

Full wwPDB EM Validation Report (i)

Aug 22, 2023 – 10:16 PM EDT

PDB ID : 8G04

EMDB ID : EMD-29644

Title : Structure of signaling thrombopoietin-MPL receptor complex

Authors: Tsutsumi, N.; Jude, K.M.; Gati, C.; Garcia, K.C.

Deposited on : 2023-01-31

Resolution : 3.40 Å(reported)

Based on initial model : 1V7N

This is a Full wwPDB EM Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev50

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $MapQ \quad : \quad 1.9.9$

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

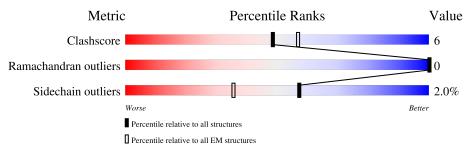
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.35

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $ELECTRON\ MICROSCOPY$

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.40 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	${ m EM\ structures} \ (\#{ m Entries})$
Clashscore	158937	4297
Ramachandran outliers	154571	4023
Sidechain outliers	154315	3826

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion <40%). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length		Quality of cl	nain		
1	A	171	•	78%		11%	12%
2	В	636	52%	9%	:	37%	
2	С	636	7% 50%	11%		38%	



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 7314 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Thrombopoietin.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace	
1	Δ	151	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0
1	11	101	1136	725	202	202	7		

There are 8 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	14	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP P40225
A	15	TYR	-	expression tag	UNP P40225
A	16	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP P40225
A	17	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP P40225
A	18	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP P40225
A	19	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP P40225
A	20	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP P40225
A	21	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P40225

• Molecule 2 is a protein called Thrombopoietin receptor.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			AltConf	Trace		
9	B	398	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0
	Ъ	390	3027	1934	516	561	16	0	0
2	С	395	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0
		390	3001	1921	512	552	16	0	0

There are 52 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
В	636	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP P40238
В	637	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP P40238
В	638	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP P40238
В	639	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P40238
В	640	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP P40238
В	641	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP P40238
В	642	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP P40238



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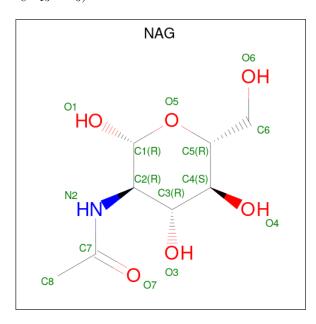
Chain	Residue	Modelled Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
В	643	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP P40238
В	644	GLN	-	expression tag	UNP P40238
В	645	VAL	-	expression tag	UNP P40238
В	646	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP P40238
В	647	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP P40238
В	648	ARG	-	expression tag	UNP P40238
В	649	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP P40238
В	650	ILE	-	expression tag	UNP P40238
В	651	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP P40238
В	652	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P40238
В	653	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP P40238
В	654	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P40238
В	655	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P40238
В	656	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P40238
В	657	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P40238
В	658	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P40238
В	659	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P40238
В	660	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P40238
В	661	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P40238
С	636	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP P40238
С	637	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP P40238
С	638	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP P40238
С	639	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P40238
С	640	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP P40238
С	641	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP P40238
С	642	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP P40238
С	643	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP P40238
С	644	GLN	-	expression tag	UNP P40238
С	645	VAL	-	expression tag	UNP P40238
С	646	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP P40238
С	647	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP P40238
С	648	ARG	-	expression tag	UNP P40238
С	649	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP P40238
С	650	ILE	-	expression tag	UNP P40238
С	651	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP P40238
С	652	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P40238
С	653	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP P40238
С	654	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P40238
С	655	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P40238
С	656	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P40238
С	657	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P40238
С	658	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P40238



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Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
С	659	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P40238
С	660	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P40238
С	661	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P40238

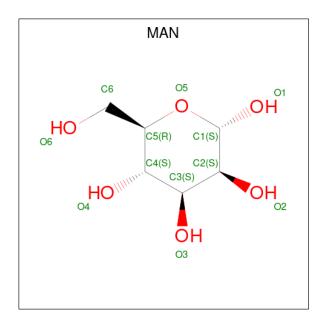
 \bullet Molecule 3 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula: $\rm C_8H_{15}NO_6).$



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf
3	В	1	Total C N O	0
		1	14 8 1 5	Ŭ
3	В	1	Total C N O	0
	D	1	14 8 1 5	0
3	В	1	Total C N O	0
'	Ъ	1	14 8 1 5	
3	C	1	Total C N O	0
3		1	14 8 1 5	0
3	С	1	Total C N O	0
3		1	14 8 1 5	0
3	C	1	Total C N O	0
3		1	14 8 1 5	

