

# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

Sep 20, 2023 – 10:29 am BST

PDB ID : 8BHX

Title : High resolution structure of the iron Superoxide Dismutase from Thermobifida

fusca

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Deposited on : 2022-11-01

Resolution : 1.25 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.35.1

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$ 

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

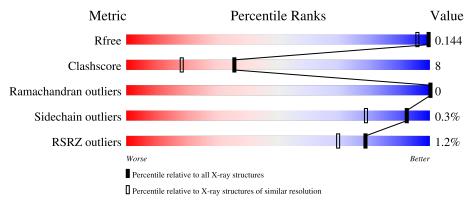
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.35.1

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.25 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	Similar resolution $(\# \text{Entries, resolution range}(\text{\AA}))$
$R_{free}$	130704	1023 (1.28-1.24)
Clashscore	141614	1060 (1.28-1.24)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1029 (1.28-1.24)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1028 (1.28-1.24)
RSRZ outliers	127900	1004 (1.28-1.24)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
1	A	204	90%	10%
1	В	204	89%	9% •



## 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 7426 atoms, of which 3258 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

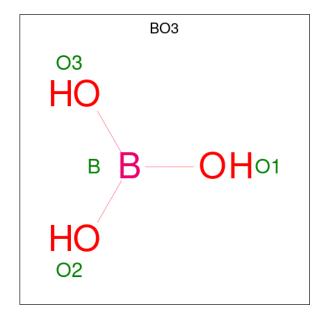
• Molecule 1 is a protein called Superoxide dismutase.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
1	A	203	Total 3326	C 1094	H 1623	N 289	O 316	S	30	13	0
				1094		209	310	4			
1	B	203	Total	С	Η	Ν	O	$\mathbf{S}$	11	1/1	0
1	D	203	3338	1100	1632	288	314	4	11	14	0

• Molecule 2 is FE (III) ION (three-letter code: FE) (formula: Fe) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total Fe 1 1	0	0
2	В	1	Total Fe 1 1	0	0

• Molecule 3 is BORIC ACID (three-letter code: BO3) (formula:  $BH_3O_3$ ) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	В	1	Total B H O 7 1 3 3	0	0

### • Molecule 4 is water.

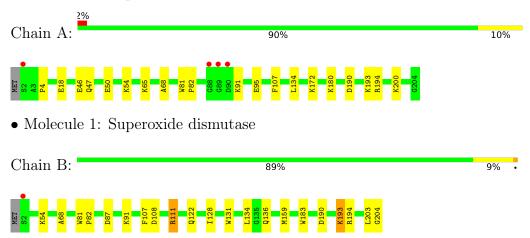
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	339	Total O 339 339	0	0
4	В	414	Total O 414 414	0	0



## 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Superoxide dismutase





## 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source	
Space group	P 21 21 2	Depositor	
Cell constants	98.61Å 58.59Å 67.94Å	Donositor	
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$	Depositor	
Resolution (Å)	24.65 - 1.25	Depositor	
resolution (A)	24.65 - 1.25	EDS	
% Data completeness	98.8 (24.65-1.25)	Depositor	
(in resolution range)	96.4 (24.65-1.25)	EDS	
$R_{merge}$	0.03	Depositor	
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor	
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	1.59 (at 1.25Å)	Xtriage	
Refinement program	PHENIX 1.18.2_3874, PHENIX 1.18.2_3874	Depositor	
$R, R_{free}$	0.125 , $0.144$	Depositor	
it, it free	0.125 , $0.144$	DCC	
$R_{free}$ test set	2108 reflections $(1.95\%)$	wwPDB-VP	
Wilson B-factor $(A^2)$	10.3	Xtriage	
Anisotropy	0.407	Xtriage	
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.34, 51.8	EDS	
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$< L >=0.48, < L^2>=0.31$	Xtriage	
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage	
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.98	EDS	
Total number of atoms	7426	wwPDB-VP	
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	16.0	wwPDB-VP	

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 5.72% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $<L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

## 5 Model quality (i)

## 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: FE, BO3

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol Chain			nd lengths	Bond angles		
MIOI	Moi Chain		RMSZ $\# Z  > 5$		# Z  > 5	
1	A	0.46	1/1760 (0.1%)	0.67	0/2390	
1	В	0.49	0/1765	0.72	$2/2397 \ (0.1\%)$	
All	All	0.47	$1/3525 \ (0.0\%)$	0.69	$2/4787 \; (0.0\%)$	

#### All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}( ext{\AA})$
1	A	95	GLU	CD-OE2	-6.32	1.18	1.25

#### All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms Z		$Observed(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	В	111	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	-6.64	116.98	120.30
1	В	111	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	5.65	123.13	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1703	1623	1598	25	0
1	В	1706	1632	1605	30	0
2	A	1	0	0	0	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	В	1	0	0	0	0
3	В	4	3	3	0	0
4	A	339	0	0	18	6
4	В	414	0	0	16	7
All	All	4168	3258	3206	54	8

The all-atom clash score is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clash score for this structure is 8.

