Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

Sep 26, 2023 – 07:39 AM EDT

PDB ID	:	6D7V
Title	:	Crystal Structure of Rat TRPV6*- in complex with brominated 2-Aminoetho xydiphenyl borate (2-APB-Br)
Authors	:	Singh, A.K.; Saotome, K.; McGoldrick, L.L.; Sobolevsky, A.I.
Deposited on	:	2018-04-25
Resolution	:	4.30 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at
http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

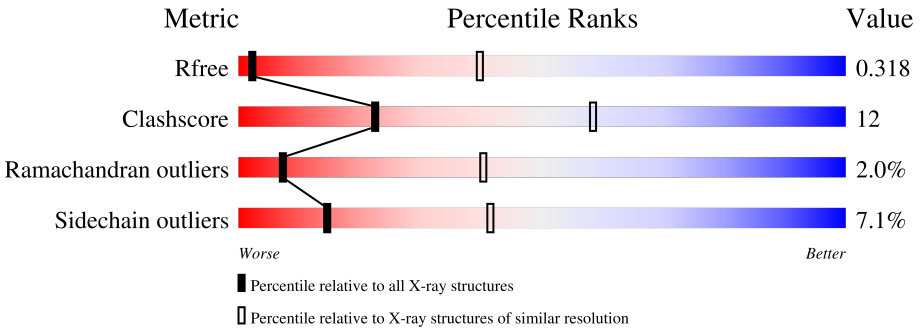
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
EDS	:	2.35.1
buster-report	:	1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
CCP4	:	7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.35.1

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 4.30 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	130704	1014 (4.80-3.80)
Clashscore	141614	1077 (4.80-3.80)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1029 (4.80-3.80)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1012 (4.80-3.80)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	672	61% 22% • • 12%

2 Entry composition (i)

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 4744 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

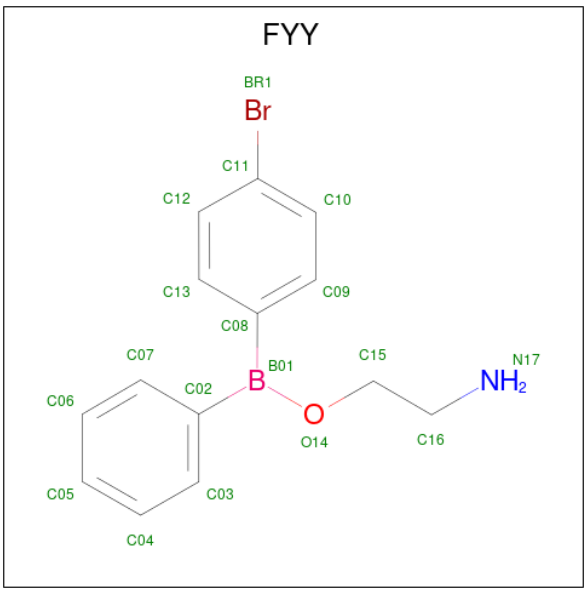
- Molecule 1 is a protein called Transient receptor potential cation channel subfamily V member 6.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
1	A	592	4725	3059	791	841	34	0	0	0

There are 6 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	62	TYR	ILE	conflict	UNP Q9R186
A	92	ASN	LEU	conflict	UNP Q9R186
A	96	GLN	MET	conflict	UNP Q9R186
A	670	VAL	-	expression tag	UNP Q9R186
A	671	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP Q9R186
A	672	ARG	-	expression tag	UNP Q9R186

- Molecule 2 is 2-aminoethyl (4-bromophenyl)phenylborinate (three-letter code: FYY) (formula: $C_{14}H_{15}BBrNO$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	B	Br	C	N	O		
2	A	1	18	1	1	14	1	1	0	0

- Molecule 3 is CALCIUM ION (three-letter code: CA) (formula: Ca).