 \bullet Molecule 4 is alpha-D-mannopyranose (three-letter code: MAN) (formula: $C_6H_{12}O_6$).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf
4	В	1	Total C O 11 6 5	0
4	В	1	Total C O 11 6 5	0
4	В	1	Total C O 11 6 5	0
4	С	1	Total C O 11 6 5	0
4	С	1	Total C O 11 6 5	0
4	С	1	Total C O 11 6 5	0

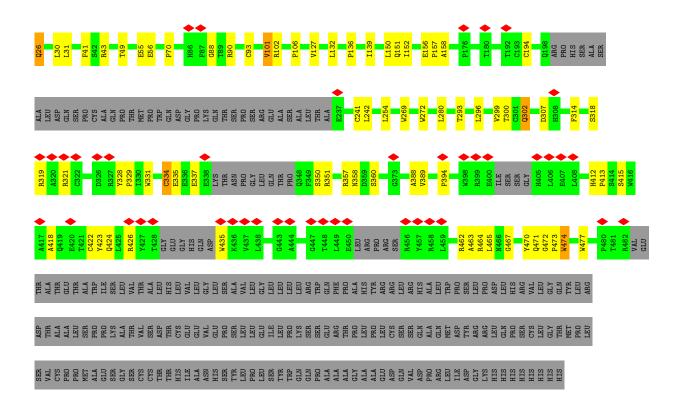


3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Thrombopoietin Chain A: • Molecule 2: Thrombopoietin receptor Chain B: ASPROADED THE COLOR OF THE COLOR OF THE COLOR OF • Molecule 2: Thrombopoietin receptor Chain C: 38%







4 Experimental information (i)

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, C1	Depositor
Number of particles used	329658	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE	Depositor
	CORRECTION	
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose $(e^-/\text{Å}^2)$	50	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	800	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	2000	Depositor
Magnification	46382	Depositor
Image detector	GATAN K3 (6k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	3.752	Depositor
Minimum map value	-1.859	Depositor
Average map value	0.001	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.042	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.45	Depositor
Map size (Å)	323.4, 323.4, 323.4	wwPDB
Map dimensions	300, 300, 300	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	1.078, 1.078, 1.078	Depositor



5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: NAG, PCA, MAN

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Mol Chain		nd lengths	Bond angles		
MIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	A	0.24	0/1158	0.45	0/1574	
2	В	0.37	3/3112 (0.1%)	0.54	3/4263 (0.1%)	
2	С	0.37	3/3088 (0.1%)	0.56	3/4232 (0.1%)	
All	All	0.35	6/7358 (0.1%)	0.54	6/10069 (0.1%)	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a maintain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
2	В	0	1
2	С	0	1
All	All	0	2

All (6) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\mathbf{Observed}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(ext{\AA})$
2	В	474	TRP	CG-CD1	8.15	1.48	1.36
2	В	272	TRP	CG-CD1	8.10	1.48	1.36
2	С	272	TRP	CG-CD1	8.06	1.48	1.36
2	С	474	TRP	CG-CD1	8.01	1.48	1.36
2	В	269	TRP	CG-CD1	7.94	1.47	1.36
2	С	269	TRP	CG-CD1	7.91	1.47	1.36

All (6) bond angle outliers are listed below:

	Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
	2	В	474	TRP	CD1-CG-CD2	-5.85	101.62	106.30
ſ	2	С	474	TRP	CD1-CG-CD2	-5.52	101.88	106.30



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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
2	В	269	TRP	CD1-CG-CD2	-5.51	101.89	106.30
2	С	269	TRP	CD1-CG-CD2	-5.50	101.90	106.30
2	В	272	TRP	CD1-CG-CD2	-5.46	101.94	106.30
2	С	272	TRP	CD1-CG-CD2	-5.45	101.94	106.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
2	В	26	PCA	Mainchain
2	С	26	PCA	Mainchain

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1136	0	1193	10	0
2	В	3027	0	2771	36	0
2	С	3001	0	2731	43	0
3	В	42	0	39	2	0
3	С	42	0	39	0	0
4	В	33	0	30	0	0
4	С	33	0	30	0	0
All	All	7314	0	6833	88	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 6.

All (88) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Clash} \\ \text{overlap } (\text{\AA}) \end{array}$
2:C:334:CYS:SG	2:C:335:GLU:N	2.64	0.70
2:C:462:ARG:HG3	2:C:477:TRP:HA	1.76	0.67
2:C:302:GLN:NE2	2:C:350:SER:O	2.28	0.66
2:B:26:PCA:HG3	2:B:92:VAL:HG11	1.78	0.66



