

Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

Jan 4, 2024 – 03:17 am GMT

PDB ID : 5F05

Title: Crystal structure of glutathione transferase F5 from Populus trichocarpa

Authors: Didierjean, C.; Rouhier, N.; Pegeot, H.; Gense, F.

 $Deposited \ on \quad : \quad 2015\text{-}11\text{-}27$

Resolution : 1.70 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.36

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

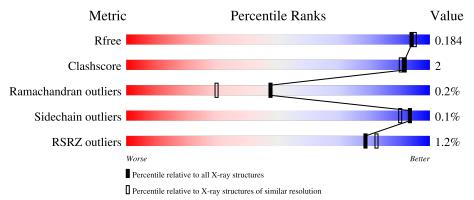
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.70 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Metric	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$(\# ext{Entries}, ext{ resolution range}(ext{Å}))$
R_{free}	130704	4298 (1.70-1.70)
Clashscore	141614	4695 (1.70-1.70)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	4610 (1.70-1.70)
Sidechain outliers	138945	4610 (1.70-1.70)
RSRZ outliers	127900	4222 (1.70-1.70)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
1	A	212	94%	5% •
1	В	212	96%	
1	С	212	97%	•
1	D	212	94%	5%



2 Entry composition (i)

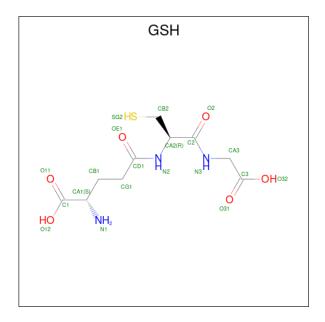
There are 8 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 14499 atoms, of which 6816 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Phi class glutathione transferase GSTF5.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	210	Total	С	Н	N	О	0	4	0
1	Λ	210	3268	1051	1633	277	307		4	0
1	В	210	Total	С	Н	N	О	0	Q	0
1	Ъ	210	3307	1062	1654	280	311	U	O	0
1	С	211	Total	С	Н	N	О	0	6	0
1		211	3303	1060	1652	280	311	0	0	
1	D	911	Total	С	Н	N	О	0	10	0
	1 D	211	3331	1068	1665	282	316		10	

• Molecule 2 is GLUTATHIONE (three-letter code: GSH) (formula: C₁₀H₁₇N₃O₆S).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						ZeroOcc	AltConf
9	2 A	1	Total	С	Н	N	О	S	0	0
			35	10	15	3	6	1		
9	2 B	1	Total	С	Н	N	О	S	0	0
		1	35	10	15	3	6	1	0	U

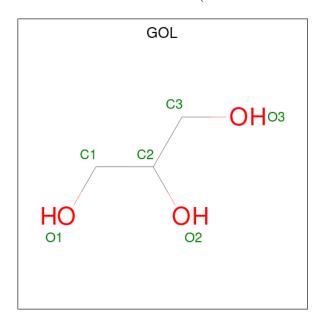
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Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						ZeroOcc	AltConf	
2	2 C	1	Total	С	Н	N	О	S	0	0	
2		1	35	10	15	3	6	1	0		
2	2 D	D	1	Total	С	Н	N	О	S	0	0
		1	35	10	15	3	6	1	U		

 \bullet Molecule 3 is GLYCEROL (three-letter code: GOL) (formula: $\mathrm{C_3H_8O_3}).$



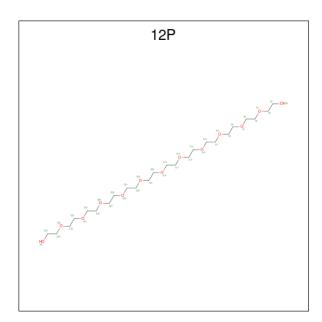
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	Λ	1	Total C H O	0	0
	Λ	1	11 3 5 3	U	O
3	В	1	Total C H O	0	0
	Ъ	1	11 3 5 3		0
3	С	1	Total C H O	0	0
)		1	11 3 5 3	0	0
3	D	1	Total C H O	0	0
)	ע	1	11 3 5 3		U

• Molecule 4 is MAGNESIUM ION (three-letter code: MG) (formula: Mg).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total Mg 1 1	0	0
4	В	1	Total Mg 1 1	0	0

