



# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Sep 26, 2023 – 02:04 AM EDT

PDB ID : 6BKD  
Title : Structure of Hepatitis C Virus Envelope Glycoprotein E2 core from genotype 6a bound to broadly neutralizing antibody AR3D  
Authors : Tzarum, N.; Wilson, I.A.; Law, M.  
Deposited on : 2017-11-08  
Resolution : 3.25 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)  
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13  
EDS : 2.35.1  
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)  
Refmac : 5.8.0158  
CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.35.1

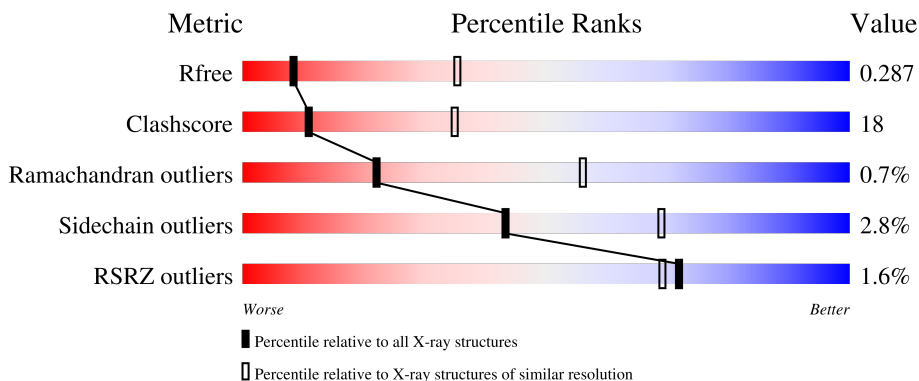
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.25 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	130704	1191 (3.30-3.22)
Clashscore	141614	1251 (3.30-3.22)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1229 (3.30-3.22)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1228 (3.30-3.22)
RSRZ outliers	127900	1154 (3.30-3.22)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	E	189	 2% 50% 28% 21%
2	H	234	 2% 55% 36% 5%
3	L	212	 68% 29%
4	A	2	 50% 50%

## 2 Entry composition

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 4440 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Polyprotein.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
1	E	150	1178	756	199	211	12	0	0	0

There are 11 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
E	470	ASP	ASN	engineered mutation	UNP B9V0E2
E	482	GLY	-	linker	UNP B9V0E2
E	483	SER	-	linker	UNP B9V0E2
E	484	SER	-	linker	UNP B9V0E2
E	485	GLY	-	linker	UNP B9V0E2
E	592	GLY	-	linker	UNP B9V0E2
E	593	GLY	-	linker	UNP B9V0E2
E	594	PRO	-	linker	UNP B9V0E2
E	595	THR	-	linker	UNP B9V0E2
E	596	ASP	-	linker	UNP B9V0E2
E	597	GLY	-	linker	UNP B9V0E2

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Fab AR3D heavy chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
2	H	223	1647	1045	276	320	6	0	0	0

There are 4 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
H	108	LEU	THR	conflict	UNP S6B2A6
H	210	LYS	ARG	conflict	UNP S6B2A6
H	217	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP S6B2A6
H	218	SER	-	expression tag	UNP S6B2A6

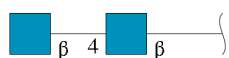
- Molecule 3 is a protein called Fab AR3D light chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
3	L	207	1587	990	274	319	4	0	0	0

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
L	105	GLU	ASP	conflict	UNP Q6PIL8

- Molecule 4 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.

