wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Nov 30, 2021 – 02:11 pm GMT

PDB ID	:	7B4C
Title	:	Structural basis of reactivation of oncogenic p53 mutants by a small molecule: methylene quinuclidinone (MQ). Human p53DBD-R273C mutant bound to MQ: R273C-MQ (II)
Authors	:	Degtjarik, O.; Rozenberg, H.; Shakked, Z.
Deposited on	:	2020-12-02
Resolution	:	1.71 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

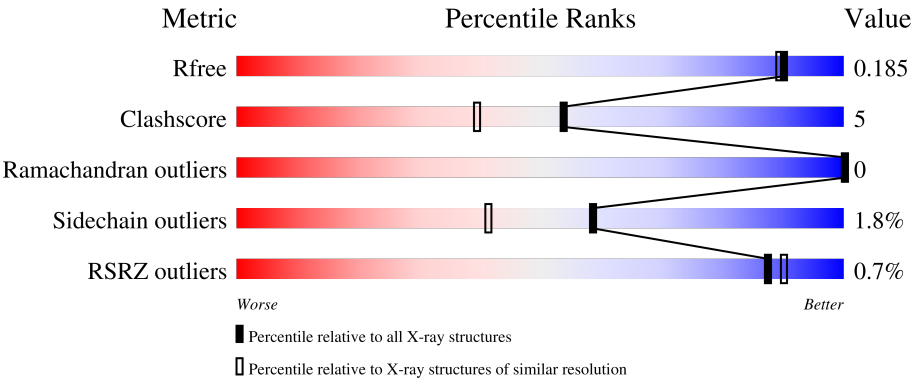
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.8.4 (270009), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
EDS	:	2.23.2
buster-report	:	1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0267
CCP4	:	7.1.010 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.23.2

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.71 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	130704	5722 (1.74-1.70)
Clashscore	141614	6152 (1.74-1.70)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	6051 (1.74-1.70)
Sidechain outliers	138945	6051 (1.74-1.70)
RSRZ outliers	127900	5629 (1.74-1.70)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	200	86% 8%
1	B	200	82% 12% 5%
1	C	200	82% 12%
1	D	200	88% 8%

2 Entry composition (i)

There are 7 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 6995 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Cellular tumor antigen p53.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	191	Total	C	N	O	S	0	16	0
			1590	979	288	303	20			
1	B	190	Total	C	N	O	S	0	14	0
			1560	960	282	294	24			
1	C	191	Total	C	N	O	S	0	17	0
			1598	984	292	299	23			
1	D	193	Total	C	N	O	S	0	16	0
			1595	983	293	297	22			

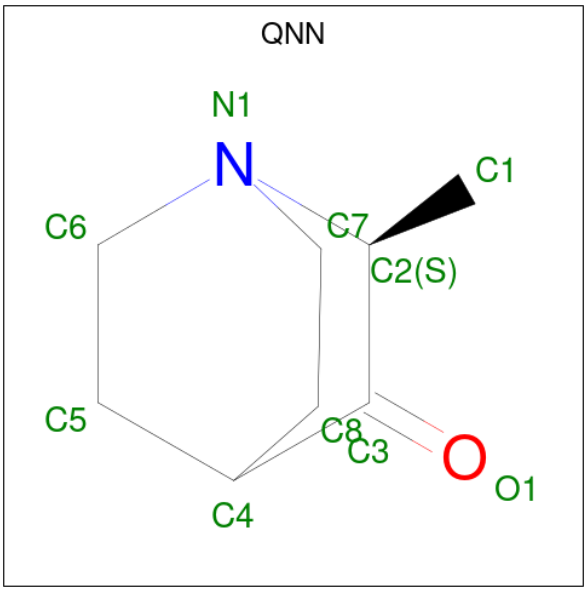
There are 4 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	273	CYS	ARG	engineered mutation	UNP P04637
B	273	CYS	ARG	engineered mutation	UNP P04637
C	273	CYS	ARG	engineered mutation	UNP P04637
D	273	CYS	ARG	engineered mutation	UNP P04637

- Molecule 2 is ZINC ION (three-letter code: ZN) (formula: Zn).

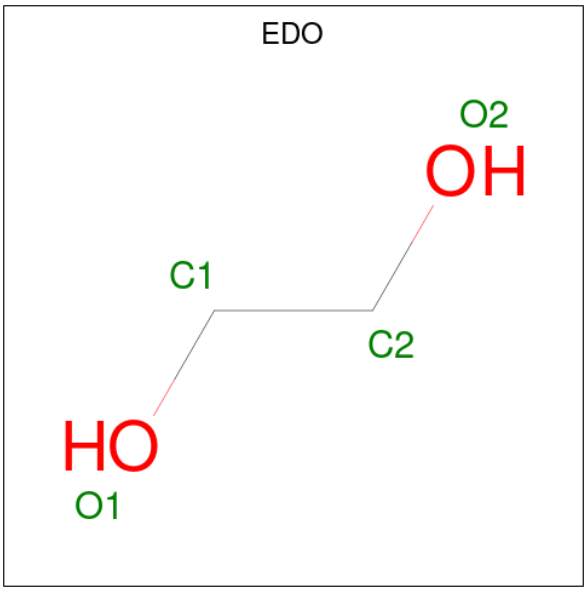
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total	Zn	0	0
			1	1		
2	B	1	Total	Zn	0	0
			1	1		
2	C	1	Total	Zn	0	0
			1	1		
2	D	1	Total	Zn	0	0
			1	1		