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Continued from previous		Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	${\rm distance}(\mathring{\rm A})$	overlap (Å)
2:B:359:ASP:HB3	3:B:1003:NAG:H82	1.81	0.61
1:A:136:GLN:HE21	1:A:139:THR:HG21	1.66	0.60
2:B:296:LEU:HD12	2:B:385:ILE:HG12	1.84	0.60
2:C:412:HIS:ND1	2:C:423:TYR:OH	2.23	0.59
2:B:319:ARG:HE	2:B:360:SER:HB2	1.68	0.59
2:C:194:CYS:HA	2:C:241:CYS:HA	1.87	0.57
2:C:357:ARG:HG2	2:C:358:ASN:H	1.69	0.56
2:C:30:LEU:HD21	2:C:43:ARG:HH21	1.70	0.56
2:C:70:PRO:HG3	2:C:106:PRO:HG2	1.89	0.55
1:A:80:LYS:O	1:A:84:ILE:HG12	2.07	0.55
2:B:68:ALA:HB2	2:B:74:PRO:HA	1.87	0.55
2:C:426:ARG:NH1	2:C:435:TRP:O	2.40	0.54
2:B:318:SER:O	2:B:360:SER:OG	2.24	0.54
2:C:194:CYS:SG	2:C:242:LEU:N	2.76	0.53
1:A:170:THR:HG23	1:A:171:LEU:HD22	1.90	0.53
2:B:410:TRP:NE1	2:B:444:ALA:O	2.41	0.53
2:B:302:GLN:HA	2:B:351:ARG:HA	1.91	0.52
2:C:357:ARG:NH1	2:C:358:ASN:O	2.43	0.52
2:B:299:VAL:HG23	2:B:356:SER:HB3	1.92	0.51
2:B:139:ILE:HD12	2:B:256:LEU:HD12	1.92	0.50
2:C:101:VAL:HG23	2:C:127:VAL:HG11	1.94	0.50
2:B:462:ARG:HD3	2:B:477:TRP:CE2	2.47	0.50
2:C:424:GLN:HE21	2:C:462:ARG:HB2	1.76	0.49
1:A:44:HIS:NE2	1:A:146:ASN:OD1	2.45	0.49
2:B:334:CYS:SG	2:B:353:HIS:N	2.85	0.49
2:B:293:THR:HG21	2:B:385:ILE:HG13	1.95	0.49
1:A:84:ILE:HD11	1:A:159:LYS:HB3	1.95	0.48
2:B:152:ILE:HD13	2:B:254:LEU:HD21	1.95	0.48
2:C:389:VAL:HB	2:C:465:LEU:HD13	1.95	0.48
2:B:399:ARG:O	2:B:407:GLU:N	2.39	0.48
2:B:465:LEU:HD21	2:B:470:TYR:HB3	1.95	0.48
2:C:318:SER:O	2:C:360:SER:OG	2.31	0.47
2:C:388:ALA:HA	2:C:473:PRO:HD3	1.95	0.47
2:C:394:PRO:HB3	2:C:413:PRO:HD3	1.96	0.47
2:C:293:THR:HB	2:C:299:VAL:HG22	1.96	0.47
2:C:464:ARG:HB2	2:C:474:TRP:CE3	2.49	0.46
2:B:301:CYS:O	2:B:352:CYS:N	2.48	0.46
2:C:296:LEU:HD21	2:C:470:TYR:HE2	1.81	0.46
2:C:422:CYS:SG	2:C:464:ARG:NH1	2.89	0.46
2:B:471:GLN:OE1	2:B:471:GLN:N	2.50	0.45
2:B:319:ARG:NH2	2:B:358:ASN:O	2.45	0.45



