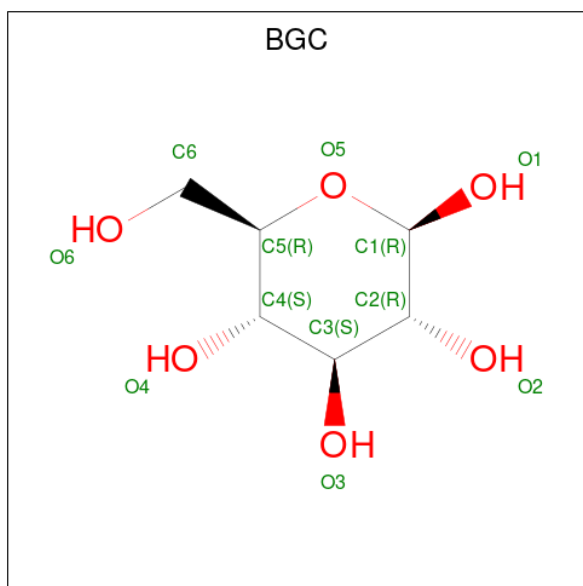
- Molecule 1 is a protein called GALACTOSE-BINDING PROTEIN.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
			Total	C	H	N	O				S
1	A	305	2849	1454	529	399	460	7	0	0	0

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	152	HIS	ALA	conflict	UNP P23905

- Molecule 2 is beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: BGC) (formula: C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>12</sub>O<sub>6</sub>).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	
			Total	C	H			O
2	A	1	24	6	12	6	0	0

- Molecule 3 is CALCIUM ION (three-letter code: CA) (formula: Ca).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total	Ca	0	0
			1	1		


- Molecule 4 is water.

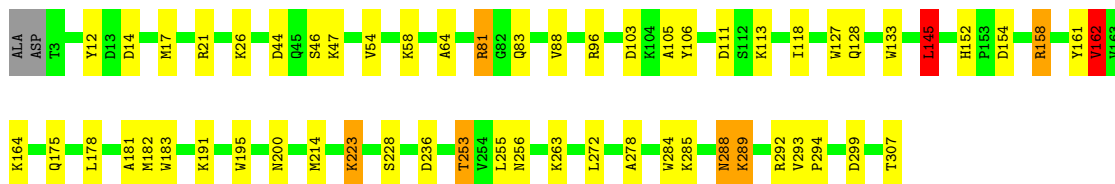
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	106	Total	H	O	0	0
			318	212	106		

### 3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $RSRZ > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: GALACTOSE-BINDING PROTEIN

Chain A:  80% 16% ...



## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 1 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	119.59Å 37.28Å 80.23Å 90.00° 123.37° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	(Not available) – 2.40 67.00 – 2.30	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	(Not available) ((Not available)-2.40) 74.7 (67.00-2.30)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	9.42 (at 2.29Å)	Xtrriage
Refinement program	X-PLOR	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.158 , (Not available) 0.163 , (Not available)	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	No test flags present.	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	16.0	Xtrriage
Anisotropy	0.631	Xtrriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.31 , 56.9	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.50$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.34$	Xtrriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtrriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	3192	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	9.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtrriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 7.78% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

## 5 Model quality i

### 5.1 Standard geometry i

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: BGC, CA

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z  >5	RMSZ	# Z  >5
1	A	0.83	0/2356	1.57	34/3189 (1.1%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (34) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	253	THR	CA-CB-CG2	-10.27	98.02	112.40
1	A	284	TRP	CD1-CG-CD2	9.66	114.03	106.30
1	A	133	TRP	CD1-CG-CD2	9.27	113.72	106.30
1	A	12	TYR	CB-CG-CD2	-8.70	115.78	121.00
1	A	284	TRP	CE2-CD2-CG	-8.11	100.81	107.30
1	A	81	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	-7.35	116.62	120.30
1	A	145	LEU	CA-CB-CG	7.29	132.06	115.30
1	A	292	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	-7.13	116.73	120.30
1	A	128	GLN	CA-CB-CG	7.06	128.93	113.40
1	A	183	TRP	CE2-CD2-CG	-6.98	101.72	107.30
1	A	195	TRP	CD1-CG-CD2	6.97	111.88	106.30
1	A	127	TRP	CE2-CD2-CG	-6.94	101.75	107.30
1	A	133	TRP	CE2-CD2-CG	-6.88	101.80	107.30
1	A	292	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	6.84	123.72	120.30
1	A	158	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	6.80	123.70	120.30
1	A	127	TRP	CD1-CG-CD2	6.74	111.69	106.30