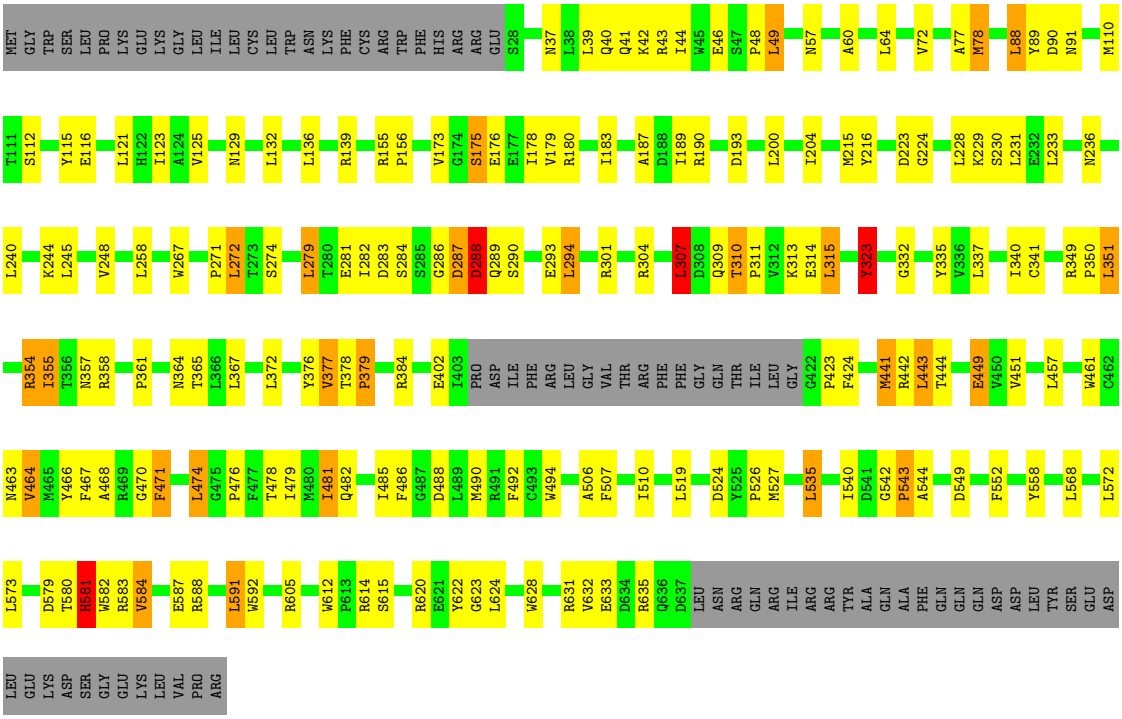
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	Ca		
3	A	1	1	1	0	0

3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Transient receptor potential cation channel subfamily V member 6

Chain A:



4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 4 21 2	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α, β, γ	144.35Å 144.35Å 113.37Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	37.93 – 4.30 37.93 – 4.30	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.5 (37.93-4.30) 99.9 (37.93-4.30)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) >$ [1]	2.32 (at 4.28Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX (1.12_2829: ???)	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.304 , 0.315 0.307 , 0.318	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	858 reflections (10.00%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å^2)	200.1	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.479	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol}(e/Å^3), B_{sol}(Å^2)	0.28 , 145.4	EDS
L-test for twinning[2]	$< \|L\| > = 0.40$, $< L^2 > = 0.23$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o,F_c correlation	0.74	EDS
Total number of atoms	4744	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å^2)	217.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 2.77% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

[1]Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

[2]Theoretical values of $< |L| >$, $< L^2 >$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: FYY, CA

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\#\|Z\|>5$	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\|>5$
1	A	0.26	0/4833	0.60	12/6564 (0.2%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand.A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (12) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
1	A	289	GLN	N-CA-CB	20.06	146.72	110.60
1	A	582	TRP	N-CA-CB	-10.50	91.70	110.60
1	A	323	TYR	CB-CA-C	-8.53	93.35	110.40
1	A	358	ARG	N-CA-CB	8.05	125.09	110.60
1	A	581	HIS	N-CA-C	-7.90	89.67	111.00
1	A	354	ARG	N-CA-C	6.67	129.00	111.00
1	A	471	PHE	N-CA-C	-6.62	93.12	111.00
1	A	354	ARG	CB-CA-C	-6.38	97.64	110.40
1	A	289	GLN	N-CA-C	-6.22	94.20	111.00
1	A	582	TRP	N-CA-C	5.88	126.89	111.00
1	A	307	LEU	CA-CB-CG	5.23	127.32	115.30
1	A	355	ILE	N-CA-C	5.16	124.93	111.00

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	288	ASP	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	4725	0	4747	110	0
2	A	18	0	0	0	0
3	A	1	0	0	0	0
All	All	4744	0	4747	110	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 12.