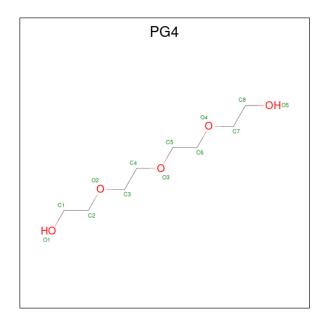
 $\bullet \ \ Molecule \ 5 \ is \ DODECAETHYLENE \ GLYCOL \ (three-letter \ code: \ 12P) \ (formula: \ C_{24}H_{50}O_{13}).$





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	D	1	Total	С	Н	О	0	0
5	9 D	1	87	24	50	13	0	0
5	D	1	Total	С	Н	О	0	0
3	ש		87	24	50	13	0	

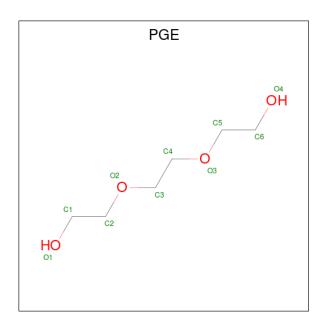
 \bullet Molecule 6 is TETRAETHYLENE GLYCOL (three-letter code: PG4) (formula: $\mathrm{C_8H_{18}O_5}).$



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	D	1	Total	С	Η	О	0	0
	Б	1	31	8	18	5	U	0

 \bullet Molecule 7 is TRIETHYLENE GLYCOL (three-letter code: PGE) (formula: $\mathrm{C_6H_{14}O_4}).$





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	D	1	Total	С	Н	О	0	0
'		1	24	6	14	4		

• Molecule 8 is water.

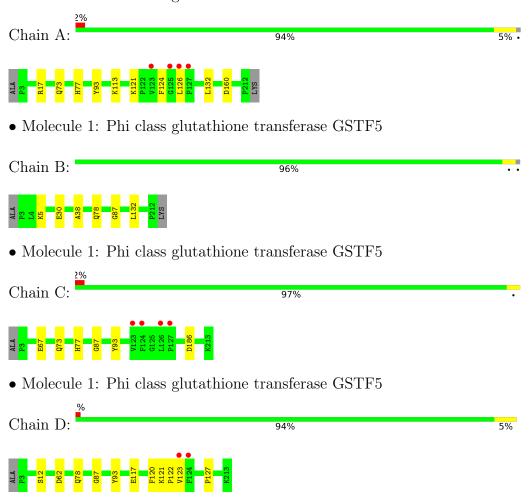
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
8	A	220	Total O 220 220	0	0
8	В	209	Total O 209 209	0	0
8	С	243	Total O 243 243	0	0
8	D	203	Total O 203 203	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Phi class glutathione transferase GSTF5





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants	54.46Å 85.95Å 88.52Å	Donositor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 97.93° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	43.35 - 1.70	Depositor
Resolution (A)	45.69 - 1.70	EDS
% Data completeness	99.5 (43.35-1.70)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	99.6 (45.69-1.70)	EDS
R_{merge}	0.10	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	1.82 (at 1.70Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX 1.9_1692	Depositor
D D.	0.144 , 0.181	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.149 , 0.184	DCC
R_{free} test set	4429 reflections (5.01%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	11.4	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.818	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.43, 55.1	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$ < L >=0.48, < L^2>=0.31$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.97	EDS
Total number of atoms	14499	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	16.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The analyses of the Patterson function reveals a significant off-origin peak that is 41.80 % of the origin peak, indicating pseudo-translational symmetry. The chance of finding a peak of this or larger height randomly in a structure without pseudo-translational symmetry is equal to 2.2377e-04. The detected translational NCS is most likely also responsible for the elevated intensity ratio.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $<L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: MG, GOL, GSH, PG4, PGE, 12P

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
MIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	A	0.69	0/1694	0.73	2/2310 (0.1%)	
1	В	0.72	0/1736	0.75	0/2364	
1	С	0.70	0/1718	0.71	1/2340 (0.0%)	
1	D	0.70	0/1752	0.72	0/2384	
All	All	0.70	0/6900	0.73	3/9398 (0.0%)	

There are no bond length outliers.

