

wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

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PDB ID : 2	2FUI
Title : N	NMR solution structure of PHD finger fragment of human BPTF in free state
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This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

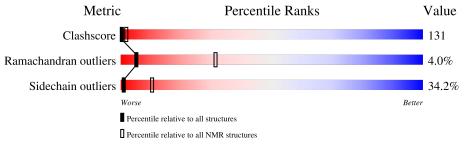
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
RCI	:	v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV	:	Wang et al. (2010)
ShiftChecker	:	2.27
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)		
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.27

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $SOLUTION\ NMR$

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment was not calculated.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$egin{array}{c} { m Whole \ archive} \ (\#{ m Entries}) \end{array}$	${f NMR} \ { m archive} \ (\#{ m Entries})$
Clashscore	158937	12864
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain					
1	А	62	16%	42%	19%	23%		



2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 20 models. Model 12 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *closest to the average*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues						
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model			
1	A:9-A:56 (48)	0.23	12			

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 3 clusters and 2 single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 2, 4, 5, 7, 11, 12, 13, 14, 16, 17, 18, 20
2	9, 10, 15
3	3, 8
Single-model clusters	6; 19



3 Entry composition (i)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 938 atoms, of which 448 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called bromodomain PHD finger transcription factor.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				Trace		
1	А	62	Total	С	Н	Ν	0	S	0
1 11		~ -	938	304	448	79	100	7	

There are 5 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	1	GLY	-	cloning artifact	UNP Q7Z7D6
А	2	PRO	-	cloning artifact	UNP Q7Z7D6
А	3	LEU	-	cloning artifact	UNP Q7Z7D6
А	4	GLY	-	cloning artifact	UNP Q7Z7D6
А	5	SER	-	cloning artifact	UNP Q7Z7D6



4 Residue-property plots (i)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: bromodomain PHD finger transcription factor



4.2 Residue scores for the representative (medoid) model from the NMR ensemble

The representative model is number 12. Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

• Molecule 1: bromodomain PHD finger transcription factor

Chain A:	19%	34%	24%	23%	
61 P2 L3 C4 C4 C5 C5 C5 C5 C5 C5 C5 C5 C5 C5 C5 C5 C5	LS 710 C11 112 C13 C13 T15 T15 T15 Y17	D18 K2 K2 K2 K2 F22 T24 C26 C26 C26 C26 C26 C26 C26 C26 C26 C26	G35 R36 C37 C37 L41 L41 Q42 S44 S44 E44 A45 E46	L47 148 751 751 753 758 758 758 758 758	E60 D61 A62



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)

The models were refined using the following method: The structure was solved using a simulated annealing by torsion angle dynamics.

Of the 100 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: structures with the lowest energy.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
X-PLOR	structure solution	2.13
X-PLOR	refinement	2.13

No chemical shift data was provided.



6 Model quality (i)

6.1 Standard geometry (i)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	B	Sond lengths	Bond angles		
		RMSZ	$\#Z{>}5$	RMSZ	#Z > 5	
1	А	$0.83 {\pm} 0.01$	$0{\pm}0/403~(~0.0{\pm}~0.0\%)$	$0.97 {\pm} 0.01$	$0{\pm}0/547~(~0.0{\pm}~0.1\%)$	
All	All	0.83	0/8060~(~0.0%)	0.97	2/10940 ($0.0%$)	

There are no bond-length outliers.

All unique angle outliers are listed below.

ľ	Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$\mathrm{Ideal}(^{o})$	Moo Worst	iels Total
	1	А	32	TRP	CA-CB-CG	-5.20	103.81	113.70	8	2

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	А	392	358	363	$99{\pm}8$
All	All	7840	7160	7269	1984

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 131.

 $5~{\rm of}~385$ unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distanco(Å)	Models	
Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å) Distance(Å)		Worst	Total
1:A:26:CYS:SG	1:A:53:CYS:CB	1.47	2.02	16	19

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
Atom-1	Atom-2	2 Clash(A) Dista		Worst	Total
1:A:26:CYS:SG	1:A:29:CYS:CB	1.35	2.14	20	20
1:A:29:CYS:CB	1:A:56:CYS:HG	1.29	1.41	15	2
1:A:26:CYS:CB	1:A:53:CYS:HG	1.25	1.45	8	8
1:A:26:CYS:SG	1:A:56:CYS:SG	1.24	1.25	13	20

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6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perc	Percentiles	
1	А	48/62~(77%)	$38 \pm 1 \ (80 \pm 3\%)$	$8\pm1~(16\pm2\%)$	2 ± 1 (4 $\pm2\%$)	5	31	
All	All	960/1240~(77%)	770 (80%)	152 (16%)	38 (4%)	5	31	

5 of 10 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	А	44	GLU	13
1	А	47	LEU	5
1	А	12	ILE	4
1	А	49	ASP	4
1	А	50	GLU	4

6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Perce	entiles
1	А	44/55~(80%)	29 ± 2 (66 $\pm4\%$)	$15\pm2(34\pm4\%)$	1	10
All	All	880/1100~(80%)	579~(66%)	301~(34%)	1	10



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	А	13	CYS	20
1	А	24	ILE	20
1	А	26	CYS	20
1	А	29	CYS	20
1	А	32	TRP	20

5 of 28 unique residues with a non-rotameric side chain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



7 Chemical shift validation (i)

No chemical shift data were provided

