

Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

Mar 28, 2024 – 08:41 AM EDT

PDB ID : 8EPF

Title : Engineering Crystals with Tunable Symmetries from 14- or 16-Base-Long DNA

Strands

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Deposited on : 2022-10-05

Resolution : 2.61 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467 Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.36.1

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac : 5.8.0158

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

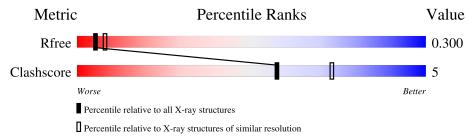
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36.1

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.61 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar\ resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries},\ {\rm resolution\ range}(\mathring{\rm A})) \end{array}$		
R_{free}	130704	3797 (2.64-2.60)		
Clashscore	141614	4168 (2.64-2.60)		

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain				
1	A	16	81%		19%		
2	В	16	62%	25%	12%		



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 650 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a DNA chain called DNA (5'-D(*GP*TP*AP*CP*CP*AP*GP*CP*CP*GP*AP*AP*CP*CP*TP*G)-3').

Mo	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace			
1	A	16	Total 323	C 154	N 62	O 92	P 15	0	0	0

• Molecule 2 is a DNA chain called DNA (5'-D(*AP*CP*GP*CP*TP*GP*GP*TP*GP*GP*TP*TP*CP*GP*CP*A)-3').

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace			
2	В	16	Total 327	C 156	N 60	O 96	P 15	0	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: DNA (5'-D(*GP*TP*AP*CP*CP*AP*GP*CP*CP*GP*AP*AP*CP*CP*TP*G)-3')

Chain A: 81% 19%



• Molecule 2: DNA (5'-D(*AP*CP*GP*CP*TP*GP*GP*TP*GP*GP*TP*TP*CP*GP*CP*A)-3')

Chain B: 62% 25% 12%





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 43	Depositor
Cell constants	33.58Å 33.58Å 105.97Å	Depositor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	33.58 - 2.61	Depositor
Resolution (A)	33.58 - 2.61	EDS
% Data completeness	48.6 (33.58-2.61)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	45.5 (33.58-2.61)	EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	0.07 (at 2.61Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX 1.20.1_4487	Depositor
D D	0.214 , 0.296	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.215 , 0.300	DCC
R_{free} test set	92 reflections (4.90%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	42.2	Xtriage
Anisotropy	1.232	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.10 , -53.3	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$< L >=0.51, < L^2>=0.35$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.198 for h,-k,-l	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.86	EDS
Total number of atoms	650	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	45.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The analyses of the Patterson function reveals a significant off-origin peak that is 24.60 % of the origin peak, indicating pseudo-translational symmetry. The chance of finding a peak of this or larger height randomly in a structure without pseudo-translational symmetry is equal to 3.7191e-03. The detected translational NCS is most likely also responsible for the elevated intensity ratio.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $<L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bon	d lengths	Bond angles		
Moi Chain		RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z >5	
1	A	1.14	0/362	1.09	1/556 (0.2%)	
2	В	1.14	1/366 (0.3%)	1.15	1/564 (0.2%)	
All	All	1.14	1/728 (0.1%)	1.12	2/1120 (0.2%)	

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(ext{\AA})$
2	В	1	DA	N9-C4	-5.61	1.34	1.37

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
2	В	2	DC	OP2-P-O3'	5.27	116.79	105.20
1	A	8	DC	C1'-O4'-C4'	-5.26	104.84	110.10

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	323	0	180	1	0
2	В	327	0	182	4	0
All	All	650	0	362	5	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including



hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 5.

All (5) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{aligned} & ext{Interatomic} \ & ext{distance} \ & ext{(Å)} \end{aligned}$	$egin{aligned} ext{Clash} \ ext{overlap } (ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$
2:B:1:DA:H2"	2:B:2:DC:H5'	1.93	0.50
1:A:13:DC:H2"	1:A:14:DC:OP2	2.13	0.48
2:B:3:DG:H2"	2:B:4:DC:H6	1.80	0.47
2:B:9:DG:H2"	2:B:10:DG:H5'	1.97	0.47
2:B:3:DG:H2"	2:B:4:DC:C6	2.52	0.44

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

There are no protein molecules in this entry.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

There are no protein molecules in this entry.

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains i

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.



5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.4 Ligands (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.5 Other polymers (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

