

# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Dec 18, 2023 – 03:02 am GMT

PDB ID : 4CPB

Title : CRYSTAL STRUCTURE OF LECA IN COMPLEX WITH A DIVALENT

GALACTOSIDE AT 1. 57 ANGSTROM IN MAGNESIUM

Authors: Topin, J.; Varrot, A.; Imberty, A.; Wissinger, N.

Deposited on : 2014-02-04

Resolution : 1.57 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.36

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$ 

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

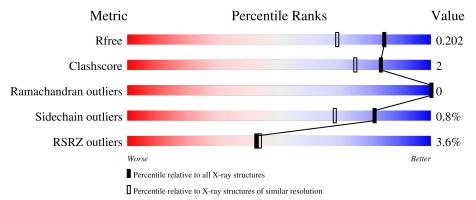
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.57 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar\ resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries,\ resolution\ range(\mathring{A})}) \end{array}$
$R_{free}$	130704	5534 (1.60-1.56)
Clashscore	141614	5861 (1.60-1.56)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	5708 (1.60-1.56)
Sidechain outliers	138945	5703 (1.60-1.56)
RSRZ outliers	127900	5431 (1.60-1.56)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
1	A	121	93%	7%
1	В	121	93%	6% •
1	С	121	93%	7% •
2	D	121	93%	7% •



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 10 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 4228 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called PA-I GALACTOPHILIC LECTIN.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	٨	121	Total	С	N	О	S	0	2	0
1 A	121	926	578	160	185	3		3		
1	D	121	Total	С	N	О	S	0	5	0
1		121	945	591	164	187	3			
1	С	121	Total	С	N	О	S	0	5	0
	121	942	591	162	186	3	U	J	U	

• Molecule 2 is a protein called PA-I GALACTOPHILIC LECTIN.

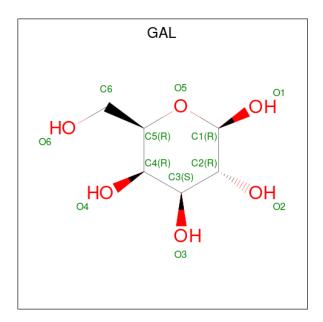
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
2	D	121	Total 911	C 572	N 157	O 179	S 3	0	1	0

• Molecule 3 is CALCIUM ION (three-letter code: CA) (formula: Ca).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total Ca 1 1	0	0
3	В	1	Total Ca 1 1	0	0
3	С	1	Total Ca 1 1	0	0
3	D	1	Total Ca 1 1	0	0

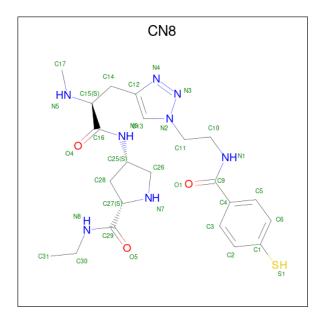
• Molecule 4 is beta-D-galactopyranose (three-letter code: GAL) (formula:  $C_6H_{12}O_6$ ).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	Λ	1	Total C O	0	0
4	Λ	1	11 6 5	U	
1	В	1	Total C O	0	0
4	Ъ	1	11 6 5	U	
1	С	1	Total C O	0	0
4		1	11 6 5	U	0
1	D	1	Total C O	0	0
4	ש	1	11 6 5	0	

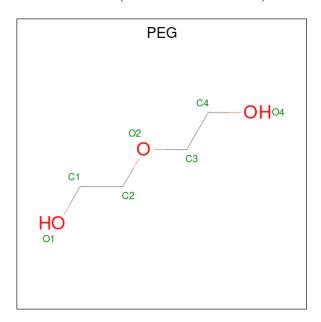
• Molecule 5 is (4S)-N-ethyl-4-{[N-methyl-3-(1-{2-[(4-sulfanylbenzoyl)amino]ethyl}-1 H-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl)-L-alanyl]amino}-L-prolinamide (three-letter code: CN8) (formula:  $C_{22}H_{32}N_8O_3S$ ).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	Λ	1	Total C N O S	0	0
9	$\mathcal{A}$		11 8 1 1 1		0
5	B	1	Total C N O S	0	0
9	5 B	1	$18 \qquad 12  4  1  1$	0	
5	C	C 1	Total C N O S	0	0
5	C	1	17  11  4  1  1	U	0
5	E D	1	Total C N O S	0	0
5	D		10 7 1 1 1	0	

