

# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Oct 12, 2021 – 03:11 PM EDT

PDB ID : 2B6M

Title: Structure of the DsbA mutant (P31A-C33A)

Authors: Vives, C.; Royant, A.; Serre, L.

Deposited on : 2005-10-03

Resolution : 2.65 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul: 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.23.2

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac : 5.8.0158

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

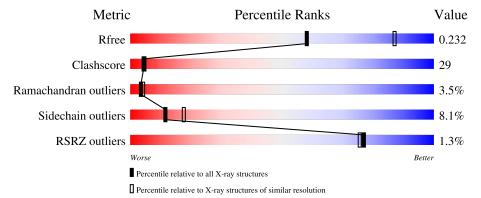
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.23.2

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.65 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	Similar resolution $(\# \text{Entries, resolution range}(\text{\AA}))$
$R_{free}$	130704	1332 (2.68-2.64)
Clashscore	141614	1374 (2.68-2.64)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1349 (2.68-2.64)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1349 (2.68-2.64)
RSRZ outliers	127900	1318 (2.68-2.64)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain					
1	A	189	50%	43%	6% •			
1	В	189	51%	41%	6% ••			



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2901 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

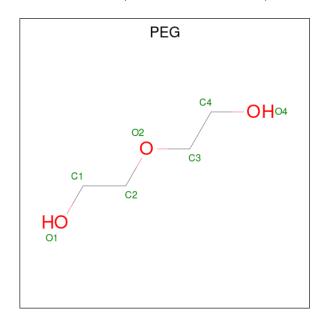
• Molecule 1 is a protein called Thiol: disulfide interchange protein dsbA.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	A	187	Total 1436			O 275	S 7	0	0	0
1	В	188	Total 1441			O 276	S 7	0	0	0

There are 4 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	31	ALA	PRO engineered mutation		UNP P0AEG4
A	33	ALA	CYS	engineered mutation	UNP P0AEG4
В	31	ALA	PRO	engineered mutation	UNP P0AEG4
В	33	ALA	CYS	engineered mutation	UNP P0AEG4

• Molecule 2 is DI(HYDROXYETHYL)ETHER (three-letter code: PEG) (formula: C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>10</sub>O<sub>3</sub>).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total C O 7 4 3	0	0
2	A	1	Total C O 7 4 3	0	0

## $\bullet\,$ Molecule 3 is water.

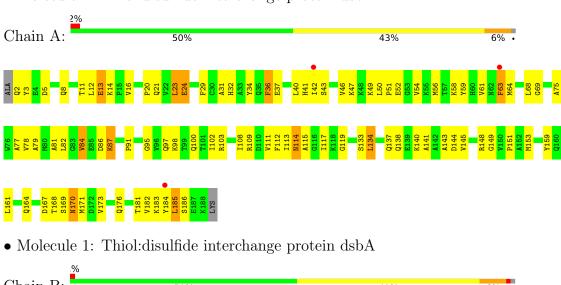
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	3	Total O 3 3	0	0
3	В	7	Total O 7 7	0	0

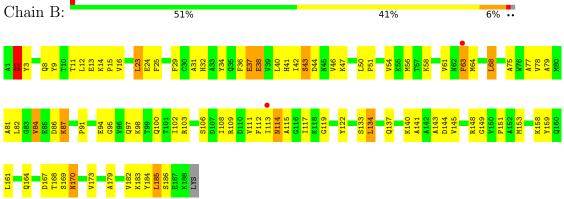


# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Thiol:disulfide interchange protein dsbA







# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 32	Depositor
Cell constants	56.05Å 56.05Å 114.04Å	Donositon
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$ $120.00^{\circ}$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	25.00 - 2.65	Depositor
rtesolution (A)	28.02 - 2.65	EDS
% Data completeness	99.9 (25.00-2.65)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	99.9 (28.02-2.65)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.07	Depositor
$R_{sum}$	0.07	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	1.78  (at  2.64Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	CNS 1.1	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.240 , $0.258$	Depositor
it, it free	0.230 , $0.232$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	593 reflections (5.11%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	63.7	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.361	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.35, 49.1	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$< L > = 0.50, < L^2> = 0.33$	Xtriage
	0.480 for -h,-k,l	
Estimated twinning fraction	0.088  for h,-h-k,-l	Xtriage
	0.087  for -k,-h,-l	
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	2901	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	61.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.85% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $<L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