All (3) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	A	17	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.49	123.55	120.30
1	С	186	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	5.18	122.97	118.30
1	A	160	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	5.07	122.86	118.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1635	1633	1617	6	0
1	В	1653	1654	1608	6	0
1	С	1651	1652	1624	3	0
1	D	1666	1665	1605	8	0

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Mol	Chain		H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	A	20	15	15	0	0
2	В	20	15	15	0	0
2	С	20	15	15	0	0
2	D	20	15	15	0	0
3	A	6	5	8	0	0
3	В	6	5	8	0	0
3	С	6	5	8	0	0
3	D	6	5	8	0	0
4	A	1	0	0	0	0
4	В	1	0	0	0	0
5	В	37	50	50	3	0
5	D	37	50	50	4	0
6	В	13	18	18	1	0
7	D	10	14	14	2	0
8	A	220	0	0	0	0
8	В	209	0	0	0	0
8	С	243	0	0	0	0
8	D	203	0	0	0	0
All	All	7683	6816	6678	22	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 2.

All (22) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	${\rm distance}({\rm \AA})$	overlap (Å)
1:B:5[A]:LYS:NZ	1:B:30:GLU:OE1	2.36	0.57
1:B:87:GLY:HA3	5:B:301:12P:H322	1.90	0.53
1:D:62:ASP:H	7:D:303:PGE:H6	1.75	0.52
1:A:113:LYS:CE	1:A:132:LEU:HD21	2.40	0.51
1:D:117:GLU:HA	1:D:121:LYS:HD3	1.95	0.49
1:C:93:TYR:HB2	5:D:301:12P:H142	1.96	0.47
1:C:73[A]:GLN:HG2	1:C:77:HIS:CD2	2.51	0.45
1:A:93:TYR:HB2	5:B:301:12P:H142	1.99	0.44
1:D:93:TYR:HB2	5:D:301:12P:H231	2.00	0.43
1:D:78:GLN:HE21	7:D:303:PGE:H22	1.83	0.43
1:B:38:ALA:HA	1:D:127:PRO:HD3	2.01	0.43
1:B:78:GLN:HE21	6:B:303:PG4:H11	1.85	0.42
1:A:113:LYS:HE2	1:A:132:LEU:HD21	2.02	0.42
1:A:121:LYS:HG2	1:A:126:LEU:HB2	2.01	0.42
1:D:121:LYS:N	1:D:122:PRO:CD	2.82	0.41

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Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	$egin{aligned} ext{Clash} \ ext{overlap } (ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$
1:C:87:GLY:HA3	5:D:301:12P:H51	2.02	0.41
1:D:120:PHE:O	1:D:123:VAL:HG22	2.21	0.41
1:A:73[A]:GLN:OE1	1:A:77:HIS:HE1	2.05	0.40
1:D:87:GLY:HA3	5:D:301:12P:H322	2.04	0.40
1:A:77:HIS:CD2	5:B:301:12P:H62	2.56	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	\mathbf{ntiles}
1	A	$212/212\ (100\%)$	208 (98%)	3 (1%)	1 (0%)	29	13
1	В	$216/212\ (102\%)$	214 (99%)	2 (1%)	0	100	100
1	C	$215/212\ (101\%)$	210 (98%)	4 (2%)	1 (0%)	29	13
1	D	$219/212\ (103\%)$	217 (99%)	2 (1%)	0	100	100
All	All	862/848 (102%)	849 (98%)	11 (1%)	2 (0%)	47	30

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	124	PHE
1	С	67	GLU

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was



analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles		
1	A	177/175 (101%)	177 (100%)	0		100	100
1	В	182/175 (104%)	182 (100%)	0		100	100
1	C	180/175 (103%)	180 (100%)	0		100	100
1	D	185/175 (106%)	184 (100%)	1 (0%)		88	83
All	All	724/700 (103%)	723 (100%)	1 (0%)		93	90

All (1) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	D	12	SER

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (5) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	77	HIS
1	A	85	GLN
1	A	100	GLN
1	В	77	HIS
1	В	78	GLN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 14 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 12 for Mogul analysis.