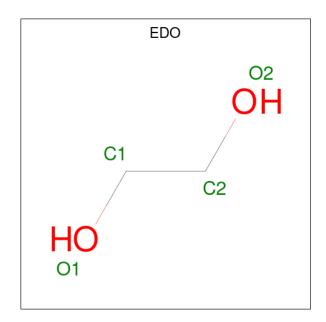
 $\bullet \ \ Molecule \ 6 \ is \ DI(HYDROXYETHYL)ETHER \ (three-letter \ code: \ PEG) \ (formula: \ C_4H_{10}O_3).$ 



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	1	Total C O 7 4 3	0	0

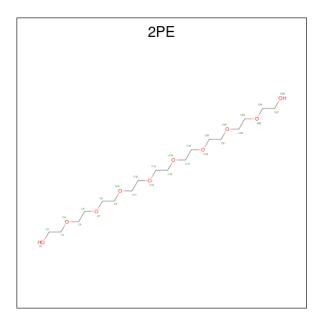
• Molecule 7 is 1,2-ETHANEDIOL (three-letter code: EDO) (formula:  $C_2H_6O_2$ ).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf	
7	В	1	Total 4	C 2	O 2	0	0

 $\bullet$  Molecule 8 is NONAETHYLENE GLYCOL (three-letter code: 2PE) (formula:  $\mathrm{C_{18}H_{38}O_{10}}).$ 



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
8	D	1	Total 26	C 17	O 9	0	0

 $\bullet$  Molecule 9 is CHLORIDE ION (three-letter code: CL) (formula: Cl).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
9	D	1	Total Cl 1 1	0	0

### • Molecule 10 is water.

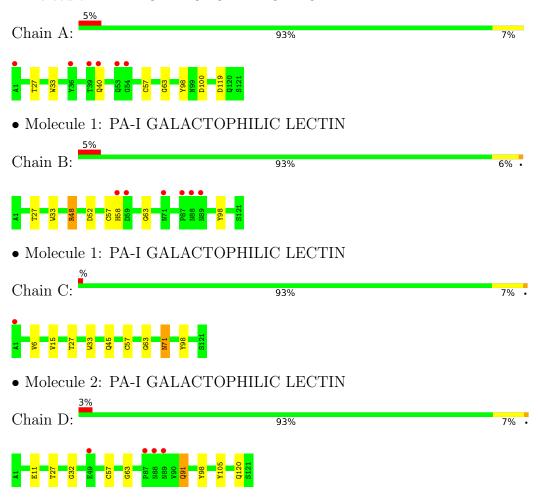
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
10	A	86	Total O 86 86	0	0
10	В	83	Total O 83 83	0	0
10	С	96	Total O 96 96	0	0
10	D	97	Total O 97 97	0	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: PA-I GALACTOPHILIC LECTIN





# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants	50.67Å 65.39Å 159.87Å	Donositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	39.97 - 1.57	Depositor
Resolution (A)	39.97 - 1.57	EDS
% Data completeness	99.8 (39.97-1.57)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	99.9 (39.97-1.57)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.07	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	3.17 (at 1.57Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0049	Depositor
D D.	0.163 , 0.191	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.176 , 0.202	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	3777 reflections $(5.03%)$	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	19.9	Xtriage
Anisotropy	1.185	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.36, 48.0	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$ < L >=0.48, < L^2>=0.31$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.97	EDS
Total number of atoms	4228	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	36.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 6.37% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $<L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