All (110) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:288:ASP:OD1	1:A:293:GLU:OE1	1.74	1.05
1:A:354:ARG:O	1:A:354:ARG:HG2	1.62	0.98
1:A:288:ASP:O	1:A:290:SER:N	1.98	0.95
1:A:323:TYR:O	1:A:612:TRP:CZ3	2.21	0.93
1:A:524:ASP:HB3	1:A:526:PRO:HD2	1.63	0.80
1:A:323:TYR:O	1:A:612:TRP:HZ3	1.59	0.80
1:A:580:THR:C	1:A:581:HIS:O	2.14	0.74
1:A:301:ARG:HG3	1:A:304:ARG:HH12	1.56	0.70
1:A:519:LEU:HD21	1:A:543:PRO:HB3	1.75	0.68
1:A:580:THR:O	1:A:581:HIS:O	2.11	0.67
1:A:535:LEU:HD11	1:A:542:GLY:HA2	1.78	0.66
1:A:542:GLY:O	1:A:544:ALA:N	2.29	0.65
1:A:230:SER:HB3	1:A:233:LEU:HD23	1.77	0.65
1:A:288:ASP:O	1:A:290:SER:CB	2.46	0.63
1:A:441:MET:HG2	1:A:449:GLU:HA	1.80	0.63
1:A:288:ASP:HA	1:A:293:GLU:OE1	2.00	0.62
1:A:524:ASP:HB2	1:A:527:MET:HG2	1.82	0.61
1:A:204:ILE:HD12	1:A:245:LEU:HD23	1.83	0.60
1:A:288:ASP:O	1:A:290:SER:HB3	2.02	0.59
1:A:476:PRO:HA	1:A:479:ILE:HG22	1.87	0.57

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:286:GLY:O	1:A:287:ASP:C	2.38	0.56
1:A:315:LEU:HD21	1:A:615:SER:HB3	1.87	0.56
1:A:314:GLU:HG3	1:A:632:VAL:HG11	1.87	0.56
1:A:423:PRO:HG2	1:A:482:GLN:HG3	1.86	0.56
1:A:48:PRO:HB2	1:A:64:LEU:HD21	1.88	0.55
1:A:129:ASN:HB3	1:A:132:LEU:HB3	1.88	0.55
1:A:350:PRO:HB3	1:A:372:LEU:HB2	1.88	0.55
1:A:244:LYS:HE2	1:A:281:GLU:HB3	1.90	0.54
1:A:335:TYR:HD2	1:A:464:VAL:HG23	1.72	0.54
1:A:183:ILE:HD13	1:A:187:ALA:HB3	1.90	0.54
1:A:223:ASP:OD1	1:A:224:GLY:N	2.39	0.53
1:A:89:TYR:O	1:A:91:ASN:N	2.41	0.53
1:A:43:ARG:NH1	1:A:46:GLU:OE1	2.43	0.52
1:A:310:THR:HA	1:A:313:LYS:HG2	1.92	0.51
1:A:88:LEU:HA	1:A:123:ILE:HG21	1.93	0.51
1:A:424:PHE:CG	1:A:466:TYR:HB2	2.46	0.51
1:A:155:ARG:HE	1:A:156:PRO:HD2	1.76	0.50
1:A:540:ILE:HG22	1:A:542:GLY:H	1.76	0.50
1:A:354:ARG:O	1:A:354:ARG:CG	2.33	0.50
1:A:506:ALA:O	1:A:510:ILE:HG12	2.12	0.49
1:A:40:GLN:O	1:A:44:ILE:HG12	2.13	0.49
1:A:583:ARG:HH21	1:A:587:GLU:HG3	1.76	0.49
1:A:479:ILE:HD11	1:A:591:LEU:HD22	1.95	0.49
1:A:481:ILE:HG12	1:A:485:ILE:HG12	1.95	0.48
1:A:349:ARG:HB2	1:A:350:PRO:HD2	1.96	0.48
1:A:612:TRP:CD1	1:A:612:TRP:O	2.67	0.48
1:A:478:THR:HA	1:A:481:ILE:HG22	1.96	0.48
1:A:179:VAL:HG21	1:A:215:MET:SD	2.53	0.48
1:A:461:TRP:O	1:A:464:VAL:HG12	2.14	0.47
1:A:470:GLY:O	1:A:471:PHE:C	2.51	0.47
1:A:287:ASP:OD1	1:A:287:ASP:N	2.47	0.47
1:A:293:GLU:OE2	1:A:605:ARG:NH2	2.46	0.47
1:A:176:GLU:HG2	1:A:180:ARG:HH12	1.79	0.47
1:A:350:PRO:HD3	1:A:384:ARG:NH1	2.30	0.47
1:A:271:PRO:HB2	1:A:635:ARG:HG3	1.97	0.47
1:A:351:LEU:HD22	1:A:372:LEU:HD11	1.97	0.47
1:A:463:ASN:O	1:A:466:TYR:HB3	2.15	0.46
1:A:190:ARG:HD2	1:A:231:LEU:HD13	1.97	0.46
1:A:488:ASP:O	1:A:492:PHE:N	2.43	0.46
1:A:57:ASN:HB3	1:A:60:ALA:HB3	1.97	0.46
1:A:492:PHE:CZ	1:A:572:LEU:HG	2.51	0.46

