

Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

Oct 23, 2021 – 02:56 PM EDT

PDB ID : 1FZJ

Title : MHC CLASS I NATURAL MUTANT H-2KBM1 HEAVY CHAIN COM-

PLEXED WITH BETA-2 MICROGLOBULIN AND VESICULAR STOM-

ATITIS VIRUS NUCLEOPROTEIN

Authors: Rudolph, M.G.; Speir, J.A.; Brunmark, A.; Mattsson, N.; Jackson, M.R.;

Peterson, P.A.; Teyton, L.; Wilson, I.A.

Deposited on : 2000-10-03

Resolution : 1.90 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul: 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13 EDS : 2.23.2

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

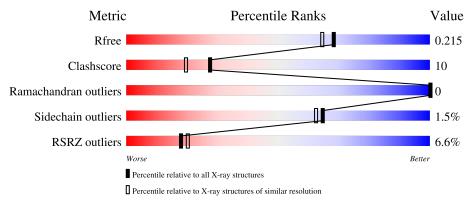
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.23.2

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.90 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Metric	$(\# ext{Entries})$	$(\# ext{Entries}, ext{ resolution range}(ext{Å}))$
R_{free}	130704	6207 (1.90-1.90)
Clashscore	141614	6847 (1.90-1.90)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	6760 (1.90-1.90)
Sidechain outliers	138945	6760 (1.90-1.90)
RSRZ outliers	127900	6082 (1.90-1.90)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
1	A	274	7% 83%	17%
2	В	99	81%	18% •
3	Р	8	100%	
4	С	3	67%	33%

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard



residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
4	NAG	С	2	-	-	-	X
4	FUL	С	3	-	-	X	-
5	NAG	A	500	-	-	-	X
7	MPD	В	703	-	-	X	-



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 8 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3616 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called H-2 CLASS I HISTOCOMPATIBILITY ANTIGEN, K-B ALPHA CHAIN.

\mathbf{N}	Iol	Chain	Residues		Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
	1	A	274	Total 2301	C 1451	N 401	O 439	S 10	0	9	0

There are 4 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	121	CSO	CYS	modified residue	UNP P01901
A	152	ALA	GLU	engineered mutation	UNP P01901
A	155	TYR	ARG	engineered mutation	UNP P01901
A	156	TYR	LEU	engineered mutation	UNP P01901

• Molecule 2 is a protein called BETA-2-MICROGLOBULIN.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
2	В	99	Total 827	C 527	N 139	O 154	S 7	0	1	0

• Molecule 3 is a protein called NUCLEOCAPSID PROTEIN.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
3	Р	8	Total 68	C 44	N 12	O 12	0	0	0

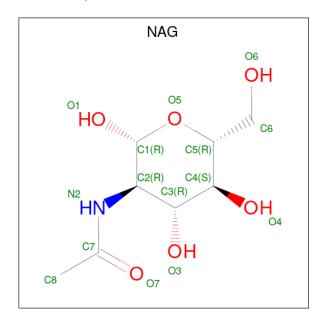
• Molecule 4 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[be ta-L-fucopyranose-(1-6)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.





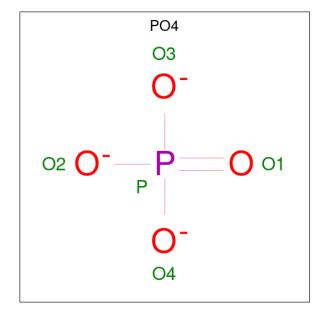
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
4	С	3	Total 38	C 22	N 2	O 14	0	0	0

 \bullet Molecule 5 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula: $\rm C_8H_{15}NO_6).$



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total	С	N	O	0	0
			14	8	T	Э		

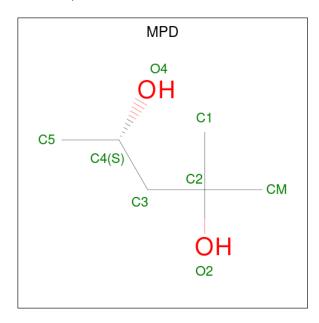
• Molecule 6 is PHOSPHATE ION (three-letter code: PO4) (formula: O_4P).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	1	Total O P 5 4 1	0	0
6	A	1	Total O P 5 4 1	0	0

• Molecule 7 is (4S)-2-METHYL-2,4-PENTANEDIOL (three-letter code: MPD) (formula: $C_6H_{14}O_2$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	1	Total C O 8 6 2	0	0
7	В	1	Total C O 8 6 2	0	0
7	В	1	Total C O 8 6 2	0	0

• Molecule 8 is water.