In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Trino	Chain	Res	Link	Bo	ond leng	ths	В	ond ang	les
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
3	GOL	С	302	-	5,5,5	0.46	0	5,5,5	1.14	1 (20%)
2	GSH	В	302	-	18,19,19	1.04	1 (5%)	23,24,24	1.31	3 (13%)
5	12P	В	301	-	36,36,36	0.51	0	35,35,35	0.69	0
2	GSH	D	302	-	18,19,19	0.97	1 (5%)	23,24,24	0.87	0
2	GSH	A	301	-	18,19,19	1.16	1 (5%)	23,24,24	1.22	3 (13%)
3	GOL	D	304	-	5,5,5	0.30	0	5,5,5	0.50	0
7	PGE	D	303	-	9,9,9	0.23	0	8,8,8	0.84	0
5	12P	D	301	-	36,36,36	0.60	0	35,35,35	0.68	0
2	GSH	С	301	-	18,19,19	1.15	2 (11%)	23,24,24	1.06	1 (4%)
6	PG4	В	303	-	12,12,12	0.62	0	11,11,11	0.38	0
3	GOL	В	304	-	5,5,5	0.39	0	5,5,5	0.56	0
3	GOL	A	302	-	5,5,5	0.47	0	5,5,5	0.70	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	GOL	С	302	-	-	4/4/4/4	-
2	GSH	В	302	-	-	0/24/24/24	-
5	12P	В	301	-	-	16/34/34/34	-
2	GSH	D	302	-	-	0/24/24/24	-
2	GSH	A	301	-	-	0/24/24/24	-
3	GOL	D	304	ı	-	0/4/4/4	_
7	PGE	D	303	-	-	3/7/7/7	-
5	12P	D	301	-	-	18/34/34/34	-
2	GSH	С	301	-	-	0/24/24/24	-
6	PG4	В	303	-	-	3/10/10/10	-
3	GOL	В	304	-	-	0/4/4/4	-
3	GOL	A	302	-	-	2/4/4/4	_



All (5) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	Observed(A)	$oxed{Ideal(\AA)}$
2	A	301	GSH	O12-C1	-3.07	1.20	1.30
2	В	302	GSH	O12-C1	-2.78	1.21	1.30
2	С	301	GSH	O12-C1	-2.36	1.22	1.30
2	D	302	GSH	O12-C1	-2.28	1.23	1.30
2	С	301	GSH	CB2-CA2	2.02	1.55	1.53

All (8) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
2	В	302	GSH	CA2-CB2-SG2	-3.51	110.25	114.19
2	A	301	GSH	OE1-CD1-N2	-2.52	118.71	122.95
2	С	301	GSH	O32-C3-CA3	2.49	121.39	112.74
3	С	302	GOL	O1-C1-C2	-2.46	98.40	110.20
2	В	302	GSH	O32-C3-CA3	2.38	121.02	112.74
2	A	301	GSH	O2-C2-CA2	-2.30	115.62	120.45
2	В	302	GSH	CB1-CG1-CD1	-2.03	108.49	113.04
2	A	301	GSH	O12-C1-CA1	2.01	120.24	113.38

There are no chirality outliers.

All (46) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	С	302	GOL	O1-C1-C2-C3
5	В	301	12P	O25-C26-C27-O28
5	D	301	12P	O25-C26-C27-O28
5	D	301	12P	O4-C5-C6-O7
5	В	301	12P	O19-C20-C21-O22
5	D	301	12P	O19-C20-C21-O22
5	D	301	12P	O16-C17-C18-O19
5	В	301	12P	O16-C17-C18-O19
5	В	301	12P	O1-C2-C3-O4
5	D	301	12P	O10-C11-C12-O13
3	С	302	GOL	C1-C2-C3-O3
3	С	302	GOL	O1-C1-C2-O2
5	В	301	12P	O10-C11-C12-O13
5	В	301	12P	O31-C32-C33-O34
5	В	301	12P	O34-C35-C36-O37
3	С	302	GOL	O2-C2-C3-O3
7	D	303	PGE	C1-C2-O2-C3
6	В	303	PG4	C3-C4-O3-C5
5	D	301	12P	C18-C17-O16-C15

