

Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

Oct 23, 2021 – 04:09 PM EDT

PDB ID : 1FZK

Title : MHC CLASS I NATURAL MUTANT H-2KBM1 HEAVY CHAIN COM-

PLEXED WITH BETA-2 MICROGLOBULIN AND SENDAI VIRUS NU-

CLEOPROTEIN

Authors: Rudolph, M.G.; Speir, J.A.; Brunmark, A.; Mattsson, N.; Jackson, M.R.;

Peterson, P.A.; Teyton, L.; Wilson, I.A.

Deposited on : 2000-10-03

Resolution : 1.70 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul: 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13 EDS : 2.23.2

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac : 5.8.0158

 $\begin{tabular}{lll} CCP4 & : & 7.0.044 & (Gargrove) \end{tabular}$

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

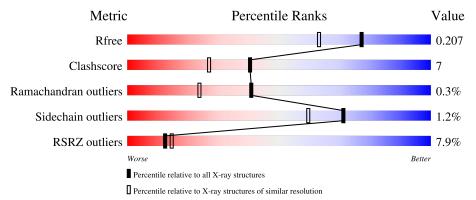
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.23.2

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.70 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar \ resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries, \ resolution \ range(\AA)}) \end{array}$
R_{free}	130704	4298 (1.70-1.70)
Clashscore	141614	4695 (1.70-1.70)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	4610 (1.70-1.70)
Sidechain outliers	138945	4610 (1.70-1.70)
RSRZ outliers	127900	4222 (1.70-1.70)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
1	A	274	8%	11%
2	В	99	88%	11% •
3	Р	9	67%	33%
4	С	3	100%	

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard



residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
4	NAG	С	2	-	-	-	X



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 9 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3677 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called H-2 CLASS I HISTOCOMPATIBILITY ANTIGEN, K-B ALPHA CHAIN.

Mo	l Chain	Residues		At	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	274	Total 2282	C 1440	N 399	O 433	S 10	0	6	0

There are 4 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	121	CSO	CYS	modified residue	UNP P01901
A	152	ALA	GLU	engineered mutation	UNP P01901
A	155	TYR	ARG	engineered mutation	UNP P01901
A	156	TYR	LEU	engineered mutation	UNP P01901

• Molecule 2 is a protein called PROTEIN (BETA-2-MICROGLOBULIN).

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	В	99	Total 835	C 532	N 140	O 155	S 8	0	2	0

• Molecule 3 is a protein called PROTEIN (NUCLEOCAPSID PROTEIN).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	Р	9	Total 68	C 46	N 10	O 12	0	0	0

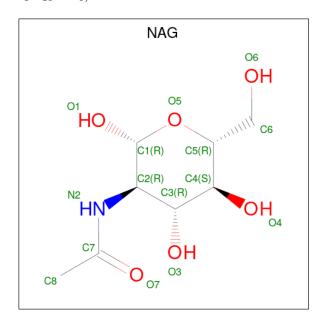
• Molecule 4 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[be ta-L-fucopyranose-(1-6)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.





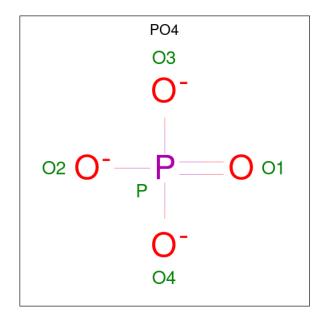
Mol	Chain	Residues	A	Aton	ns		ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
4	С	3	Total 38	C 22	N 2	O 14	0	0	0

 \bullet Molecule 5 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula: $\rm C_8H_{15}NO_6).$



Mo	ol	Chain	Residues	A	Atoms				AltConf
5		Λ	1	Total	С	N	О	0	0
		Λ	1	14	8	1	5	0	0

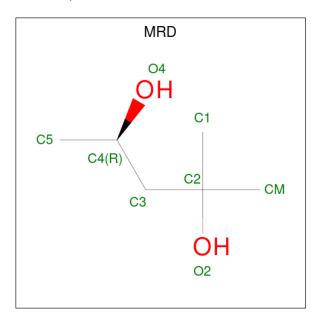
• Molecule 6 is PHOSPHATE ION (three-letter code: PO4) (formula: O_4P).