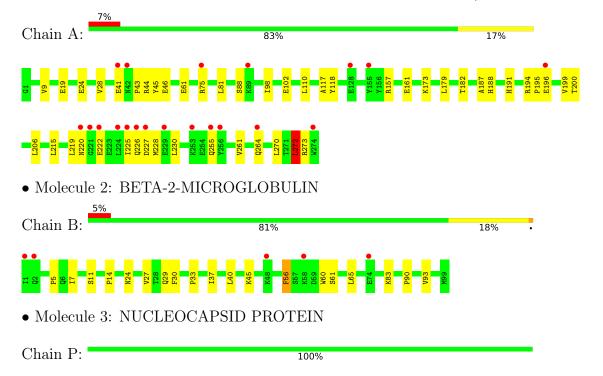
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
8	A	242	Total O 242 242	0	0
8	В	78	Total O 78 78	0	0
8	Р	14	Total O 14 14	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: H-2 CLASS I HISTOCOMPATIBILITY ANTIGEN, K-B ALPHA CHAIN



There are no outlier residues recorded for this chain.

• Molecule 4: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[beta-L-fucopyranose-(1-6)]2-acet amido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 2	Depositor
Cell constants	134.91Å 88.35Å 45.27Å	Depositor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	15.00 - 1.90	Depositor
resolution (A)	15.00 - 1.90	EDS
% Data completeness	94.6 (15.00-1.90)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	94.7 (15.00-1.90)	EDS
R_{merge}	0.06	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	2.66 (at 1.90Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	CNS	Depositor
P.P.	0.204 , 0.222	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.197 , 0.215	DCC
R_{free} test set	2160 reflections (5.01%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	23.9	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.372	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.41 , 51.4	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$ < L > = 0.49, < L^2> = 0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	3616	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	29.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.98% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $<L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: NAG, FUL, CSO, PO4, MPD

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Mol Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles		
IVIOI		RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	A	0.47	0/2357	0.67	1/3200 (0.0%)	
2	В	0.44	0/853	0.68	0/1156	
3	Р	0.50	0/69	0.67	0/90	
All	All	0.46	0/3279	0.68	1/4446 (0.0%)	

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	A	272	LEU	CA-CB-CG	5.43	127.80	115.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2301	0	2166	39	0
2	В	827	0	800	20	0
3	Р	68	0	67	0	0
4	С	38	0	34	9	0
5	A	14	0	13	0	0
6	A	10	0	0	0	0
7	A	8	0	14	0	0



Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
7	В	16	0	28	13	0
8	A	242	0	0	8	0
8	В	78	0	0	0	0
8	Р	14	0	0	0	0
All	All	3616	0	3122	63	0

The all-atom clash score is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clash score for this structure is 10.

All (63) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

	_	Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	$\mathbf{distance}\ (\mathbf{\mathring{A}})$	overlap (Å)
2:B:14:PRO:HA	7:B:703:MPD:H12	1.35	1.06
8:A:966:HOH:O	4:C:3:FUL:H2	1.53	1.06
1:A:182[B]:THR:HG22	1:A:264:GLN:HE21	1.22	1.04
8:A:985:HOH:O	4:C:3:FUL:H4	1.62	0.99
2:B:14:PRO:HA	7:B:703:MPD:C1	1.95	0.96
1:A:173:LYS:NZ	4:C:3:FUL:H62	1.96	0.81
1:A:19:GLU:OE2	1:A:75:ARG:NH1	2.17	0.78
1:A:182[B]:THR:HG22	1:A:264:GLN:NE2	2.02	0.74
1:A:19:GLU:OE2	1:A:75:ARG:CZ	2.36	0.73
7:B:703:MPD:H12	7:B:703:MPD:H52	1.71	0.72
1:A:219:LEU:O	1:A:222:GLU:HG2	1.89	0.71
1:A:182[B]:THR:CG2	1:A:264:GLN:HE21	2.01	0.70
1:A:41:GLU:O	8:A:1007:HOH:O	2.10	0.69
2:B:14:PRO:HB3	7:B:703:MPD:C5	2.24	0.67
1:A:188[B]:HIS:CE1	7:B:703:MPD:HO4	2.07	0.66
1:A:195:PRO:O	1:A:196:GLU:HB2	1.97	0.64
2:B:83:LYS:HG2	2:B:90:PRO:HG3	1.80	0.63
1:A:117:ALA:HB2	2:B:60:TRP:CE2	2.33	0.63
1:A:173:LYS:HZ3	4:C:3:FUL:H62	1.65	0.61
2:B:40:LEU:HD23	2:B:45:LYS:HA	1.83	0.60
1:A:225:ILE:HA	1:A:228:MET:HE3	1.83	0.60
1:A:173:LYS:CE	4:C:3:FUL:H62	2.32	0.59
2:B:14:PRO:CA	7:B:703:MPD:C1	2.75	0.59
1:A:230:LEU:HD12	1:A:230:LEU:C	2.24	0.59
2:B:11:SER:OG	7:B:703:MPD:H13	2.03	0.58
2:B:14:PRO:HA	7:B:703:MPD:H52	1.89	0.53
1:A:182[B]:THR:HG23	8:A:983:HOH:O	2.07	0.53
1:A:219:LEU:HG	1:A:220:ASN:ND2	2.23	0.53
1:A:157:ARG:O	1:A:161:GLU:HG3	2.09	0.52



Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic	Clash
		distance (Å)	overlap (Å)
1:A:81:LEU:HD23	1:A:118:TYR:CD1	2.45	0.51
1:A:9:VAL:HG22	1:A:24:GLU:HG2	1.93	0.50
4:C:1:NAG:O6	4:C:3:FUL:H63	2.12	0.50
2:B:29:GLN:HA	2:B:61[B]:SER:HB3	1.92	0.50
1:A:98[B]:ILE:HG13	2:B:56:PHE:HE2	1.78	0.49
1:A:173:LYS:HE2	4:C:3:FUL:H62	1.95	0.48
1:A:215:LEU:CD2	1:A:261:VAL:HG22	2.43	0.48
2:B:14:PRO:HB3	7:B:703:MPD:H53	1.96	0.48
1:A:46:GLU:OE1	8:A:916:HOH:O	2.20	0.47
2:B:14:PRO:CA	7:B:703:MPD:H11	2.45	0.47
1:A:44:ARG:NH2	1:A:61:GLU:OE1	2.42	0.46
1:A:261:VAL:HB	1:A:270:LEU:HB2	1.96	0.46
1:A:28:VAL:HG11	1:A:179:LEU:HD13	1.98	0.45
1:A:255:GLN:O	1:A:273:ARG:NH1	2.50	0.45
2:B:14:PRO:HA	7:B:703:MPD:H11	1.92	0.45
1:A:191:HIS:CD2	1:A:199:VAL:HG11	2.51	0.45
1:A:75:ARG:NE	8:A:986:HOH:O	2.50	0.44
2:B:7:ILE:HB	2:B:93:VAL:HG21	1.99	0.44
2:B:24:ASN:HB3	2:B:65:LEU:HD11	2.00	0.44
2:B:33:PRO:HB2	7:B:701:MPD:H4	2.00	0.44
2:B:27:VAL:HG21	2:B:37:ILE:HD13	2.00	0.43
1:A:230:LEU:C	1:A:230:LEU:CD1	2.88	0.43
1:A:191:HIS:NE2	1:A:199:VAL:HG11	2.35	0.42
1:A:225:ILE:HG23	1:A:226:GLN:N	2.34	0.42
2:B:14:PRO:CB	7:B:703:MPD:C5	2.96	0.42
8:A:966:HOH:O	4:C:3:FUL:C2	2.34	0.41
1:A:194:ARG:HD2	1:A:200:THR:OG1	2.20	0.41
1:A:272:LEU:HD12	1:A:272:LEU:N	2.36	0.41
1:A:188[B]:HIS:HE1	1:A:206:LEU:HD11	1.86	0.41
1:A:43:PRO:HG2	8:A:890:HOH:O	2.21	0.41
2:B:5:PRO:HB3	2:B:30:PHE:HB3	2.02	0.40
1:A:102[B]:GLU:HG2	1:A:110:LEU:HB2	2.03	0.40
1:A:187:ALA:CB	1:A:272:LEU:HD21	2.52	0.40
4:C:1:NAG:O6	4:C:3:FUL:C6	2.70	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.



