

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Dec 3, 2023 - 02:34 am GMT

PDB ID : 2CNW

Title: GDPALF4 complex of the SRP GTPases Ffh and FtsY

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Deposited on : 2006-05-24

Resolution : 2.39 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.36

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac : 5.8.0158

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

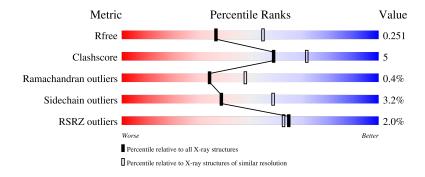
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.39 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Metric	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$(\# ext{Entries}, ext{ resolution range}(ext{Å}))$
R_{free}	130704	3907 (2.40-2.40)
Clashscore	141614	4398 (2.40-2.40)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	4318 (2.40-2.40)
Sidechain outliers	138945	4319 (2.40-2.40)
RSRZ outliers	127900	3811 (2.40-2.40)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
1	A	294	83%	15%	:
1	В	294	91%	7%	<u>.</u>
1	С	294	87%	11%	
2	D	284	86%	13%	
2	Е	284	87%	11%	

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
2	F	284	79%	12% • 8%



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 7 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 13912 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called SIGNAL RECOGNITION PARTICLE PROTEIN.

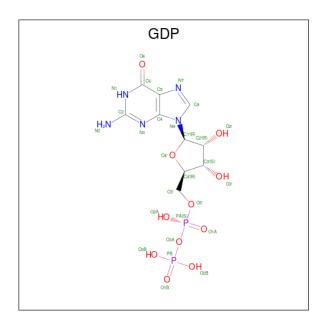
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	Λ	A 290		С	N	О	S	22	1 0	0
1	A	290	2239	1405	409	421	4	22	1	
1	D	3 290	Total	С	N	О	S	0	1	0
1			2241	1406	412	419	4			
1	1 C	C 290	Total	С	N	О	S	1.4	2	0
1			2252	1412	416	420	4	14		

• Molecule 2 is a protein called CELL DIVISION PROTEIN FTSY.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
2	D	D 281	Total	С	N	О	S	2	4	0
2			2175	1387	377	405	6	3		
2	E	279	Total	С	N	О	S	8	2	0
2		219	2143	1366	372	399	6			
2	Б	260	Total	С	N	О	S	4	0	0
	2 F	260	1965	1254	334	371	6	$\frac{4}{2}$	0	

• Molecule 3 is GUANOSINE-5'-DIPHOSPHATE (three-letter code: GDP) (formula: $C_{10}H_{15}N_5O_{11}P_2$).





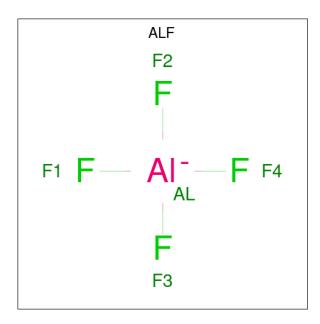
Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf		
3	Λ	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0		
3	Α	1	28	10	5	11	2	U	U		
3	В	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0		
3	Б	1	28	10	5	11	2	U	U		
2	3 C	С	С	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0
3		1	28	10	5	11	2	0	U		
3	D	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0		
3	D	1	28	10	5	11	2	U	0		
3	E	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0		
3	3 E	1	28	10	5	11	2	U	0		
3	3 F	F 1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0		
3			28	10	5	11	2	0	U		

 \bullet Molecule 4 is MAGNESIUM ION (three-letter code: MG) (formula: Mg).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total Mg 1 1	0	0
4	В	1	Total Mg 1 1	0	0
4	С	1	Total Mg 1 1	0	0
4	D	1	Total Mg 1 1	0	0
4	E	1	Total Mg 1 1	0	0
4	F	1	Total Mg 1 1	0	0



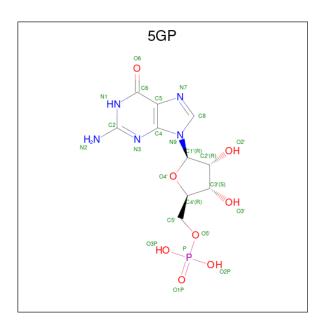
• Molecule 5 is TETRAFLUOROALUMINATE ION (three-letter code: ALF) (formula: AlF₄).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total Al F 5 1 4	0	0
5	В	1	Total Al F 5 1 4	0	0
5	С	1	Total Al F 5 1 4	0	0
5	D	1	Total Al F 5 1 4	0	0
5	Е	1	Total Al F 5 1 4	0	0
5	F	1	Total Al F 5 1 4	0	0