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Continued from prev		Interatomic	Clash	
Atom-1	Atom-2	${\rm distance}(\mathring{\rm A})$	overlap (Å)	
2:C:415:SER:HA	2:C:418:ALA:HB2	1.98	0.45	
2:C:55:GLU:HA	2:C:88:GLY:HA3	1.99	0.45	
2:C:465:LEU:O	2:C:472:GLY:N	2.50	0.45	
2:B:67:TYR:OH	2:B:75:ARG:NE	2.46	0.44	
2:C:314:PHE:HB3	2:C:331:TRP:HB3	1.99	0.44	
1:A:119:ARG:HD2	2:C:102:ARG:HD3	1.99	0.44	
2:C:30:LEU:HD13	2:C:41:PHE:CZ	2.52	0.44	
2:B:423:TYR:HB3	2:B:461:LEU:HD11	1.99	0.44	
2:C:132:LEU:HD23	2:C:132:LEU:HA	1.81	0.44	
2:B:458:ARG:HB3	2:B:480:PRO:HB2	1.98	0.44	
2:C:31:LEU:HD21	2:C:90:ARG:HH22	1.83	0.44	
2:C:136:PRO:HB2	2:C:139:ILE:HD11	1.99	0.44	
1:A:133:LEU:H	1:A:133:LEU:HD23	1.82	0.43	
2:B:171:TYR:HB3	2:B:254:LEU:HD12	2.00	0.43	
2:C:56:GLU:OE1	2:C:56:GLU:N	2.46	0.43	
2:B:145:SER:HB2	2:B:363:HIS:CD2	2.53	0.43	
2:C:462:ARG:HG2	2:C:463:ALA:H	1.83	0.43	
2:B:105:PHE:CD1	2:B:106:PRO:HD2	2.54	0.43	
2:B:135:PRO:HB2	2:B:273:SER:HB3	2.00	0.43	
2:B:169:LEU:HB3	2:B:185:ILE:HG23	2.01	0.43	
2:B:296:LEU:HD21	3:B:1003:NAG:H2	2.01	0.43	
2:C:150:LEU:HD12	2:C:280:LEU:HD21	2.02	0.42	
2:C:328:TYR:HB3	2:C:329:PRO:HD3	2.02	0.42	
2:B:465:LEU:HG	2:B:471:GLN:HA	2.02	0.42	
2:C:467:GLY:O	2:C:471:GLN:NE2	2.53	0.42	
2:B:287:LEU:H	2:B:287:LEU:HD23	1.85	0.41	
1:A:105:THR:OG1	1:A:106:CYS:N	2.53	0.41	
2:B:366:VAL:HG13	2:B:378:TYR:HB2	2.01	0.41	
2:C:151:GLN:NE2	2:C:151:GLN:O	2.54	0.41	
2:C:152:ILE:HD13	2:C:254:LEU:HD11	2.02	0.41	
2:B:170:ARG:HD2	2:B:255:GLN:HE21	1.86	0.41	
2:C:337:GLU:O	2:C:351:ARG:NE	2.54	0.41	
1:A:27:ALA:HB2	1:A:124:ALA:O	2.21	0.41	
2:C:464:ARG:HB2	2:C:474:TRP:CZ3	2.56	0.41	
2:B:53:ASP:OD1	2:B:53:ASP:N	2.47	0.41	
2:B:247:GLN:HB3	2:B:250:ASN:OD1	2.20	0.41	
2:B:257:ARG:HD2	2:B:272:TRP:CH2	2.56	0.41	
2:C:319:ARG:HG3	2:C:321:ARG:H	1.85	0.41	
1:A:102:LEU:HD11	1:A:111:LEU:HD22	2.03	0.41	
2:C:136:PRO:HA	2:C:157:PRO:HD3	2.03	0.40	
2:C:156:GLU:HG3	2:C:158:ALA:H	1.87	0.40	



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Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Interatomic} \\ \text{distance (Å)} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Clash} \\ \text{overlap } (\text{\AA}) \end{array}$
2:C:307:ASP:OD1	2:C:307:ASP:N	2.51	0.40
2:B:314:PHE:HB3	2:B:331:TRP:HB3	2.03	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	entiles
1	A	149/171~(87%)	147 (99%)	2 (1%)	0	100	100
2	В	386/636 (61%)	374 (97%)	12 (3%)	0	100	100
2	С	383/636 (60%)	368 (96%)	15 (4%)	0	100	100
All	All	918/1443 (64%)	889 (97%)	29 (3%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percei	ntiles
1	A	128/145 (88%)	127 (99%)	1 (1%)	81	91
2	В	311/554 (56%)	303 (97%)	8 (3%)	46	72
2	С	306/554~(55%)	300 (98%)	6 (2%)	55	77
All	All	745/1253 (60%)	730 (98%)	15 (2%)	57	77



All (15) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	173	VAL
2	В	39	LYS
2	В	49	THR
2	В	93	CYS
2	В	105	PHE
2	В	254	LEU
2	В	318	SER
2	В	352	CYS
2	В	393	THR
2	С	49	THR
2	С	93	CYS
2	С	101	VAL
2	С	300	THR
2	С	302	GLN
2	С	334	CYS

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (8) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	136	GLN
2	В	302	GLN
2	В	304	GLN
2	С	64	GLN
2	С	151	GLN
2	С	302	GLN
2	С	306	GLN
2	С	424	GLN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

2 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond



length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Т	Chain	Dag	Bond lengths				В	ond ang	gles
IVIOI	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
2	PCA	В	26	2	7,8,9	1.81	1 (14%)	9,10,12	2.20	5 (55%)
2	PCA	С	26	2	7,8,9	1.79	1 (14%)	9,10,12	2.21	5 (55%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	PCA	В	26	2	-	0/0/11/13	0/1/1/1
2	PCA	С	26	2	-	0/0/11/13	0/1/1/1

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$Ideal(\AA)$
2	В	26	PCA	CD-N	4.66	1.46	1.34
2	С	26	PCA	CD-N	4.63	1.46	1.34