## 5 Model quality (i)

### 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: CN8, EDO, CL, GAL, OCS, 2PE, PEG, CA, TRO

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Chain	Bo	nd lengths	Bond angles		
Mol	Cham	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	A	0.73	1/921 (0.1%)	0.79	1/1253 (0.1%)	
1	В	0.72	0/940	0.79	0/1278	
1	С	0.74	0/937	0.79	0/1276	
2	D	0.76	0/924	0.80	0/1261	
All	All	0.74	$1/3722 \ (0.0\%)$	0.79	1/5068 (0.0%)	

#### All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	$Ideal(\AA)$
1	A	100	ASP	CG-OD2	7.74	1.43	1.25

#### All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	A	100	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	5.79	123.51	118.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

## 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	926	0	874	4	0
1	В	945	0	897	4	0

Continued on next page...



Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Non-H		H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	С	942	0	897	8	0
2	D	911	0	868	7	0
3	A	1	0	0	0	0
3	В	1	0	0	0	0
3	С	1	0	0	0	0
3	D	1	0	0	0	0
4	A	11	0	8	0	0
4	В	11	0	8	0	0
4	С	11	0	8	0	0
4	D	11	0	8	0	0
5	A	11	0	5	0	0
5	В	18	0	10	0	0
5	С	17	0	10	0	0
5	D	10	0	4	0	0
6	A	7	0	10	0	0
7	В	4	0	6	0	0
8	D	26	0	33	0	0
9	D	1	0	0	0	0
10	A	86	0	0	1	0
10	В	83	0	0	1	0
10	С	96	0	0	1	0
10	D	97	0	0	1	0
All	All	4228	0	3646	18	0

The all-atom clash score is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clash score for this structure is 2.

The worst 5 of 18 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Clash} \\ \text{overlap } (\text{\AA}) \end{array}$
1:C:45:GLN:HE22	2:D:32:GLY:H	1.34	0.74
1:C:6[B]:VAL:O	1:C:6[B]:VAL:HG13	2.10	0.52
1:A:119:ASP:HA	2:D:120:GLN:HG2	1.93	0.51
1:C:71:ASN:ND2	10:C:2067:HOH:O	2.45	0.49
1:C:27:THR:HG21	2:D:27:THR:HG21	1.93	0.49

There are no symmetry-related clashes.



## 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured Allowed		Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	A	$120/121 \; (99\%)$	117 (98%)	3 (2%)	0	100	100
1	В	122/121 (101%)	118 (97%)	4 (3%)	0	100	100
1	С	122/121 (101%)	119 (98%)	3 (2%)	0	100	100
2	D	119/121 (98%)	114 (96%)	5 (4%)	0	100	100
All	All	483/484 (100%)	468 (97%)	15 (3%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric Outliers		Percentiles		
1	A	95/92 (103%)	95 (100%)	0	100	100	
1	В	97/92 (105%)	96 (99%)	1 (1%)	76	59	
1	С	97/92 (105%)	96 (99%)	1 (1%)	76	59	
2	D	94/93 (101%)	93 (99%)	1 (1%)	73	55	
All	All	383/369 (104%)	380 (99%)	3 (1%)	81	68	

All (3) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	48	ARG
1	С	71	ASN
2	D	91	GLN



Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 7 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	$\operatorname{Res}$	Type
1	С	45	GLN
1	С	71	ASN
2	D	40	GLN
1	С	78	ASN
1	В	78	ASN

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

7 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Tuno	Chain	Res	Link	Bo	ond leng	ths	Bond angles		les						
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	rtes	rtes	rtes	rtes	rtes	rtes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
1	TRO	A	33	1	12,16,17	2.04	3 (25%)	11,22,24	2.09	4 (36%)						
1	TRO	С	33	1	12,16,17	2.05	4 (33%)	11,22,24	2.63	6 (54%)						
1	OCS	С	57	1	7,8,9	1.39	1 (14%)	6,11,13	2.97	3 (50%)						
1	OCS	A	57	1	7,8,9	1.83	1 (14%)	6,11,13	2.21	4 (66%)						
2	OCS	D	57	2	7,8,9	1.31	1 (14%)	6,11,13	1.89	2 (33%)						
1	TRO	В	33	1	12,16,17	2.09	4 (33%)	11,22,24	2.23	5 (45%)						
1	OCS	В	57	1	7,8,9	1.54	1 (14%)	6,11,13	2.38	3 (50%)						

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mo	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	TRO	A	33	1	-	0/3/6/8	0/2/2/2

Continued on next page...