 \bullet Molecule 6 is GUANOSINE-5'-MONOPHOSPHATE (three-letter code: 5GP) (formula: $C_{10}H_{14}N_5O_8P).$





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf		
6	D	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0	
0	0 Д	1	24	10	5	8	1	0	U	
6	E	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0	
0	0 E	1	24	10	5	8	1	0		
6	Ŀ	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0	
0	0 F	1	24	10	5	8	1	0	U	

• Molecule 7 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	124	Total O 124 124	0	0
7	В	104	Total O 104 104	0	0
7	С	118	Total O 118 118	0	0
7	D	104	Total O 104 104	0	0
7	Е	97	Total O 97 97	0	0
7	F	74	Total O 74 74	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

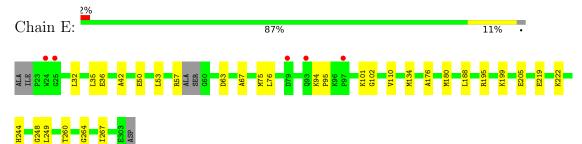
• Molecule 1: SIGNAL RECOGNITION PARTICLE PROTEIN



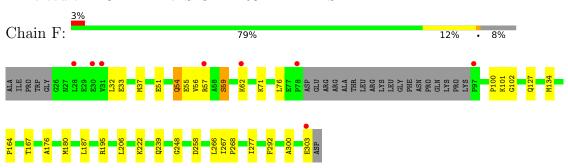




• Molecule 2: CELL DIVISION PROTEIN FTSY



• Molecule 2: CELL DIVISION PROTEIN FTSY





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 32	Depositor
Cell constants	188.69Å 188.69Å 44.59Å	D
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	14.68 - 2.39	Depositor
Resolution (A)	14.68 - 2.39	EDS
% Data completeness	100.0 (14.68-2.39)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	100.0 (14.68-2.39)	EDS
R_{merge}	0.10	Depositor
R_{sum}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	3.17 (at 2.39Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.2.0005	Depositor
D D.	0.183 , 0.253	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.183 , 0.251	DCC
R_{free} test set	3522 reflections $(5.03%)$	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	28.8	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.092	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.33, 22.2	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$< L > = 0.46, < L^2> = 0.29$	Xtriage
	0.037 for -h,-k,l	
Estimated twinning fraction	0.044 for h,-h-k,-l	Xtriage
	0.130 for -k,-h,-l	
F_o, F_c correlation	0.96	EDS
Total number of atoms	13912	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	34.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The analyses of the Patterson function reveals a significant off-origin peak that is 27.32 % of the origin peak, indicating pseudo-translational symmetry. The chance of finding a peak of this or larger height randomly in a structure without pseudo-translational symmetry is equal to 2.2453e-03. The detected translational NCS is most likely also responsible for the elevated intensity ratio.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $<L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ALF, MG, 5GP, GDP

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI		RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	A	0.51	0/2263	0.63	0/3050	
1	В	0.48	0/2265	0.62	0/3052	
1	С	0.47	0/2276	0.62	0/3066	
2	D	0.52	0/2209	0.58	0/2982	
2	Е	0.47	0/2178	0.60	0/2941	
2	F	0.49	0/1994	0.58	0/2693	
All	All	0.49	0/13185	0.61	0/17784	

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2239	0	2336	33	0
1	В	2241	0	2343	13	0
1	С	2252	0	2355	21	0
2	D	2175	0	2253	19	0
2	Е	2143	0	2214	26	0
2	F	1965	0	2037	19	0
3	A	28	0	12	0	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	В	28	0	12	0	0
3	С	28	0	12	0	0
3	D	28	0	12	0	0
3	Ε	28	0	12	1	0
3	F	28	0	12	0	0
4	A	1	0	0	0	0
4	В	1	0	0	0	0
4	С	1	0	0	0	0
4	D	1	0	0	0	0
4	Ε	1	0	0	0	0
4	F	1	0	0	0	0
5	A	5	0	0	0	0
5	В	5	0	0	1	0
5	С	5	0	0	1	0
5	D	5	0	0	0	0
5	Ε	5	0	0	0	0
5	F	5	0	0	0	0
6	D	24	0	12	1	0
6	Ε	24	0	12	0	0
6	F	24	0	12	0	0
7	A	124	0	0	5	0
7	В	104	0	0	4	0
7	С	118	0	0	3	0
7	D	104	0	0	0	0
7	Ε	97	0	0	2	0
7	F	74	0	0	0	0
All	All	13912	0	13646	127	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 5.