All (54) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic	Clash	
Atom-1	Atom-2	${\rm distance}  (\mathring{\rm A})$	overlap (Å)	
1:B:54:LYS:HE2	4:B:417:HOH:O	1.18	1.31	
1:B:108:ASP:HB3	4:B:649:HOH:O	1.20	1.29	
1:A:193:LYS:HE3	4:A:419:HOH:O	1.09	1.26	
1:B:91:LYS:NZ	4:B:401:HOH:O	1.64	1.23	
1:A:200:LYS:NZ	4:A:402:HOH:O	1.98	0.96	
1:B:194[A]:ARG:NH1	4:B:402:HOH:O	2.00	0.94	
1:B:194[A]:ARG:NH2	4:B:404:HOH:O	2.02	0.91	
1:A:46:GLU:OE1	4:A:401:HOH:O	1.89	0.91	
1:B:194[A]:ARG:CZ	4:B:404:HOH:O	2.31	0.79	
1:B:194[B]:ARG:NH1	4:B:402:HOH:O	2.12	0.78	
1:A:91:LYS:HG2	1:A:107:PHE:CD1	2.19	0.78	
1:A:194[B]:ARG:NH2	4:A:406:HOH:O	2.16	0.78	
1:B:203[B]:LEU:O	4:B:403:HOH:O	2.01	0.77	
1:B:203[A]:LEU:O	4:B:403:HOH:O	2.02	0.76	
1:A:194[B]:ARG:NE	4:A:406:HOH:O	2.21	0.72	
1:B:87:ASP:OD1	4:B:405:HOH:O	2.07	0.72	
1:B:108:ASP:OD2	4:B:406:HOH:O	2.08	0.70	
1:A:46:GLU:CD	4:A:401:HOH:O	2.27	0.70	
1:A:18[B]:GLU:OE1	4:A:404:HOH:O	2.11	0.68	
1:A:194[B]:ARG:CZ	4:A:406:HOH:O	2.39	0.68	
1:A:194[B]:ARG:NH2	4:A:409:HOH:O	2.25	0.66	
1:B:131:TRP:HZ2	1:B:136:GLN:NE2	1.94	0.65	
1:A:65[A]:LYS:NZ	4:A:403:HOH:O	2.04	0.63	
1:A:91:LYS:HG2	1:A:107:PHE:CE1	2.35	0.62	
1:A:47:GLN:NE2	4:A:407:HOH:O	2.17	0.61	
1:B:194[A]:ARG:NE	4:B:404:HOH:O	2.31	0.61	
1:B:128:ILE:CG2	1:B:159[B]:MET:SD	2.93	0.57	
1:B:54:LYS:CE	4:B:417:HOH:O	2.00	0.53	
1:B:91:LYS:HE2	1:B:107:PHE:HD2	1.73	0.53	

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	${ m distance}({ m \AA})$	overlap (Å)
1:B:107:PHE:CE2	1:B:111:ARG:NH2	2.78	0.52
1:A:65[A]:LYS:HD3	4:A:403:HOH:O	2.09	0.51
1:A:193:LYS:CE	4:A:419:HOH:O	1.93	0.51
1:B:107:PHE:CD2	1:B:111:ARG:NH2	2.78	0.50
1:A:65[A]:LYS:NZ	4:A:414:HOH:O	2.42	0.50
1:B:134[B]:LEU:C	1:B:134[B]:LEU:HD23	2.31	0.50
1:A:180:LYS:HE3	4:A:607:HOH:O	2.12	0.50
1:B:128:ILE:HG22	1:B:159[B]:MET:SD	2.53	0.49
1:A:50:GLU:HG2	1:A:54:LYS:HD2	1.96	0.48
1:B:193[A]:LYS:HD2	1:B:193[A]:LYS:O	2.15	0.46
1:A:134[B]:LEU:HD23	1:A:134[B]:LEU:C	2.36	0.45
1:A:172[A]:LYS:NZ	4:A:417:HOH:O	2.48	0.45
1:B:81:TRP:HB2	1:B:82:PRO:HD3	1.99	0.45
1:A:65[B]:LYS:NZ	1:B:122:GLN:OE1	2.50	0.44
1:B:91:LYS:HE2	1:B:107:PHE:CD2	2.52	0.43
1:B:128:ILE:HG21	1:B:159[B]:MET:SD	2.58	0.43
1:B:190:ASP:O	1:B:194[B]:ARG:HG3	2.18	0.43
1:A:4:PRO:O	4:A:408:HOH:O	2.21	0.43
1:B:68:ALA:HB2	4:B:713:HOH:O	2.18	0.43
1:B:111:ARG:HG3	1:B:183:TRP:CE2	2.54	0.42
1:A:190:ASP:O	1:A:194[A]:ARG:HG3	2.20	0.42
1:A:68:ALA:HB2	4:A:681:HOH:O	2.20	0.42
1:B:204:GLY:N	4:B:413:HOH:O	2.32	0.42
1:B:91:LYS:CE	4:B:406:HOH:O	2.67	0.41
1:A:81:TRP:HB2	1:A:82:PRO:HD3	2.03	0.40