Continued from previous page...

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	TRO	С	33	1	-	0/3/6/8	0/2/2/2
1	OCS	С	57	1	-	2/4/7/9	-
1	OCS	A	57	1	-	1/4/7/9	-
2	OCS	D	57	2	-	1/4/7/9	-
1	TRO	В	33	1	-	0/3/6/8	0/2/2/2
1	OCS	В	57	1	-	1/4/7/9	-

The worst 5 of 15 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}})$	$Ideal(\AA)$
1	A	33	TRO	CB-CG	-4.32	1.46	1.51
1	В	33	TRO	CB-CG	-4.24	1.46	1.51
1	A	57	OCS	OD2-SG	4.15	1.62	1.47
1	С	33	TRO	CB-CG	-3.96	1.46	1.51
1	A	33	TRO	OD1-CD1	3.86	1.47	1.29

The worst 5 of 27 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	С	57	OCS	OD2-SG-OD1	5.51	124.72	111.27
1	С	33	TRO	CE3-CD2-CE2	5.11	124.94	118.17
1	В	57	OCS	OD3-SG-CB	4.81	112.65	106.94
1	В	33	TRO	CE3-CD2-CE2	4.03	123.51	118.17
1	С	57	OCS	OD3-SG-OD1	-3.73	101.05	113.95

There are no chirality outliers.

All (5) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
1	A	57	OCS	N-CA-CB-SG
1	В	57	OCS	N-CA-CB-SG
1	С	57	OCS	N-CA-CB-SG
2	D	57	OCS	N-CA-CB-SG
1	С	57	OCS	CA-CB-SG-OD3

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.



### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 16 ligands modelled in this entry, 5 are monoatomic - leaving 11 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Trino	Chain	Res	Link	Во	ond leng	ths	В	ond ang	les
Mol	Type	Chain	nes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
5	CN8	С	1124	4	18,18,36	1.66	2 (11%)	20,23,48	1.29	3 (15%)
4	GAL	С	1123	5,3	11,11,12	1.08	0	15,15,17	1.84	4 (26%)
4	GAL	В	1123	5,3	11,11,12	0.66	0	15,15,17	1.29	2 (13%)
5	CN8	A	1124	4	11,11,36	1.26	1 (9%)	14,14,48	1.40	3 (21%)
4	GAL	A	1123	5,3	11,11,12	0.59	0	15,15,17	1.69	4 (26%)
8	2PE	D	1122	-	25,25,27	0.68	1 (4%)	24,24,26	0.64	0
5	CN8	D	1125	4	10,10,36	1.15	1 (10%)	13,13,48	1.02	1 (7%)
6	PEG	A	1125	-	6,6,6	0.61	0	5,5,5	0.61	0
7	EDO	В	1125	-	3,3,3	0.53	0	2,2,2	0.30	0
5	CN8	В	1124	4	19,19,36	1.83	4 (21%)	22,25,48	1.31	3 (13%)
4	GAL	D	1124	5,3	11,11,12	0.81	0	15,15,17	1.40	2 (13%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	CN8	С	1124	4	-	0/10/10/40	0/2/2/3
4	GAL	С	1123	5,3	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
4	GAL	В	1123	5,3	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
5	CN8	A	1124	4	-	0/6/6/40	0/1/1/3
4	GAL	A	1123	5,3	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
8	2PE	D	1122	-	-	4/23/23/25	-

Continued on next page...



Continued from previous page...