\mathbf{Mol}	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	1	Total O P 5 4 1	0	0
6	A	1	Total O P 5 4 1	0	0

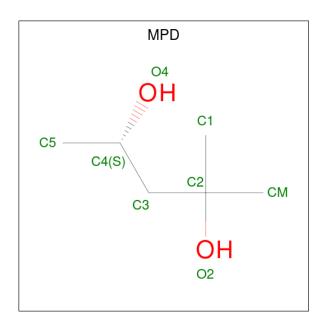
• Molecule 7 is (4R)-2-METHYLPENTANE-2,4-DIOL (three-letter code: MRD) (formula: $C_6H_{14}O_2$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	1	Total 8	C 6	O 2	0	0

• Molecule 8 is (4S)-2-METHYL-2,4-PENTANEDIOL (three-letter code: MPD) (formula: $C_6H_{14}O_2$).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
8	A	1	Total C O 8 6 2	0	0
8	A	1	Total C O 8 6 2	0	0

• Molecule 9 is water.

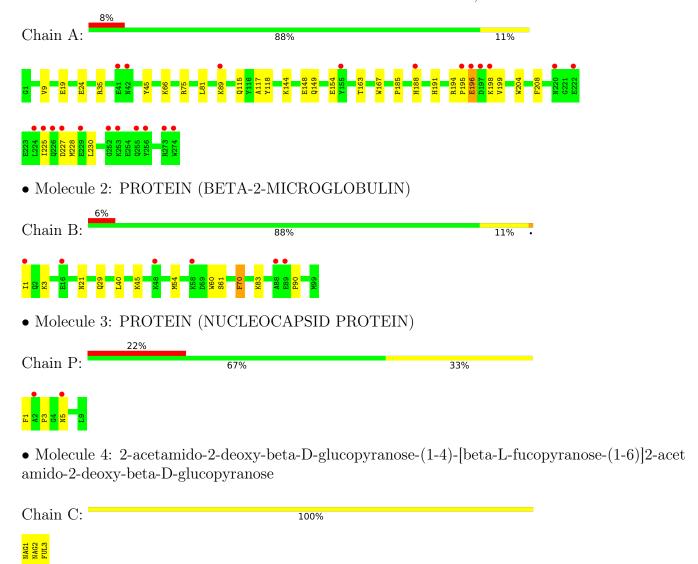
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
9	A	292	Total O 292 292	0	0
9	В	110	Total O 110 110	0	0
9	Р	4	Total O 4 4	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: H-2 CLASS I HISTOCOMPATIBILITY ANTIGEN, K-B ALPHA CHAIN





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 2	Depositor
Cell constants	136.75Å 87.92Å 45.99Å	Donositor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	23.30 - 1.70	Depositor
rtesolution (A)	23.28 - 1.70	EDS
% Data completeness	96.2 (23.30-1.70)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	96.3 (23.28-1.70)	EDS
R_{merge}	0.04	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	2.60 (at 1.70Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	CNS	Depositor
D D.	0.204 , 0.213	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.198 , 0.207	DCC
R_{free} test set	4708 reflections (7.64%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	20.0	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.161	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.40, 52.9	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$ < L >=0.48, < L^2>=0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	3677	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	24.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 5.49% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $<L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: MRD, MPD, CSO, FUL, NAG, PO4

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
10101	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5
1	A	0.35	0/2338	0.61	0/3172
2	В	0.36	0/861	0.65	0/1166
3	Р	0.46	0/71	0.68	0/96
All	All	0.36	0/3270	0.62	0/4434

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2282	0	2152	30	0
2	В	835	0	808	11	0
3	Р	68	0	64	6	0
4	С	38	0	34	3	0
5	A	14	0	13	0	0
6	A	10	0	0	0	0
7	A	8	0	14	1	0
8	A	16	0	28	3	0
9	A	292	0	0	8	1
9	В	110	0	0	0	0

Continued on next page...



Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
9	Р	4	0	0	0	0
All	All	3677	0	3113	46	1

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 7.