5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	entiles
1	A	$280/274\ (102\%)$	275 (98%)	5 (2%)	0	100	100
2	В	98/99 (99%)	96 (98%)	2 (2%)	0	100	100
3	Р	6/8 (75%)	6 (100%)	0	0	100	100
All	All	384/381 (101%)	377 (98%)	7 (2%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Chain Analysed Rotameric Outliers		Perce	ntiles	
1	A	$239/230\ (104\%)$	235 (98%)	4 (2%)	60	57
2	В	95/94 (101%)	94 (99%)	1 (1%)	73	73
3	Р	6/6 (100%)	6 (100%)	0	100	100
All	All	340/330 (103%)	335 (98%)	5 (2%)	65	62

All (5) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	45	TYR
1	A	88	SER
1	A	227	ASP
1	A	272	LEU
2	В	56	PHE



Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (6) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	87	GLN
1	A	115	GLN
1	A	220	ASN
1	A	226	GLN
1	A	264	GLN
2	В	38	GLN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

1 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residue is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Pos	Link		ond leng	,		ond ang	,
Mol	Type	Type Chain	rtes	Counts RMSZ $\# Z > 2$				Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
1	CSO	A	121	1	3,6,7	0.64	0	0,6,8	-	-

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mo	l Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	CSO	A	121	1	-	0/1/5/7	-

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.



There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

3 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Tune	Chain	${ m Res}$	Link	Bo	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	
4	NAG	С	1	4,1	14,14,15	0.61	0	17,19,21	0.69	0	
4	NAG	С	2	4	14,14,15	0.55	0	17,19,21	0.66	1 (5%)	
4	FUL	С	3	4	10,10,11	0.59	0	14,14,16	0.97	1 (7%)	

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	NAG	С	1	4,1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	С	2	4	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	FUL	С	3	4	-	-	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
4	С	3	FUL	C1-C2-C3	2.51	112.75	109.67
4	С	2	NAG	C2-N2-C7	-2.00	120.05	122.90

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) torsion outliers are listed below:



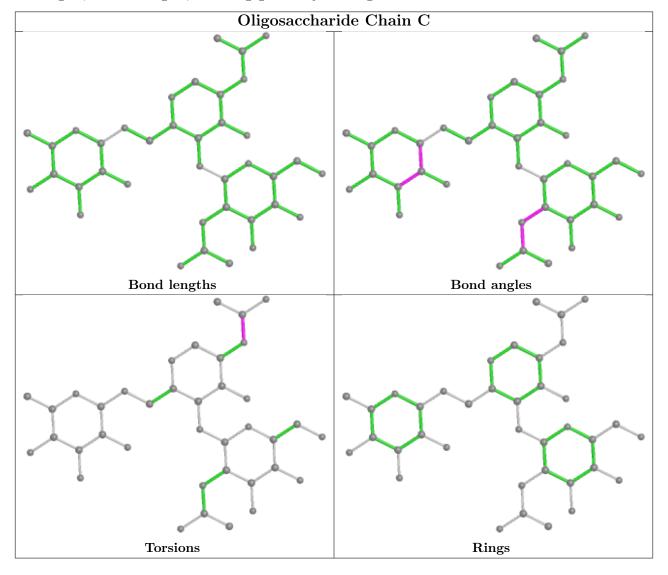
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	С	1	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
4	С	1	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2

There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 9 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	С	1	NAG	2	0
4	С	3	FUL	9	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.





5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

6 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Tune	Chain	Res	Link	Вс	ond leng	ths	Bond angles		
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
7	MPD	A	702	-	7,7,7	0.56	0	9,10,10	0.49	0
6	PO4	A	801	-	4,4,4	1.66	0	6,6,6	0.43	0
7	MPD	В	703	1	7,7,7	0.59	0	9,10,10	0.51	0
6	PO4	A	802	-	4,4,4	1.65	0	6,6,6	0.43	0
7	MPD	В	701	-	7,7,7	0.66	0	9,10,10	0.44	0
5	NAG	A	500	1	14,14,15	0.73	1 (7%)	17,19,21	0.65	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	\mathbf{Type}	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
7	MPD	В	701	-	-	1/5/5/5	-
7	MPD	В	703	1	-	2/5/5/5	-
7	MPD	A	702	-	-	2/5/5/5	-
5	NAG	A	500	1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$Ideal(\AA)$
5	A	500	NAG	C1-C2	2.02	1.55	1.52

