

# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

### Oct 10, 2021 – 01:49 PM EDT

PDB ID : 3F8V

Title: Evaulation at Atomic Resolution of the Role of Strain in Destabilizing the

Temperature Sensitive T4 Lysozyme Mutant Arg96->His

Authors: Mooers, B.H.M.; Matthews, B.W.

Deposited on : 2008-11-13

Resolution : 1.08 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul: 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13 EDS : 2.23.2

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$ 

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

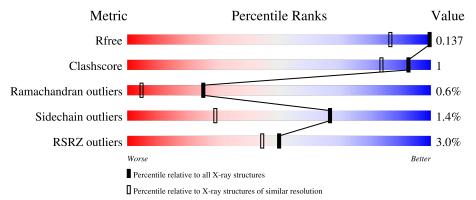
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.23.2

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.08 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar \ resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries, \ resolution \ range(\AA)}) \end{array}$
$R_{free}$	130704	1386 (1.12-1.04)
Clashscore	141614	1021 (1.10-1.06)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1381 (1.12-1.04)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1379 (1.12-1.04)
RSRZ outliers	127900	1359 (1.12-1.04)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
			3%	_
1	A	164	93%	% ••

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	$\mathbf{Res}$	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
3	PO4	A	166	-	X	-	-



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 7 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1589 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

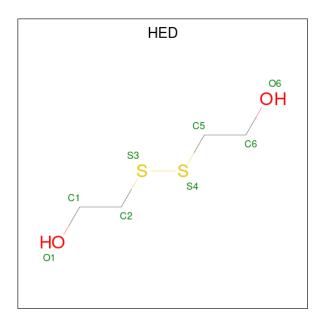
• Molecule 1 is a protein called Lysozyme.

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	164	Total 1315	C 828	N 237	O 241	S 9	0	2	0

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	96	HIS	ARG	engineered mutation	UNP P00720

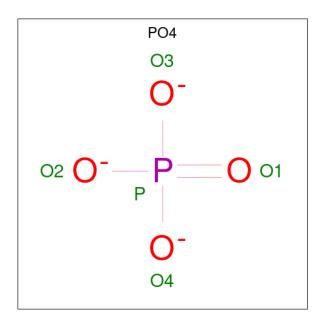
• Molecule 2 is 2-HYDROXYETHYL DISULFIDE (three-letter code: HED) (formula:  $C_4H_{10}O_2S_2$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	A	ton	ns		ZeroOcc	AltConf
9	Λ	1	Total	С	О	S	0	0
2	А	1	8	4	2	2	U	U

• Molecule 3 is PHOSPHATE ION (three-letter code: PO4) (formula: O<sub>4</sub>P).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atom	s	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total O 5 4	P 1	0	0

• Molecule 4 is CHLORIDE ION (three-letter code: CL) (formula: Cl).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	2	Total Cl 2 2	0	0

• Molecule 5 is SODIUM ION (three-letter code: NA) (formula: Na).

N	Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
	5	A	1	Total Na 1 1	0	0

• Molecule 6 is POTASSIUM ION (three-letter code: K) (formula: K).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	1	Total K 1 1	0	0

• Molecule 7 is water.

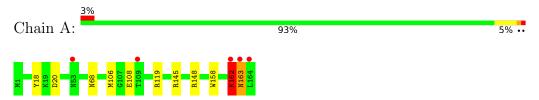
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	242	Total O 257 257	0	17



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Lysozyme





# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 32 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants	60.12Å 60.12Å 95.44Å	Donositon
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$ $120.00^{\circ}$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	17.90 - 1.08	Depositor
Resolution (A)	17.92 - 1.08	EDS
% Data completeness	99.5 (17.90-1.08)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	95.9 (17.92-1.08)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	0.04	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	2.08 (at 1.08Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	SHELXL-97	Depositor
D.D.	0.129 , 0.163	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.134 , $0.137$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	4242 reflections $(4.98%)$	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	11.8	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.306	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.36, 58.8	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$< L >=0.49, < L^2>=0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.024 for -h,-k,l	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.98	EDS
Total number of atoms	1589	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	18.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 7.31% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $<L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

