Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

Jul 31, 2023 – 03:55 AM EDT

PDB ID	:	1DIL
Title	:	SIALIDASE FROM SALMONELLA TYPHIMURIUM COMPLEXED WITH APANA AND EPANA INHIBITORS
Authors	:	Garman, E.F.; Crennell, S.C.; Vimr, E.R.; Laver, W.G.; Taylor, G.L.
Deposited on	:	1996-04-23
Resolution	:	1.90 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at
http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

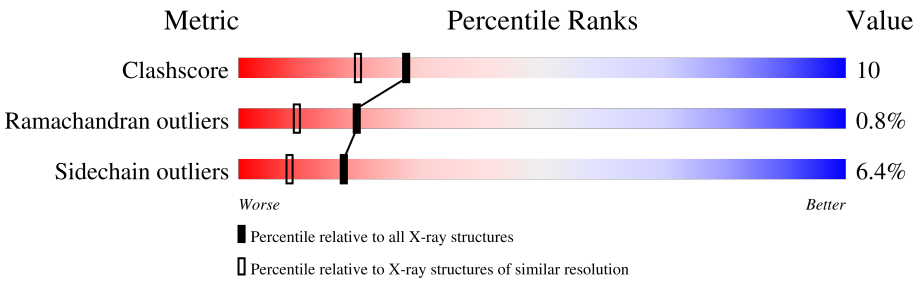
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	NOT EXECUTED
EDS	:	NOT EXECUTED
buster-report	:	1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.34

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.90 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	141614	6847 (1.90-1.90)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	6760 (1.90-1.90)
Sidechain outliers	138945	6760 (1.90-1.90)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Note EDS was not executed.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	381	77% 18% • •

2 Entry composition (i)

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3223 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

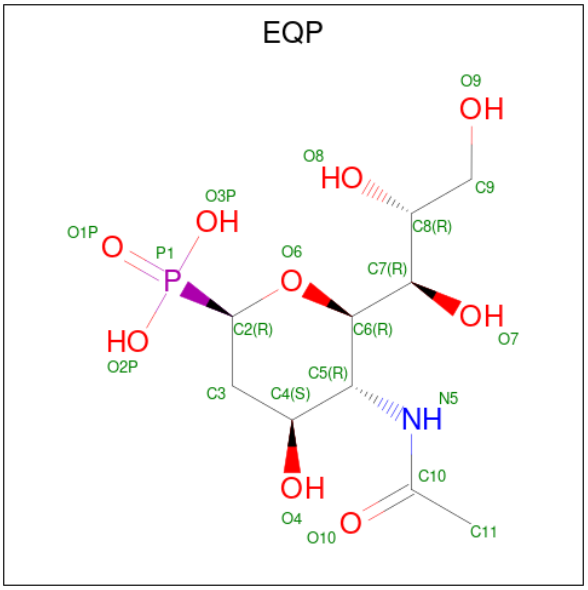
- Molecule 1 is a protein called SIALIDASE.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
1	A	381	2954	1847	513	584	10	0	0	0

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

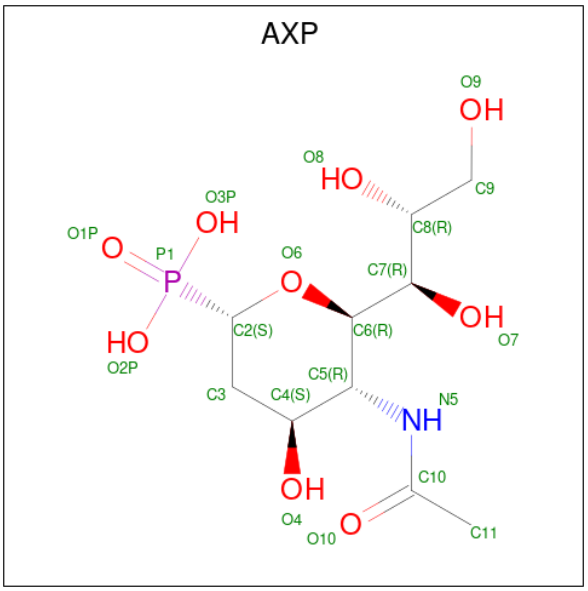
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	329	ASP	ALA	conflict	UNP P29768