All (10) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$\mathbf{Ideal}(^{o})$
2	С	26	PCA	OE-CD-CG	-3.15	121.27	126.76
2	В	26	PCA	CA-N-CD	-3.11	102.92	113.58
2	В	26	PCA	OE-CD-CG	-3.07	121.41	126.76
2	С	26	PCA	CA-N-CD	-2.99	103.33	113.58
2	В	26	PCA	CB-CA-N	2.71	111.08	103.30
2	С	26	PCA	CB-CA-C	-2.64	109.06	112.70
2	С	26	PCA	CB-CA-N	2.64	110.87	103.30
2	В	26	PCA	CB-CA-C	-2.52	109.24	112.70
2	С	26	PCA	CG-CD-N	2.47	114.80	108.39
2	В	26	PCA	CG-CD-N	2.39	114.57	108.39

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	В	26	PCA	1	0

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

12 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Trino	Chain	Res	Link	Во	ond leng	ths	Bond angles			
Mol	Type	Chain	nes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	$\mid \# Z > 2$	
3	NAG	С	1001	2	14,14,15	0.24	0	17,19,21	0.46	0	
4	MAN	В	1004	2	11,11,12	0.30	0	15,15,17	1.42	2 (13%)	
4	MAN	В	1006	2	11,11,12	0.28	0	15,15,17	1.51	3 (20%)	
4	MAN	С	1006	2	11,11,12	0.26	0	15,15,17	1.40	2 (13%)	
4	MAN	С	1004	2	11,11,12	0.30	0	15,15,17	1.42	2 (13%)	
4	MAN	С	1005	2	11,11,12	0.28	0	15,15,17	1.41	2 (13%)	
3	NAG	С	1003	2	14,14,15	0.27	0	17,19,21	0.46	0	
4	MAN	В	1005	2	11,11,12	0.24	0	15,15,17	1.31	3 (20%)	
3	NAG	С	1002	2	14,14,15	0.25	0	17,19,21	0.44	0	
3	NAG	В	1001	2	14,14,15	0.27	0	17,19,21	0.45	0	
3	NAG	В	1002	2	14,14,15	0.31	0	17,19,21	0.55	0	
3	NAG	В	1003	2	14,14,15	0.22	0	17,19,21	0.47	0	

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	NAG	С	1001	2	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	MAN	В	1004	2	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1



Continued from previous page...

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	MAN	В	1006	2	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
4	MAN	С	1006	2	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
4	MAN	С	1004	2	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
4	MAN	С	1005	2	ı	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	С	1003	2	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	MAN	В	1005	2	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	С	1002	2	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	В	1001	2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	В	1002	2	-	3/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	В	1003	2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (14) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
4	В	1006	MAN	O5-C1-C2	3.50	116.17	110.77
4	С	1006	MAN	O5-C1-C2	3.49	116.16	110.77
4	С	1005	MAN	O5-C1-C2	3.27	115.82	110.77
4	С	1004	MAN	C1-C2-C3	3.26	113.68	109.67
4	С	1004	MAN	O5-C1-C2	3.17	115.66	110.77
4	В	1004	MAN	C1-C2-C3	3.14	113.52	109.67
4	В	1004	MAN	O5-C1-C2	3.02	115.42	110.77
4	В	1005	MAN	O5-C1-C2	2.86	115.18	110.77
4	С	1005	MAN	C1-C2-C3	2.84	113.16	109.67
4	В	1006	MAN	C1-C2-C3	2.84	113.16	109.67
4	С	1006	MAN	C1-C2-C3	2.63	112.90	109.67
4	В	1005	MAN	C1-C2-C3	2.43	112.65	109.67
4	В	1006	MAN	C1-O5-C5	2.30	115.31	112.19
4	В	1005	MAN	C1-O5-C5	2.05	114.98	112.19

There are no chirality outliers.

All (8) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	С	1003	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	В	1002	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	В	1002	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
3	С	1003	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
3	С	1001	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
3	С	1002	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	С	1001	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6



Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	В	1002	NAG	C3-C2-N2-C7

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 2 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	В	1003	NAG	2	0

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Map visualisation (i)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-29644. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

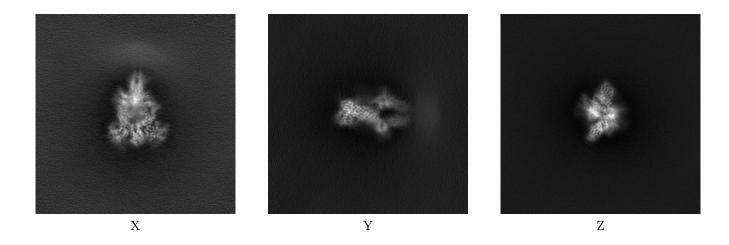
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