All (8) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \mathring{A}}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
4:A:402:HOH:O	4:B:586:HOH:O[2_556]	1.81	0.39
4:B:440:HOH:O	4:B:586:HOH:O[2_555]	1.83	0.37
4:A:607:HOH:O	4:B:427:HOH:O[3_547]	1.96	0.24
4:A:696:HOH:O	4:B:802:HOH:O[3_547]	2.00	0.20
4:A:579:HOH:O	4:A:698:HOH:O[2_555]	2.02	0.18
4:B:410:HOH:O	4:B:437:HOH:O[2_555]	2.02	0.18
4:A:415:HOH:O	4:B:633:HOH:O[2_555]	2.04	0.16
4:A:668:HOH:O	4:B:622:HOH:O[3_557]	2.11	0.09



## 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	entiles
1	A	213/204 (104%)	204 (96%)	9 (4%)	0	100	100
1	В	$214/204\ (105\%)$	206 (96%)	8 (4%)	0	100	100
All	All	427/408 (105%)	410 (96%)	17 (4%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Rotameric   Outliers		Percentiles		
1	A	170/159 (107%)	170 (100%)	0	100	100		
1	В	169/159 (106%)	167 (99%)	2 (1%)	71	35		
All	All	339/318 (107%)	337 (99%)	2 (1%)	92	62		

All (2) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	193[A]	LYS
1	В	193[B]	LYS

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (2) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	136	GLN

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	136	GLN

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 3 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 1 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	$\mathbf{B}$	ond leng	${ m gths}$	В	ond ang	gles
IVIOI	Type	Chain	main   nes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2
3	BO3	В	302	-	3,3,3	0.45	0	3,3,3	0.03	0

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

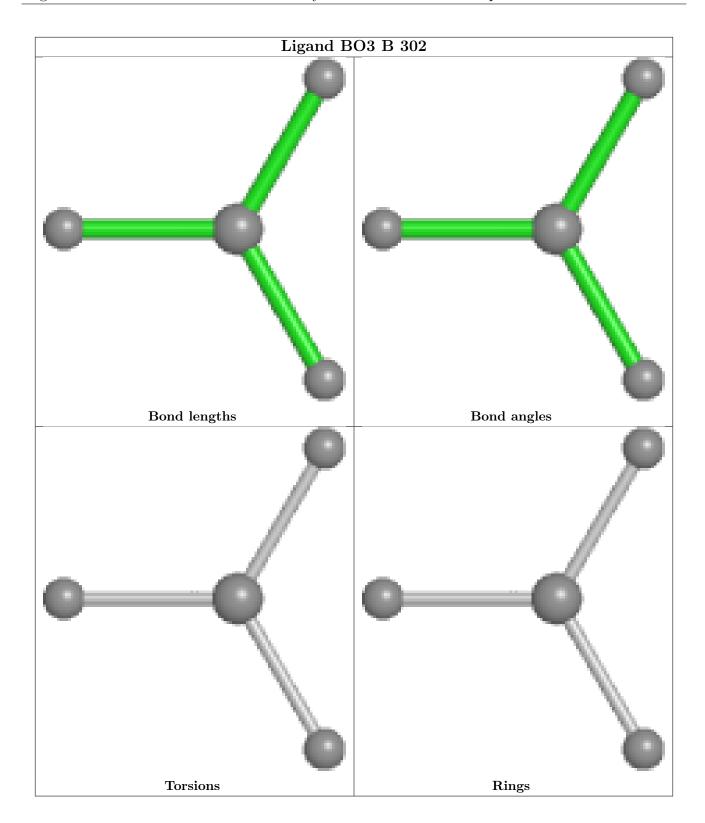
No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In



addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





## 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.



## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	$\# \mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$		$OWAB(A^2)$	Q<0.9
1	A	203/204 (99%)	-0.52	4 (1%)	65 55	8, 13, 28, 40	6 (2%)
1	В	203/204 (99%)	-0.71	1 (0%)	91 85	7, 10, 21, 33	2 (0%)
All	All	406/408 (99%)	-0.62	5 (1%)	79 70	7, 12, 25, 40	8 (1%)

