



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report i

Jan 30, 2024 – 09:28 AM EST

PDB ID : 1FN7
Title : COUPLING OF DAMAGE RECOGNITION AND CATALYSIS BY A HUMAN BASE-EXCISION DNA REPAIR PROTEIN
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Deposited on : 2000-08-21
Resolution : 2.60 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>
with specific help available everywhere you see the i symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at
<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references](#) i) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13
EDS : 2.36
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac : 5.8.0158
CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

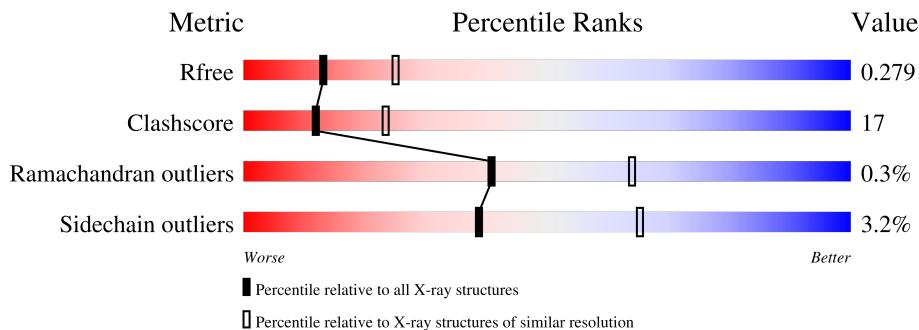
1 Overall quality at a glance i

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.60 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	130704	3163 (2.60-2.60)
Clashscore	141614	3518 (2.60-2.60)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	3455 (2.60-2.60)
Sidechain outliers	138945	3455 (2.60-2.60)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for $>=3$, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
1	C	15	27%	73%
2	D	15	47%	53%
3	A	317	72%	25% ..

2 Entry composition [\(i\)](#)

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3170 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a DNA chain called DNA (5'-D(*GP*GP*TP*AP*GP*AP*CP*CP*TP*GP*GP*AP*CP*GP*C)-3').

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	P			
1	C	15	308	146	61	87	14	0	0	0

- Molecule 2 is a DNA chain called DNA (5'-D(*GP*CP*GP*TP*CP*CP*AP*(3DR)P*GP*TP*CP*TP*AP*CP*C)-3').

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	P			
2	D	15	290	139	49	88	14	0	0	0

- Molecule 3 is a protein called 8-OXOGUANINE DNA GLYCOSYLASE 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
3	A	314	2439	1552	434	442	11	0	0	0

There are 3 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	9	GLY	ARG	conflict	UNP O15527
A	10	SER	ARG	conflict	UNP O15527
A	11	GLU	MET	conflict	UNP O15527

- Molecule 4 is CALCIUM ION (three-letter code: CA) (formula: Ca).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	Ca		
4	D	1	1	1	0	0

- Molecule 5 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	C	6	Total O 6 6	0	0
5	D	7	Total O 7 7	0	0
5	A	119	Total O 119 119	0	0

3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: DNA (5'-D(*GP*GP*TP*AP*GP*AP*CP*CP*TP*GP*GP*AP*CP*GP*C)-3')



- Molecule 2: DNA (5'-D(*GP*CP*GP*TP*CP*CP*AP*(3DR)P*GP*TP*CP*TP*AP*CP*C)-3')



- #### • Molecule 3: 8-OXOGUANINE DNA GLYCOSYLASE 1



4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 65 2 2	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	92.11Å 92.11Å 211.01Å 90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	29.85 – 2.60 29.85 – 2.14	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	87.0 (29.85-2.60) 84.2 (29.85-2.14)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.07	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) >$ ¹	1.78 (at 2.14Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	CNS	Depositor
R , R_{free}	0.221 , 0.270 0.227 , 0.279	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	2834 reflections (9.92%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	30.2	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.503	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.36 , 50.4	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$< L > = 0.48$, $< L^2 > = 0.31$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.91	EDS
Total number of atoms	3170	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	40.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.08% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $< |L| >$, $< L^2 >$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality [\(i\)](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [\(i\)](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: CA, 3DR

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# $ Z > 5$	RMSZ	# $ Z > 5$
1	C	0.30	0/346	0.65	0/533
2	D	0.27	0/310	0.67	0/473
3	A	0.39	0/2507	0.64	0/3418
All	All	0.37	0/3163	0.65	0/4424

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [\(i\)](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	C	308	0	169	18	0
2	D	290	0	167	12	0
3	A	2439	0	2338	73	0
4	D	1	0	0	0	0
5	A	119	0	0	9	1
5	C	6	0	0	2	0
5	D	7	0	0	2	0
All	All	3170	0	2674	98	1

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 17.