6.1 Orthogonal projections (i)

6.1.1 Primary map



6.1.2 Raw map



The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

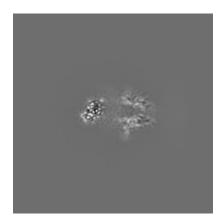


6.2 Central slices (i)

6.2.1 Primary map





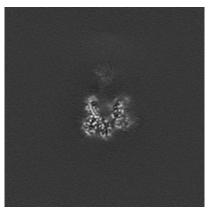


Y Index: 150

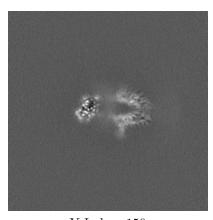


Z Index: 150

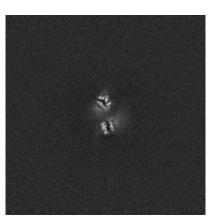
6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 150



Y Index: 150



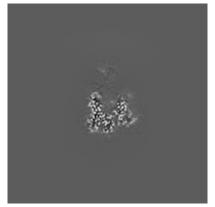
Z Index: 150

The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.



6.3 Largest variance slices (i)

6.3.1 Primary map





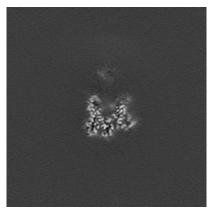


Y Index: 134

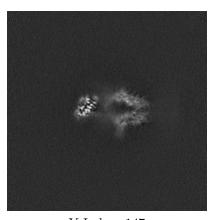


Z Index: 125

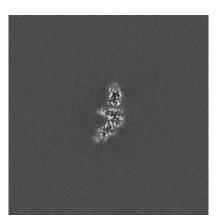
6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 151



Y Index: 147



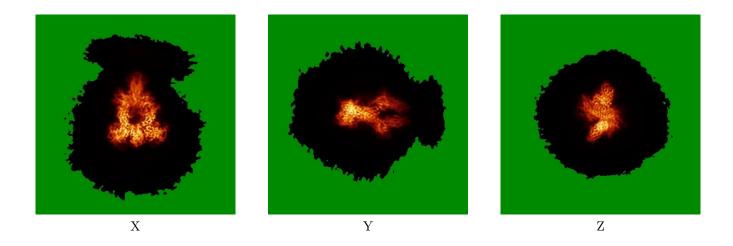
Z Index: 122

The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

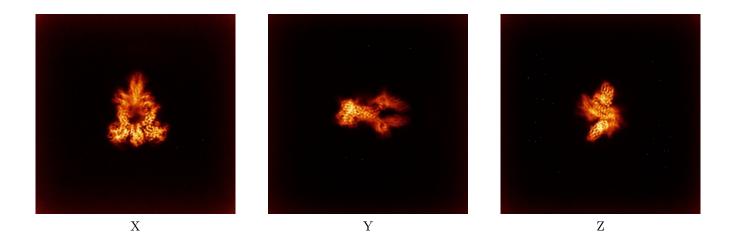


6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) (i)

6.4.1 Primary map



6.4.2 Raw map

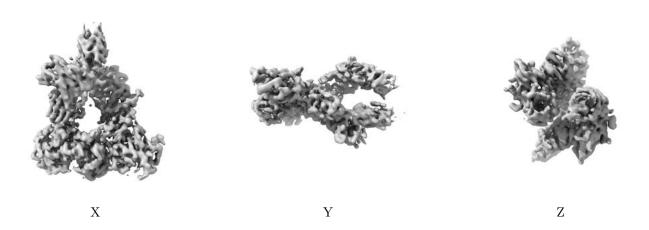


The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.



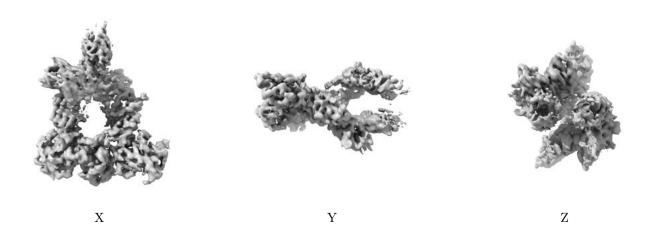
6.5 Orthogonal surface views (i)

6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.45. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

6.5.2 Raw map



These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.



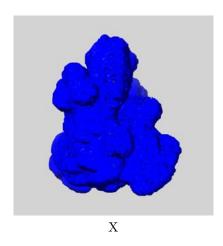
6.6 Mask visualisation (i)

This section shows the 3D surface view of the primary map at 50% transparency overlaid with the specified mask at 0% transparency

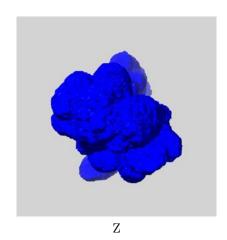
A mask typically either:

- Encompasses the whole structure
- Separates out a domain, a functional unit, a monomer or an area of interest from a larger structure

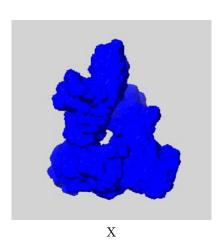
$6.6.1 \quad \mathrm{emd}_29644_\mathrm{msk}_1.\mathrm{map} \ \ \mathbf{\mathring{1}}$