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
5	D	301	12P	O34-C35-C36-O37
5	В	301	12P	C18-C17-O16-C15
5	D	301	12P	C23-C24-O25-C26
5	В	301	12P	C23-C24-O25-C26
5	D	301	12P	C32-C33-O34-C35
5	D	301	12P	C11-C12-O13-C14
5	В	301	12P	O13-C14-C15-O16
5	В	301	12P	O28-C29-C30-O31
5	D	301	12P	C6-C5-O4-C3
5	D	301	12P	O31-C32-C33-O34
7	D	303	PGE	O2-C3-C4-O3
5	В	301	12P	O22-C23-C24-O25
5	D	301	12P	O22-C23-C24-O25
5	D	301	12P	O13-C14-C15-O16
5	D	301	12P	O28-C29-C30-O31
5	В	301	12P	C6-C5-O4-C3
5	D	301	12P	O7-C8-C9-O10
5	В	301	12P	C5-C6-O7-C8
6	В	303	PG4	C4-C3-O2-C2
3	A	302	GOL	O1-C1-C2-C3
5	В	301	12P	O4-C5-C6-O7
5	В	301	12P	O7-C8-C9-O10
3	A	302	GOL	O1-C1-C2-O2
6	В	303	PG4	C1-C2-O2-C3
7	D	303	PGE	C3-C4-O3-C5
5	D	301	12P	C2-C3-O4-C5
5	D	301	12P	C12-C11-O10-C9

There are no ring outliers.

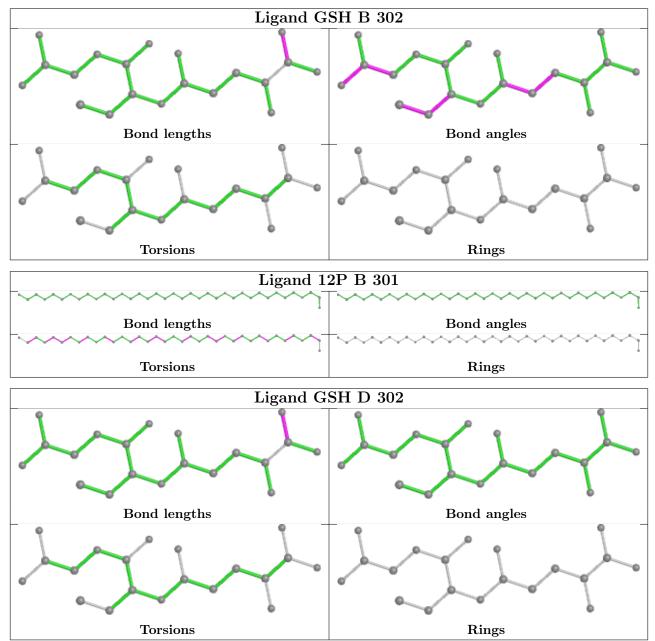
4 monomers are involved in 10 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	В	301	12P	3	0
7	D	303	PGE	2	0
5	D	301	12P	4	0
6	В	303	PG4	1	0

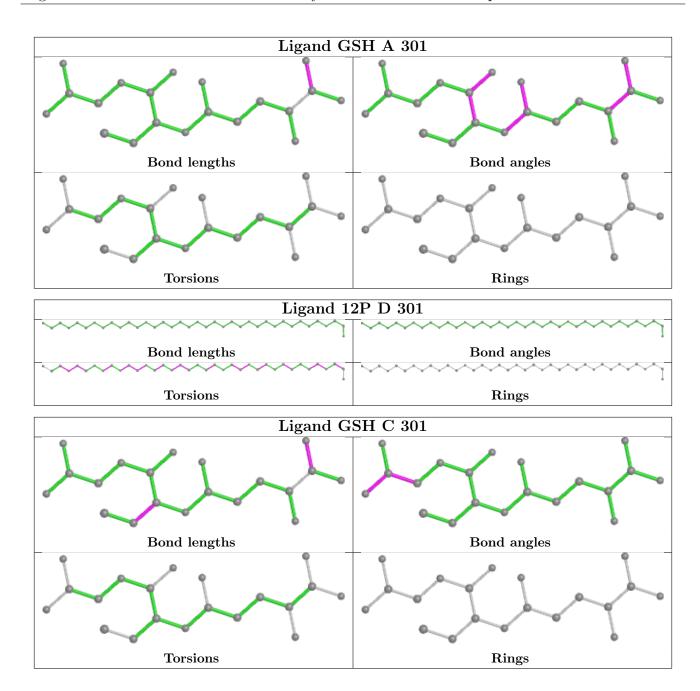
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier.



Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.