All (46) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1 1:A:225:ILE:HA	Atom-2	distance (Å)	1 (8)
1 · A · 225 · IL E · H A		ansumice (A)	overlap (Å)
1.71.220.11111	1:A:228:MET:HE3	1.53	0.89
1:A:35:ARG:NE	9:A:1066:HOH:O	2.06	0.87
1:A:188[A]:HIS:NE2	8:A:703:MPD:H53	1.91	0.86
2:B:1:ILE:HG21	2:B:3:LYS:NZ	1.98	0.79
1:A:196:GLU:HB2	1:A:198:LYS:NZ	2.02	0.73
2:B:1:ILE:HG21	2:B:3:LYS:HZ1	1.54	0.71
1:A:196:GLU:HB2	1:A:198:LYS:HZ2	1.57	0.69
1:A:144:LYS:O	1:A:148:GLU:HG3	1.96	0.65
2:B:83:LYS:HE2	2:B:90:PRO:CG	2.32	0.59
1:A:195:PRO:O	1:A:198:LYS:NZ	2.35	0.58
1:A:117:ALA:HB2	2:B:60:TRP:CE2	2.40	0.56
4:C:2:NAG:H83	4:C:3:FUL:C1	2.36	0.54
9:A:947:HOH:O	4:C:3:FUL:H4	2.07	0.53
1:A:188[A]:HIS:CE1	8:A:703:MPD:H53	2.43	0.52
2:B:83:LYS:HE2	2:B:90:PRO:HG2	1.92	0.52
3:P:5:ASN:O	3:P:5:ASN:OD1	2.28	0.52
7:A:701:MRD:O4	7:A:701:MRD:O2	2.28	0.51
1:A:163:THR:HG21	3:P:1:PHE:CD2	2.48	0.49
1:A:188[A]:HIS:CD2	8:A:703:MPD:H53	2.48	0.48
1:A:191:HIS:NE2	1:A:199:VAL:HG11	2.28	0.48
1:A:195:PRO:O	1:A:196:GLU:HB2	2.14	0.48
1:A:185:PRO:HG3	1:A:208:PHE:HB3	1.96	0.48
2:B:83:LYS:HG2	2:B:90:PRO:HG3	1.95	0.48
1:A:163:THR:CG2	3:P:1:PHE:CD2	2.98	0.47
2:B:1:ILE:HG21	2:B:3:LYS:HZ2	1.75	0.47
2:B:40:LEU:HD23	2:B:45:LYS:HA	1.97	0.46
9:A:1050:HOH:O	4:C:1:NAG:H82	2.16	0.45
1:A:19:GLU:OE1	1:A:75:ARG:NE	2.50	0.45
1:A:225:ILE:HA	1:A:228:MET:CE	2.34	0.45
1:A:35:ARG:CZ	9:A:1066:HOH:O	2.55	0.44
1:A:149:GLN:HG2	9:A:992:HOH:O	2.16	0.44
1:A:185:PRO:HG3	1:A:208:PHE:CB	2.48	0.44

Continued on next page...



$\alpha \cdots$, r	•	
Continued	trom	mromonie	maaa
-	110116	DICULUUS	Duuc
	J	1	1

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	${f distance}({ m \AA})$	$oxed{ ext{overlap } (ext{Å}) }$
1:A:195:PRO:O	1:A:196:GLU:CB	2.65	0.44
1:A:9:VAL:HG22	1:A:24:GLU:HG2	1.99	0.44
1:A:230:LEU:HD12	1:A:230:LEU:C	2.38	0.43
1:A:194:ARG:HB2	1:A:195:PRO:CD	2.48	0.43
2:B:29:GLN:HA	2:B:61[B]:SER:HB3	1.99	0.43
3:P:5:ASN:O	3:P:5:ASN:CG	2.57	0.43
1:A:188[A]:HIS:CE1	1:A:204:TRP:HB2	2.54	0.43
1:A:115:GLN:NE2	9:A:924:HOH:O	2.52	0.42
2:B:21:ASN:HB3	2:B:70:PHE:CE1	2.55	0.42
1:A:66[B]:LYS:HD3	3:P:3:PRO:O	2.19	0.41
1:A:167:TRP:CG	3:P:1:PHE:HB2	2.55	0.41
1:A:154:GLU:HG3	9:A:848:HOH:O	2.20	0.41
9:A:866:HOH:O	2:B:54[A]:MET:HE2	2.20	0.41
1:A:81:LEU:HD23	1:A:118:TYR:CD1	2.56	0.41

All (1) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Interatomic} \\ \text{distance (Å)} \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
9:A:918:HOH:O	9:A:929:HOH:O[2_665]	2.16	0.04

