

Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

Aug 2, 2023 – 02:09 AM EDT

PDB ID	:	1BQE
Title	:	FERREDOXIN:NADP+ REDUCTASE MUTANT WITH THR 155 RE-
		PLACED BY GLY (T155G)
Authors	:	Hermoso, J.A.; Mayoral, T.; Medina, M.; Martinez-Ripoll, M.; Martinez-
		Julvez, M.; Sanz-Aparicio, J.; Gomez-Moreno, C.
Deposited on	:	1998-08-14
Resolution	:	2.45 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org* A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

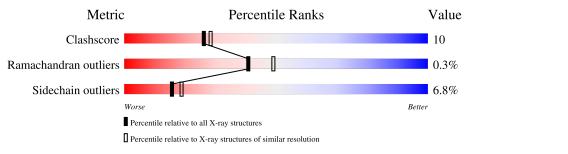
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	NOT EXECUTED
EDS	:	NOT EXECUTED
buster-report	:	1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.34

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $X\text{-}RAY \, DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.45 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$egin{array}{c} { m Whole \ archive} \ (\#{ m Entries}) \end{array}$	${f Similar\ resolution}\ (\#{ m Entries,\ resolution\ range}({ m \AA}))$
Clashscore	141614	1613 (2.48-2.44)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1598 (2.48-2.44)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1598 (2.48-2.44)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Note EDS was not executed.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
1	А	295	79%	18%	•



1BQE

2 Entry composition (i)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2660 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

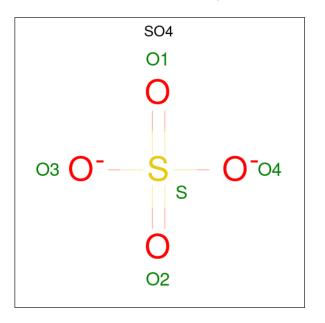
• Molecule 1 is a protein called FERREDOXIN–NADP REDUCTASE.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
1	А	295	Total 2335	C 1486	N 399	0 441	S 9	0	0	0

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
А	155	GLY	THR	engineered mutation	UNP P21890
А	246	GLN	GLU	conflict	UNP P21890

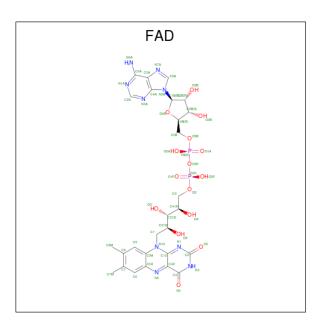
• Molecule 2 is SULFATE ION (three-letter code: SO4) (formula: O_4S).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	А	1	Total 5	0 4	S 1	0	0

• Molecule 3 is FLAVIN-ADENINE DINUCLEOTIDE (three-letter code: FAD) (formula: $\rm C_{27}H_{33}N_9O_{15}P_2).$





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf		
3	А	1	Total	С	Ν	0	Р	0	0
		-	53	27	9	15	2		5

• Molecule 4 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	А	267	Total O 267 267	0	0

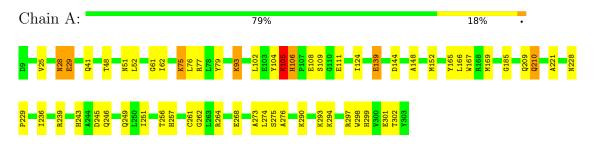


3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

Note EDS was not executed.

• Molecule 1: FERREDOXIN–NADP REDUCTASE





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Xtriage (Phenix) and EDS were not executed - this section is therefore incomplete.

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 65	Depositor
Cell constants	88.13Å 88.13Å 97.25Å	Depositor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	9.00 - 2.45	Depositor
% Data completeness	99.7 (9.00-2.45)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	55.1 (5.00 2.45)	Depositor
R_{merge}	0.10	Depositor
R _{sym}	0.10	Depositor
Refinement program	X-PLOR 3.843	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.160 , 0.240	Depositor
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
Total number of atoms	2660	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	19.0	wwPDB-VP



5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: SO4, FAD

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI	Unain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	А	0.60	0/2391	0.67	0/3238	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	А	0	2

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	А	105	LYS	Mainchain
1	А	79	TYR	Sidechain

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	А	2335	0	2310	49	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes			
2	А	5	0	0	0	0			
3	А	53	0	31	1	0			
4	А	267	0	0	16	0			
All	All	2660	0	2341	49	0			

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The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 10.

