

# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

#### Sep 18, 2023 – 07:29 PM EDT

PDB ID : 5DUX

Title : Crystal structure of the human galectin-4 N-terminal carbohydrate recognition

domain in complex with 2'-fucosyllactose

Authors : Bum-Erdene, K.; Blanchard, H.

Deposited on : 2015-09-21

Resolution : 1.85 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

 $Mol Probity \quad : \quad 4.02b\text{--}467$ 

Mogul: 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13 EDS : 2.35.1

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$ 

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

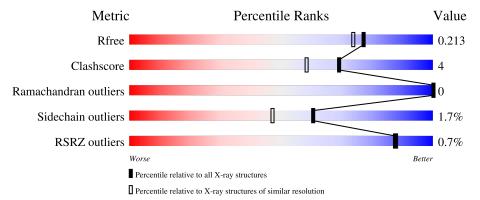
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.35.1

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.85 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar\ resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries,\ resolution\ range(\mathring{A})}) \end{array}$
$R_{free}$	130704	2469 (1.86-1.86)
Clashscore	141614	2625 (1.86-1.86)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	2592 (1.86-1.86)
Sidechain outliers	138945	2592 (1.86-1.86)
RSRZ outliers	127900	2436 (1.86-1.86)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain				
1	A	155	85%	• 11%			
1	В	155	78%	10% • 11%			
1	С	155	80%	8% • 12%			
1	D	155	82%	6% • 12%			
2	Е	3	67%	33%			



 $Continued\ from\ previous\ page...$ 

Mol	Chain	Length		Quality of chain
2	F	3	33%	67%



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 4930 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Galectin-4.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace			
1	В	138	Total	С	N	О	S		0	1	0
1	Б	130	1109	724	187	194	4	0	1	U	
1	D	137	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0	
1	ט	137	1099	718	186	191	4	0	U	U	
1	Λ	138	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0	
1	A	130	1103	720	187	192	4	U	U	U	
1	С	137	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0	
1		191	1099	718	186	191	4		U	U	

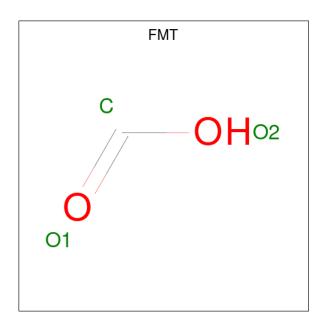
• Molecule 2 is an oligosaccharide called alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-2)-beta-D-galactopyranose-(1-4)-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	E	3	Total C 33 18		0	0	0
2	F	3	Total C 33 18	O 15	0	0	0

• Molecule 3 is FORMIC ACID (three-letter code: FMT) (formula: CH<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	D	1	Total C O 3 1 2	0	0

• Molecule 4 is GLYCEROL (three-letter code: GOL) (formula:  $C_3H_8O_3$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	0
4	С	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	0

• Molecule 5 is water.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	В	117	Total O 117 117	0	0
5	D	113	Total O 113 113	0	0
5	A	114	Total O 114 114	0	0
5	C	95	Total O 95 95	0	0



## 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.



• Molecule 2: alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-2)-beta-D-galactopyranose-(1-4)-beta-D-glucopyranose e



Chain F: 33% 67%





## 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants	63.15Å 64.47Å 64.65Å	D
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$90.00^{\circ}$ $90.79^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	45.65 - 1.85	Depositor
Resolution (A)	45.49 - 1.85	EDS
% Data completeness	99.0 (45.65-1.85)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	99.0 (45.49-1.85)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.04	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	8.24 (at 1.86Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0073	Depositor
D D	0.166 , 0.205	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.177 , $0.213$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	2156 reflections (4.90%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	14.5	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.795	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	$0.39 \; ,  45.0$	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$< L > = 0.48, < L^2> = 0.31$	Xtriage
	0.004 for -h,l,k	
	0.020  for -h,-l,-k	
	0.036  for -l,k,h	
	0.012  for -k,-h,-l	
	0.013  for  k,h,-l	
Estimated twinning fraction	0.003 for k,l,h	Xtriage
_	0.004  for  l,h,k	
	0.003  for  l,-h,-k	
	0.002 for -k,-l,h	
	0.038 for h,-k,-l	
	0.027 for l,-k,h	
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	4930	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	18.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The analyses of the Patterson function reveals a significant off-origin peak that is 28.08 % of the origin peak, indicating pseudo-translational symmetry. The chance of finding a peak of this or larger height randomly in a structure without pseudo-translational symmetry is equal to 1.9625e-03. The detected translational NCS is most likely also responsible for the elevated intensity ratio.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $<L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