*Continued on next page...*

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	183	TRP	CD1-CG-CD2	6.68	111.64	106.30
1	A	195	TRP	CE2-CD2-CG	-6.57	102.05	107.30
1	A	133	TRP	CG-CD1-NE1	-6.38	103.72	110.10
1	A	183	TRP	CB-CG-CD1	-6.33	118.77	127.00
1	A	223	LYS	CA-CB-CG	6.19	127.03	113.40
1	A	162	VAL	CA-CB-CG1	-6.12	101.72	110.90
1	A	183	TRP	CG-CD2-CE3	5.94	139.25	133.90
1	A	162	VAL	CB-CA-C	-5.85	100.29	111.40
1	A	253	THR	CA-CB-OG1	5.85	121.28	109.00
1	A	284	TRP	CG-CD1-NE1	-5.79	104.31	110.10
1	A	299	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	5.57	123.32	118.30
1	A	256	ASN	N-CA-C	-5.55	96.01	111.00
1	A	195	TRP	CG-CD2-CE3	5.37	138.73	133.90
1	A	162	VAL	CG1-CB-CG2	5.34	119.44	110.90
1	A	106	TYR	CB-CG-CD2	-5.26	117.85	121.00
1	A	182	MET	CA-CB-CG	-5.24	104.39	113.30
1	A	21	ARG	CD-NE-CZ	-5.13	116.42	123.60
1	A	111	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	-5.10	113.71	118.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	161	TYR	Sidechain

## 5.2 Too-close contacts [\(i\)](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2320	529	2314	15	0
2	A	12	12	12	0	0
3	A	1	0	0	0	0
4	A	106	212	0	0	0
All	All	2439	753	2326	15	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 3.



All (15) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:44:ASP:HB3	1:A:47:LYS:HB2	1.68	0.74
1:A:158:ARG:O	1:A:162:VAL:HG22	1.96	0.66
1:A:105:ALA:O	1:A:289:LYS:HE2	1.98	0.63
1:A:175:GLN:NE2	1:A:178:LEU:HD12	2.29	0.46
1:A:145:LEU:HD12	1:A:178:LEU:HG	1.98	0.45
1:A:118:ILE:HG21	1:A:118:ILE:HD13	1.73	0.44
1:A:14:ASP:HB3	1:A:17:MET:HB2	1.99	0.44
1:A:181:ALA:HB3	1:A:214:MET:SD	2.59	0.43
1:A:272:LEU:HD21	1:A:278:ALA:HB2	1.99	0.43
1:A:293:VAL:HA	1:A:294:PRO:HD3	1.89	0.43
1:A:113:LYS:HE2	1:A:113:LYS:HB3	1.90	0.43
1:A:96:ARG:HH22	1:A:288:ASN:HB3	1.84	0.42
1:A:54:VAL:O	1:A:58:LYS:HG3	2.19	0.42
1:A:152:HIS:CE1	1:A:154:ASP:HB2	2.54	0.42
1:A:64:ALA:HA	1:A:88:VAL:O	2.21	0.41

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	303/307 (99%)	299 (99%)	3 (1%)	1 (0%)	41 55

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	236	ASP

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	244/245 (100%)	225 (92%)	19 (8%)	<b>12</b> <b>19</b>

All (19) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	26	LYS
1	A	46	SER
1	A	81	ARG
1	A	83	GLN
1	A	103	ASP
1	A	145	LEU
1	A	162	VAL
1	A	164	LYS
1	A	191	LYS
1	A	200	ASN
1	A	223	LYS
1	A	228	SER
1	A	253	THR
1	A	255	LEU
1	A	263	LYS
1	A	285	LYS
1	A	288	ASN
1	A	289	LYS
1	A	307	THR

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (3) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	175	GLN
1	A	200	ASN
1	A	288	ASN

### 5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 2 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 1 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
2	BGC	A	308	-	12,12,12	0.89	1 (8%)	17,17,17	1.33	4 (23%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	BGC	A	308	-	-	0/2/22/22	0/1/1/1

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	A	308	BGC	O4-C4	-2.27	1.37	1.43

All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed( $^{\circ}$ )	Ideal( $^{\circ}$ )
2	A	308	BGC	C4-C3-C2	-2.45	106.55	110.82
2	A	308	BGC	O4-C4-C3	-2.31	105.01	110.35
2	A	308	BGC	C1-O5-C5	2.13	117.69	113.66
2	A	308	BGC	O2-C2-C1	2.02	113.85	109.16

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	A	305/307 (99%)	-0.93	0 <b>100</b> <b>100</b>	3, 11, 22, 30	0

There are no RSRZ outliers to report.

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
3	CA	A	309	1/1	0.94	0.09	11,11,11,11	0
2	BGC	A	308	12/12	0.96	0.13	0,0,15,18	0

### 6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.