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	CN8	D	1125	4	-	4/4/4/40	0/1/1/3
6	PEG	A	1125	-	-	2/4/4/4	-
7	EDO	В	1125	-	-	1/1/1/1	-
5	CN8	В	1124	4	-	0/10/10/40	0/2/2/3
4	GAL	D	1124	5,3	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1

The worst 5 of 9 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(A)	$Ideal(\AA)$
5	С	1124	CN8	N4-N3	4.95	1.42	1.34
5	В	1124	CN8	N4-N3	4.18	1.41	1.34
5	В	1124	CN8	N3-N2	4.08	1.42	1.34
5	С	1124	CN8	N3-N2	3.71	1.41	1.34
5	В	1124	CN8	C13-C12	3.67	1.41	1.36

The worst 5 of 22 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
4	С	1123	GAL	C1-C2-C3	3.53	114.01	109.67
5	С	1124	CN8	C13-N2-N3	-3.47	109.52	111.72
5	В	1124	CN8	N4-N3-N2	-3.41	104.75	107.31
4	A	1123	GAL	C1-O5-C5	3.29	116.65	112.19
4	A	1123	GAL	O5-C5-C6	3.25	112.29	107.20

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 11 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
8	D	1122	2PE	O19-C20-C21-O22
8	D	1122	2PE	O16-C17-C18-O19
6	A	1125	PEG	O1-C1-C2-O2
5	D	1125	CN8	C5-C4-C9-N1
6	A	1125	PEG	O2-C3-C4-O4

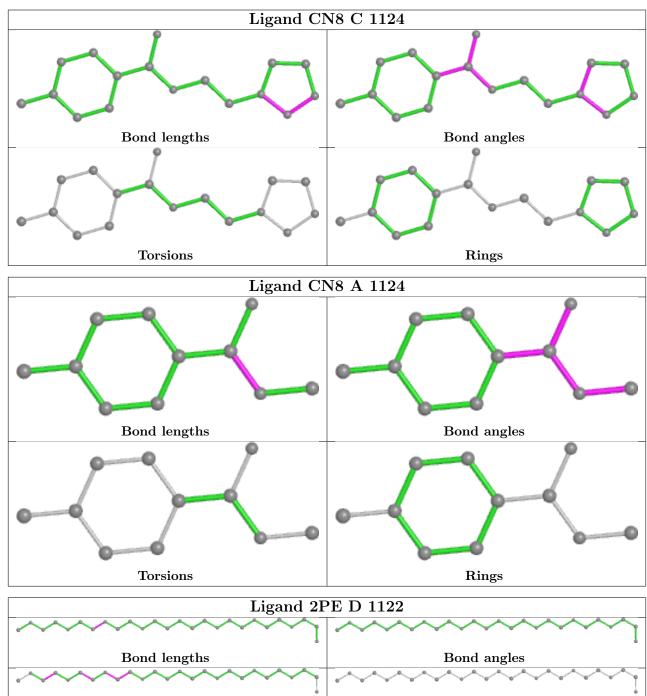
There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is



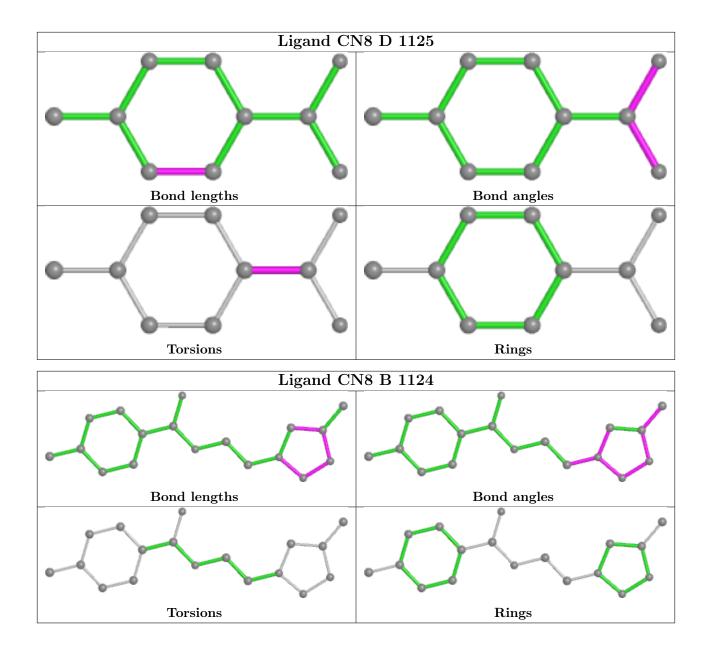
within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