All (49) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	distance (Å)	overlap (Å)
1:A:274:LEU:HG	4:A:488:HOH:O	1.72	0.89
1:A:104:TYR:HE2	1:A:108:GLU:HG2	1.39	0.87
1:A:257:HIS:HD2	1:A:299:HIS:HE1	1.24	0.85
1:A:243:HIS:HD2	1:A:246:GLN:HE22	1.28	0.81
1:A:29:GLU:HG3	4:A:609:HOH:O	1.81	0.80
1:A:144:ASP:HB2	4:A:458:HOH:O	1.80	0.79
1:A:243:HIS:HD2	1:A:246:GLN:NE2	1.86	0.73
1:A:298:TRP:HH2	4:A:528:HOH:O	1.72	0.71
1:A:104:TYR:CE2	1:A:108:GLU:HG2	2.25	0.70
1:A:124:ILE:HG22	4:A:428:HOH:O	1.92	0.69
1:A:139:GLU:O	1:A:139:GLU:HG3	1.95	0.67
1:A:257:HIS:CD2	1:A:299:HIS:HE1	2.13	0.65
1:A:249:GLN:HG2	4:A:663:HOH:O	1.96	0.65
1:A:75:LYS:HG2	1:A:77:ARG:NH1	2.13	0.64
1:A:139:GLU:O	1:A:299:HIS:HD2	1.82	0.62
1:A:62:ILE:HD11	4:A:423:HOH:O	2.01	0.61
1:A:25:VAL:HG21	1:A:124:ILE:HD13	1.85	0.59
1:A:293:LYS:HE3	1:A:298:TRP:HD1	1.68	0.58
1:A:28:ASN:ND2	1:A:41:GLN:HE21	2.02	0.58
1:A:209:GLN:O	1:A:209:GLN:HG2	2.02	0.57
1:A:243:HIS:HE1	4:A:522:HOH:O	1.87	0.56
1:A:257:HIS:HD2	1:A:299:HIS:CE1	2.15	0.55
1:A:243:HIS:CD2	1:A:246:GLN:NE2	2.73	0.52
1:A:262:GLY:O	1:A:302:THR:HA	2.09	0.52
1:A:148:ALA:O	1:A:185:GLY:HA3	2.11	0.50
1:A:251:ILE:HD13	4:A:529:HOH:O	2.11	0.50
1:A:105:LYS:HG3	1:A:108:GLU:HB2	1.94	0.49
1:A:273:ALA:HB3	4:A:488:HOH:O	2.11	0.49
1:A:48:THR:HG23	1:A:93:LYS:HB2	1.95	0.49
1:A:245:ASP:O	1:A:249:GLN:HG3	2.14	0.48

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:256:THR:O	1:A:297:ARG:HD2	2.14	0.47
1:A:61:GLY:O	1:A:62:ILE:HD13	2.13	0.47
1:A:293:LYS:CE	1:A:298:TRP:HD1	2.28	0.47
1:A:298:TRP:CH2	4:A:528:HOH:O	2.55	0.47
1:A:261:CYS:HA	1:A:301:GLU:O	2.16	0.46
1:A:139:GLU:O	1:A:299:HIS:CD2	2.65	0.46
1:A:274:LEU:HD13	4:A:529:HOH:O	2.17	0.44
1:A:274:LEU:HD22	4:A:529:HOH:O	2.17	0.44
1:A:76:LEU:HD23	4:A:437:HOH:O	2.18	0.43
1:A:166:LEU:HD23	1:A:169:MET:HE1	2.00	0.43
1:A:276:ALA:HB2	4:A:604:HOH:O	2.19	0.42
1:A:228:ASN:HB2	1:A:229:PRO:CD	2.48	0.42
1:A:210:GLN:HA	1:A:210:GLN:OE1	2.19	0.42
1:A:28:ASN:HD21	1:A:41:GLN:HB3	1.83	0.42
1:A:152:MET:HE1	1:A:165:TYR:HB2	2.01	0.41
1:A:106:HIS:HA	1:A:111:GLU:HA	2.02	0.41
1:A:102:LEU:HD21	3:A:304:FAD:H8A	2.03	0.41
1:A:221:ALA:HB2	1:A:239:ARG:HG3	2.02	0.40
1:A:251:ILE:CD1	4:A:529:HOH:O	2.68	0.40

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There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	А	293/295~(99%)	282~(96%)	10 (3%)	1 (0%)	41 49	

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	105	LYS



5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the side chain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric Outliers		Percentiles		
1	А	249/249~(100%)	232~(93%)	17 (7%)	16 19		