All (5) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	90	ASP	4.4
1	A	88	GLY	3.7
1	A	2	SER	3.3
1	В	2	SER	2.2
1	A	89	GLY	2.0

## 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

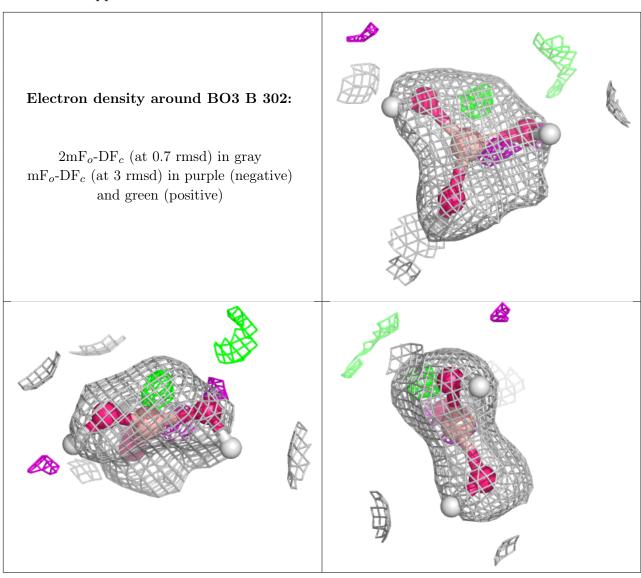
### 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
3	BO3	В	302	4/4	0.75	0.16	37,37,45,45	0
2	FE	В	301	1/1	1.00	0.02	8,8,8,8	0
2	FE	A	301	1/1	1.00	0.05	8,8,8,8	1

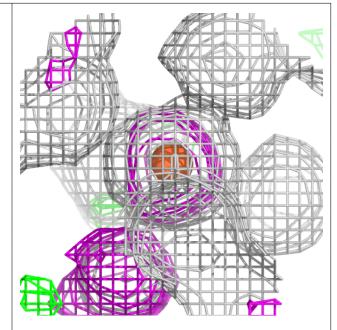
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

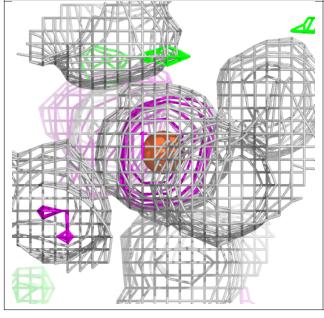


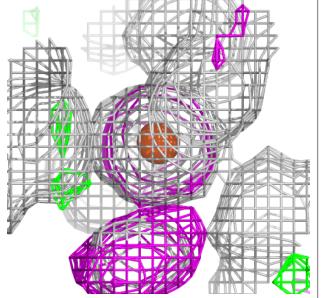


#### Electron density around FE B 301:

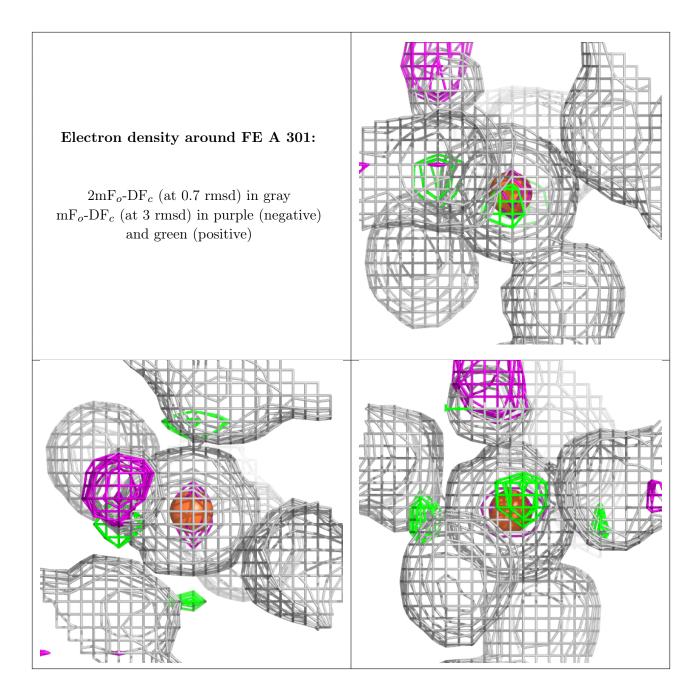
 $2 {
m mF}_o {
m -DF}_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  ${
m mF}_o {
m -DF}_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)











## 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