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:579:ASP:HB3	1:A:588:ARG:HH21	1.81	0.45
1:A:279:LEU:HD22	1:A:283:ASP:HB2	1.99	0.45
1:A:354:ARG:HD2	1:A:367:LEU:O	2.17	0.45
1:A:423:PRO:HB3	1:A:486:PHE:CE2	2.52	0.45
1:A:471:PHE:HD2	1:A:474:LEU:HD11	1.81	0.45
1:A:284:SER:HA	1:A:290:SER:HB2	1.98	0.44
1:A:288:ASP:O	1:A:290:SER:CA	2.66	0.44
1:A:190:ARG:NH2	1:A:229:LYS:O	2.50	0.44
1:A:490:MET:O	1:A:494:TRP:NE1	2.51	0.44
1:A:110:MET:HB2	1:A:115:TYR:O	2.17	0.44
1:A:307:LEU:H	1:A:307:LEU:HD13	1.83	0.44
1:A:78:MET:C	1:A:112:SER:HB2	2.36	0.44
1:A:365:THR:HG23	1:A:367:LEU:HD23	1.99	0.44
1:A:279:LEU:HB3	1:A:628:TRP:O	2.17	0.44
1:A:376:TYR:C	1:A:377:VAL:HG23	2.39	0.43
1:A:622:TYR:O	1:A:624:LEU:N	2.51	0.43
1:A:583:ARG:O	1:A:587:GLU:N	2.48	0.43
1:A:121:LEU:HA	1:A:136:LEU:HD13	1.99	0.43
1:A:442:ARG:C	1:A:444:THR:H	2.22	0.43
1:A:442:ARG:O	1:A:443:LEU:HB2	2.17	0.43
1:A:470:GLY:H	1:A:592:TRP:HE1	1.65	0.43
1:A:612:TRP:O	1:A:612:TRP:HD1	2.02	0.43
1:A:267:TRP:HZ3	1:A:272:LEU:HB3	1.84	0.43
1:A:378:THR:N	1:A:379:PRO:HD2	2.34	0.43
1:A:335:TYR:HB3	1:A:467:PHE:HE2	1.84	0.42
1:A:42:LYS:O	1:A:46:GLU:N	2.47	0.42
1:A:614:ARG:HD3	1:A:628:TRP:CE2	2.54	0.42
1:A:476:PRO:HD3	1:A:592:TRP:CG	2.54	0.42
1:A:189:ILE:HD12	1:A:231:LEU:HD22	2.02	0.42
1:A:125:VAL:HG13	1:A:178:ILE:HG21	2.00	0.42
1:A:175:SER:O	1:A:179:VAL:HG23	2.20	0.42
1:A:579:ASP:HA	1:A:584:VAL:HG21	2.02	0.42
1:A:620:ARG:C	1:A:622:TYR:H	2.22	0.41
1:A:49:LEU:HD11	1:A:72:VAL:HA	2.01	0.41
1:A:173:VAL:HG23	1:A:175:SER:H	1.85	0.41
1:A:248:VAL:HG22	1:A:294:LEU:HB3	2.02	0.41
1:A:332:GLY:HA2	1:A:467:PHE:CE2	2.55	0.41
1:A:37:ASN:O	1:A:41:GLN:HG2	2.19	0.41
1:A:200:LEU:HB3	1:A:216:TYR:HE2	1.86	0.41
1:A:40:GLN:HA	1:A:77:ALA:HB3	2.02	0.41
1:A:193:ASP:OD1	1:A:193:ASP:N	2.53	0.41

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:315:LEU:HD23	1:A:315:LEU:HA	1.89	0.41
1:A:468:ALA:HB1	1:A:474:LEU:HD13	2.03	0.41
1:A:183:ILE:HA	1:A:187:ALA:HB3	2.02	0.41
1:A:274:SER:HA	1:A:633:GLU:HA	2.02	0.41
1:A:507:PHE:HZ	1:A:558:TYR:HA	1.85	0.41
1:A:309:GLN:HB3	1:A:311:PRO:HD2	2.02	0.40
1:A:337:LEU:HA	1:A:340:ILE:HG22	2.02	0.40
1:A:236:ASN:N	1:A:240:LEU:O	2.45	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	586/672 (87%)	522 (89%)	52 (9%)	12 (2%)	7 40