All (17) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	28	ASN
1	А	29	GLU
1	А	51	ASN
1	А	52	LEU
1	А	75	LYS
1	А	93	LYS
1	А	106	HIS
1	А	109	SER
1	А	139	GLU
1	А	167	TRP
1	А	210	GLN
1	А	236	ILE
1	А	264	ARG
1	А	268	GLU
1	А	275	SER
1	А	290	LYS
1	А	294	LYS

Sometimes side chains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (9) such side chains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	28	ASN
1	А	101	GLN
1	А	123	HIS
1	А	149	ASN
1	А	243	HIS
1	А	246	GLN
1	А	257	HIS
1	А	289	GLN

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	299	HIS

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

2 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Turne	Chain	Dag	T : 1-	B	ond leng	gths	B	ond ang	gles
	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2
2	SO4	А	307	-	4,4,4	0.68	0	6,6,6	0.06	0
3	FAD	А	304	-	53, 58, 58	1.64	10 (18%)	68,89,89	1.85	15 (22%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	FAD	А	304	-	-	4/30/50/50	0/6/6/6

All (10) bond length outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
3	А	304	FAD	C6-C7	-5.61	1.31	1.39
3	А	304	FAD	C5'-C4'	-3.86	1.46	1.51
3	А	304	FAD	C5X-N5	-2.99	1.33	1.39
3	А	304	FAD	C1'-N10	-2.81	1.41	1.48
3	А	304	FAD	C2A-N3A	2.65	1.36	1.32
3	А	304	FAD	P-O2P	-2.50	1.43	1.55
3	А	304	FAD	C9-C8	-2.36	1.36	1.39
3	А	304	FAD	O4B-C1B	2.22	1.44	1.41
3	А	304	FAD	PA-O5B	-2.19	1.50	1.59
3	А	304	FAD	C4X-C4	2.18	1.52	1.44

All (15) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
3	А	304	FAD	C1'-N10-C9A	-6.33	109.97	120.51
3	А	304	FAD	C10-N1-C2	5.04	126.99	116.90
3	А	304	FAD	C5A-C6A-N6A	4.81	127.66	120.35
3	А	304	FAD	O2'-C2'-C3'	-3.93	99.53	109.10
3	А	304	FAD	O3'-C3'-C4'	-3.21	101.05	108.81
3	А	304	FAD	C9-C9A-N10	3.14	126.08	121.84
3	А	304	FAD	C4X-C10-N10	2.81	120.58	116.48
3	А	304	FAD	C4-C4X-N5	2.80	122.22	118.23
3	А	304	FAD	C4X-C10-N1	-2.47	119.00	124.73
3	А	304	FAD	C5X-N5-C4X	2.42	122.10	118.07
3	А	304	FAD	C1'-C2'-C3'	2.32	116.28	109.79
3	А	304	FAD	C10-C4X-N5	-2.25	120.09	124.86
3	А	304	FAD	O4B-C1B-C2B	-2.18	103.75	106.93
3	А	304	FAD	O2A-PA-O1A	2.11	122.66	112.24
3	А	304	FAD	O2-C2-N3	2.08	122.68	118.65

There are no chirality outliers.

All (4) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	А	304	FAD	C5B-O5B-PA-O3P
3	А	304	FAD	PA-O3P-P-O1P
3	А	304	FAD	C4B-C5B-O5B-PA
3	А	304	FAD	PA-O3P-P-O2P

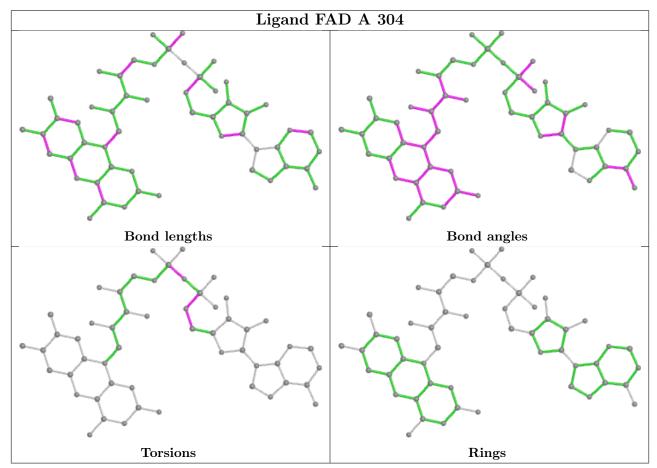
There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:



Mo	bl	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3		А	304	FAD	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.



5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.4 Ligands (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.5 Other polymers (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