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	A	277/274 (101%)	270 (98%)	6 (2%)	1 (0%)	34	18
2	В	99/99 (100%)	98 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100	100
3	Р	7/9 (78%)	7 (100%)	0	0	100	100
All	All	383/382 (100%)	375 (98%)	7 (2%)	1 (0%)	41	24

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	196	GLU

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	$236/230\ (103\%)$	233 (99%)	3 (1%)	69 56
2	В	96/94 (102%)	95 (99%)	1 (1%)	76 67
3	Р	6/6 (100%)	6 (100%)	0	100 100
All	All	338/330 (102%)	334 (99%)	4 (1%)	71 59

All (4) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	45	TYR
1	A	89	LYS
1	A	227	ASP
2	В	70	PHE

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (5) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	42	ASN
1	A	87	GLN
1	A	115	GLN
1	A	174	ASN
1	A	218	GLN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.



5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

1 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residue is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	B	Bond lengths			ond ang	gles
IVIOI	туре	Chain	rtes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
1	CSO	A	121	1	3,6,7	0.55	0	0,6,8	-	-

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	CSO	A	121	1	-	0/1/5/7	-

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

3 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bo	nd leng	$ ag{ths}$	В	ond ang	les
MIOI	туре	Chain	nes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
4	NAG	С	1	1,4	14,14,15	0.63	0	17,19,21	0.71	0
4	NAG	С	2	4	14,14,15	0.52	0	17,19,21	0.66	0
4	FUL	С	3	4	10,10,11	0.76	0	14,14,16	0.97	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	NAG	С	1	1,4	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	С	2	4	-	3/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	FUL	С	3	4	-	-	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (5) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	С	1	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
4	С	1	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
4	С	2	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
4	С	2	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
4	С	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6

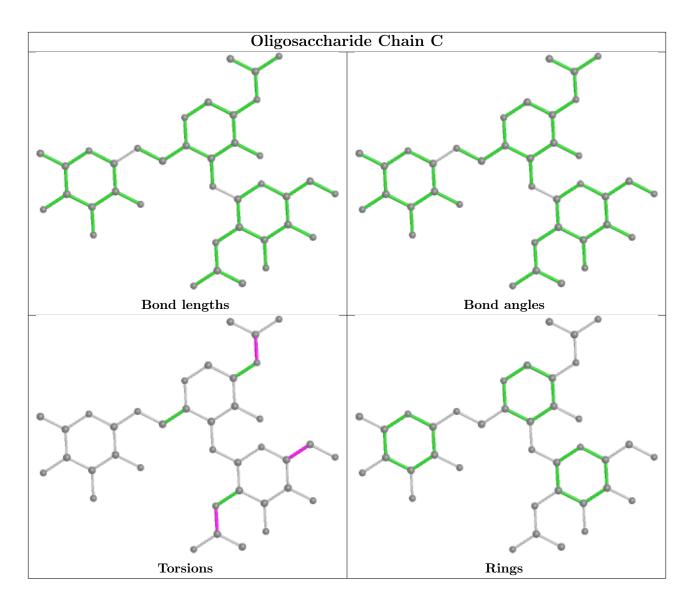
There are no ring outliers.

3 monomers are involved in 3 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	С	3	FUL	2	0
4	С	1	NAG	1	0
4	С	2	NAG	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.





5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

6 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Trmo	pe Chain Res Link		Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
6	PO4	A	802	-	4,4,4	1.71	1 (25%)	6,6,6	0.41	0
7	MRD	A	701	-	7,7,7	1.09	0	9,10,10	0.55	0
6	PO4	A	801	-	4,4,4	1.65	0	6,6,6	0.44	0



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Res	Res	Link	Во	ond leng	ths	В	ond ang	les
MIOI	туре	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2		
5	NAG	A	500	1	14,14,15	0.48	0	17,19,21	0.85	1 (5%)		
8	MPD	A	703	-	7,7,7	0.67	0	9,10,10	0.59	0		
8	MPD	A	702	-	7,7,7	0.53	0	9,10,10	0.44	0		

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	NAG	A	500	1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
8	MPD	A	703	-	-	1/5/5/5	-
7	MRD	A	701	-	-	2/5/5/5	-
8	MPD	A	702	-	-	3/5/5/5	-

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$Ideal(\AA)$
6	A	802	PO4	P-O4	-2.09	1.48	1.54

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$Observed(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
5	Α	500	NAG	C2-N2-C7	-2.03	120.02	122.90

There are no chirality outliers.

