

Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report (i)

Feb 10, 2022 - 11:12 AM EST

PDB ID	:	1EXK
Title	:	SOLUTION STRUCTURE OF THE CYSTEINE-RICH DOMAIN OF THE
		ESCHERICHIA COLI CHAPERONE PROTEIN DNAJ.
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Deposited on	:	2000-05-03

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org* A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

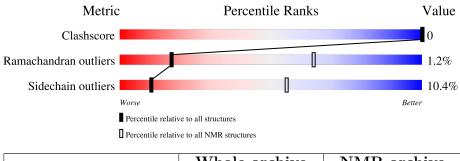
4.02b-467 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
$v_{1n_{11_5_{13}}A$ (Berjanski et al., 2005)
Wang et al. (2010)
2.26
Engh & Huber (2001)
Parkinson et al. (1996)
2.26

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $SOLUTION\ NMR$

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment was not calculated.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$egin{array}{c} { m Whole \ archive}\ (\#{ m Entries}) \end{array}$	${f NMR} { m archive} \ (\#{ m Entries})$
Clashscore	158937	12864
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
1	А	79	81%	6%	13%



2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 20 models. Model 8 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 19 as representative, based on the following criterion: *closest to the average*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues						
Well-defined core	Well-defined core Residue range (total) Backbone RMSD (Å) Medoid model					
1	A:11-A:79 (69)	0.82	8			

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 3 clusters. No single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	6, 8, 9, 10, 12, 14, 15, 17, 19
2	1, 2, 3, 4, 11, 16
3	5, 7, 13, 18, 20



3 Entry composition (i)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1153 atoms, of which 562 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called DNAJ PROTEIN.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				Trace		
1	٨	70	Total	С	Н	Ν	0	S	0
	А	79	1151	353	562	117	110	9	0

• Molecule 2 is ZINC ION (three-letter code: ZN) (formula: Zn).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms
9	Λ	9	Total Zn
2	Л	2	2 2

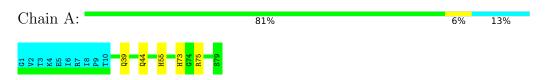


4 Residue-property plots (i)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: DNAJ PROTEIN

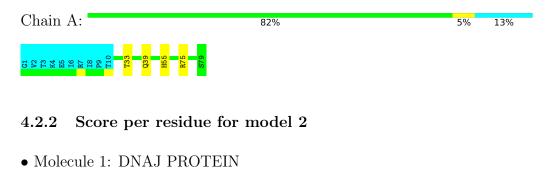


4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1

• Molecule 1: DNAJ PROTEIN





4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

Chain	A: 81%	6%	13%
G1 V2 K4 E5	R16 198 198 198 198 879 879 879 879 879 879 879 879 879 8		
4.2.4	Score per residue for model 4		
• Mole	cule 1: DNAJ PROTEIN		
Chain	A: 82%	5%	13%
61 V2 K4 E5	16 179 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16		
4.2.5	Score per residue for model 5		
• Mole	cule 1: DNAJ PROTEIN		
Chain	A: 76%	10% •	13%
G1 V2 K4 E5	R 16 18 19 19 10 12 10 17 10 17 13 10 17 13 10 17 13 10 17 17 10 17 17 10 17 17 10 17 17 10 17 17 10 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17		
4.2.6	Score per residue for model 6		
• Mole	cule 1: DNAJ PROTEIN		
Chain	A: 77%	10%	13%
G1 V2 K4 E5	R15 118 118 119 110 1110 119 119 119 119 119 110 110		
4.2.7	Score per residue for model 7		
• Mole	cule 1: DNAJ PROTEIN		
Chain	A: 75%	13%	13%
61 V2 K4 E5	IG 187 199 110 110 143 163 163 163 163 163 163 163 163 173 163 173 163 173 163		



4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8 (medoid)





G1 V2 F5 F5 F5 F8 F8 F9

4.2.13 Score per residue for model 13

Chain A	A: 81%	6%	13%
G1 72 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 73 74 74 75 74 75 74 75 74 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75	R T <tht< th=""> <tht< th=""> <tht< th=""> <tht< th=""></tht<></tht<></tht<></tht<>		
4.2.14	Score per residue for model 14		
• Molec	ule 1: DNAJ PROTEIN		
Chain A	A: 78%	9%	13%
G1 V2 K4 E5 E5	R7 110 710 84 84 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87		
4.2.15	Score per residue for model 15		
• Molec	ule 1: DNAJ PROTEIN		
Chain A	A: 77%	10%	13%
61 V2 K4 E5	R R		
4.2.16	Score per residue for model 16		
• Molec	ule 1: DNAJ PROTEIN		
Chain A	A: 81%	6%	13%
61 V2 K4 E5	R7 R7 R3 R4 R3 R4 R3 R4 R3 R4 R4 <thr4< th=""> R4 R4 R4<!--</td--><td></td><td></td></thr4<>		
4.2.17	Score per residue for model 17		
• Molec	ule 1: DNAJ PROTEIN		
Chain A	A: 80%	6%•	13%



