

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

May 21, 2020 – 07:02 pm BST

PDB ID : 1EUY

Title : GLUTAMINYL-TRNA SYNTHETASE COMPLEXED WITH A TRNA MU-

TANT AND AN ACTIVE SITE INHIBITOR

Authors : Sherlin, L.D.; Bullock, T.L.; Newberry, K.J.; Lipman, R.S.A.; Hou, Y.-M.;

Beijer, B.; Sproat, B.S.; Perona, J.J.

Deposited on : 2000-04-19

Resolution : 2.60 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

 $Mol Probity \quad : \quad 4.02b\text{--}467$

Mogul: 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13 EDS : 2.11

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac: 5.8.0158

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

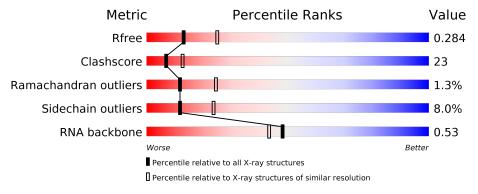
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.11

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.60 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Whole archive} \\ (\#\text{Entries}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar \; resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries, \; resolution \; range(\AA)}) \end{array}$
R_{free}	130704	3163 (2.60-2.60)
Clashscore	141614	3518 (2.60-2.60)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	3455 (2.60-2.60)
Sidechain outliers	138945	3455 (2.60-2.60)
RNA backbone	3102	1040 (2.90-2.30)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain					
1	В	74	18%	53%	22%	7% •		
2	A	548		59%	33%	5% •		



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 5915 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a RNA chain called GLUTAMINYL TRNA.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	В	73	Total 1555	C 695	N 282	O 506	P 72	0	0	0

• Molecule 2 is a protein called GLUTAMINYL-TRNA SYNTHETASE.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
2	Λ	529	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
	A	929	4274	2701	751	801	21	0	0	U

• Molecule 3 is 5'-O-[N-(L-GLUTAMINYL)-SULFAMOYL]ADENOSINE (three-letter code: QSI) (formula: $C_{15}H_{22}N_8O_8S$).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf		
9	Λ	1	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0
)	A	1	32	15	8	8	1	U	0

• Molecule 4 is water.



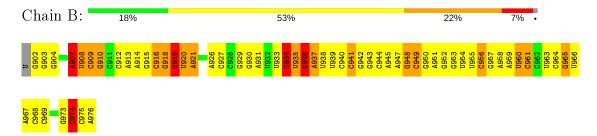
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	В	18	Total O 18 18	0	0
4	A	36	Total O 36 36	0	0



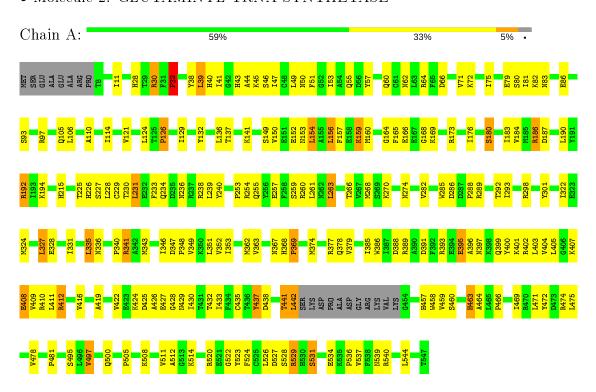
3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: GLUTAMINYL TRNA



• Molecule 2: GLUTAMINYL-TRNA SYNTHETASE





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 2 2 21	Depositor
Cell constants	235.20Å 94.20Å 113.41Å	Depositor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	30.00 - 2.60	Depositor
Resolution (A)	29.48 - 2.45	EDS
% Data completeness	95.5 (30.00-2.60)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	98.7 (29.48-2.45)	EDS
R_{merge}	0.06	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	2.39 (at 2.45Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	X-PLOR 3.851	Depositor
D D.	0.234 , 0.277	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.287 , 0.284	DCC
R_{free} test set	4626 reflections (10.05%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	56.0	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.227	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.39, 59.0	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$ < L >=0.49, < L^2>=0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.90	EDS
Total number of atoms	5915	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	38.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.60% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $< L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: QSI

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol Chain		Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
MIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	В	0.51	0/1738	0.82	$4/2708 \ (0.1\%)$	
2	A	0.50	0/4374	0.72	0/5921	
All	All	0.50	0/6112	0.76	4/8629 (0.0%)	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	В	0	4

There are no bond length outliers.

All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^o)$
1	В	974	С	N1-C1'-C2'	6.77	122.80	114.00
1	В	936	G	N9-C1'-C2'	6.66	122.66	114.00
1	В	934	С	N1-C1'-C2'	6.62	122.60	114.00
1	В	919	G	N9-C1'-C2'	6.10	121.93	114.00

There are no chirality outliers.

All (4) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	В	907	A	Sidechain
1	В	919	G	Sidechain
1	В	936	G	Sidechain
1	В	974	С	Sidechain



5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	В	1555	0	792	95	0
2	A	4274	0	4165	162	0
3	A	32	0	22	2	0
4	A	36	0	0	0	0
4	В	18	0	0	2	0
All	All	5915	0	4979	246	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 23.