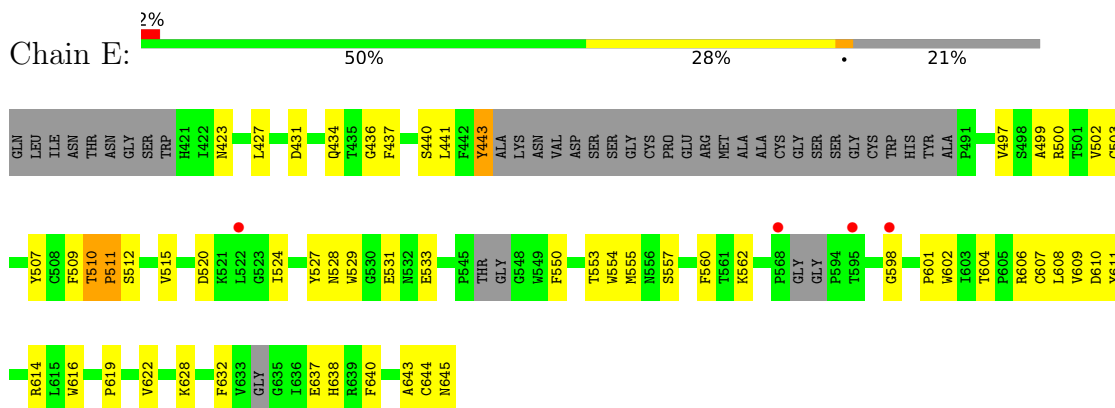


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O			
4	A	2	28	16	2	10	0	0	0

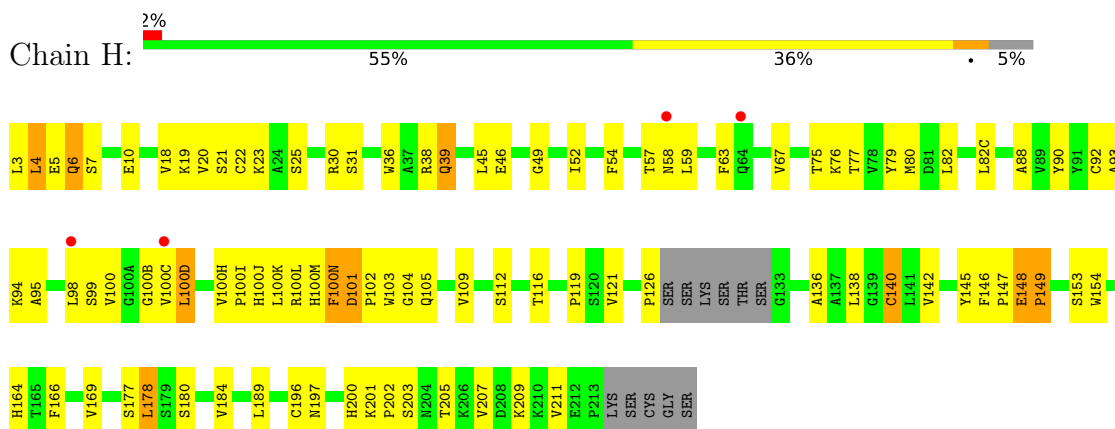
### 3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $RSRZ > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

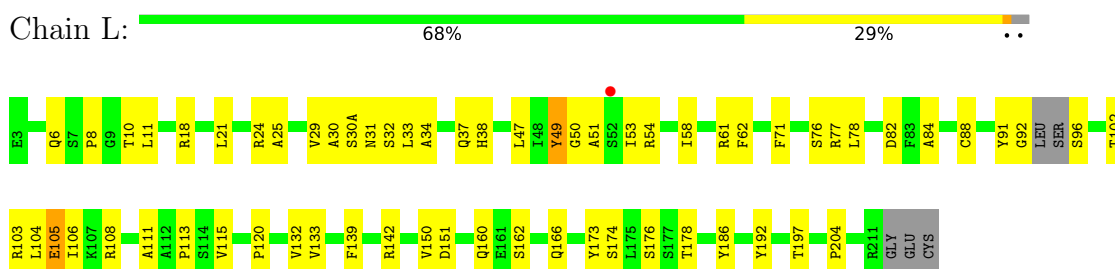
- Molecule 1: Polyprotein



- Molecule 2: Fab AR3D heavy chain



- Molecule 3: Fab AR3D light chain



- Molecule 4: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain A:  50% 50%

MAGE1  
MAGE2

## 4 Data and refinement statistics i

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	37.32Å 60.39Å 148.08Å 90.00° 88.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	49.33 – 3.25 49.33 – 3.25	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	86.9 (49.33-3.25) 86.9 (49.33-3.25)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	0.23	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	1.04 (at 3.25Å)	Xtrriage
Refinement program	PHENIX (1.12_2829)	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.268 , 0.286 0.268 , 0.287	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	910 reflections (9.88%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	76.7	Xtrriage
Anisotropy	0.593	Xtrriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.23 , 3.8	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.45$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.28$	Xtrriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.067 for h,-k,-l	Xtrriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.89	EDS
Total number of atoms	4440	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	69.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtrriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 7.21% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