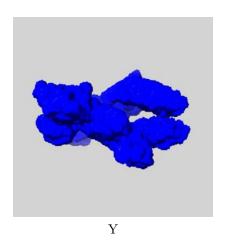


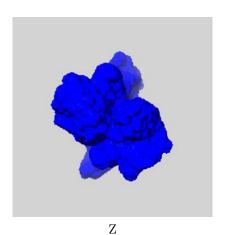




 $6.6.2 \quad \mathrm{emd} \, \underline{\hspace{0.1cm}} 29644 \underline{\hspace{0.1cm}} \mathrm{msk} \, \underline{\hspace{0.1cm}} 2.\mathrm{map} \, \, \underline{\hspace{0.1cm}} \underline{\hspace{0.1$



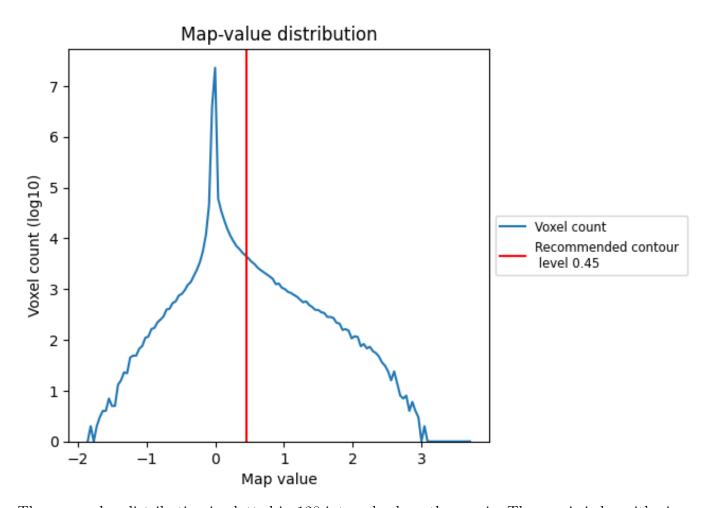




7 Map analysis (i)

This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

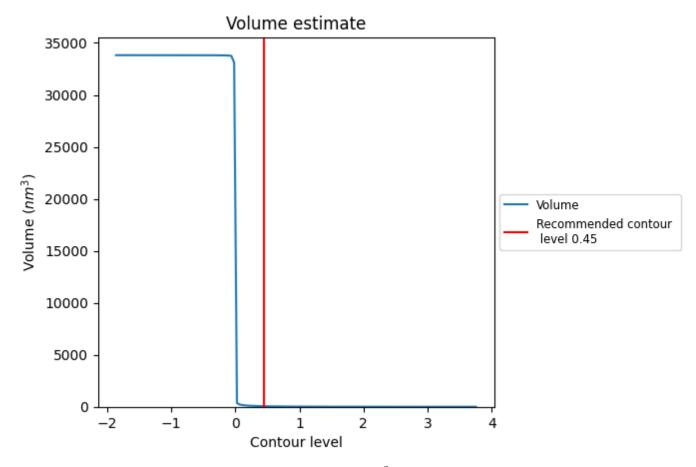
7.1 Map-value distribution (i)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.



7.2 Volume estimate (i)

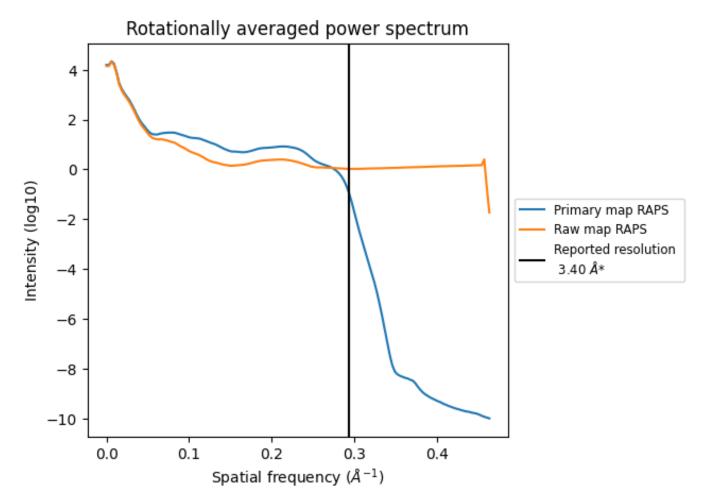


The volume at the recommended contour level is 52 nm^3 ; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 47 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.



