

Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

Aug 21, 2020 - 04:08 AM BST

PDB ID	:	6EPN
Title	:	Ras guanine exchange factor SOS1 (Rem-cdc25) in complex with
		KRAS(G12C) and fragment screening hit F2
Authors	:	Hillig, R.C.; Moosmayer, D.; Hilpmann, A.; Bader, B.; Schroeder, J.; Wort-
		mann, L.; Sautier, B.; Kahmann, J.; Wegener, D.; Briem, H.; Petersen, K.;
		Badock, V.
Deposited on	:	2017-10-12
Resolution	:	2.50 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

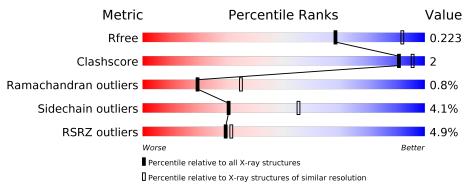
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
0		1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
EDS	:	2.13.1
buster-report	:	1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25 th 2019)
Refmac		
CCP4	:	7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.13.1

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.50 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$egin{array}{c} { m Whole \ archive} \ (\#{ m Entries}) \end{array}$	${f Similar\ resolution}\ (\#{ m Entries},{ m resolution\ range}({ m \AA}))$
R_{free}	130704	4661(2.50-2.50)
Clashscore	141614	5346 (2.50-2.50)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	5231(2.50-2.50)
Sidechain outliers	138945	5233 (2.50-2.50)
RSRZ outliers	127900	4559 (2.50-2.50)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
1	R	170	91%	8% ••
2	S	487	4% 86%	8% 5%



6EPN

2 Entry composition (i)

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 5536 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called GTPase KRas.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	R	169	Total 1365	$\begin{array}{c} \mathrm{C} \\ 852 \end{array}$	N 238	O 268	S 7	0	1	0

There are 6 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
R	0	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P01116
R	12	CYS	GLY	engineered mutation	UNP P01116
R	118	SER	CYS	engineered mutation	UNP P01116
R	126	GLU	ASP	engineered mutation	UNP P01116
R	127	SER	THR	engineered mutation	UNP P01116
R	128	ARG	LYS	engineered mutation	UNP P01116

• Molecule 2 is a protein called Son of sevenless homolog 1.

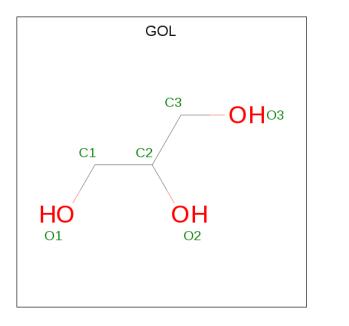
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	S	462	Total 3860	C 2479	N 666	O 701	S 14	0	3	0

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
S	563	GLY	LYS	engineered mutation	UNP Q07889

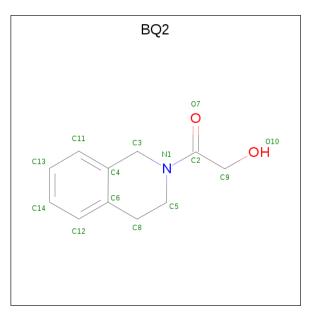
• Molecule 3 is GLYCEROL (three-letter code: GOL) (formula: $C_3H_8O_3$).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	R	1	$\begin{array}{cc} {\rm Total} & {\rm C} \\ 6 & 3 \end{array}$	O 3	0	0

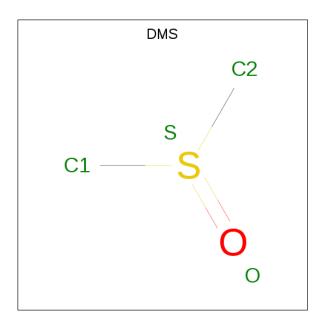
• Molecule 4 is 1-(3,4-dihydro-1 {H}-isoquinolin-2-yl)-2-oxidanyl-ethanone (three-letter code: BQ2) (formula: $C_{11}H_{13}NO_2$) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by author).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	S	1	Total	С	Ν	Ο	0	0
Т	4 5	L	14	11	1	2	0	0

• Molecule 5 is DIMETHYL SULFOXIDE (three-letter code: DMS) (formula: C_2H_6OS).





Mo	1	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
5		\mathbf{S}	1	Total 4	С 2	0 1	S 1	0	0

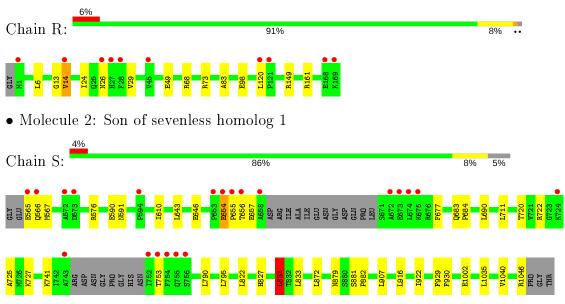
• Molecule 6 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	R	78	Total O 78 78	0	0
6	S	209	Total O 209 209	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.