Rings

**Torsions** 



## 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<rsrz></rsrz>	$\#\mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$OWAB(A^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	A	119/121 (98%)	0.28	6 (5%) 28 29	26, 38, 62, 72	1 (0%)
1	В	119/121 (98%)	0.20	6 (5%) 28 29	26, 33, 56, 65	0
1	С	119/121 (98%)	-0.06	1 (0%) 86 87	24, 32, 43, 52	0
2	D	120/121 (99%)	0.09	4 (3%) 46 47	23, 30, 47, 65	1 (0%)
All	All	477/484 (98%)	0.13	17 (3%) 42 44	23, 33, 57, 72	2 (0%)

The worst 5 of 17 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	40	GLN	4.8
1	В	88	ASN	4.1
2	D	88	ASN	3.9
1	A	54	GLY	3.9
2	D	87	PRO	3.9

## 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\operatorname{B-factors}(\mathring{\mathrm{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
1	TRO	В	33	15/16	0.94	0.08	29,39,45,45	0
1	TRO	A	33	15/16	0.95	0.12	39,49,52,56	0
1	OCS	В	57	9/10	0.95	0.15	43,44,49,50	0
1	OCS	A	57	9/10	0.96	0.12	45,47,54,58	0
2	OCS	D	57	9/10	0.96	0.12	32,34,42,44	0
1	OCS	С	57	9/10	0.97	0.07	30,31,37,39	0
1	TRO	С	33	15/16	0.97	0.07	26,39,45,49	0



### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

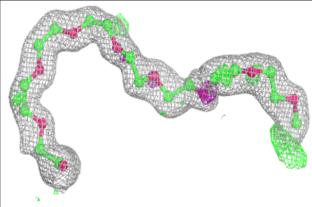
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\operatorname{B-factors}(\mathring{\mathrm{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
4	GAL	A	1123	11/12	0.77	0.13	40,44,49,50	0
8	2PE	D	1122	26/28	0.83	0.12	35,42,52,53	0
3	CA	A	1122	1/1	0.84	0.07	43,43,43,43	0
5	CN8	A	1124	11/34	0.86	0.26	47,48,61,65	0
7	EDO	В	1125	4/4	0.88	0.08	46,46,49,53	0
5	CN8	В	1124	18/34	0.90	0.16	33,51,56,58	0
6	PEG	A	1125	7/7	0.90	0.10	52,53,57,57	0
4	GAL	В	1123	11/12	0.91	0.09	28,33,35,37	0
5	CN8	D	1125	10/34	0.94	0.23	37,52,57,58	0
4	GAL	D	1124	11/12	0.94	0.07	28,30,33,34	0
3	CA	В	1122	1/1	0.94	0.11	30,30,30,30	0
4	GAL	С	1123	11/12	0.94	0.07	25,29,31,31	0
5	CN8	С	1124	17/34	0.95	0.12	30,49,57,59	0
3	CA	С	1122	1/1	0.97	0.11	27,27,27,27	0
3	CA	D	1123	1/1	0.98	0.10	27,27,27,27	0
9	CL	D	1126	1/1	0.99	0.07	30,30,30,30	0

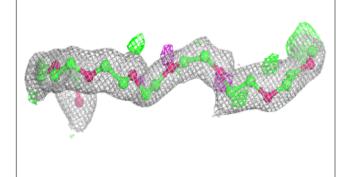
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