All (98) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:C:8:DC:H2”	1:C:9:DT:H5’	1.40	1.01
3:A:97:ARG:HG2	3:A:102:LEU:HD12	1.59	0.84
1:C:4:DA:H2”	1:C:5:DG:H5’	1.64	0.78
3:A:127:PHE:HE2	3:A:324:ARG:HG3	1.49	0.77
2:D:20:DC:H2”	2:D:21:DC:H5”	1.65	0.77
1:C:8:DC:H2”	1:C:9:DT:C5’	2.15	0.77
3:A:150:ASN:ND2	3:A:151:ASN:H	1.83	0.77
3:A:32:GLU:OE1	3:A:106:LEU:N	2.19	0.76
3:A:15:THR:HG22	3:A:17:ALA:H	1.49	0.76
1:C:4:DA:H2”	1:C:5:DG:C5’	2.16	0.76
3:A:266:PRO:HD2	3:A:315:GLN:HE22	1.52	0.74
1:C:12:DA:H61	2:D:19:DT:H3	1.38	0.70
3:A:299:LEU:HD21	3:A:303:PHE:HE1	1.58	0.68
3:A:150:ASN:HD22	3:A:151:ASN:H	1.42	0.68
3:A:35:LEU:H	3:A:68:GLN:HE22	1.44	0.66
3:A:89:THR:OG1	3:A:92:GLU:HG3	1.96	0.65
3:A:237:HIS:CE1	3:A:248:THR:HG23	2.32	0.65
2:D:16:DG:H2”	5:D:1005:HOH:O	1.96	0.65
3:A:235:GLU:O	3:A:238:LYS:HB3	1.97	0.65
1:C:12:DA:H2”	1:C:13:DC:O5’	1.97	0.64
3:A:118:SER:O	3:A:121:GLN:HB3	1.98	0.63
1:C:8:DC:H1’	1:C:9:DT:H5”	1.79	0.63
1:C:12:DA:N6	2:D:19:DT:H3	1.97	0.63
5:D:1004:HOH:O	3:A:249:LYS:HB2	2.02	0.60
3:A:65:THR:HB	3:A:76:THR:HG22	1.83	0.60
3:A:50:GLN:HB2	5:A:366:HOH:O	2.01	0.59
3:A:127:PHE:CE2	3:A:324:ARG:HG3	2.34	0.59
3:A:46:ARG:NH2	3:A:179:HIS:O	2.35	0.59
1:C:11:DG:H1’	1:C:12:DA:H5”	1.85	0.59
3:A:271:MET:HG2	3:A:319:PHE:CZ	2.39	0.58
3:A:299:LEU:HD21	3:A:303:PHE:CE1	2.39	0.57
3:A:320:SER:O	3:A:324:ARG:HG2	2.04	0.57
3:A:271:MET:HG2	3:A:319:PHE:HZ	1.69	0.57
3:A:65:THR:HB	3:A:76:THR:CG2	2.35	0.56
3:A:15:THR:HG22	3:A:17:ALA:N	2.20	0.56
2:D:20:DC:C2’	2:D:21:DC:H5”	2.35	0.55
3:A:106:LEU:HD23	3:A:129:GLY:HA2	1.88	0.55
3:A:154:ARG:HD2	5:A:345:HOH:O	2.05	0.55
3:A:32:GLU:OE1	3:A:105:THR:HA	2.07	0.55
3:A:39:LEU:N	3:A:40:PRO:CD	2.69	0.55