The worst 5 of 127 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	$egin{aligned} ext{Clash} \ ext{overlap } (ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$	
2:D:164:PRO:O	2:D:167:THR:HG22	1.54	1.07	
1:C:177:ARG:NH2	1:C:178:LEU:HD23	1.88	0.89	
1:A:19:ARG:HH11	1:A:19:ARG:HG2	1.39	0.88	
1:A:170:ARG:HD2	7:A:2073:HOH:O	1.76	0.85	
2:E:32:LEU:HD21	2:E:57:ARG:HB2	1.57	0.85	

There are no symmetry-related clashes.



5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	\mathbf{ntiles}
1	A	289/294 (98%)	283 (98%)	6 (2%)	0	100	100
1	В	289/294 (98%)	280 (97%)	9 (3%)	0	100	100
1	С	290/294 (99%)	281 (97%)	9 (3%)	0	100	100
2	D	281/284 (99%)	266 (95%)	11 (4%)	4 (1%)	11	15
2	E	277/284 (98%)	259 (94%)	17 (6%)	1 (0%)	34	48
2	F	256/284 (90%)	243 (95%)	11 (4%)	2 (1%)	19	29
All	All	1682/1734 (97%)	1612 (96%)	63 (4%)	7 (0%)	34	48

5 of 7 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	D	95	PRO
2	D	96	LYS
2	Е	248	GLY
2	F	59	SER
2	D	60	GLY

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	$230/233\ (99\%)$	222 (96%)	8 (4%)	36 55
1	В	230/233~(99%)	224 (97%)	6 (3%)	46 66
1	С	$231/233\ (99\%)$	223 (96%)	8 (4%)	36 55

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles		
2	D	$227/226 \ (100\%)$	215 (95%)	12 (5%)	22 37		
2	E	224/226~(99%)	222 (99%)	2 (1%)	78 90		
2	F	206/226 (91%)	198 (96%)	8 (4%)	32 50		
All	All	1348/1377 (98%)	1304 (97%)	44 (3%)	39 57		

5 of 44 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	D	99	GLU
2	Е	199	LYS
2	D	167	THR
2	D	271	ARG
2	F	33	GLU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (3) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	10	GLN
1	С	63	GLN
2	D	93	GLN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 21 ligands modelled in this entry, 6 are monoatomic - leaving 15 for Mogul analysis.



In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Trino	Chain	Res	Link	Во	ond leng	ths	В	ond ang	eles
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
3	GDP	F	1001	4,5	24,30,30	0.93	0	30,47,47	1.21	4 (13%)
5	ALF	E	1007	7,4,3	0,4,4	-	-	-		
6	5GP	D	3001	-	22,26,26	0.97	0	26,40,40	1.37	5 (19%)
5	ALF	F	1007	7,4,2,3	0,4,4	-	-	-		
3	GDP	D	1001	4,5	24,30,30	0.85	0	30,47,47	1.23	4 (13%)
5	ALF	В	1007	7,4,3	0,4,4	-	-	-		
6	5GP	F	3001	-	22,26,26	1.06	3 (13%)	26,40,40	1.28	3 (11%)
3	GDP	С	1001	4,5	24,30,30	1.10	1 (4%)	30,47,47	1.13	2 (6%)
6	5GP	Е	3001	-	22,26,26	1.07	2 (9%)	26,40,40	1.20	4 (15%)
3	GDP	Е	1001	4,5	24,30,30	1.01	1 (4%)	30,47,47	1.14	3 (10%)
5	ALF	С	1007	7,4,3	0,4,4	-	-	-		
3	GDP	A	1001	4,5	24,30,30	1.03	1 (4%)	30,47,47	1.28	4 (13%)
3	GDP	В	1001	4,5	24,30,30	0.90	1 (4%)	30,47,47	1.09	3 (10%)
5	ALF	D	1007	7,4,3	0,4,4	-	-	-		
5	ALF	A	1007	7,4,3	0,4,4	-	-	-		