- Molecule 2 is (1R)-4-acetamido-1,5-anhydro-2,4-dideoxy-1-phosphono-D-glycero-D-galacto-octitol (three-letter code: EQP) (formula: $C_{10}H_{20}NO_9P$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	C	N	O	P		
2	A	1	21	10	1	9	1	0	1

- Molecule 3 is (1S)-4-acetamido-1,5-anhydro-2,4-dideoxy-1-phosphono-D-glycero-D-galacto-octitol (three-letter code: AXP) (formula: $C_{10}H_{20}NO_9P$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	C	N	O	P		
3	A	1	21	10	1	9	1	0	1

- Molecule 4 is POTASSIUM ION (three-letter code: K) (formula: K).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	K		
4	A	1	1	1	0	0

- Molecule 5 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	O		
5	A	226	226	226	0	0

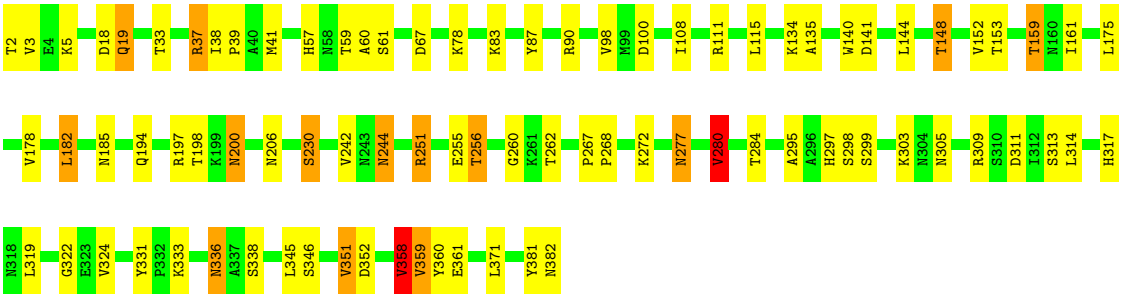
3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

Note EDS was not executed.

• Molecule 1: SIALIDASE

Chain A:



4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Xtriage (Phenix) and EDS were not executed - this section is therefore incomplete.

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α, β, γ	47.40Å 82.30Å 91.70Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	6.00 – 1.90	Depositor
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	96.4 (6.00-1.90)	Depositor
R_{merge}	0.06	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
Refinement program	X-PLOR 3.1	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.187 , (Not available)	Depositor
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
Total number of atoms	3223	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å^2)	15.0	wwPDB-VP

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: AXP, K, EQP

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\#\|Z\|>5$	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\|>5$
1	A	0.40	0/3012	0.80	6/4079 (0.1%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (6) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
1	A	358	VAL	CB-CA-C	-6.65	98.77	111.40
1	A	280	VAL	CB-CA-C	-6.46	99.12	111.40
1	A	251	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-6.33	117.14	120.30
1	A	37	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-6.32	117.14	120.30
1	A	182	LEU	CA-CB-CG	5.34	127.58	115.30
1	A	37	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.24	122.92	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2954	0	2883	59	0
2	A	21	0	17	0	0
3	A	21	0	17	0	0
4	A	1	0	0	0	0
5	A	226	0	0	5	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
All	All	3223	0	2917	59	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 10.