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
3:A:268:ASP:OD1	3:A:270:HIS:HB3	2.07	0.54
3:A:35:LEU:H	3:A:68:GLN:NE2	2.05	0.54
3:A:18:SER:C	3:A:20:PRO:HD3	2.29	0.53
3:A:185:GLN:NE2	3:A:185:GLN:H	2.07	0.53
2:D:24:DG:C4	3:A:149:ASN:HB2	2.44	0.53
3:A:139:GLU:HA	3:A:181:PHE:CE2	2.44	0.53
3:A:201:LEU:HD23	3:A:201:LEU:N	2.24	0.53
3:A:241:CYS:O	5:A:425:HOH:O	2.19	0.53
1:C:4:DA:H61	2:D:27:DT:H3	1.57	0.52
1:C:8:DC:C2'	1:C:9:DT:C5'	2.87	0.52
3:A:150:ASN:HD22	3:A:151:ASN:N	2.06	0.52
3:A:139:GLU:HG3	3:A:181:PHE:CE1	2.45	0.52
3:A:158:MET:HG2	3:A:201:LEU:HD22	1.91	0.52
1:C:11:DG:H4'	5:C:41:HOH:O	2.10	0.52
3:A:19:THR:N	3:A:20:PRO:HD3	2.26	0.51
2:D:20:DC:HG2"	2:D:21:DC:C5'	2.37	0.51
3:A:171:ILE:C	3:A:171:ILE:HD12	2.32	0.51
3:A:239:ALA:O	3:A:242:ILE:HG13	2.11	0.50
1:C:4:DA:H2"	1:C:5:DG:H5"	1.91	0.50
3:A:139:GLU:HG3	3:A:181:PHE:CD1	2.47	0.49
3:A:119:HIS:HE1	5:A:341:HOH:O	1.94	0.49
3:A:262:PRO:HG2	5:A:395:HOH:O	2.12	0.49
3:A:39:LEU:N	3:A:40:PRO:HD3	2.28	0.48
1:C:9:DT:H73	5:C:120:HOH:O	2.12	0.48
1:C:1:DG:H2"	1:C:2:DG:C8	2.48	0.48
3:A:97:ARG:CG	3:A:102:LEU:HD12	2.35	0.48
1:C:1:DG:H2"	1:C:2:DG:H8	1.78	0.48
3:A:256:LEU:HB2	3:A:264:ALA:HB3	1.95	0.48
3:A:259:LEU:O	3:A:261:LYS:HG2	2.14	0.47
3:A:169:ARG:NE	5:A:375:HOH:O	2.48	0.47
3:A:266:PRO:HD2	3:A:315:GLN:NE2	2.24	0.46
3:A:64:TRP:CE2	3:A:77:VAL:HG12	2.50	0.46
1:C:10:DG:N2	2:D:22:DA:C2	2.83	0.46
3:A:272:TRP:CD1	3:A:299:LEU:HD12	2.51	0.46
3:A:206:ARG:NH2	5:A:348:HOH:O	2.49	0.45
3:A:171:ILE:CD1	3:A:173:LEU:HG	2.47	0.45
3:A:234:GLU:CD	3:A:234:GLU:H	2.20	0.44
2:D:18:DG:H2"	2:D:19:DT:H71	1.99	0.44
2:D:18:DG:H2"	2:D:19:DT:OP2	2.16	0.44
3:A:66:LEU:HD12	3:A:75:CYS:HA	2.00	0.44
3:A:113:TRP:CE2	3:A:314:ALA:HB2	2.52	0.44

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:D:18:DG:C2'	2:D:19:DT:H71	2.48	0.43
3:A:164:GLN:HA	3:A:179:HIS:CD2	2.52	0.43
3:A:299:LEU:CD2	3:A:303:PHE:CE1	3.01	0.43
3:A:103:ASP:HB2	5:A:404:HOH:O	2.17	0.43
3:A:255:CYS:HA	3:A:259:LEU:HD12	2.00	0.43
3:A:32:GLU:HG2	5:A:436:HOH:O	2.19	0.43
3:A:14:ARG:NH1	3:A:77:VAL:O	2.52	0.42
3:A:150:ASN:ND2	3:A:151:ASN:N	2.58	0.42
3:A:59:LEU:C	3:A:59:LEU:HD23	2.40	0.42
3:A:136:ASP:OD1	3:A:137:PRO:HD2	2.20	0.41
3:A:69:THR:HG23	3:A:74:HIS:CD2	2.56	0.41
1:C:2:DG:H2"	1:C:3:DT:O5'	2.21	0.41
3:A:106:LEU:HG	3:A:110:TYR:CE1	2.56	0.41
3:A:162:LEU:HD23	3:A:182:PRO:HG2	2.03	0.40
3:A:17:ALA:O	3:A:20:PRO:HD3	2.21	0.40
3:A:64:TRP:HA	3:A:76:THR:O	2.22	0.40
3:A:117:ASP:OD1	3:A:117:ASP:C	2.60	0.40

All (1) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
5:A:410:HOH:O	5:A:410:HOH:O[10_665]	1.78	0.42

5.3 Torsion angles [\(i\)](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [\(i\)](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
3	A	310/317 (98%)	284 (92%)	25 (8%)	1 (0%)	41 64

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	A	189	GLY

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [\(i\)](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
3	A	251/266 (94%)	243 (97%)	8 (3%)	39 65

All (8) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	A	66	LEU
3	A	91	ASP
3	A	150	ASN
3	A	154	ARG
3	A	201	LEU
3	A	270	HIS
3	A	277	ARG
3	A	299	LEU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (10) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	A	68	GLN
3	A	119	HIS
3	A	149	ASN
3	A	150	ASN
3	A	185	GLN
3	A	219	GLN
3	A	226	GLN
3	A	270	HIS
3	A	276	GLN
3	A	315	GLN

5.3.3 RNA [\(i\)](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [\(i\)](#)

1 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residue is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
2	3DR	D	23	2	8,11,12	0.35	0	9,14,17	0.68	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	3DR	D	23	2	-	0/3/15/16	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.5 Carbohydrates [\(i\)](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [\(i\)](#)

Of 1 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.7 Other polymers [\(i\)](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [\(i\)](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data [\(i\)](#)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [\(i\)](#)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [\(i\)](#)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.3 Carbohydrates [\(i\)](#)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.4 Ligands [\(i\)](#)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.5 Other polymers [\(i\)](#)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.