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	GDP	F	1001	4,5	-	2/12/32/32	0/3/3/3
6	5GP	D	3001	-	-	2/6/26/26	0/3/3/3
3	GDP	D	1001	4,5	-	2/12/32/32	0/3/3/3
6	5GP	F	3001	-	-	2/6/26/26	0/3/3/3
3	GDP	С	1001	4,5	-	2/12/32/32	0/3/3/3
6	5GP	Ε	3001	-	-	1/6/26/26	0/3/3/3
3	GDP	E	1001	4,5	-	2/12/32/32	0/3/3/3
3	GDP	A	1001	4,5	-	2/12/32/32	0/3/3/3
3	GDP	В	1001	4,5	-	3/12/32/32	0/3/3/3



The worst	5	of	9	bond	length	outliers	are	listed	below:
TIIC WOLD	\circ	$O_{\mathbf{I}}$	J	DOM	10115 011	Outilities	COL C	mouca	DCIOW.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(ext{\AA})$
6	Е	3001	5GP	C6-N1	-2.55	1.34	1.37
3	Е	1001	GDP	C6-N1	-2.49	1.34	1.37
6	Е	3001	5GP	O4'-C1'	2.45	1.44	1.41
6	F	3001	5GP	C5-C4	2.27	1.48	1.43
3	A	1001	GDP	C2'-C1'	-2.27	1.50	1.53

The worst 5 of 32 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
6	F	3001	5GP	O3P-P-O5'	-3.10	98.49	106.73
6	D	3001	5GP	O3P-P-O5'	-2.97	98.83	106.73
3	С	1001	GDP	C5-C6-N1	2.92	119.11	113.95
3	A	1001	GDP	C8-N7-C5	2.77	108.26	102.99
6	Е	3001	5GP	C8-N7-C5	2.75	108.22	102.99

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 18 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	A	1001	GDP	PA-O3A-PB-O3B
3	В	1001	GDP	PA-O3A-PB-O3B
3	С	1001	GDP	PA-O3A-PB-O3B
3	D	1001	GDP	PA-O3A-PB-O3B
3	Е	1001	GDP	PA-O3A-PB-O3B

There are no ring outliers.

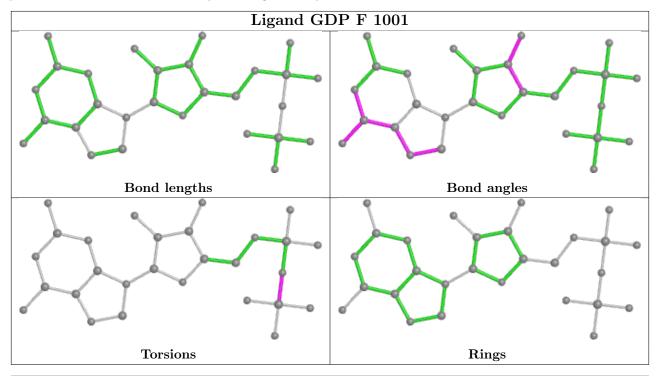
4 monomers are involved in 4 short contacts:

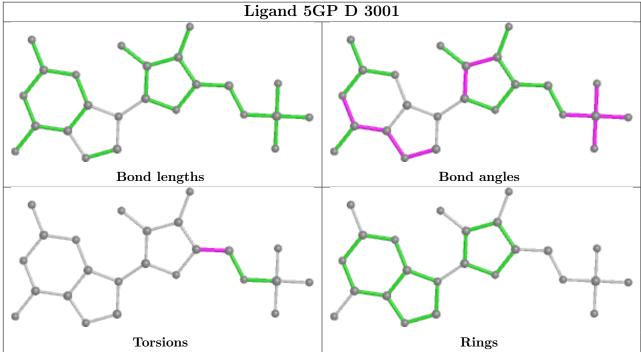
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
6	D	3001	5GP	1	0
5	В	1007	ALF	1	0
3	Е	1001	GDP	1	0
5	С	1007	ALF	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring

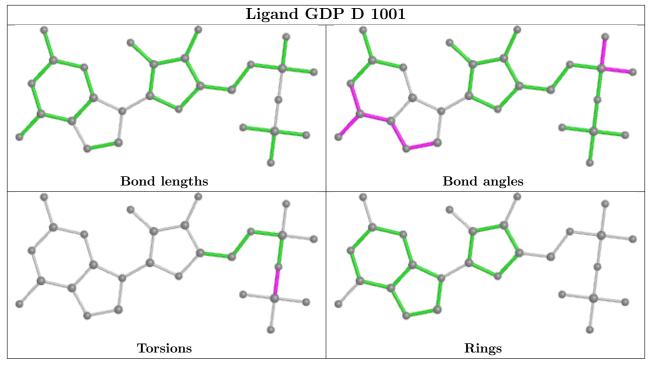


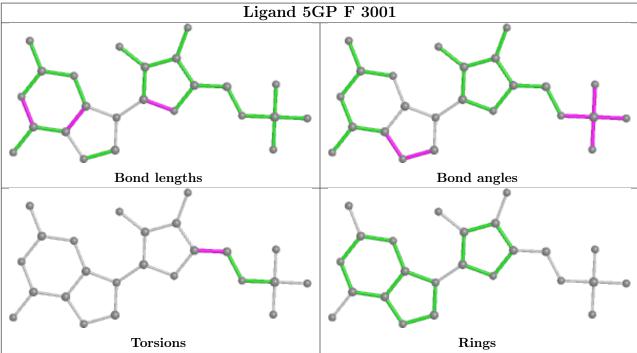
in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