## 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: PEG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol Chain		Bond	lengths	Bond	angles
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5
1	A	0.46	0/1466	0.61	0/1988
1	В	0.48	0/1471	0.63	0/1995
All	All	0.47	0/2937	0.62	0/3983

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1436	0	1378	86	0
1	В	1441	0	1386	86	0
2	A	14	0	20	1	0
3	A	3	0	0	0	0
3	В	7	0	0	1	0
All	All	2901	0	2784	164	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 29.

The worst 5 of 164 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.



Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Clash} \\ \text{overlap } (\text{\AA}) \end{array}$
1:A:77:ALA:HB1	1:A:134:LEU:HB3	1.64	0.79
1:B:77:ALA:HB1	1:B:134:LEU:HB3	1.65	0.79
1:B:114:ASN:HD22	1:B:114:ASN:N	1.83	0.77
1:A:40:LEU:HB3	1:A:42:ILE:HG12	1.69	0.74
1:A:114:ASN:HD22	1:A:114:ASN:N	1.84	0.73

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	185/189 (98%)	164 (89%)	14 (8%)	7 (4%)	3 3
1	В	186/189 (98%)	164 (88%)	16 (9%)	6 (3%)	4 5
All	All	371/378 (98%)	328 (88%)	30 (8%)	13 (4%)	3 4

5 of 13 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	63	PHE
1	В	63	PHE
1	A	36	PHE
1	A	52	GLU
1	В	36	PHE

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles		
1	A	148/157 (94%)	137 (93%)	11 (7%)	13 21		
1	В	148/157 (94%)	135 (91%)	13 (9%)	10 14		
All	All	296/314 (94%)	272 (92%)	24 (8%)	11 17		

5 of 24 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	38	GLU
1	В	64	MET
1	В	61	VAL
1	В	68	LEU
1	A	84	VAL

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 12 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	2	GLN
1	В	100	GLN
1	В	160	GLN
1	В	114	ASN
1	A	114	ASN

### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

2 ligands are modelled in this entry.



In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	n Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
	туре			LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
2	PEG	A	191	-	6,6,6	1.50	1 (16%)	5,5,5	1.43	1 (20%)
2	PEG	A	190	-	6,6,6	1.54	2 (33%)	5,5,5	1.40	1 (20%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	PEG	A	191	-	-	2/4/4/4	-
2	PEG	A	190	-	-	2/4/4/4	_

#### All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	Ideal(A)
2	A	191	PEG	C3-C4	2.33	1.61	1.49
2	A	190	PEG	O2-C3	2.06	1.51	1.42
2	A	190	PEG	C3-C4	2.04	1.60	1.49

#### All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
2	A	191	PEG	C3-O2-C2	2.57	124.44	113.29
2	A	190	PEG	C3-O2-C2	2.47	123.97	113.29

There are no chirality outliers.

All (4) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	A	190	PEG	O2-C3-C4-O4
2	A	191	PEG	O1-C1-C2-O2
2	A	191	PEG	O2-C3-C4-O4
2	A	190	PEG	O1-C1-C2-O2



There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	A	191	PEG	1	0

# 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

# 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



# 6 Fit of model and data (i)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	# RSRZ > 2		$OWAB(A^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	A	187/189 (98%)	-0.03	3 (1%) 72	69	31, 61, 79, 99	0
1	В	188/189 (99%)	-0.09	2 (1%) 80	79	27, 62, 79, 105	0
All	All	375/378 (99%)	-0.06	5 (1%) 77	75	27, 61, 79, 105	0

All (5) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	В	63	PHE	3.5
1	A	63	PHE	3.1
1	A	42	ILE	2.2
1	A	184	TYR	2.1
1	В	113	ILE	2.1

## 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
2	PEG	A	191	7/7	0.78	0.24	53,59,69,70	0
2	PEG	A	190	7/7	0.85	0.19	53,59,69,70	0

# 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