## 5 Model quality [i](#)

### 5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: NAG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z  >5	RMSZ	# Z  >5
1	E	0.27	0/1217	0.56	0/1662
2	H	0.28	0/1686	0.56	2/2298 (0.1%)
3	L	0.26	0/1620	0.48	0/2197
All	All	0.27	0/4523	0.53	2/6157 (0.0%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
2	H	0	1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	H	100(D)	LEU	CB-CG-CD2	8.02	124.63	111.00
2	H	4	LEU	CB-CG-CD2	5.07	119.61	111.00

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
2	H	148	GLU	Peptide



## 5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	E	1178	0	1109	51	0
2	H	1647	0	1631	83	0
3	L	1587	0	1539	43	0
4	A	28	0	25	3	0
All	All	4440	0	4304	159	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 18.

All (159) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:H:147:PRO:HG2	2:H:200:HIS:NE2	1.79	0.97
1:E:427:LEU:HB3	2:H:100(D):LEU:HD22	1.48	0.91
2:H:147:PRO:HG2	2:H:200:HIS:CE1	2.05	0.91
2:H:52:ILE:HD13	2:H:98:LEU:HD11	1.57	0.86
2:H:100(C):VAL:HG22	2:H:100(D):LEU:H	1.41	0.84
2:H:100(K):LEU:HB2	3:L:92:GLY:H	1.44	0.82
2:H:5:GLU:HB2	2:H:23:LYS:HB3	1.62	0.81
2:H:39:GLN:HB2	2:H:45:LEU:HD23	1.62	0.81
1:E:528:ASN:HB3	1:E:531:GLU:HG2	1.64	0.79
2:H:147:PRO:HG2	2:H:200:HIS:HE2	1.47	0.78
1:E:560:PHE:HD2	4:A:1:NAG:H5	1.49	0.77
2:H:31:SER:HB2	2:H:98:LEU:HB2	1.66	0.76
1:E:427:LEU:HD23	2:H:100(D):LEU:HD21	1.72	0.72
2:H:94:LYS:HB3	2:H:102:PRO:HG2	1.72	0.71
2:H:18:VAL:HG13	2:H:82(C):LEU:HD11	1.71	0.70
2:H:93:ALA:HB1	2:H:100(N):PHE:HB3	1.74	0.69
2:H:7:SER:HB2	2:H:20:VAL:HG13	1.74	0.69
2:H:52:ILE:HD11	2:H:100(I):PRO:HB3	1.75	0.69
2:H:147:PRO:O	2:H:200:HIS:NE2	2.26	0.67
2:H:98:LEU:HD13	2:H:100(D):LEU:HD12	1.77	0.67
3:L:61:ARG:NH1	3:L:82:ASP:OD2	2.31	0.63
1:E:431:ASP:HB3	2:H:100(B):GLY:HA2	1.80	0.62
2:H:38:ARG:NH2	2:H:46:GLU:OE2	2.33	0.61