4.2.18 Score per residue for model 18

Chain A:	80%	8%	13%
G1 73 73 71 710 18 719 719 716 16 716 716 716 716 716 716 716 716			
4.2.19 Score per residue for	model 19		
• Molecule 1: DNAJ PROTEIN			
Chain A:	77%	10%	13%
G1 73 85 87 87 87 99 94 94 95 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87	<mark>6</mark> <mark>6</mark> 6		
4.2.20 Score per residue for	model 20		
• Molecule 1: DNAJ PROTEIN			
Chain A:	78%	8% •	13%
G1 V2 V2 K7 E5 E5 K7 16 P19 P19 P19 P19 P19 P10 P10 P13 C7 K7 K7 K7 K7	0 20		



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)

The models were refined using the following method: torsion angle dynamics followed by simulated annealing.

Of the 112 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the least restraint violations, structures with the lowest energy.*

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
DYANA	structure solution	1.5
Amber	refinement	6.0

No chemical shift data was provided.



6 Model quality (i)

6.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ZN

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles		
	Unam	RMSZ	$\#Z{>}5$	RMSZ	#Z>5	
1	А	$0.52{\pm}0.01$	$0{\pm}0/523~(~0.0{\pm}~0.0\%)$	$0.86 {\pm} 0.04$	$0{\pm}0/703~(~0.0{\pm}~0.0\%)$	
All	All	0.52	0/10460 ($0.0%$)	0.86	2/14060 ($0.0%$)	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	Chirality	Planarity
1	А	$0.0{\pm}0.0$	$0.7{\pm}1.0$
All	All	0	13

There are no bond-length outliers.

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain Res Type Atoms Z Observed(7 Obs	Observed(°)	$Ideal(^{o})$	Moo	lels		
NIOI	Unam	nes	туре	Atoms	2	Observed(*)	Ideal(*)	Worst	Total
1	А	59	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.81	117.39	120.30	5	1
1	А	78	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.70	117.45	120.30	8	1

There are no chirality outliers.

All unique planar outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group	Models (Total)
1	А	59	ARG	Sidechain	7
1	А	75	ARG	Sidechain	4
1	А	47	PHE	Sidechain	1
1	А	78	ARG	Sidechain	1



6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	А	512	475	475	0 ± 0
All	All	10280	9500	9500	-

The all-atom clash score is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clash score for this structure is -.

There are no clashes.

6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	А	68/79~(86%)	56 ± 2 (82 $\pm3\%$)	$11\pm2~(16\pm3\%)$	1±1 (1±1%)	17 64
All	All	1360/1580~(86%)	1122 (82%)	222 (16%)	16 (1%)	17 64

All 8 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	А	24	PRO	4
1	А	43	ARG	3
1	А	45	GLY	3
1	А	78	ARG	2
1	А	37	SER	1
1	А	46	PHE	1
1	А	48	ALA	1
1	А	21	GLY	1



6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Perce	entiles
1	А	57/66~(86%)	51 ± 2 (90 $\pm3\%$)	$6\pm2~(10\pm3\%)$	10	55
All	All	1140/1320 (86%)	1021 (90%)	119 (10%)	10	55

All 23 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	А	75	ARG	15
1	А	44	GLN	13
1	А	73	HIS	12
1	А	39	GLN	11
1	А	55	HIS	11
1	А	27	GLN	9
1	А	51	GLN	9
1	А	33	THR	8
1	А	23	LYS	6
1	А	61	THR	5
1	А	42	MET	3
1	А	49	VAL	2
1	А	50	GLN	2
1	А	26	THR	2
1	А	65	ASP	2
1	А	37	SER	2
1	А	78	ARG	1
1	А	63	ILE	1
1	А	18	HIS	1
1	А	64	LYS	1
1	А	68	ASN	1
1	А	13	GLU	1
1	А	71	HIS	1

6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.



6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 2 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



7 Chemical shift validation (i)

No chemical shift data were provided