All (59) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:159:THR:HG23	1:A:161:ILE:H	1.23	1.00
1:A:256:THR:HG21	1:A:260:GLY:H	1.26	0.98
1:A:256:THR:HG21	1:A:260:GLY:N	1.95	0.82
1:A:39:PRO:HB2	1:A:359:VAL:HG13	1.62	0.81
1:A:345:LEU:HD23	1:A:358:VAL:HG13	1.61	0.81
1:A:37:ARG:HD2	1:A:361:GLU:OE2	1.81	0.79
1:A:256:THR:HG23	1:A:262:THR:O	1.91	0.70
1:A:272:LYS:HB3	1:A:324:VAL:HG21	1.75	0.67
1:A:244:ASN:HD21	1:A:251:ARG:HD3	1.61	0.66
1:A:351:VAL:HG13	1:A:352:ASP:H	1.63	0.63
1:A:331:TYR:CE1	1:A:333:LYS:HD3	2.34	0.63
1:A:111:ARG:NH2	1:A:148:THR:HG23	2.14	0.62
1:A:200:ASN:H	1:A:200:ASN:HD22	1.50	0.58
1:A:244:ASN:ND2	1:A:251:ARG:HH11	2.02	0.57
1:A:314:LEU:HD22	1:A:371:LEU:HD13	1.85	0.57
1:A:39:PRO:HB2	1:A:359:VAL:CG1	2.34	0.57
1:A:251:ARG:NH2	1:A:280:VAL:O	2.38	0.56
1:A:317:HIS:HD2	5:A:555:HOH:O	1.89	0.56
1:A:324:VAL:HG22	5:A:555:HOH:O	2.06	0.55
1:A:111:ARG:HH22	1:A:148:THR:HG23	1.71	0.54
1:A:159:THR:HG21	5:A:626:HOH:O	2.07	0.52
1:A:303:LYS:HD2	1:A:311:ASP:OD2	2.10	0.52
1:A:3:VAL:HB	1:A:78:LYS:HG2	1.90	0.52
1:A:280:VAL:HG22	5:A:560:HOH:O	2.08	0.52
1:A:5:LYS:NZ	1:A:360:TYR:OH	2.42	0.52
1:A:244:ASN:HD22	1:A:251:ARG:HH11	1.58	0.51
1:A:57:HIS:HE1	1:A:67:ASP:OD2	1.93	0.51
1:A:345:LEU:CD2	1:A:358:VAL:HG13	2.38	0.51
1:A:336:ASN:HD22	1:A:338:SER:H	1.59	0.50
1:A:297:HIS:HE1	1:A:299:SER:OG	1.95	0.50
1:A:284:THR:OG1	1:A:297:HIS:HD2	1.95	0.50
1:A:59:THR:HG22	1:A:60:ALA:N	2.27	0.49
1:A:83:LYS:HE2	5:A:743:HOH:O	2.13	0.48

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:194:GLN:HB3	1:A:230:SER:HB2	1.95	0.48
1:A:336:ASN:ND2	1:A:338:SER:H	2.12	0.47
1:A:197:ARG:HH11	1:A:206:ASN:ND2	2.13	0.46
1:A:108:ILE:HD11	1:A:115:LEU:HD21	1.98	0.46
1:A:267:PRO:HG2	1:A:268:PRO:HD3	1.98	0.45
1:A:242:VAL:HG22	1:A:255:GLU:HB2	1.98	0.45
1:A:38:ILE:HG21	1:A:100:ASP:HA	1.98	0.45
1:A:152:VAL:HG12	1:A:153:THR:HG23	1.98	0.44
1:A:295:ALA:HB3	1:A:317:HIS:HB2	2.00	0.44
1:A:298:SER:HA	1:A:313:SER:O	2.17	0.44
1:A:336:ASN:HD22	1:A:336:ASN:C	2.22	0.44
1:A:358:VAL:HG22	1:A:371:LEU:HG	2.00	0.44
1:A:140:TRP:CG	1:A:141:ASP:N	2.87	0.43
1:A:59:THR:HG22	1:A:61:SER:H	1.84	0.43
1:A:19:GLN:H	1:A:19:GLN:HE21	1.65	0.43
1:A:135:ALA:HB2	1:A:198:THR:HG21	2.01	0.42
1:A:280:VAL:HG13	1:A:309:ARG:NE	2.35	0.42
1:A:111:ARG:HH22	1:A:148:THR:CG2	2.33	0.42
1:A:18:ASP:HA	1:A:87:TYR:CE1	2.54	0.41
1:A:2:THR:HB	1:A:78:LYS:NZ	2.35	0.41
1:A:272:LYS:HE2	1:A:322:GLY:O	2.21	0.41
1:A:111:ARG:HG3	1:A:111:ARG:HH11	1.85	0.41
1:A:277:ASN:HB2	1:A:305:ASN:OD1	2.21	0.41
1:A:3:VAL:HB	1:A:78:LYS:CG	2.51	0.41
1:A:33:THR:OG1	1:A:57:HIS:HD2	2.03	0.40
1:A:41:MET:HG2	1:A:346:SER:HB2	2.03	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	379/381 (100%)	362 (96%)	14 (4%)	3 (1%)	19 9

