

Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report (i)

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PDB ID	:	6F3W
BMRB ID	:	34207
Title	:	Backbone structure of free bradykinin (BK) in DDM/CHS detergent micelle
		determined by MAS SSNMR
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Deposited on	:	2017-11-29

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org* A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
wwPDB-RCI	:	v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV	:	Wang et al. (2010)
wwPDB-ShiftChecker	:	v1.2
BMRB Restraints Analysis	:	v1.2
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.33

Ramachandran outliers

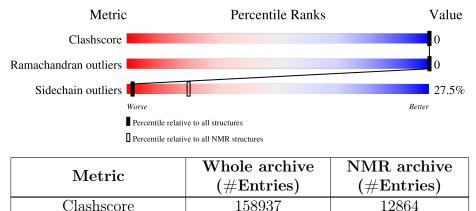
Sidechain outliers

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $SOLID\text{-}STATE\ NMR$

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 17%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



154571

154315

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

11451

11428

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
1	А	9	89%	11%



2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 10 models.

Cyrange was unable to find well-defined residues.

Error message: The number of core atoms (7) was below the domain threshold value (8).

NmrClust was unable to cluster the ensemble.

Error message: Wrapper check: not enough residues in core to run NmrClust



3 Entry composition (i)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 148 atoms, of which 73 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Kininogen-1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				Trace		
1	٨	0	Total	С	Η	Ν	0	0	
	А	A 9	9	148	50	73	15	10	0

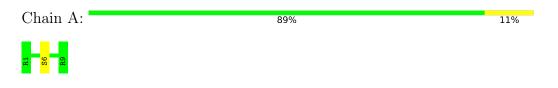


4 Residue-property plots (i)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

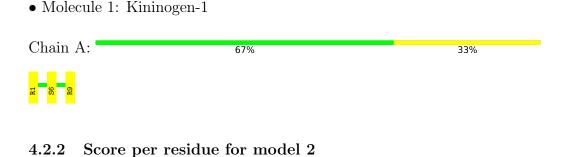
• Molecule 1: Kininogen-1



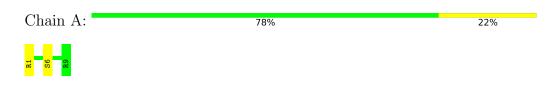
4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1



• Molecule 1: Kininogen-1





4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

• Molecule 1: Kininogen-1

Chain A: 78% 22%

4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

• Molecule 1: Kininogen-1

Chain A: 78% 22%

4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5

• Molecule 1: Kininogen-1

Chain A: 89% 11%

4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6

- Molecule 1: Kininogen-1
 Chain A: 78%
- 4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7
- Molecule 1: Kininogen-1
 Chain A: 78% 22%



22%

4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

• Molecule 1: Kininogen-1

Chain A: 67% 33%

4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

• Molecule 1: Kininogen-1

Chain A:	78%	22%
2 % <mark>8 8</mark> 8		

67%

4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10

• Molecule 1: Kininogen-1

Chain A:

33%





5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)

The models were refined using the following method: torsion angle dynamics.

Of the 500 calculated structures, 10 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the least restraint violations*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CYANA	structure calculation	2.1

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	22
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	22
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	17%

Note: This is a solid-state NMR structure, where hydrogen atoms are typically not assigned a chemical shift value, which may lead to lower completeness of assignment measure.



6 Model quality (i)

6.1 Standard geometry (i)

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
All	All	750	730	750	-

The all-atom clash score is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clash score for this structure is -.

There are no clashes.

6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	А	7/9~(78%)	7±0 (100±0%)	0±0 (0±0%)	0±0 (0±0%)	100 100
All	All	70/90~(78%)	70 (100%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	100 100

There are no Ramachandran outliers.



6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent side chain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the side chain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Р	Percentiles	
1	А	8/8~(100%)	6 ± 1 (72±8%)	2 ± 1 (28±8%)		2	20
All	All	80/80 (100%)	58 (72%)	22 (28%)		2	20

All 5 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	А	6	SER	10
1	А	9	ARG	5
1	А	1	ARG	4
1	А	8	PHE	2
1	А	5	PHE	1

6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.



6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



7 Chemical shift validation (i)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 17% for the well-defined parts and 17% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: *BK_free_CSbb*

7.1.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	22
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	22
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

No chemical shift referencing corrections were calculated (not enough data).

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 17%, i.e. 22 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 132. 0 out of 0 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}\mathbf{H}$	$^{13}\mathrm{C}$	$^{15}\mathbf{N}$
Backbone	15/40~(38%)	0/16~(0%)	15/18~(83%)	0/6~(0%)
Sidechain	7/72~(10%)	0/46~(0%)	7/20~(35%)	0/6~(0%)
Aromatic	0/20~(0%)	0/10~(0%)	0/10 (0%)	0/0 (%)
Overall	22/132~(17%)	0/72~(0%)	22/48~(46%)	0/12~(0%)

Note: This is a solid-state NMR structure, where hydrogen atoms are typically not assigned a chemical shift value, which may lead to lower completeness of assignment measure.

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure.



	Total	$^{1}\mathbf{H}$	$^{13}\mathrm{C}$	15 N
Backbone	15/40~(38%)	0/16~(0%)	15/18~(83%)	0/6~(0%)
Sidechain	7/72~(10%)	0/46~(0%)	7/20~(35%)	0/6~(0%)
Aromatic	0/20~(0%)	0/10~(0%)	0/10 (0%)	0/0 (%)
Overall	22/132~(17%)	0/72~(0%)	22/48~(46%)	0/12~(0%)

The overall completeness is 17%, i.e. 22 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 132. 0 out of 0 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

Note: This is a solid-state NMR structure, where hydrogen atoms are typically not assigned a chemical shift value, which may lead to lower completeness of assignment measure.

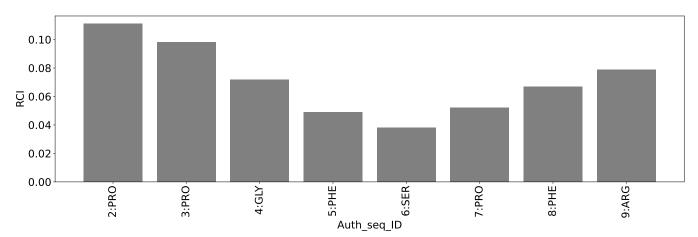
7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:





8 NMR restraints analysis (i)

No restraints data found



9 Distance violation analysis (i)

No distance restraints data found



10 Dihedral-angle violation analysis (i)

Dihedral angle analysis failed due to data error in the dihedral angle restraints, possibly missing target value