• Molecule 1: GTPase KRas



4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	I 4 2 2	Depositor
Cell constants	149.99Å 149.99Å 201.07Å	Depositor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	47.41 - 2.50	Depositor
Resolution (A)	47.41 - 2.50	EDS
% Data completeness	98.6 (47.41-2.50)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	98.6(47.41-2.50)	EDS
R _{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R _{sym}	0.12	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	$2.11 (at 2.51 \text{\AA})$	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0158	Depositor
D D.	0.177 , 0.218	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.182 , 0.223	DCC
R_{free} test set	1973 reflections (5.00%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor $(Å^2)$	46.3	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.106	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/A^3), B_{sol}(A^2)$	0.33, 39.8	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$ \langle L \rangle = 0.50, \langle L^2 \rangle = 0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.96	EDS
Total number of atoms	5536	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	54.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 2.92% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: GOL, DMS, BQ2 $\,$

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain Bond		Bond lengths I		Bond angles	
	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	R	0.48	0/1386	0.72	1/1867~(0.1%)	
2	S	0.48	0/3960	0.71	1/5356~(0.0%)	
All	All	0.48	0/5346	0.71	2/7223~(0.0%)	

There are no bond length outliers.

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	R	161	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.40	123.00	120.30
2	S	831	LEU	CA-CB-CG	-5.29	103.14	115.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	R	1365	0	1348	6	0
2	S	3860	0	3887	14	0
3	R	6	0	8	0	0
4	S	14	0	0	0	0
5	S	4	0	6	0	0
6	R	78	0	0	1	0
6	S	209	0	0	0	0

Continued on next page...



Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
All	All	5536	0	5249	18	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 2.

All (18) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:R:73:ARG:NH1	2:S:879:ASN:O	2.17	0.77
1:R:149[B]:ARG:NH2	6:R:301:HOH:O	2.28	0.65
2:S:610:ILE:HD12	2:S:643:LEU:HD13	1.84	0.59
2:S:654:GLU:HB2	2:S:655:PRO:HD3	1.96	0.48
2:S:872:LEU:HD12	2:S:929:PHE:HB2	1.96	0.48
1:R:14:VAL:HA	1:R:83:ALA:HB2	1.95	0.47
1:R:26:ASN:HB3	1:R:29:VAL:HG12	1.97	0.47
1:R:68:ARG:NH2	2:S:1002:GLU:OE2	2.50	0.45
2:S:872:LEU:HD12	2:S:929:PHE:CG	2.52	0.45
2:S:711:LEU:HD21	2:S:741:LYS:HE2	1.99	0.43
1:R:13:GLY:O	1:R:14:VAL:HG23	2.19	0.43
2:S:683:GLN:HE21	2:S:725:ALA:CB	2.33	0.42
2:S:576:ARG:HD3	2:S:646:GLU:OE2	2.19	0.42
2:S:827:HIS:CE1	2:S:831:LEU:CD1	3.04	0.41
2:S:567:MET:HE2	2:S:677:PHE:HA	2.03	0.41
2:S:881:SER:N	2:S:882:PRO:CD	2.84	0.41
2:S:683:GLN:HB3	2:S:684:PRO:HD3	2.03	0.41
2:S:922:ILE:HD12	2:S:922:ILE:C	2.42	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	R	168/170~(99%)	160 (95%)	7 (4%)	1 (1%)	25	43
2	S	459/487~(94%)	445 (97%)	10 (2%)	4 (1%)	17	31
All	All	627/657~(95%)	605~(96%)	17(3%)	5 (1%)	19	35

All (5) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	S	654	GLU
2	S	657	GLU
1	R	14	VAL
2	S	566	GLN
2	S	753	THR

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	R	151/150~(101%)	146~(97%)	5(3%)	38 64
2	S	435/451~(96%)	415~(95%)	20~(5%)	27 50
All	All	586/601~(98%)	561~(96%)	25~(4%)	30 53

All (25) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	R	6	LEU
1	R	24	ILE
1	R	49	GLU
1	R	98	GLU
1	R	120	LEU
2	S	565	GLU
2	S	590	GLU
2	S	591[A]	ASN
2	S	591[B]	ASN
2	S	656	THR
2	S	690	LEU

Continued on next page...



Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	S	720	THR
2	S	722	ARG
2	S	727	LYS
2	S	790	LEU
2	S	795	LEU
2	S	822	LEU
2	S	831	LEU
2	S	833	LEU
2	S	907	LEU
2	S	916	LEU
2	S	930	PHE
2	S	1035	LEU
2	S	1040	VAL
2	S	1046	ARG

Continued from previous page...

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (3) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	S	593	GLN
2	S	683	GLN
2	S	897	GLN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

3 ligands are modelled in this entry.



