

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Dec 9, 2023 – 12:51 pm GMT

PDB ID	:	2BQR
Title	:	DNA Adduct Bypass Polymerization by Sulfolobus solfataricus Dpo4. Analy-
		sis and Crystal Structures of Multiple Base-Pair Substitution and Frameshift
		Products with the Adduct 1,N2-Ethenoguanine
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Deposited on		
Resolution	:	2.37 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org* A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

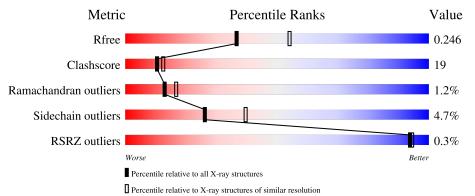
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.8.4, CSD as 541 be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
EDS	:	2.36
buster-report	:	1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
CCP4	:	7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.36

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.37 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Whole archive} \\ (\#\textbf{Entries}) \end{array}$	${f Similar\ resolution}\ (\#{ m Entries,\ resolution\ range}({ m \AA}))$
R_{free}	130704	5509(2.40-2.36)
Clashscore	141614	6082 (2.40-2.36)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	5973 (2.40-2.36)
Sidechain outliers	138945	5975 (2.40-2.36)
RSRZ outliers	127900	5397 (2.40-2.36)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
1	А	358	67%	26%	• 5%
2	Р	13	62%	38%	
3	Т	18	28% 61%		6% 6%

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard



residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	\mathbf{Res}	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
4	DTP	А	1000	-	-	Х	-



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3548 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called DNA POLYMERASE IV.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	А	341	Total 2795	C 1788	N 486	0 514	${ m S} 7$	0	5	0

• Molecule 2 is a DNA chain called 5'-D(*GP*GP*GP*GP*GP*AP*AP*GP*GP*AP *TP*TP*C)-3'.

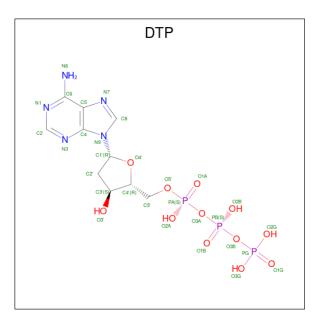
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	Р	13	Total 273	C 129	N 57	O 75	Р 12	0	0	0

• Molecule 3 is a DNA chain called 5'-D(*TP*CP*AP*TP*GNEP*GP*AP*AP*TP*CP*CP *TP*TP*CP*CP*CP*C)-3'.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	Т	17	Total 338	C 164	N 57	0	P 16	0	0	0
			330	104	57	101	10			

• Molecule 4 is 2'-DEOXYADENOSINE 5'-TRIPHOSPHATE (three-letter code: DTP) (formula: $C_{10}H_{16}N_5O_{12}P_3$).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	
4	Λ	1	Total	С	Ν	Ο	Р	0	0
4	4 A	1	30	10	5	12	3	U	0

• Molecule 5 is CALCIUM ION (three-letter code: CA) (formula: Ca).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	А	3	Total Ca 3 3	0	0

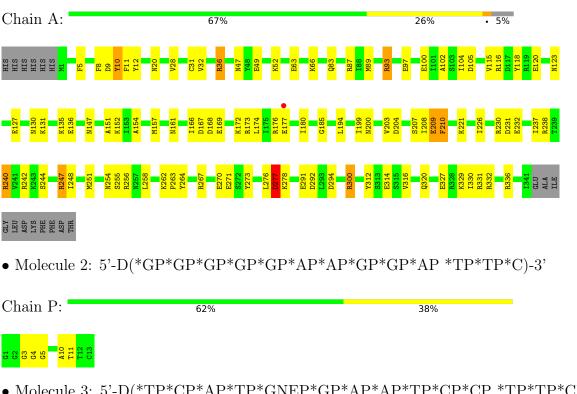
• Molecule 6 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	А	73	Total O 73 73	0	0
6	Р	18	Total O 18 18	0	0
6	Т	18	Total O 18 18	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.