All (8) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
5	A	500	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
8	A	702	MPD	O2-C2-C3-C4
5	A	500	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
8	A	702	MPD	C1-C2-C3-C4
8	A	702	MPD	CM-C2-C3-C4
7	A	701	MRD	O2-C2-C3-C4
8	A	703	MPD	O2-C2-C3-C4
7	A	701	MRD	C2-C3-C4-O4

There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 4 short contacts:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
7	A	701	MRD	1	0
8	A	703	MPD	3	0

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<rsrz></rsrz>	# RSRZ > 2	$OWAB(A^2)$	Q<0.9
1	A	273/274 (99%)	0.35	22 (8%) 12 14	12, 20, 39, 52	0
2	В	99/99 (100%)	0.48	6 (6%) 21 23	15, 21, 32, 44	0
3	Р	9/9 (100%)	1.51	2 (22%) 0 0	19, 22, 34, 37	0
All	All	381/382 (99%)	0.41	30 (7%) 12 14	12, 20, 38, 52	0

All (30) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	225	ILE	9.3
2	В	1	ILE	9.1
1	A	226	GLN	6.2
1	A	41	GLU	6.0
1	A	42	ASN	5.8
1	A	220	ASN	5.7
1	A	256	TYR	5.4
3	Р	5	ASN	4.5
1	A	274	TRP	4.5
1	A	196	GLU	4.3
1	A	227	ASP	4.2
2	В	48	LYS	4.1
2	В	88	ALA	3.7
1	A	255	GLN	3.5
1	A	195	PRO	3.0
1	A	224	LEU	2.8
2	В	58	LYS	2.7
1	A	229	GLU	2.6
1	A	252	GLY	2.6
1	A	197	ASP	2.6
1	A	222	GLU	2.5
2	В	16	GLU	2.5
1	A	273	ARG	2.5

Continued on next page...



Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	155	TYR	2.1
3	Р	2	ALA	2.1
1	A	253	LYS	2.1
2	В	89	GLU	2.1
1	A	89	LYS	2.1
1	A	198	LYS	2.1
1	A	188[A]	HIS	2.0

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathring{\mathbf{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
1	CSO	A	121	7/8	0.92	0.08	16,17,24,26	0

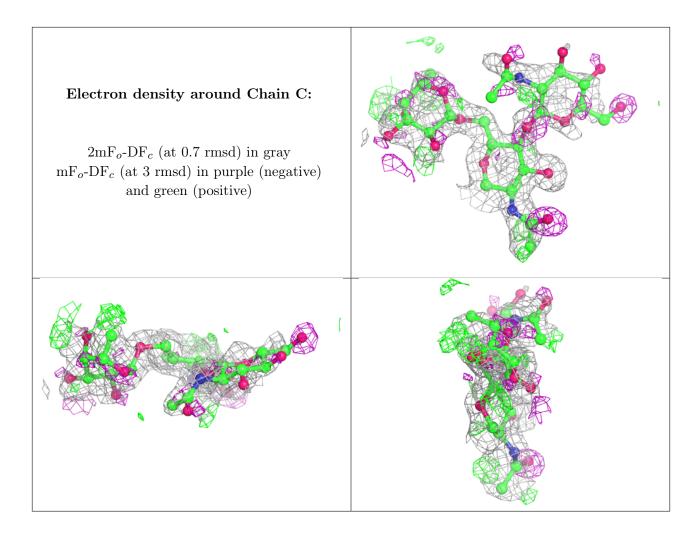
6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
4	NAG	С	1	14/15	0.57	0.30	39,45,48,49	0
4	FUL	С	3	10/11	0.65	0.37	50,51,51,51	0
4	NAG	С	2	14/15	0.67	0.66	52,55,56,57	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.





6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
5	NAG	A	500	14/15	0.68	0.39	41,44,45,46	0
8	MPD	A	703	8/8	0.70	0.32	51,51,52,52	0
6	PO4	A	802	5/5	0.73	0.27	60,60,61,61	0
6	PO4	A	801	5/5	0.76	0.21	59,59,60,60	0
7	MRD	A	701	8/8	0.84	0.19	25,26,26,26	0
8	MPD	A	702	8/8	0.94	0.10	26,27,28,28	0

6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