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:H:154:TRP:HE1	2:H:180:SER:HG	1.47	0.61
1:E:511:PRO:HG2	1:E:638:HIS:CE1	2.37	0.60
2:H:82:LEU:HD23	2:H:82(C):LEU:HD23	1.84	0.60
1:E:427:LEU:HB3	2:H:100(D):LEU:CD2	2.28	0.59
2:H:3:LEU:N	2:H:25:SER:HG	2.00	0.59
1:E:610:ASP:HA	1:E:614:ARG:HD3	1.84	0.59
3:L:10:THR:HG22	3:L:103:ARG:HB3	1.85	0.58
2:H:100(C):VAL:HG22	2:H:100(D):LEU:N	2.16	0.58
1:E:509:PHE:HE2	1:E:553:THR:HG23	1.68	0.57
2:H:121:VAL:HG21	2:H:207:VAL:HG11	1.86	0.57
3:L:108:ARG:HH22	3:L:111:ALA:HB2	1.70	0.57
2:H:147:PRO:CG	2:H:200:HIS:CE1	2.86	0.56
2:H:100(C):VAL:CG2	2:H:100(D):LEU:H	2.16	0.56
1:E:510:THR:OG1	1:E:511:PRO:HD3	2.06	0.55
1:E:604:THR:HB	1:E:607:CYS:H	1.71	0.55
2:H:38:ARG:HD3	2:H:90:TYR:CZ	2.42	0.55
2:H:49:GLY:HA3	2:H:59:LEU:HD22	1.88	0.55
2:H:153:SER:O	2:H:197:ASN:N	2.27	0.55
1:E:511:PRO:HG2	1:E:638:HIS:CG	2.42	0.55
2:H:119:PRO:HD3	2:H:200:HIS:ND1	2.21	0.55
3:L:34:ALA:HB2	3:L:91:TYR:OH	2.07	0.55
2:H:100(K):LEU:HD12	3:L:96:SER:HB2	1.89	0.54
3:L:6:GLN:NE2	3:L:88:CYS:H	2.06	0.54
1:E:511:PRO:HG2	1:E:638:HIS:ND1	2.23	0.54
2:H:100(C):VAL:CG2	2:H:100(J):HIS:H	2.19	0.54
2:H:58:ASN:HB2	2:H:100(H):VAL:HG23	1.89	0.54
2:H:126:PRO:HG2	2:H:189:LEU:HD21	1.89	0.54
1:E:436:GLY:HA2	2:H:99:SER:O	2.09	0.53
3:L:21:LEU:HD22	3:L:102:THR:HG21	1.90	0.53
1:E:598:GLY:HA3	1:E:602:TRP:HB2	1.90	0.53
3:L:113:PRO:O	3:L:115:VAL:HG23	2.08	0.53
2:H:119:PRO:HB3	2:H:145:TYR:HB3	1.90	0.52
3:L:142:ARG:HG3	3:L:173:TYR:CG	2.44	0.52
2:H:100(C):VAL:HG23	2:H:100(J):HIS:HB2	1.92	0.52
3:L:120:PRO:HD3	3:L:132:VAL:HG22	1.91	0.52
2:H:22:CYS:O	2:H:77:THR:HA	2.08	0.52
2:H:57:THR:O	2:H:58:ASN:ND2	2.42	0.52
3:L:11:LEU:HB3	3:L:104:LEU:HD12	1.91	0.51
1:E:510:THR:OG1	1:E:511:PRO:CD	2.59	0.51
1:E:606:ARG:HB3	1:E:645:ASN:HB3	1.93	0.51
3:L:37:GLN:HB2	3:L:47:LEU:HD11	1.92	0.51