• Molecule 1: DNA POLYMERASE IV

• Molecule 3: 5'-D(*TP*CP*AP*TP*GNEP*GP*AP*AP*TP*CP*CP *TP*TP*CP*CP*CP*CP*CP*CP*CP*C)-3'

Chain T:	28%	61%	6%	6%
DT C2 A3 A5 A5 A8 A8	113 C15 C15 C16 C17 C18 C18			



4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source	
Space group	P 21 21 2	Depositor	
Cell constants	95.53Å 103.03Å 53.10Å	Depositor	
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor	
Resolution (Å)	42.32 - 2.37	Depositor	
Resolution (A)	42.31 - 2.25	EDS	
% Data completeness	92.6 (42.32-2.37)	Depositor	
(in resolution range)	84.7 (42.31-2.25)	EDS	
R _{merge}	0.08	Depositor	
R _{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor	
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	$1.06 (at 2.24 \text{\AA})$	Xtriage	
Refinement program	CNS 1.1	Depositor	
D D.	0.223 , 0.260	Depositor	
R, R_{free}	0.213 , 0.246	DCC	
R_{free} test set	1054 reflections $(4.87%)$	wwPDB-VP	
Wilson B-factor $(Å^2)$	58.4	Xtriage	
Anisotropy	0.223	Xtriage	
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3), B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.31,42.0	EDS	
L-test for twinning ²	$ < L >=0.49, < L^2>=0.32$	Xtriage	
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage	
F_o, F_c correlation	0.95	EDS	
Total number of atoms	3548	wwPDB-VP	
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	56.0	wwPDB-VP	

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 5.60% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: GNE, DTP, CA

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
		RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	А	0.38	0/2834	0.62	0/3802	
2	Р	0.36	0/308	0.70	0/476	
3	Т	0.42	0/348	0.77	0/530	
All	All	0.38	0/3490	0.65	0/4808	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
3	Т	0	1

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
3	Т	4	DT	Sidechain

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.



Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	А	2795	0	2935	106	0
2	Р	273	0	147	4	0
3	Т	338	0	193	17	0
4	А	30	0	12	9	0
5	А	3	0	0	0	0
6	А	73	0	0	15	0
6	Р	18	0	0	1	0
6	Т	18	0	0	1	0
All	All	3548	0	3287	125	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 19.

The worst 5 of 125 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:10:TYR:HA	4:A:1000:DTP:O2G	1.59	1.02
1:A:240[A]:ARG:HG3	1:A:240[A]:ARG:HH11	1.24	1.00
4:A:1000:DTP:O3G	4:A:1000:DTP:H5'2	1.69	0.91
1:A:238:ARG:HH21	1:A:240[A]:ARG:CD	1.87	0.86
1:A:115:VAL:HG13	1:A:120:GLU:HB2	1.57	0.85

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed Favoured Allowed		Outliers	Percentiles		
1	А	344/358~(96%)	322 (94%)	18 (5%)	4 (1%)	13 17	

All (4) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	36	ARG
1	А	10	TYR
1	А	277	ASP
1	А	210	PHE

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent side chain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mo	Chain	Analysed	Analysed Rotameric		Percentiles		
1	А	305/315~(97%)	289~(95%)	16~(5%)	23 35		

5 of 16 residues with a non-rotameric side chain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	277	ASP
1	А	254	ASN
1	А	209[B]	GLU
1	А	247	ARG
1	А	209[A]	GLU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (2) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	20	ASN
1	А	123	ASN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

1 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residue is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul



statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type Chair		Bos	Res	Link	Bo	ond leng	ths	B	ond ang	les
10101	Type	Chan			Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	
3	GNE	Т	5	3	21,27,28	2.45	6 (28%)	20,40,43	1.83	<mark>6 (30%)</mark>	

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	GNE	Т	5	3	-	0/3/21/22	0/4/4/4

The worst 5 of 6 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
3	Т	5	GNE	CM2-C11	5.99	1.53	1.34
3	Т	5	GNE	O3'-C3'	-5.61	1.31	1.43
3	Т	5	GNE	CM2-N2	3.96	1.47	1.37
3	Т	5	GNE	C11-N1	-3.58	1.33	1.39
3	Т	5	GNE	C2-N3	3.22	1.34	1.30

The worst 5 of 6 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
3	Т	5	GNE	C11-CM2-N2	-3.60	101.90	106.95
3	Т	5	GNE	C5-C6-N1	3.54	119.13	113.93
3	Т	5	GNE	C4'-O4'-C1'	-3.09	101.99	109.45
3	Т	5	GNE	O4'-C1'-C2'	-2.68	101.19	106.25
3	Т	5	GNE	C8-N7-C5	2.57	107.89	102.99

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 4 short contacts:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	Т	5	GNE	4	0

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 4 ligands modelled in this entry, 3 are monoatomic - leaving 1 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			B	ond ang	les
WIOI	туре	Ullalli	nes		Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
4	DTP	А	1000	5	26,32,32	0.90	1 (3%)	30,50,50	1.13	2 (6%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

\mathbf{N}	ſol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
	4	DTP	А	1000	5	-	5/18/34/34	0/3/3/3

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	\mathbf{Res}	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
4	А	1000	DTP	C2-N3	2.40	1.36	1.32

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Ζ	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
4	А	1000	DTP	PB-O3B-PG	-3.24	121.70	132.83
4	А	1000	DTP	O5'-C5'-C4'	2.84	118.78	108.99

There are no chirality outliers.