All (3) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	178	VAL
1	A	230	SER
1	A	351	VAL

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	327/327 (100%)	306 (94%)	21 (6%)	17 8

All (21) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	19	GLN
1	A	90	ARG
1	A	98	VAL
1	A	134	LYS
1	A	144	LEU
1	A	148	THR
1	A	159	THR
1	A	175	LEU
1	A	182	LEU
1	A	185	ASN
1	A	200	ASN
1	A	244	ASN
1	A	256	THR
1	A	277	ASN
1	A	280	VAL
1	A	319	LEU
1	A	336	ASN
1	A	358	VAL

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	359	VAL
1	A	381	TYR
1	A	382	ASN

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (15) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	19	GLN
1	A	57	HIS
1	A	63	GLN
1	A	109	GLN
1	A	124	ASN
1	A	194	GLN
1	A	200	ASN
1	A	206	ASN
1	A	232	ASN
1	A	244	ASN
1	A	297	HIS
1	A	304	ASN
1	A	317	HIS
1	A	336	ASN
1	A	382	ASN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 3 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 2 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$
3	AXP	A	384[B]	-	18,21,21	1.40	3 (16%)	22,31,31	1.69	3 (13%)
2	EQP	A	383[A]	-	18,21,21	1.15	1 (5%)	22,31,31	2.22	6 (27%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	AXP	A	384[B]	-	-	0/14/36/36	0/1/1/1
2	EQP	A	383[A]	-	-	0/14/36/36	0/1/1/1

All (4) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	A	383[A]	EQP	P1-O1P	-3.11	1.44	1.49
3	A	384[B]	AXP	P1-O1P	-2.96	1.44	1.49
3	A	384[B]	AXP	P1-O3P	2.83	1.59	1.54
3	A	384[B]	AXP	C3-C4	2.37	1.56	1.52

All (9) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
2	A	383[A]	EQP	O2P-P1-O1P	-6.92	96.05	113.45
3	A	384[B]	AXP	O3P-P1-O1P	-5.61	99.36	113.45
2	A	383[A]	EQP	O3P-P1-O1P	4.34	124.36	113.45
3	A	384[B]	AXP	O6-C2-C3	3.25	115.06	110.59
2	A	383[A]	EQP	C8-C7-C6	-3.20	106.97	113.03
2	A	383[A]	EQP	C3-C4-C5	-2.95	107.90	111.46
3	A	384[B]	AXP	O3P-P1-O2P	2.82	115.21	107.64
2	A	383[A]	EQP	O6-C2-C3	-2.12	107.68	110.59
2	A	383[A]	EQP	C4-C5-N5	-2.06	106.30	110.38

There are no chirality outliers.

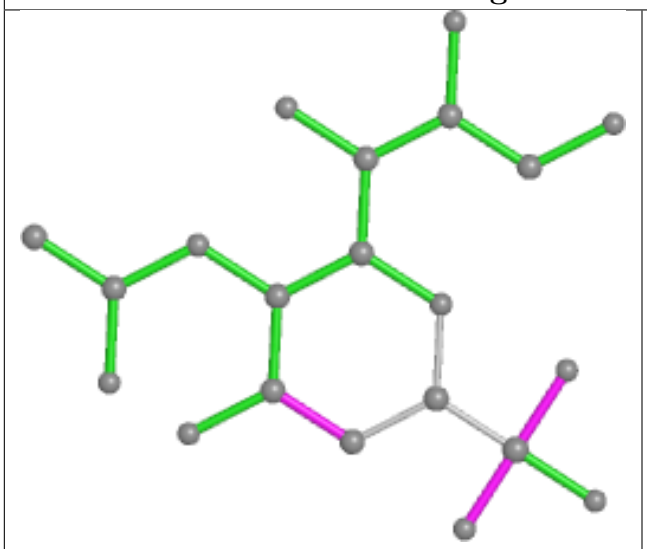
There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