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:E:619:PRO:O	1:E:622:VAL:HG23	2.10	0.51
2:H:153:SER:HB2	2:H:197:ASN:HB2	1.92	0.51
1:E:520:ASP:N	1:E:524:ILE:O	2.44	0.50
2:H:39:GLN:O	2:H:88:ALA:HB1	2.11	0.50
3:L:106:ILE:H	3:L:166:GLN:HE22	1.58	0.50
2:H:23:LYS:HD2	2:H:76:LYS:O	2.11	0.50
1:E:510:THR:CB	1:E:511:PRO:HD3	2.42	0.49
1:E:500:ARG:NE	1:E:533:GLU:HG2	2.27	0.49
3:L:18:ARG:HG3	3:L:76:SER:HA	1.93	0.49
2:H:147:PRO:HB2	2:H:202:PRO:HB2	1.95	0.49
1:E:607:CYS:HA	1:E:644:CYS:HA	1.94	0.49
1:E:440:SER:HA	1:E:443:TYR:CD2	2.48	0.49
3:L:6:GLN:NE2	3:L:88:CYS:SG	2.82	0.49
2:H:166:PHE:CZ	3:L:176:SER:HB3	2.48	0.49
2:H:112:SER:HB3	2:H:146:PHE:CE1	2.48	0.49
1:E:497:VAL:HG11	1:E:554:TRP:CH2	2.49	0.48
3:L:29:VAL:HG12	3:L:30:ALA:O	2.13	0.48
2:H:138:LEU:HD13	2:H:211:VAL:HG11	1.95	0.48
1:E:427:LEU:HD21	2:H:54:PHE:CE1	2.49	0.48
1:E:632:PHE:CE1	1:E:637:GLU:HB2	2.50	0.47
2:H:3:LEU:C	2:H:4:LEU:HD12	2.35	0.47
2:H:112:SER:HB3	2:H:146:PHE:HE1	1.79	0.47
1:E:555:MET:HE2	1:E:555:MET:HB2	1.74	0.47
3:L:38:HIS:O	3:L:84:ALA:HB1	2.15	0.47
3:L:150:VAL:HG22	3:L:192:TYR:HD1	1.80	0.47
1:E:437:PHE:O	1:E:616:TRP:NE1	2.41	0.46
1:E:431:ASP:O	2:H:100(B):GLY:HA3	2.15	0.46
3:L:54:ARG:NH1	3:L:58:ILE:O	2.48	0.46
1:E:507:TYR:CZ	1:E:515:VAL:HG22	2.50	0.46
1:E:562:LYS:HD3	4:A:1:NAG:O6	2.16	0.46
1:E:608:LEU:N	1:E:643:ALA:O	2.46	0.46
2:H:4:LEU:HD13	2:H:102:PRO:HB2	1.97	0.45
2:H:19:LYS:HE2	2:H:79:TYR:CD1	2.50	0.45
3:L:113:PRO:HA	3:L:139:PHE:HB3	1.97	0.45
3:L:33:LEU:HD13	3:L:71:PHE:CD2	2.51	0.45
2:H:201:LYS:HB2	2:H:202:PRO:HD3	1.99	0.45
1:E:441:LEU:HD12	1:E:441:LEU:H	1.81	0.45
2:H:63:PHE:O	2:H:67:VAL:HG12	2.16	0.45
2:H:149:PRO:HD2	2:H:202:PRO:CD	2.47	0.45
3:L:8:PRO:HG3	3:L:11:LEU:HD13	1.98	0.45
1:E:499:ALA:HA	1:E:502:VAL:HG23	1.99	0.45

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:E:609:VAL:O	1:E:611:TYR:HD1	1.99	0.45
2:H:100(L):ARG:HG2	2:H:100(M):HIS:H	1.82	0.45
3:L:24:ARG:HG2	3:L:25:ALA:H	1.82	0.45
2:H:164:HIS:CD2	3:L:174:SER:HB2	2.52	0.45
3:L:54:ARG:HD3	3:L:62:PHE:O	2.16	0.45
3:L:142:ARG:HG3	3:L:173:TYR:CD1	2.52	0.45
1:E:520:ASP:HB3	1:E:524:ILE:HB	1.99	0.45
1:E:423:ASN:HB3	1:E:527:TYR:HB3	1.99	0.44
2:H:100(C):VAL:HG23	2:H:100(J):HIS:H	1.82	0.44
2:H:169:VAL:CG2	3:L:162:SER:HB2	2.48	0.44
1:E:557:SER:HB2	4:A:1:NAG:H82	2.00	0.44
3:L:32:SER:HB3	3:L:91:TYR:HB2	1.99	0.44
1:E:500:ARG:HE	1:E:533:GLU:HG2	1.80	0.44
2:H:136:ALA:HB3	2:H:184:VAL:HG23	1.98	0.44
3:L:133:VAL:HG22	3:L:178:THR:HG23	2.00	0.44
3:L:197:THR:HG23	3:L:204:PRO:HG3	2.00	0.44
1:E:512:SER:OG	1:E:638:HIS:HB3	2.18	0.44
2:H:101:ASP:HB3	2:H:102:PRO:HD3	2.00	0.43
2:H:169:VAL:HG11	3:L:160:GLN:HB3	2.00	0.43
2:H:100(N):PHE:O	2:H:103:TRP:NE1	2.51	0.43
3:L:61:ARG:HD2	3:L:77:ARG:O	2.18	0.43
2:H:7:SER:OG	2:H:21:SER:OG	2.22	0.43
2:H:95:ALA:O	2:H:100(L):ARG:HB3	2.17	0.43
2:H:75:THR:O	2:H:77:THR:N	2.51	0.43
2:H:92:CYS:O	2:H:104:GLY:N	2.33	0.43
2:H:6:GLN:HB2	2:H:105:GLN:HG2	2.01	0.43
3:L:31:ASN:O	3:L:50:GLY:HA2	2.19	0.43
1:E:628:LYS:HE3	1:E:628:LYS:HB2	1.80	0.42
2:H:203:SER:HG	2:H:205:THR:HG1	1.64	0.42
3:L:30(A):SER:O	3:L:51:ALA:HB2	2.19	0.42
1:E:434:GLN:HB3	2:H:100:VAL:HG22	2.01	0.42
1:E:500:ARG:HE	1:E:533:GLU:HA	1.84	0.42
3:L:37:GLN:HG2	3:L:84:ALA:HB3	2.01	0.42
2:H:36:TRP:CE2	2:H:80:MET:HB2	2.55	0.42
2:H:209:LYS:HA	2:H:209:LYS:HD2	1.80	0.42
1:E:510:THR:HG22	1:E:550:PHE:CE1	2.55	0.42
2:H:140:CYS:HB2	2:H:154:TRP:CZ2	2.54	0.42
2:H:142:VAL:HB	2:H:178:LEU:HD23	2.02	0.42
3:L:11:LEU:O	3:L:105:GLU:N	2.50	0.42
2:H:166:PHE:HB3	3:L:162:SER:OG	2.20	0.42
2:H:10:GLU:O	2:H:109:VAL:HA	2.20	0.41