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	А	1000	DTP	O4'-C4'-C5'-O5'
4	А	1000	DTP	C3'-C4'-C5'-O5'
4	А	1000	DTP	PG-O3B-PB-O1B
4	А	1000	DTP	C4'-C5'-O5'-PA
4	А	1000	DTP	PG-O3B-PB-O3A

All (5) torsion outliers are listed below:

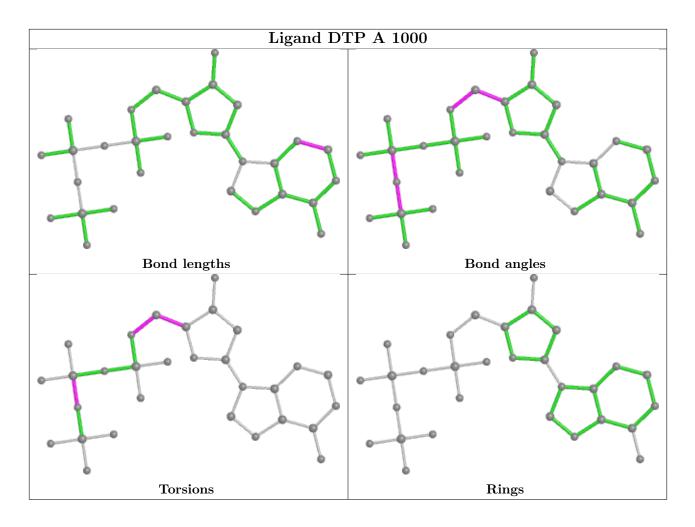
There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 9 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	А	1000	DTP	9	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	$\langle RSRZ \rangle$	#RSRZ>2	$\mathbf{OWAB}(\mathrm{\AA}^2)$	Q<0.9
1	А	341/358~(95%)	0.03	1 (0%) 94 94	29, 54, 76, 90	28~(8%)
2	Р	13/13 (100%)	-0.54	0 100 100	35, 50, 68, 73	0
3	Т	16/18 (88%)	-0.14	0 100 100	42, 60, 84, 85	1 (6%)
All	All	370/389~(95%)	0.00	1 (0%) 94 94	29, 54, 77, 90	29 (7%)

All (1) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	А	177	GLU	2.6

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-factors}(\mathrm{\AA}^2)$	Q<0.9
3	GNE	Т	5	24/25	0.84	0.18	41,50,55,61	0

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands (i)

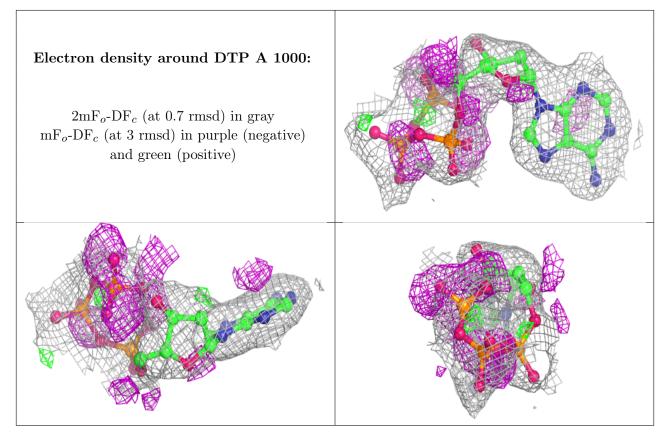
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum,



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$B-factors(A^2)$	$\mathbf{Q} < 0.9$
5	CA	А	2003	1/1	0.48	0.22	$61,\!61,\!61,\!61$	0
5	CA	А	2001	1/1	0.83	0.08	89,89,89,89	0
4	DTP	А	1000	30/30	0.89	0.20	41,57,75,76	0
5	CA	А	2002	1/1	0.98	0.17	41,41,41,41	0

median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.



6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