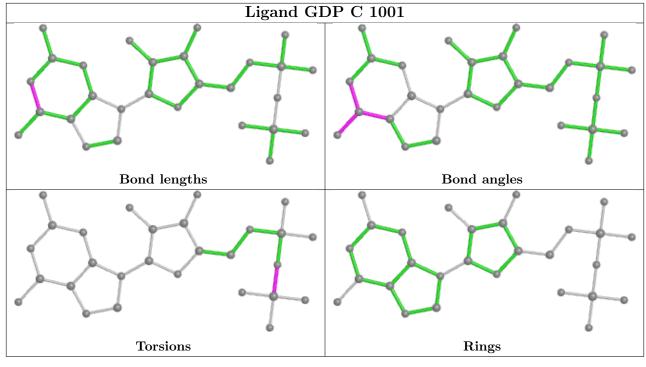


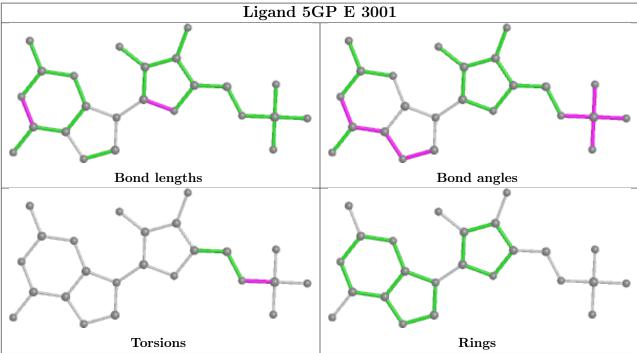




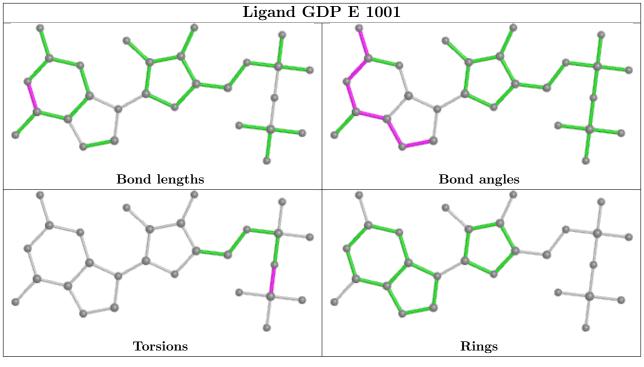


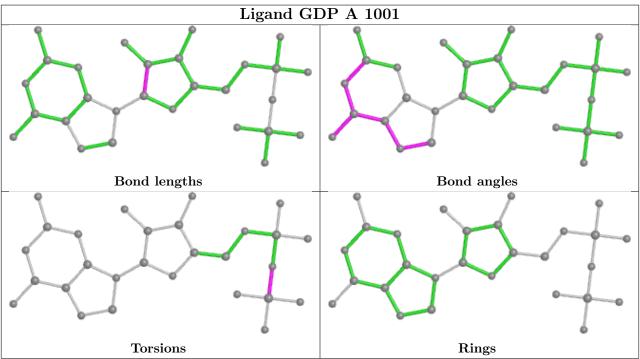




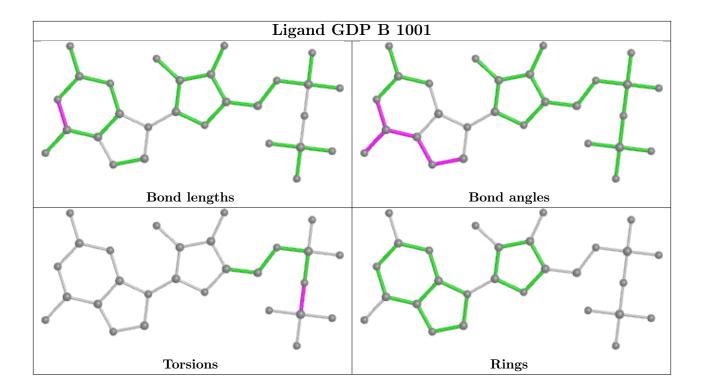












5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<rsrz></rsrz>	$\# \mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$OWAB(A^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	A	290/294~(98%)	-0.45	1 (0%) 94 93	13, 28, 57, 68	12 (4%)
1	В	290/294 (98%)	-0.34	8 (2%) 53 51	16, 30, 75, 85	9 (3%)
1	С	290/294 (98%)	-0.38	3 (1%) 82 80	17, 32, 57, 65	11 (3%)
2	D	281/284 (98%)	-0.29	8 (2%) 53 51	14, 29, 65, 71	4 (1%)
2	E	279/284 (98%)	-0.35	5 (1%) 68 66	16, 29, 69, 75	7 (2%)
2	F	260/284 (91%)	-0.29	8 (3%) 49 47	18, 32, 70, 77	4 (1%)
All	All	1690/1734 (97%)	-0.35	33 (1%) 65 63	13, 30, 67, 85	47 (2%)

The worst 5 of 33 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
2	Е	24	TRP	5.0
2	D	94	LYS	4.7
1	В	68	LEU	4.5
2	Е	25	GLY	4.5
2	Е	97	PRO	4.5

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.



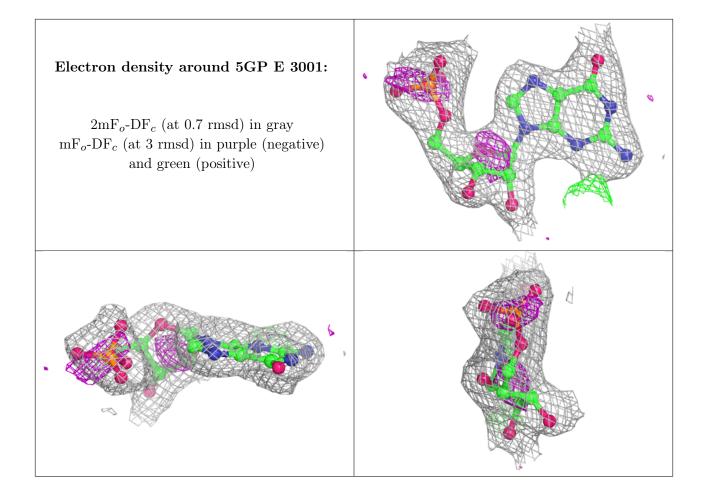
6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