5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	$\# \mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$OWAB(A^2)$	Q<0.9
1	A	210/212 (99%)	-0.55	4 (1%) 66 70	5, 11, 30, 49	0
1	В	210/212 (99%)	-0.58	0 100 100	5, 12, 28, 41	0
1	С	211/212 (99%)	-0.54	4 (1%) 66 70	5, 11, 31, 55	0
1	D	211/212 (99%)	-0.58	2 (0%) 84 87	5, 11, 30, 41	0
All	All	842/848 (99%)	-0.56	10 (1%) 79 82	5, 11, 30, 55	0

All (10) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	С	124	PHE	4.9
1	С	126	LEU	4.2
1	A	126	LEU	3.6
1	С	123	VAL	3.3
1	С	127	PRO	3.1
1	A	123	VAL	2.3
1	A	125	GLY	2.3
1	D	124	PHE	2.2
1	A	127	PRO	2.1
1	D	123	VAL	2.0

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.



6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

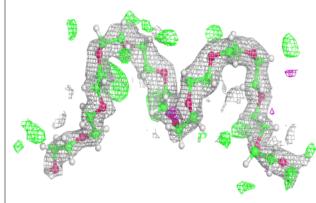
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathring{\mathbf{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
6	PG4	В	303	13/13	0.86	0.13	22,38,49,51	0
5	12P	В	301	37/37	0.87	0.12	13,36,60,69	0
5	12P	D	301	37/37	0.89	0.14	18,40,63,69	0
3	GOL	A	302	6/6	0.92	0.08	19,38,47,47	0
7	PGE	D	303	10/10	0.92	0.10	19,38,49,51	0
3	GOL	В	304	6/6	0.94	0.10	16,22,31,38	0
3	GOL	С	302	6/6	0.95	0.08	16,35,43,51	0
3	GOL	D	304	6/6	0.95	0.11	16,22,40,42	0
2	GSH	A	301	20/20	0.95	0.14	9,20,34,47	0
4	MG	В	305	1/1	0.98	0.12	22,22,22,22	0
2	GSH	С	301	20/20	0.98	0.09	7,13,24,28	0
2	GSH	D	302	20/20	0.98	0.07	7,12,28,35	0
2	GSH	В	302	20/20	0.98	0.10	6,14,27,31	0
4	MG	A	303	1/1	0.98	0.11	20,20,20,20	0

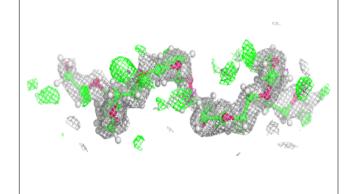
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

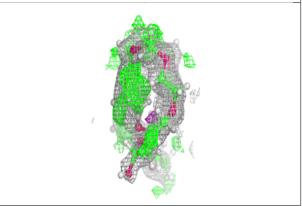


Electron density around 12P B 301:

 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

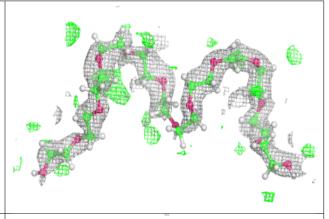


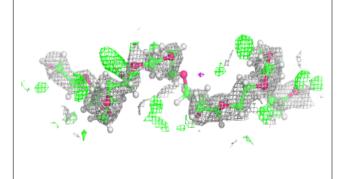




Electron density around 12P D 301:

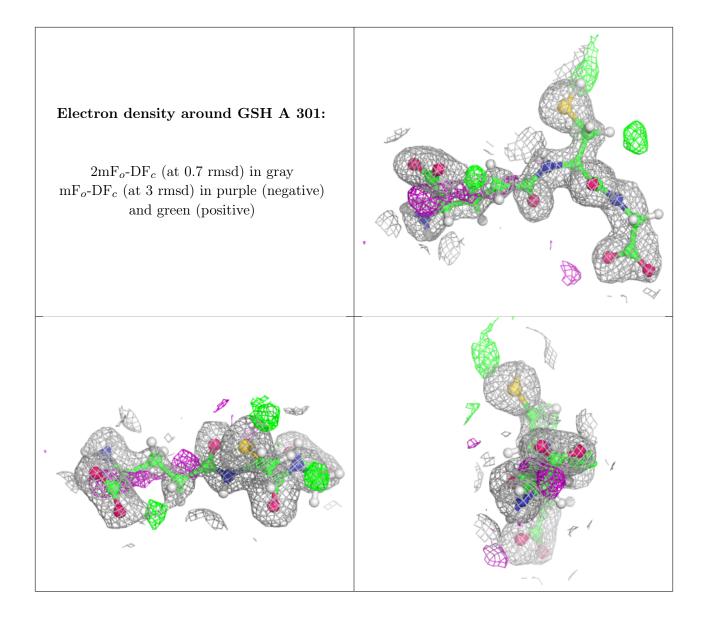
 $2 {
m mF}_o {
m -DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray ${
m mF}_o {
m -DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)