All (12) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	90	ASP
1	A	361	PRO
1	A	377	VAL
1	A	623	GLY
1	A	116	GLU
1	A	323	TYR
1	A	543	PRO
1	A	357	ASN
1	A	581	HIS
1	A	175	SER
1	A	379	PRO
1	A	355	ILE

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	508/584 (87%)	472 (93%)	36 (7%)	14 41

All (36) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	39	LEU
1	A	49	LEU
1	A	78	MET
1	A	88	LEU
1	A	139	ARG
1	A	228	LEU
1	A	258	LEU
1	A	272	LEU
1	A	279	LEU
1	A	282	ILE
1	A	287	ASP
1	A	288	ASP
1	A	294	LEU
1	A	307	LEU
1	A	310	THR
1	A	315	LEU
1	A	341	CYS
1	A	351	LEU
1	A	364	ASN
1	A	402	GLU
1	A	441	MET
1	A	443	LEU
1	A	449	GLU
1	A	451	VAL
1	A	457	LEU
1	A	464	VAL
1	A	474	LEU
1	A	481	ILE
1	A	535	LEU
1	A	549	ASP

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	552	PHE
1	A	568	LEU
1	A	573	LEU
1	A	584	VAL
1	A	591	LEU
1	A	631	ARG

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 2 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 1 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$
2	FYY	A	701	-	17,19,19	1.19	3 (17%)	19,24,24	1.14	2 (10%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the

Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	FYY	A	701	-	-	7/12/12/12	0/2/2/2

All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	A	701	FYY	B01-C02	2.80	1.62	1.57
2	A	701	FYY	C13-C08	-2.19	1.37	1.40
2	A	701	FYY	BR1-C11	2.12	1.94	1.90

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
2	A	701	FYY	C13-C08-C09	2.40	119.56	116.88
2	A	701	FYY	C07-C02-C03	2.27	119.42	116.88

There are no chirality outliers.

All (7) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	A	701	FYY	O14-B01-C08-C09
2	A	701	FYY	O14-C15-C16-N17
2	A	701	FYY	O14-B01-C02-C03
2	A	701	FYY	O14-B01-C02-C07
2	A	701	FYY	O14-B01-C08-C13
2	A	701	FYY	C02-B01-C08-C13
2	A	701	FYY	C02-B01-C08-C09