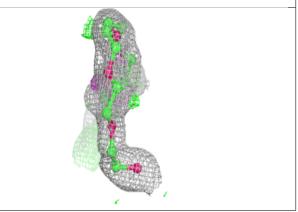


#### Electron density around 2PE D 1122:

 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

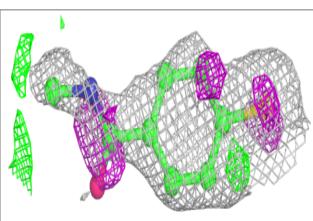


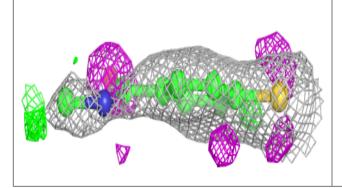


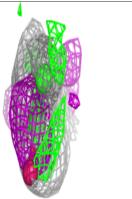


#### Electron density around CN8 A 1124:

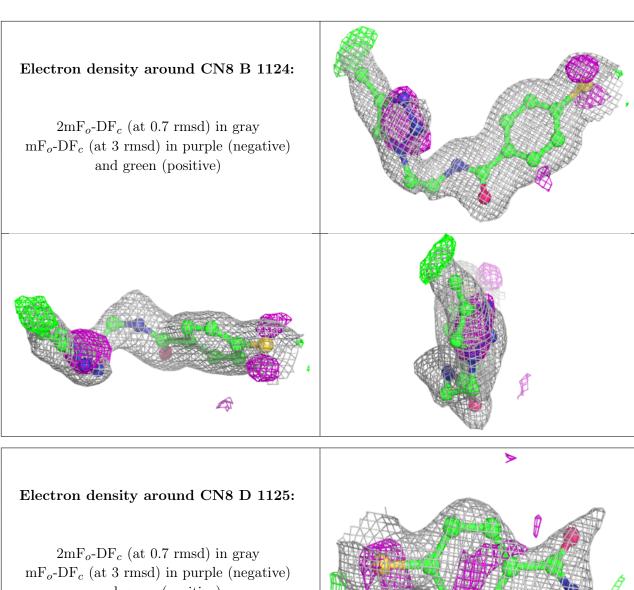
 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-DF}_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-DF}_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

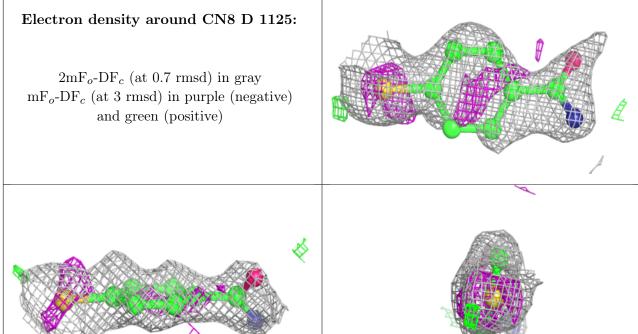




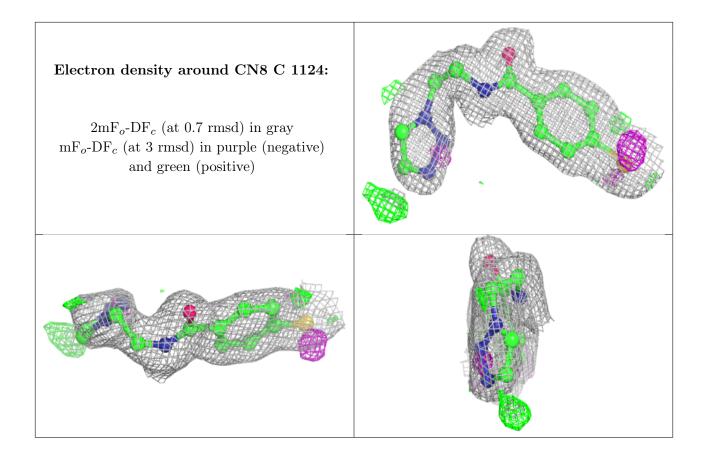












# 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