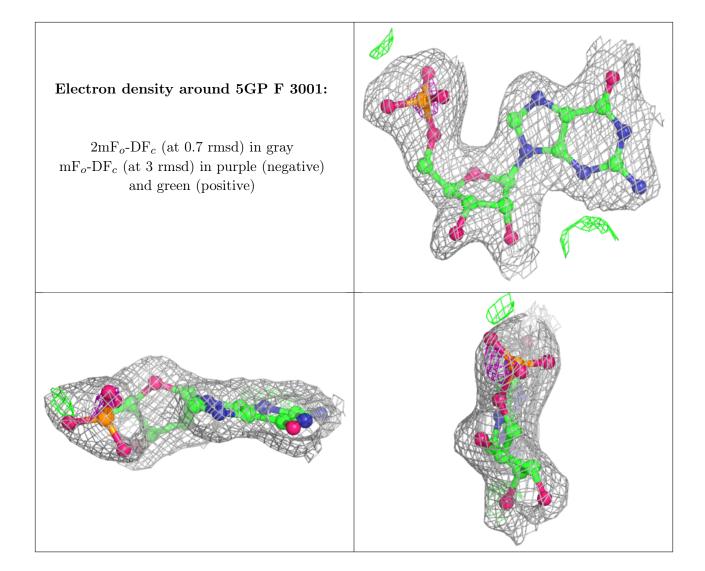
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
6	5GP	Ε	3001	24/24	0.92	0.13	33,36,48,48	0
6	5GP	F	3001	24/24	0.94	0.13	33,36,51,52	0
6	5GP	D	3001	24/24	0.95	0.10	39,41,49,49	0
5	ALF	С	1007	5/5	0.97	0.09	18,18,20,22	0
4	MG	С	1002	1/1	0.97	0.06	18,18,18,18	0
4	MG	В	1002	1/1	0.98	0.06	17,17,17,17	0
4	MG	F	1002	1/1	0.98	0.10	15,15,15,15	0
3	GDP	A	1001	28/28	0.99	0.09	8,10,11,12	0
3	GDP	В	1001	28/28	0.99	0.08	13,16,17,17	0
4	MG	D	1002	1/1	0.99	0.11	13,13,13,13	0
4	MG	Ε	1002	1/1	0.99	0.07	15,15,15,15	0
3	GDP	С	1001	28/28	0.99	0.08	10,14,16,18	0
5	ALF	A	1007	5/5	0.99	0.08	13,16,17,18	0
5	ALF	В	1007	5/5	0.99	0.07	18,19,19,20	0
3	GDP	D	1001	28/28	0.99	0.09	9,16,17,18	0
5	ALF	D	1007	5/5	0.99	0.11	12,12,14,16	0
5	ALF	Е	1007	5/5	0.99	0.09	11,14,15,16	0
5	ALF	F	1007	5/5	0.99	0.10	15,15,16,16	0
3	GDP	Ε	1001	28/28	0.99	0.07	10,18,19,19	0
3	GDP	F	1001	28/28	0.99	0.10	12,17,18,19	0
4	MG	A	1002	1/1	0.99	0.06	12,12,12,12	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

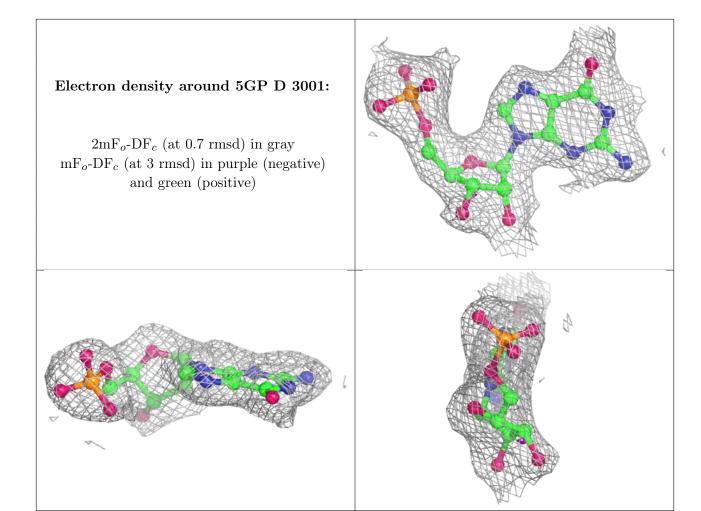








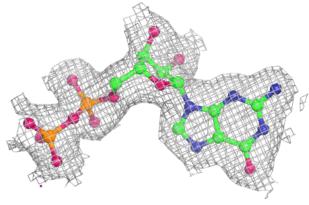


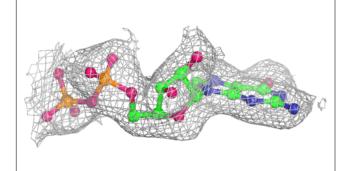


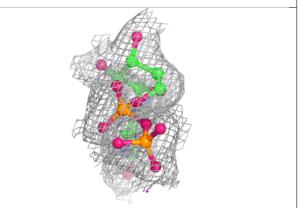


Electron density around GDP A 1001:

 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

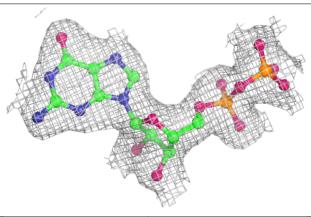


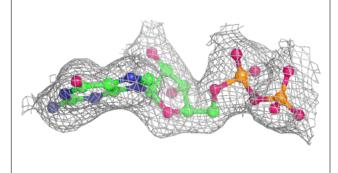


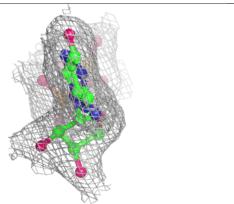


Electron density around GDP B 1001:

 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)



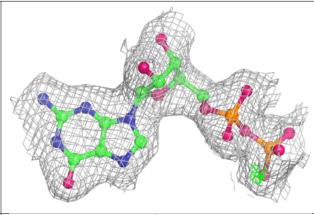


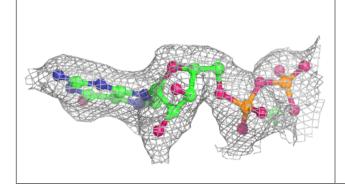


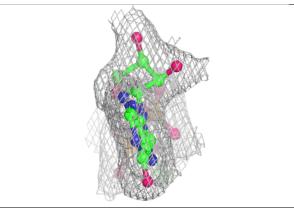


Electron density around GDP C 1001:

 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

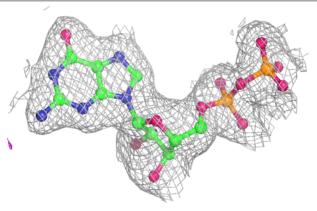


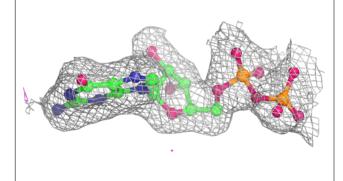


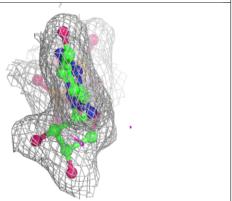


Electron density around GDP D 1001:

 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)



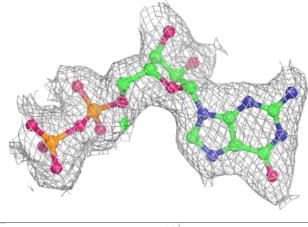


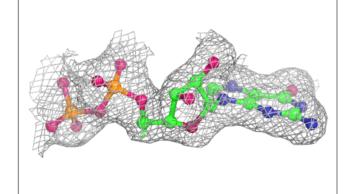


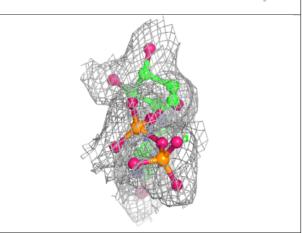


Electron density around GDP E 1001: $2 \text{mF}_o\text{-DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\text{mF}_o\text{-DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)

and green (positive)

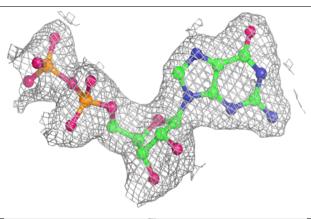


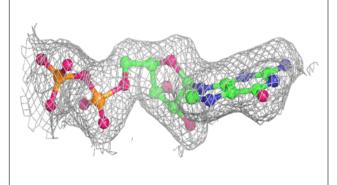


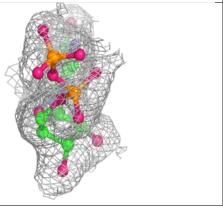


Electron density around GDP F 1001:

 $2 \text{mF}_o\text{-DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\text{mF}_o\text{-DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)









6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