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:H:31:SER:CB	2:H:98:LEU:HB2	2.45	0.41
1:E:427:LEU:HD21	2:H:54:PHE:CZ	2.55	0.41
2:H:116:THR:HG23	2:H:147:PRO:HG3	2.03	0.41
1:E:427:LEU:HD13	1:E:529:TRP:HE3	1.84	0.41
2:H:100(K):LEU:HD12	3:L:96:SER:CB	2.49	0.41
3:L:186:TYR:O	3:L:192:TYR:OH	2.33	0.41
1:E:427:LEU:HD23	2:H:100(D):LEU:CD2	2.46	0.41
1:E:503:CYS:HB2	1:E:557:SER:HA	2.03	0.41
1:E:598:GLY:N	1:E:602:TRP:O	2.46	0.41
1:E:611:TYR:CZ	1:E:614:ARG:HA	2.55	0.41
3:L:49:TYR:O	3:L:53:ILE:HB	2.21	0.41
1:E:511:PRO:O	1:E:640:PHE:CE2	2.74	0.40
3:L:78:LEU:HD23	3:L:78:LEU:HA	1.97	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	E	140/189 (74%)	130 (93%)	7 (5%)	3 (2%)	7	32
2	H	219/234 (94%)	208 (95%)	10 (5%)	1 (0%)	29	62
3	L	203/212 (96%)	201 (99%)	2 (1%)	0	100	100
All	All	562/635 (88%)	539 (96%)	19 (3%)	4 (1%)	22	56

All (4) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	E	511	PRO
1	E	601	PRO
2	H	149	PRO
1	E	510	THR

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	E	132/159 (83%)	131 (99%)	1 (1%)	81	89
2	H	183/193 (95%)	173 (94%)	10 (6%)	21	52
3	L	177/181 (98%)	174 (98%)	3 (2%)	60	78
All	All	492/533 (92%)	478 (97%)	14 (3%)	43	69

All (14) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	E	443	TYR
2	H	6	GLN
2	H	30	ARG
2	H	39	GLN
2	H	100(N)	PHE
2	H	101	ASP
2	H	140	CYS
2	H	148	GLU
2	H	177	SER
2	H	178	LEU
2	H	196	CYS
3	L	49	TYR
3	L	105	GLU
3	L	151	ASP

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (1) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	H	58	ASN

### 5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

2 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
4	NAG	A	1	4,1	14,14,15	0.54	0	17,19,21	0.40	0
4	NAG	A	2	4	14,14,15	0.32	0	17,19,21	0.33	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	NAG	A	1	4,1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	A	2	4	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (4) torsion outliers are listed below:

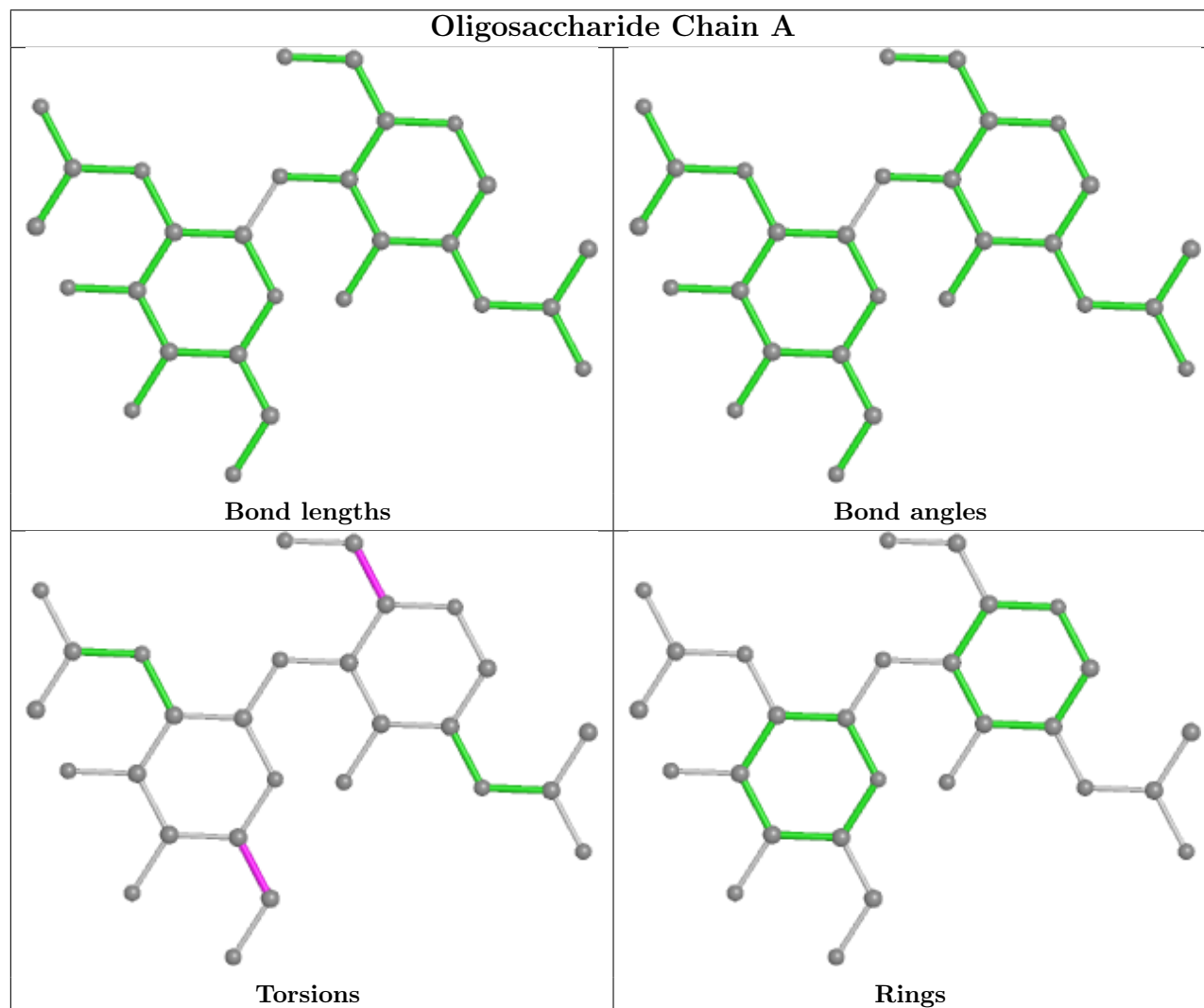
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	A	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
4	A	2	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
4	A	1	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
4	A	1	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 3 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	A	1	NAG	3	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.