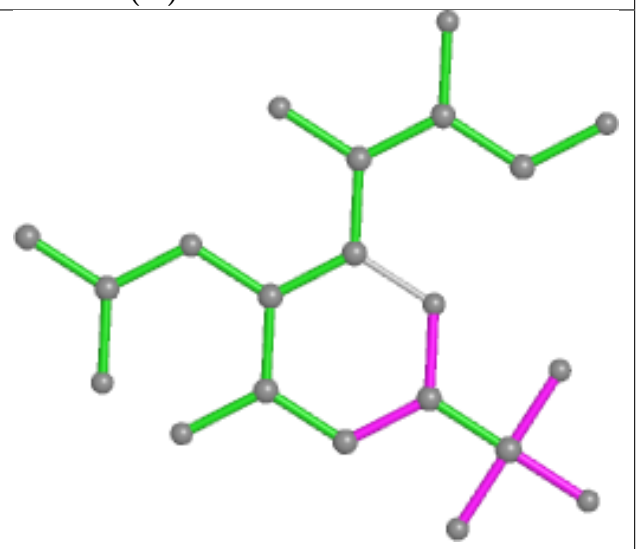
No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

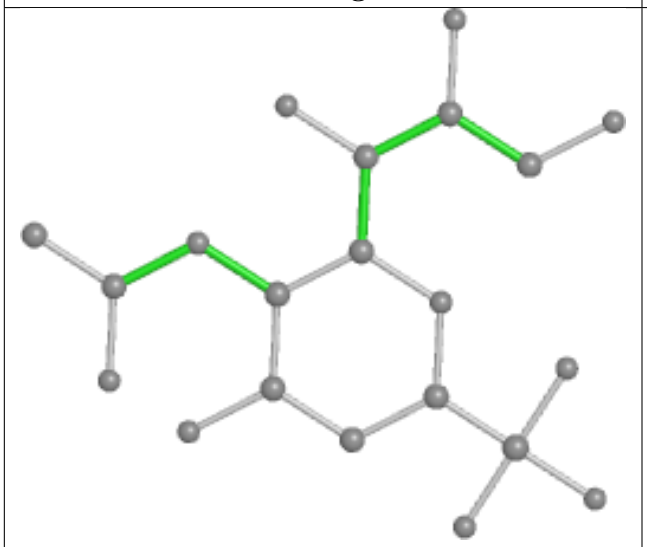
Ligand AXP A 384 (B)