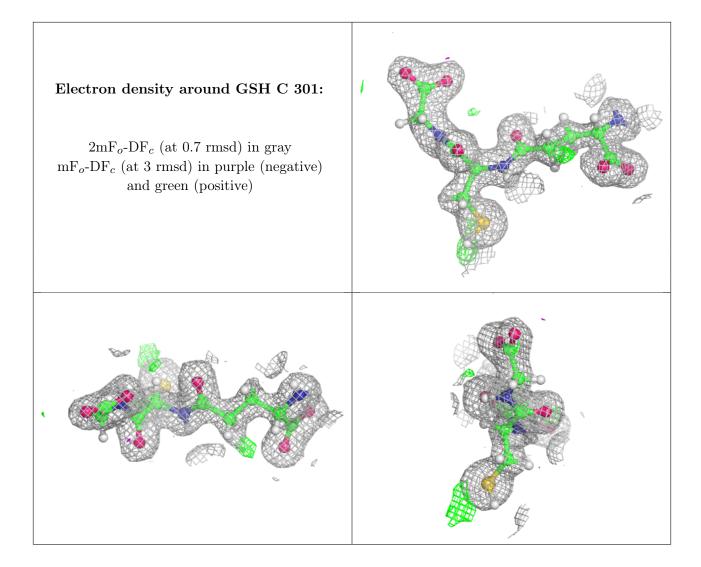




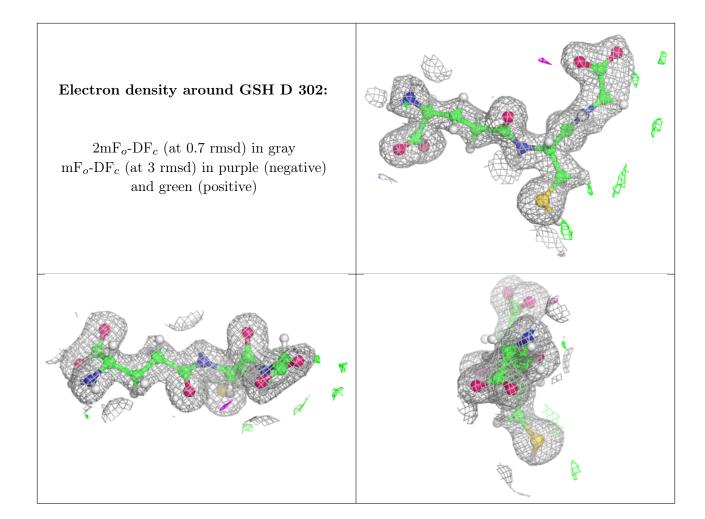




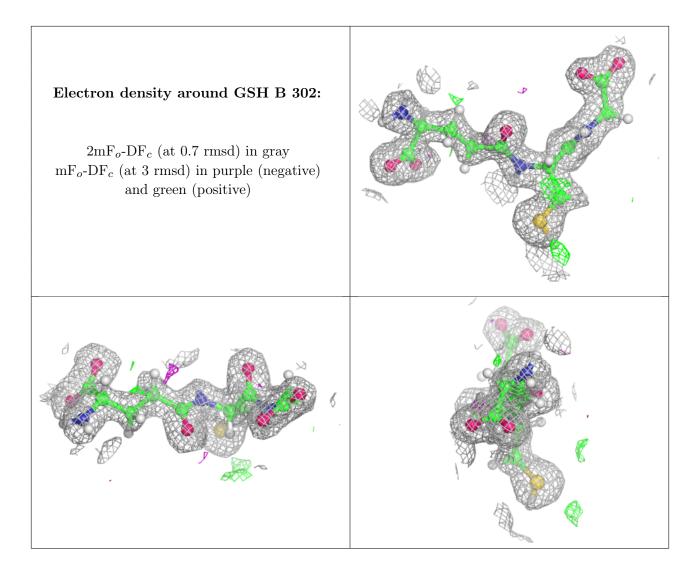












6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