In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Mol Type		Chain Res	Link Bond lengths				Bond angles		
	Mol Type Chain	nes		Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	
4	BQ2	S	1101	-	15, 15, 15	1.05	1 (6%)	$19,\!20,\!20$	0.91	2 (10%)
5	DMS	S	1102	-	3,3,3	0.48	0	3,3,3	0.65	0
3	GOL	R	201	-	5, 5, 5	0.40	0	$5,\!5,\!5$	0.42	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mo	bl	Type	Chain	\mathbf{Res}	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4		BQ2	S	1101	-	-	0/6/15/15	0/2/2/2
3		GOL	R	201	-	-	2/4/4/4	-

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(\operatorname{\AA})$
4	S	1101	BQ2	C3-N1	2.44	1.50	1.46

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
4	S	1101	BQ2	C3-N1-C5	2.01	121.56	115.57
4	S	1101	BQ2	C8-C5-N1	2.01	112.41	110.04

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) torsion outliers are listed below:

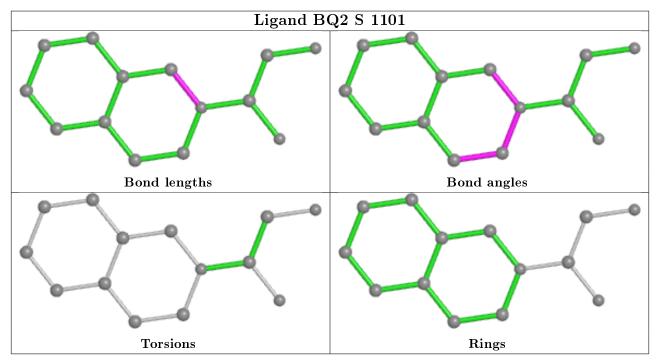
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	R	201	GOL	C1-C2-C3-O3
3	R	201	GOL	O2-C2-C3-O3

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.



The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	#RSRZ >2	$\mathbf{OWAB}(\mathbf{A}^2)$	Q<0.9
1	R	169/170~(99%)	0.02	10 (5%) 22 23	29, 44, 99, 160	1 (0%)
2	S	462/487~(94%)	-0.02	21 (4%) 33 36	30, 47, 109, 183	0
All	All	631/657~(96%)	-0.01	31 (4%) 29 31	29, 46, 107, 183	1 (0%)

All (31) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
2	S	753	THR	6.2
2	S	752	ILE	6.1
2	S	655	PRO	5.9
2	S	656	THR	5.6
2	S	756	SER	5.0
1	R	168	GLU	4.4
2	S	594	PRO	4.3
1	R	27	HIS	4.3
2	S	743	ALA	4.1
2	S	565	GLU	3.9
2	S	654	GLU	3.9
2	S	566	GLN	3.8
1	R	169	LYS	3.7
2	S	754	PHE	3.7
2	S	673	GLU	3.3
1	R	120	LEU	3.3
2	S	658	ALA	3.2
2	S	672	ALA	3.0
1	R	14	VAL	2.9
2	S	653	PRO	2.8
2	S	573	ASP	2.7
2	S	724	LYS	2.6
1	R	28	PHE	2.6
1	R	26	ASN	2.4

Continued on next page...



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	R	1	MET	2.4
2	S	674	LEU	2.4
2	S	755	GLN	2.3
1	R	121	PRO	2.3
1	R	45	VAL	2.1
2	S	675	LYS	2.1
2	S	572	ALA	2.0

Continued from previous page...

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

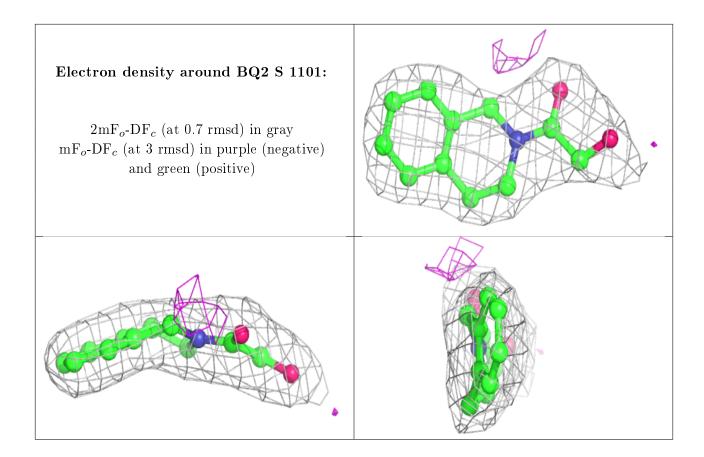
6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-factors}(\mathbf{\AA}^2)$	$Q{<}0.9$
5	DMS	S	1102	4/4	0.86	0.36	$96,\!101,\!103,\!115$	0
3	GOL	R	201	6/6	0.86	0.28	$57,\!61,\!71,\!71$	0
4	BQ2	S	1101	14/14	0.97	0.13	$35,\!38,\!43,\!43$	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.





6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