# 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: NA, CL, K, HED, PO4

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bo	nd lengths	Bo	ond angles
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5
1	A	0.74	1/1345 (0.1%)	1.13	7/1809 (0.4%)

### All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	$\operatorname{Res}$	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}( ext{\AA})$
1	A	145	ARG	CG-CD	-5.15	1.39	1.51

The worst 5 of 7 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	A	108	GLU	OE1-CD-OE2	5.76	130.21	123.30
1	A	162	LYS	O-C-N	5.71	131.83	122.70
1	A	18	TYR	CB-CG-CD2	5.52	124.31	121.00
1	A	119	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.51	123.05	120.30
1	A	148	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.41	117.60	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

## 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1315	0	1336	4	0
2	A	8	0	10	0	0

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Continued	trom	mmoninonic	maaa
COHABABACA		DIEUIUU	DUIUE
0 0 1000100000			

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	A	5	0	0	0	0
4	A	2	0	0	0	0
5	A	1	0	0	0	0
6	A	1	0	0	0	0
7	A	257	0	0	2	0
All	All	1589	0	1346	4	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 1.

All (4) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Clash} \\ \text{overlap } (\text{\AA}) \end{array}$
1:A:158:TRP:O	1:A:162:LYS:HG3	1.83	0.78
1:A:162:LYS:HG2	7:A:451:HOH:O	2.03	0.58
1:A:162:LYS:O	1:A:163:ASN:OD1	2.28	0.50
1:A:20:ASP:HB2	7:A:304[B]:HOH:O	2.17	0.45

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	163/164 (99%)	159 (98%)	3 (2%)	1 (1%)	25 5

### All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	163	ASN



### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentil	es.
1	A	140/138 (101%)	138 (99%)	2 (1%)	67 29	

All (2) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	68	ASN
1	A	162	LYS

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (1) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	163	ASN

### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

# 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 6 ligands modelled in this entry, 4 are monoatomic - leaving 2 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The



Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol Typ	Trino	Chain	Res	Link	В	ond leng	$\operatorname{gths}$	В	ond ang	gles
	туре			LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
2	HED	A	165	-	7,7,7	0.53	0	6,6,6	1.77	2 (33%)
3	PO4	A	166	-	4,4,4	3.56	2 (50%)	6,6,6	1.75	3 (50%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	HED	A	165	-	-	0/5/5/5	-

#### All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$Ideal(\AA)$
3	A	166	PO4	P-O1	6.73	1.66	1.50
3	A	166	PO4	P-O3	2.08	1.60	1.54

All (5) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(^{o})$
2	A	165	HED	O1-C1-C2	-2.83	99.65	110.83
3	A	166	PO4	O3-P-O2	2.28	115.28	107.97
3	A	166	PO4	O3-P-O1	-2.28	102.57	110.89
3	A	166	PO4	O2-P-O1	-2.21	102.80	110.89
2	A	165	HED	C6-C5-S4	2.00	120.32	113.37

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

# 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.



# 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



# 6 Fit of model and data (i)

## 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	# RSRZ > 2		$OWAB(A^2)$	Q < 0.9	
1	A	164/164 (100%)	-0.16	5 (3%)	50	44	10, 15, 29, 57	5 (3%)

All (5) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	164	LEU	10.3
1	A	163	ASN	7.8
1	A	162	LYS	2.8
1	A	109	THR	2.3
1	A	53	ASN	2.2

## 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

# 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

# 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	$\operatorname{Res}$	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\operatorname{B-factors}(\mathrm{\AA}^2)$	Q<0.9
2	HED	A	165	8/8	0.93	0.14	19,28,36,38	0
3	PO4	A	166	5/5	0.94	0.37	8,8,10,11	5

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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
6	K	A	174	1/1	0.95	0.05	32,32,32,32	1
4	CL	A	173	1/1	0.99	0.05	21,21,21,21	1
5	NA	A	172	1/1	0.99	0.11	18,18,18,18	1
4	CL	A	168	1/1	0.99	0.11	15,15,15,15	1

# 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