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (7) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
5	A	500	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2



Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
5	A	500	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
7	В	703	MPD	C2-C3-C4-O4
7	A	702	MPD	C1-C2-C3-C4
7	В	701	MPD	C1-C2-C3-C4
7	A	702	MPD	O2-C2-C3-C4
7	В	703	MPD	C2-C3-C4-C5

There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 13 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
7	В	703	MPD	12	0
7	В	701	MPD	1	0

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<rsrz></rsrz>	$\#\mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$OWAB(A^2)$	Q<0.9
1	A	273/274 (99%)	0.34	20 (7%) 15 16	15, 25, 46, 60	0
2	В	99/99 (100%)	0.37	5 (5%) 28 31	19, 28, 39, 55	0
3	Р	8/8 (100%)	-0.46	0 100 100	19, 23, 28, 28	0
All	All	380/381 (99%)	0.33	25 (6%) 18 20	15, 25, 45, 60	0

All (25) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
2	В	1	ILE	9.9
1	A	225	ILE	8.9
1	A	220	ASN	5.3
1	A	41	GLU	5.2
1	A	42	ASN	4.9
1	A	226	GLN	4.7
2	В	48	LYS	4.3
1	A	274	TRP	4.2
1	A	256	TYR	3.6
2	В	58	LYS	3.2
1	A	196	GLU	3.0
1	A	229	GLU	2.8
1	A	155	TYR	2.8
1	A	253	LYS	2.7
1	A	227	ASP	2.6
1	A	255	GLN	2.6
1	A	222	GLU	2.5
1	A	224	LEU	2.4
1	A	264	GLN	2.3
1	A	128	GLU	2.3
1	A	221	GLY	2.3
2	В	74	GLU	2.2
1	A	75	ARG	2.2



Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
2	В	2	GLN	2.2
1	A	89	LYS	2.1

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
1	CSO	A	121	7/8	0.92	0.09	24,25,33,34	0

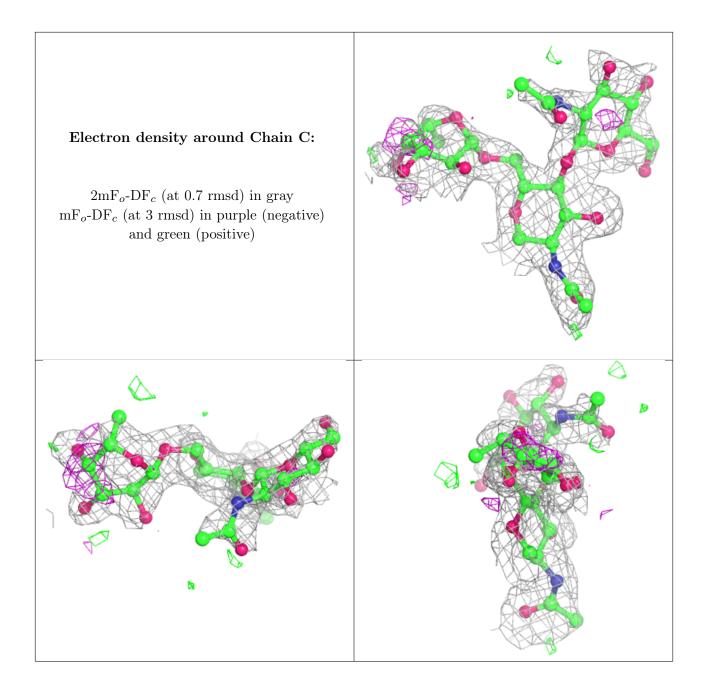
6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
4	FUL	С	3	10/11	0.67	0.38	50,52,53,53	0
4	NAG	С	2	14/15	0.75	0.47	55,58,58,58	0
4	NAG	С	1	14/15	0.82	0.20	43,47,50,52	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.





6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
5	NAG	A	500	14/15	0.59	0.50	54,57,60,61	0
7	MPD	В	703	8/8	0.80	0.30	63,63,63,64	0
7	MPD	В	701	8/8	0.82	0.18	36,38,38,39	0



$Continued\ from\ previous\ page...$

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
6	PO4	A	801	5/5	0.83	0.19	73,73,73,74	0
6	PO4	A	802	5/5	0.86	0.26	83,83,84,84	0
7	MPD	A	702	8/8	0.90	0.16	32,34,34,35	0

6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