The worst 5 of 246 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{aligned} ext{Interatomic} \ ext{distance} \ (ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$	$egin{aligned} ext{Clash} \ ext{overlap} & (ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$
2:A:531:SER:HB3	2:A:537:VAL:H	1.28	0.98
1:B:933:U:H2'	1:B:935:U:OP1	1.66	0.94
2:A:529:ARG:HA	2:A:529:ARG:HE	1.36	0.88
1:B:954:U:O2'	1:B:955:U:H5'	1.78	0.83
2:A:39:LEU:HD13	2:A:81:ILE:HG12	1.62	0.81

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured Allowed		Outliers	Percentiles
2	A	525/548 (96%)	488 (93%)	30 (6%)	7 (1%)	12 24



5 of 7 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	A	32	PRO
2	A	405	LEU
2	A	527	ASP
2	A	531	SER
2	A	426	ALA

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Analysed Rotameric (Percentiles
2	A	462/478 (97%)	425 (92%)	37 (8%)	12 24

5 of 37 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	A	231	LEU
2	A	335	LEU
2	A	497	VAL
2	A	263	LEU
2	A	266	THR

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 13 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	${f Res}$	\mathbf{Type}
2	A	226	HIS
2	A	236	ASN
2	A	397	ASN
2	A	153	ASN
2	A	368	HIS

5.3.3 RNA (i)



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Backbone Outliers	Pucker Outliers
1	В	72/74 (97%)	19 (26%)	11 (15%)

5 of 19 RNA backbone outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	907	A
1	В	908	U
1	В	909	С
1	В	910	G
1	В	916	С

5 of 11 RNA pucker outliers are listed below:

Mol	Iol Chain Res		Type
1	В	934	С
1	В	935	U
1	В	960	U
1	В	918	G
1	В	948	G

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).



	Mol	Type	Chain	Pos	Link Bond lengths		$Reg + Link + \cdots + $		Bond lengths		В	ond ang	les
			Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2		
	3	QSI	A	998	-	31,34,34	2.34	6 (19%)	34,50,50	0.94	3 (8%)		

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

\mathbf{Mol}	\mathbf{Type}	Chain	${f Res}$	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	QSI	A	998	-	-	5/19/40/40	0/3/3/3

The worst 5 of 6 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(ext{\AA})$
3	A	998	QSI	O1S-S	9.30	1.50	1.42
3	A	998	QSI	S-N 10	4.82	1.68	1.59
3	A	998	QSI	CD-NE2	4.36	1.46	1.32
3	A	998	QSI	O5'-S	-3.99	1.51	1.59
3	A	998	QSI	CA-N	-2.91	1.33	1.48

All (3) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$\mathbf{Ideal}(^o)$
3	A	998	QSI	C5-C6-N6	2.45	124.07	120.35
3	A	998	QSI	C-N10-S	-2.28	120.92	124.61
3	A	998	QSI	C5'-O5'-S	2.12	121.75	117.37

There are no chirality outliers.

All (5) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	A	998	QSI	N-CA-CB-CG
3	A	998	QSI	C-CA-CB-CG
3	A	998	QSI	O-C-N10-S
3	A	998	QSI	C-N10-S-O2S
3	A	998	QSI	N10-C-CA-N

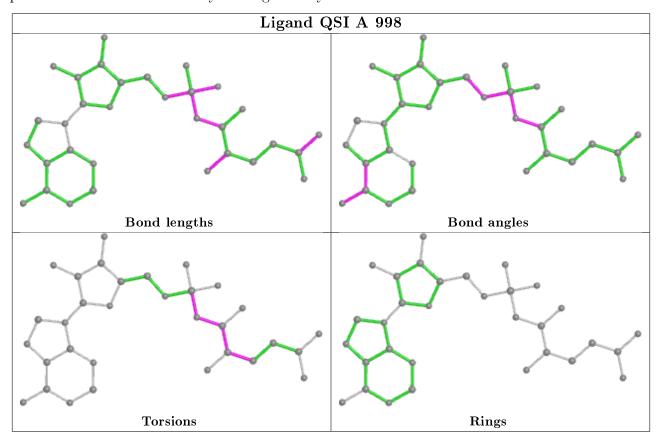
There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 2 short contacts:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	A	998	QSI	2	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.



5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

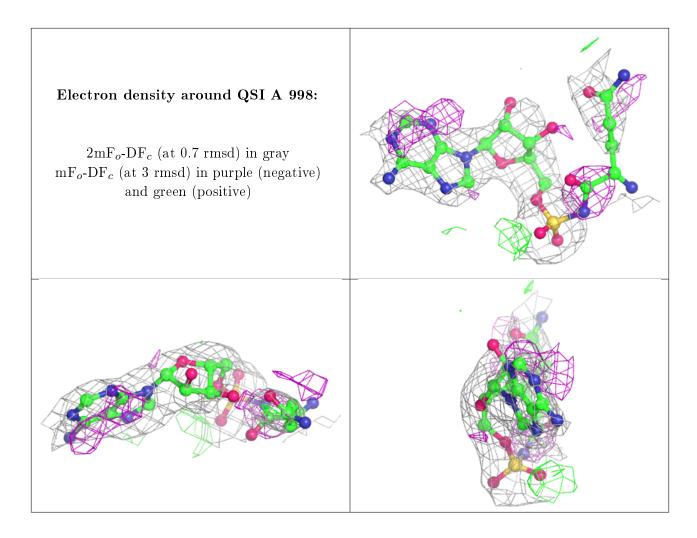
Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.4 Ligands (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.





6.5 Other polymers (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