## 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.



## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	E	150/189 (79%)	0.08	4 (2%) 54 51	59, 75, 99, 119	0
2	H	223/234 (95%)	0.04	4 (1%) 68 65	45, 73, 93, 116	0
3	L	207/212 (97%)	-0.17	1 (0%) 91 90	40, 58, 84, 104	0
All	All	580/635 (91%)	-0.03	9 (1%) 72 69	40, 69, 94, 119	0

All (9) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	E	595	THR	4.9
1	E	522	LEU	3.8
2	H	100(C)	VAL	2.6
1	E	598	GLY	2.6
1	E	568	PRO	2.4
2	H	98	LEU	2.3
3	L	52	SER	2.3
2	H	58	ASN	2.2
2	H	64	GLN	2.0

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

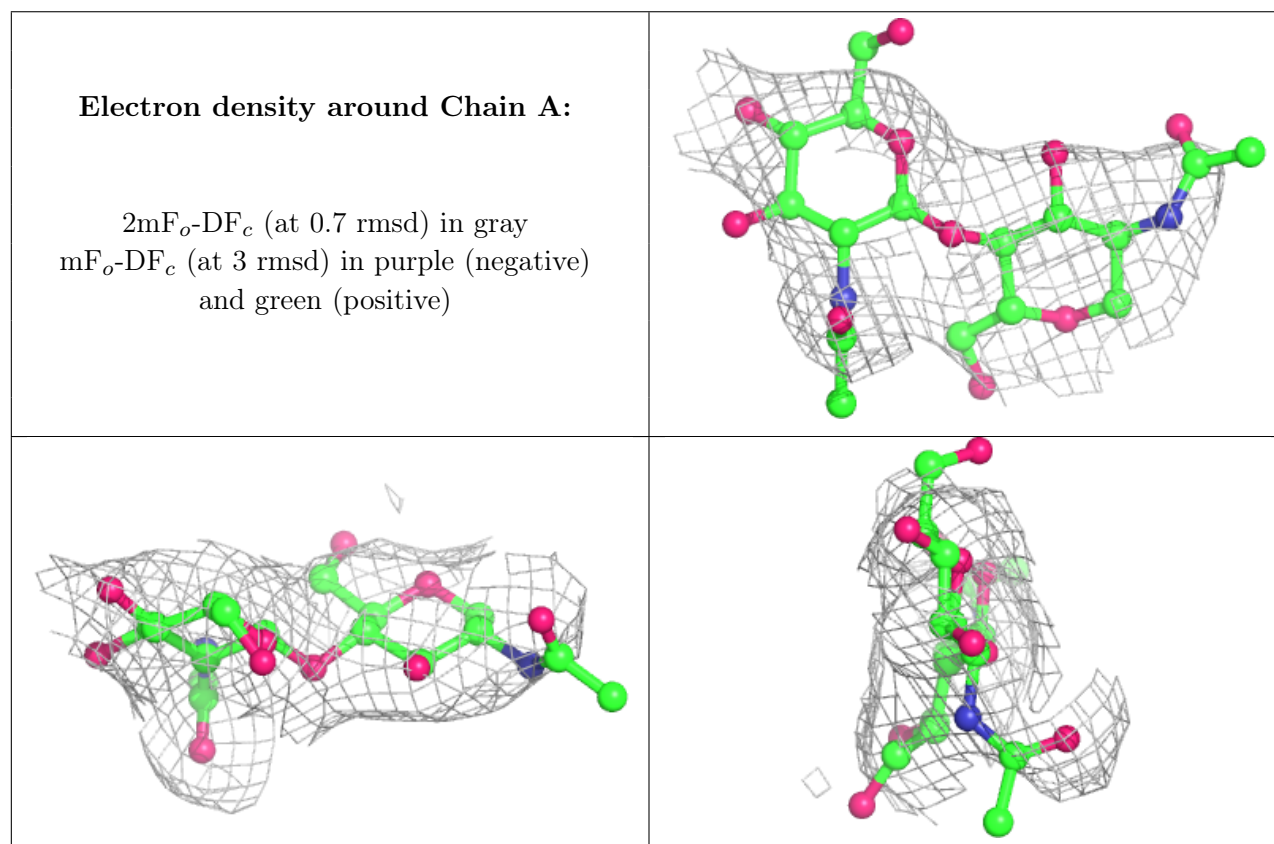
There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors( $\text{\AA}^2$ )	Q<0.9
4	NAG	A	2	14/15	0.75	0.31	107,119,126,134	0
4	NAG	A	1	14/15	0.86	0.27	83,95,105,116	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.



## 6.4 Ligands [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

## 6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.