## 5 Model quality (i)

### 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: FUC, FMT, GOL, GAL, BGC

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI		RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	A	0.36	0/1138	0.55	0/1541	
1	В	0.36	0/1147	0.53	0/1553	
1	С	0.34	0/1134	0.57	0/1536	
1	D	0.36	0/1134	0.56	0/1536	
All	All	0.35	0/4553	0.55	0/6166	

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

#### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1103	0	1071	4	0
1	В	1109	0	1077	10	1
1	С	1099	0	1068	11	1
1	D	1099	0	1068	7	0
2	Е	33	0	30	1	0
2	F	33	0	30	1	0
3	D	3	0	1	0	0
4	A	6	0	8	0	0
4	С	6	0	8	0	0



Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	A	114	0	0	3	0
5	В	117	0	0	4	0
5	С	95	0	0	5	0
5	D	113	0	0	2	0
All	All	4930	0	4361	33	1

The all-atom clash score is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clash score for this structure is 4.

All (33) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

1	A 4 a 0	Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	${\rm distance}\ (\mathring{\rm A})$	overlap (Å)
1:B:44:LYS:HG2	1:B:141:ASP:OD2	1.80	0.82
1:C:73:LYS:NZ	5:C:302:HOH:O	2.11	0.78
1:C:69:ASP:O	5:C:302:HOH:O	2.06	0.72
1:D:70:GLY:O	5:D:301:HOH:O	2.07	0.71
1:D:73:LYS:HE3	1:D:89:ARG:NH1	2.07	0.70
1:D:143:GLN:HB2	5:D:399:HOH:O	1.96	0.64
1:C:36:GLN:HG2	5:C:319:HOH:O	1.98	0.62
1:D:73:LYS:HE3	1:D:89:ARG:HH12	1.65	0.61
1:A:30:GLY:C	5:A:314:HOH:O	2.47	0.53
1:A:73:LYS:NZ	5:A:301:HOH:O	2.14	0.51
1:B:68:PHE:O	5:B:303:HOH:O	2.19	0.51
1:B:119:ASN:ND2	5:B:302:HOH:O	2.16	0.51
1:C:73:LYS:HE3	1:C:89:ARG:HH12	1.75	0.51
1:C:73:LYS:HE3	1:C:89:ARG:NH1	2.28	0.49
1:A:72:ASP:OD1	5:A:302:HOH:O	2.20	0.48
1:B:16:THR:HG23	5:B:345:HOH:O	2.12	0.48
1:C:92:SER:OG	5:C:301:HOH:O	2.00	0.48
1:C:19:TYR:OH	1:C:21:GLN:HG2	2.15	0.47
1:B:72:ASP:OD1	5:B:303:HOH:O	2.20	0.47
1:D:144:LEU:HD21	1:D:147:ILE:HD11	1.97	0.47
1:C:144:LEU:HD21	1:C:147:ILE:HD11	1.97	0.47
1:B:17:LEU:HA	1:B:18:PRO:C	2.38	0.44
1:C:15:PRO:HB2	1:C:144:LEU:HD23	1.99	0.44
1:A:17:LEU:HA	1:A:18:PRO:C	2.39	0.43
1:B:31:MET:CE	1:B:149:PHE:HD1	2.32	0.43
1:B:144:LEU:HD21	1:B:147:ILE:HD11	1.99	0.43
1:D:15:PRO:HB2	1:D:144:LEU:HD23	2.01	0.43
1:C:19:TYR:CE2	1:C:21:GLN:HB3	2.53	0.42
1:D:17:LEU:HA	1:D:18:PRO:C	2.39	0.42



Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Clash} \\ \text{overlap } (\text{\AA}) \end{array}$
1:C:148:ASN:ND2	5:C:305:HOH:O	2.34	0.42
2:F:1:BGC:O4	2:F:3:FUC:H5	2.21	0.41
1:B:15:PRO:HB2	1:B:144:LEU:HD23	2.03	0.41
1:B:87:GLU:HG2	2:E:2:GAL:O6	2.21	0.41

All (1) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:80:GLN:NE2	1:C:119:ASN:OD1[2_853]	2.03	0.17

#### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	A	136/155 (88%)	135 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100	100
1	В	137/155 (88%)	136 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100	100
1	$\mathbf{C}$	135/155 (87%)	132 (98%)	3 (2%)	0	100	100
1	D	135/155 (87%)	132 (98%)	3 (2%)	0	100	100
All	All	543/620 (88%)	535 (98%)	8 (2%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles		
1	A	117/131 (89%)	116 (99%)	1 (1%)	78 72		
1	В	118/131 (90%)	115 (98%)	3 (2%)	47 31		
1	С	117/131 (89%)	115 (98%)	2 (2%)	60 47		
1	D	117/131 (89%)	115 (98%)	2 (2%)	60 47		
All	All	469/524 (90%)	461 (98%)	8 (2%)	60 47		

All (8) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	15	PRO
1	В	20	TYR
1	В	69	ASP
1	D	15	PRO
1	D	20	TYR
1	A	20	TYR
1	С	15	PRO
1	С	20	TYR

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (1) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	D	148	ASN

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

6 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond



length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Tune	pe Chain Res Link		Link	Bo	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	
2	BGC	Е	1	2	12,12,12	0.45	0	17,17,17	0.74	0	
2	GAL	Е	2	2	11,11,12	0.35	0	15,15,17	0.64	0	
2	FUC	Е	3	2	10,10,11	0.63	0	14,14,16	0.63	0	
2	BGC	F	1	2	12,12,12	0.50	0	17,17,17	0.74	0	
2	GAL	F	2	2	11,11,12	0.23	0	15,15,17	0.70	0	
2	FUC	F	3	2	10,10,11	0.71	0	14,14,16	0.71	0	

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	$\mathbf{Type}$	Chain	$\operatorname{Res}$	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	BGC	Е	1	2	-	0/2/22/22	0/1/1/1
2	GAL	Е	2	2	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	FUC	Е	3	2	-	-	0/1/1/1
2	BGC	F	1	2	-	0/2/22/22	0/1/1/1
2	$\operatorname{GAL}$	F	2	2	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	FUC	F	3	2	-	-	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

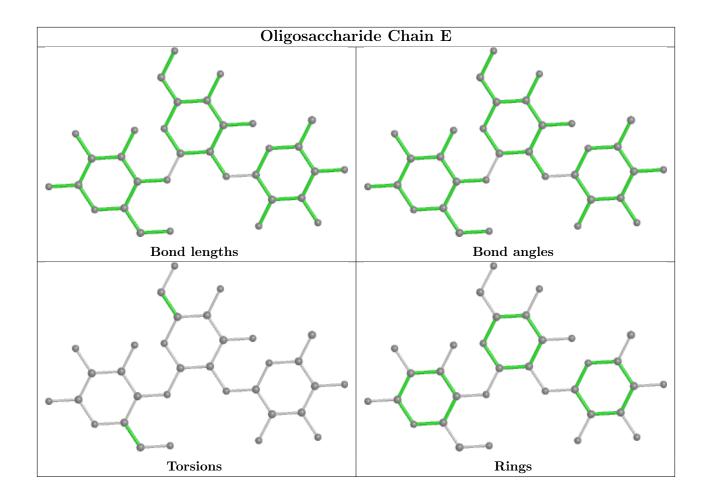
There are no ring outliers.

3 monomers are involved in 2 short contacts:

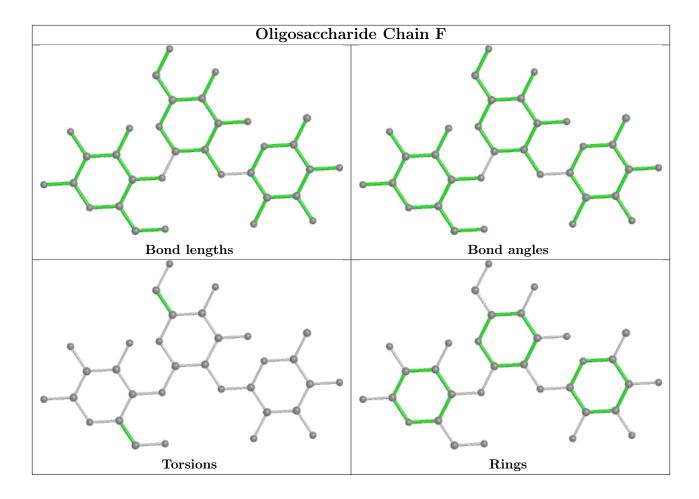
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	Е	2	GAL	1	0
2	F	3	FUC	1	0
2	F	1	BGC	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.









#### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

3 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	nain Res Lin		B	Bond lengths			ond ang	gles
MIOI	туре	Chain	nes	Link	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
3	FMT	D	203	-	2,2,2	0.70	0	1,1,1	0.68	0
4	GOL	A	201	-	5,5,5	0.27	0	5,5,5	0.21	0
4	GOL	С	201	-	5,5,5	0.38	0	5,5,5	0.13	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	GOL	С	201	-	-	2/4/4/4	-
4	GOL	A	201	-	-	0/4/4/4	-

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	С	201	GOL	O1-C1-C2-O2
4	С	201	GOL	O1-C1-C2-C3

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

### 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



### 6 Fit of model and data (i)

#### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	# RSRZ > 2	$OWAB(A^2)$	Q<0.9
1	A	138/155~(89%)	-0.16	0 100 100	8, 15, 29, 36	0
1	В	138/155 (89%)	-0.09	1 (0%) 87 88	7, 16, 30, 46	0
1	C	137/155~(88%)	-0.04	2 (1%) 73 74	9, 16, 34, 64	0
1	D	137/155 (88%)	-0.13	1 (0%) 87 88	8, 15, 30, 42	0
All	All	550/620 (88%)	-0.11	4 (0%) 87 88	7, 16, 31, 64	0

#### All (4) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	$\operatorname{Res}$	Type	RSRZ
1	С	71	TRP	5.4
1	D	71	TRP	3.2
1	В	71	TRP	2.5
1	С	69	ASP	2.0

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

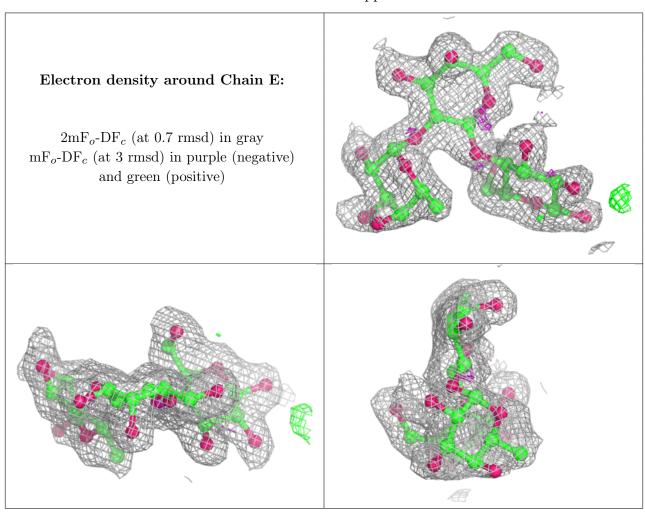
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
2	FUC	F	3	10/11	0.74	0.20	42,46,51,51	0
2	FUC	Е	3	10/11	0.83	0.17	29,32,33,39	0
2	BGC	E	1	12/12	0.88	0.12	19,25,28,30	0



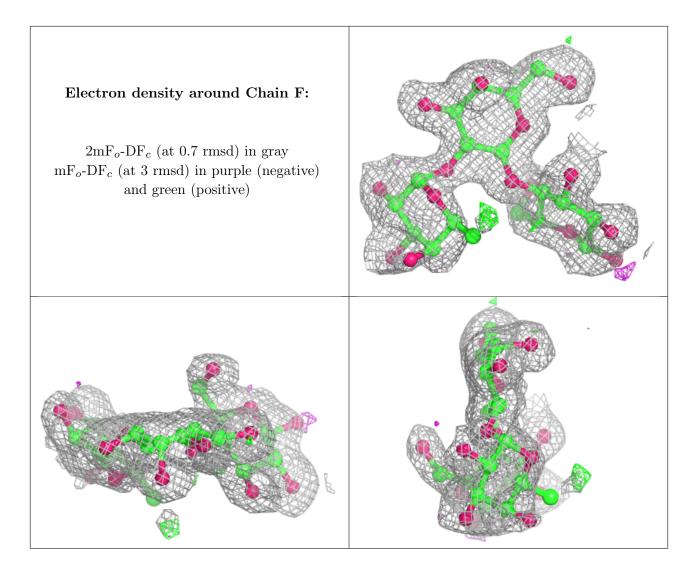
Continued from previous page...

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
2	BGC	F	1	12/12	0.89	0.15	18,26,31,33	0
2	GAL	F	2	11/12	0.91	0.09	16,19,25,31	0
2	GAL	Ε	2	11/12	0.91	0.11	13,15,19,24	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.







### 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$ m B ext{-}factors(\AA^2)$	Q<0.9
4	GOL	С	201	6/6	0.89	0.11	21,23,25,30	0
4	GOL	A	201	6/6	0.94	0.09	15,17,18,20	0
3	FMT	D	203	3/3	0.94	0.15	29,29,30,31	0

### 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