7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum (i)



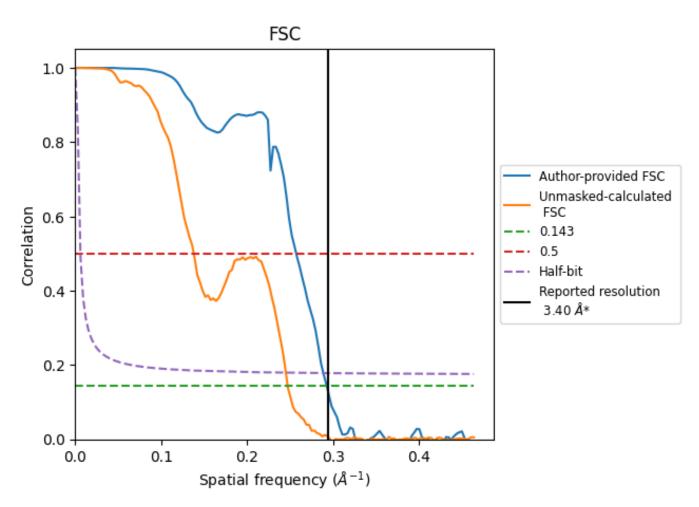
^{*}Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.294 $\rm \mathring{A}^{-1}$



8 Fourier-Shell correlation (i)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC (i)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.294 $\rm \mathring{A}^{-1}$



8.2 Resolution estimates (i)

Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
rtesolution estimate (A)	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	3.40	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	3.42	3.89	3.46
Unmasked-calculated*	4.05	7.25	4.08

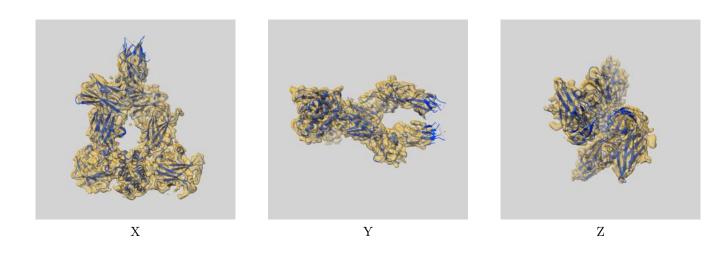
^{*}Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps. The value from deposited half-maps intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 4.05 differs from the reported value 3.4 by more than 10 %



9 Map-model fit (i)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-29644 and PDB model 8G04. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 7.

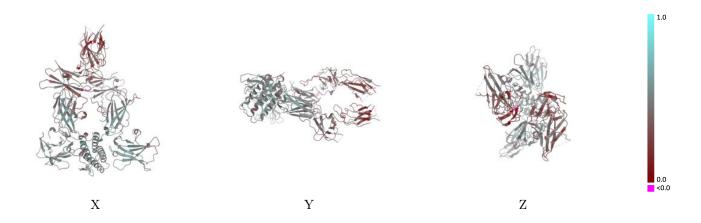
9.1 Map-model overlay (i)



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.45 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

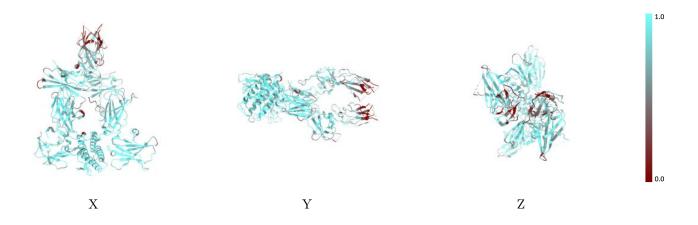


9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model (i)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

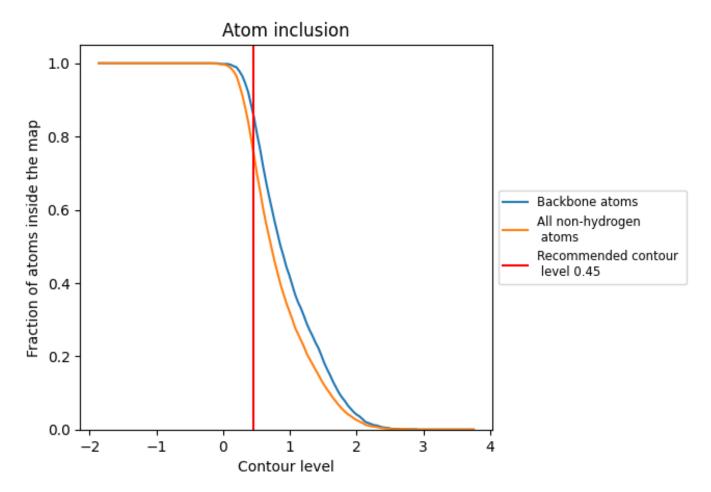
9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model (i)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.45).



9.4 Atom inclusion (i)



At the recommended contour level, 86% of all backbone atoms, 76% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.



9.5 Map-model fit summary (i)

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.45) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.7620	0.4400
A	0.8690	0.5080
В	0.7380	0.4230
С	0.7470	0.4310