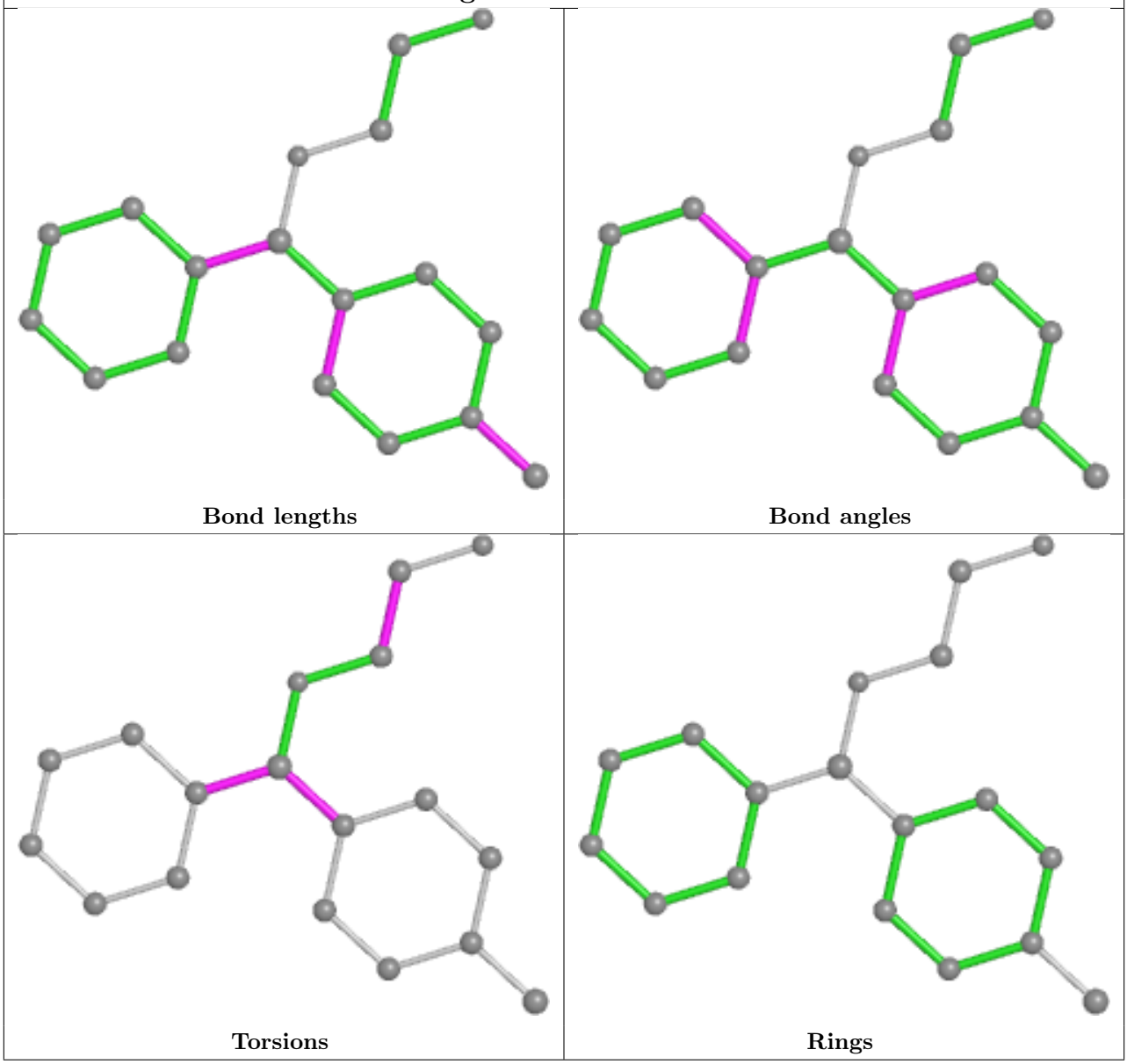
There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier.

The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

Ligand FYY A 701



5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

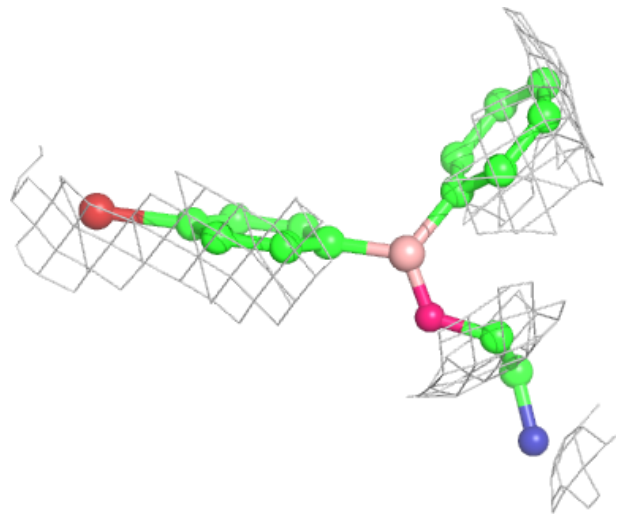
6.4 Ligands (i)

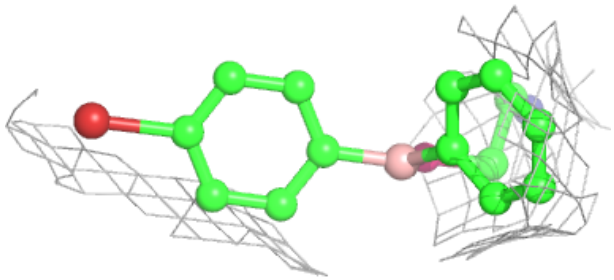
Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

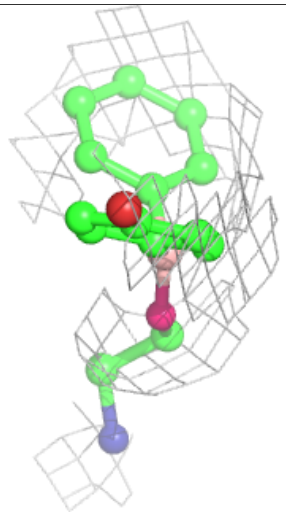
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

Electron density around FYY A 701:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)







6.5 Other polymers (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.