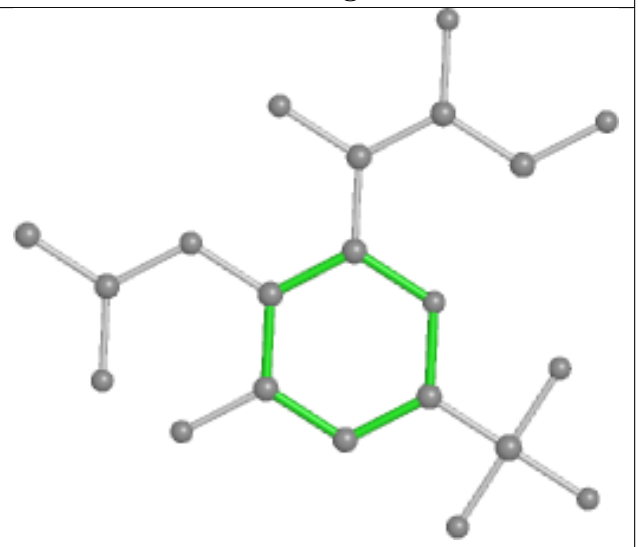
Bond lengths



Bond angles

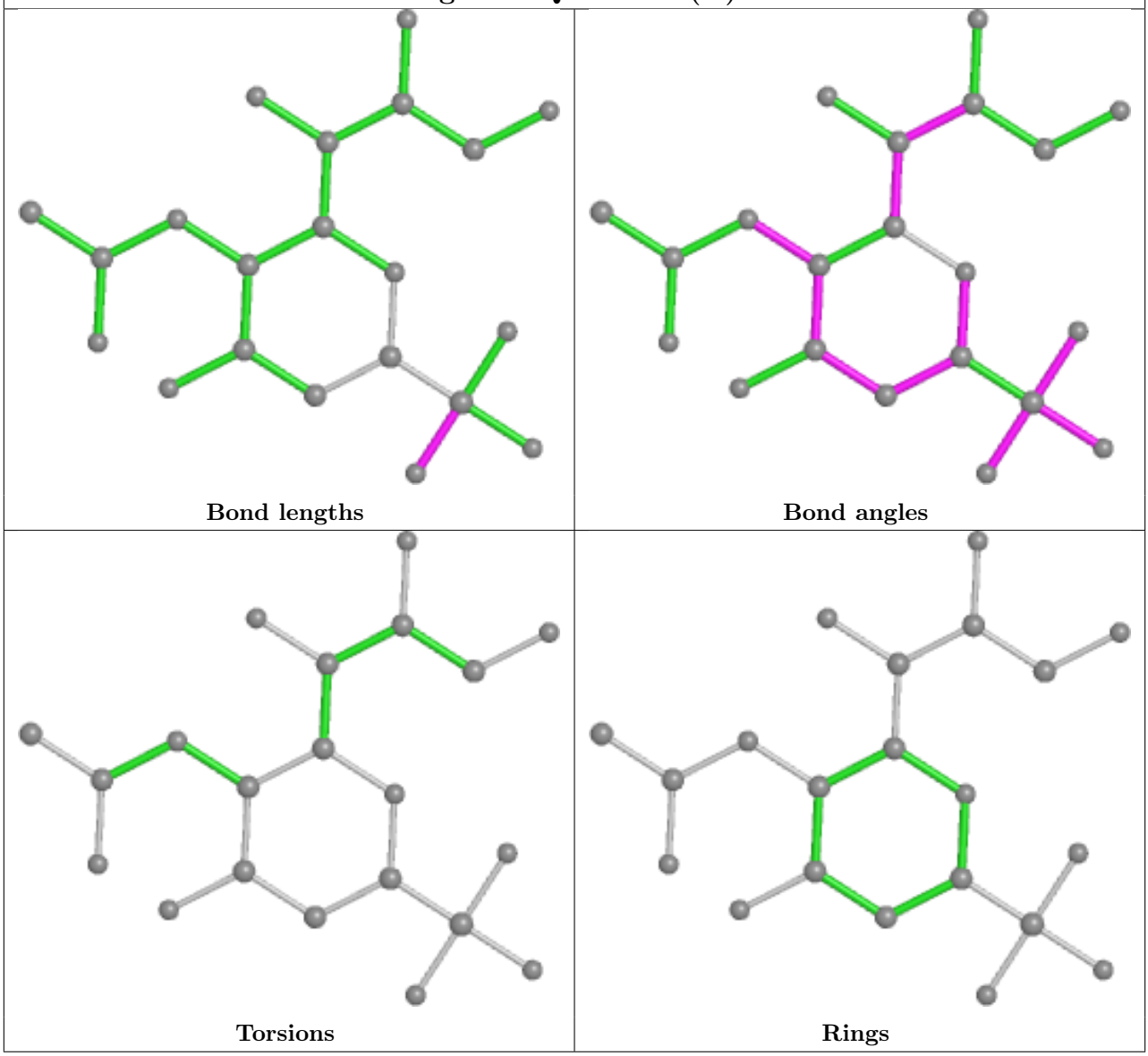


Torsions



Rings

Ligand EQP A 383 (A)



5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.4 Ligands (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.5 Other polymers (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.