- Molecule 3 is (2 {S})-2-methyl-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]octan-3-one (three-letter code: QNN) (formula: $C_8H_{13}NO$) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



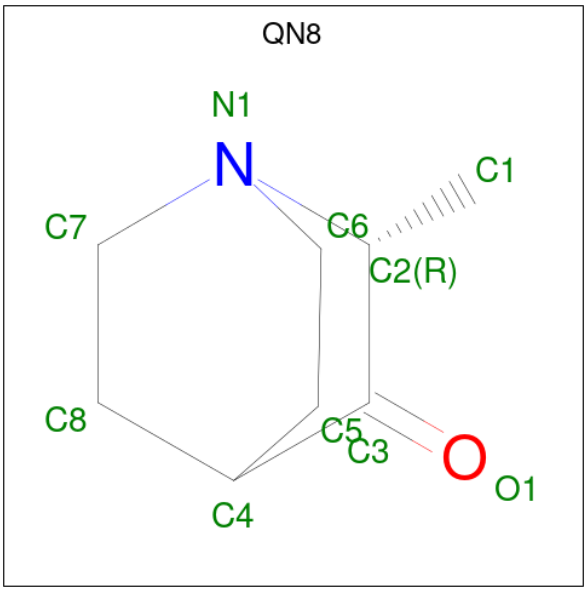
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total C N O 10 8 1 1	0	1
3	B	1	Total C N O 10 8 1 1	0	1
3	B	1	Total C N O 10 8 1 1	0	1
3	C	1	Total C N O 10 8 1 1	0	1
3	C	1	Total C N O 10 8 1 1	0	1
3	D	1	Total C N O 10 8 1 1	0	1

- Molecule 4 is 1,2-ETHANEDIOL (three-letter code: EDO) (formula: $C_2H_6O_2$).



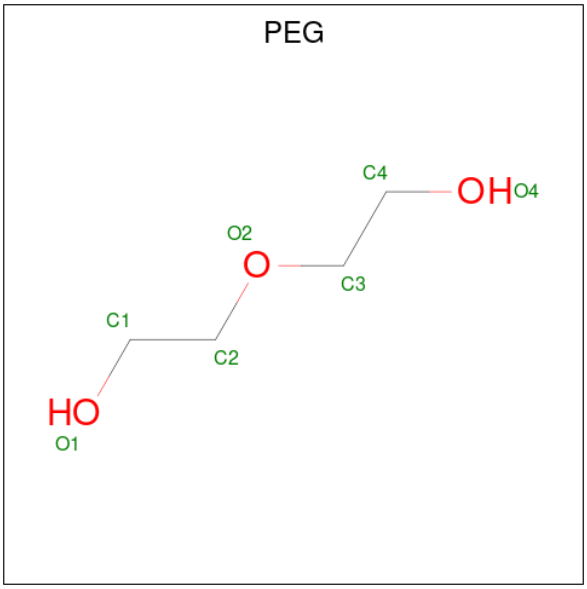
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total C O 4 2 2	0	0
4	B	1	Total C O 4 2 2	0	0
4	C	1	Total C O 4 2 2	0	0
4	D	1	Total C O 4 2 2	0	0

- Molecule 5 is (2 {R})-2-methyl-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]octan-3-one (three-letter code: QN8) (formula: $C_8H_{13}NO$) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	B	1	Total	C	N	O	0	1
			10	8	1	1		

- Molecule 6 is DI(HYDROXYETHYL)ETHER (three-letter code: PEG) (formula: $C_4H_{10}O_3$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	D	1	Total	C	O		0	0
			7	4	3			
6	D	1	Total	C	O		0	0
			7	4	3			

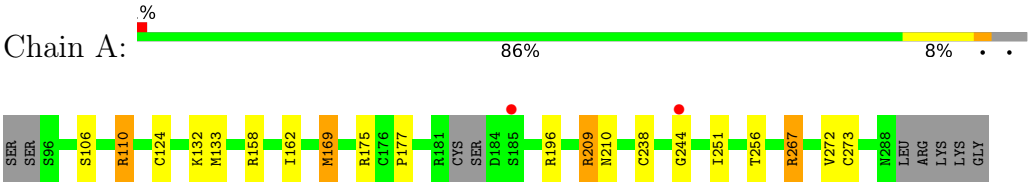
- Molecule 7 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	148	Total	O	0	2
			149	149		
7	B	135	Total	O	0	3
			136	136		
7	C	137	Total	O	0	0
			137	137		
7	D	124	Total	O	0	3
			126	126		

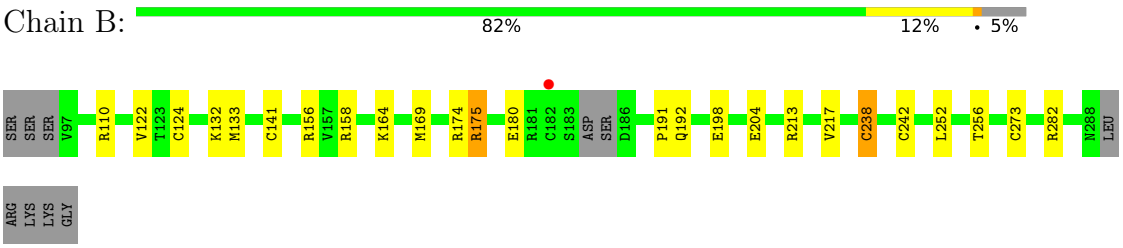
3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

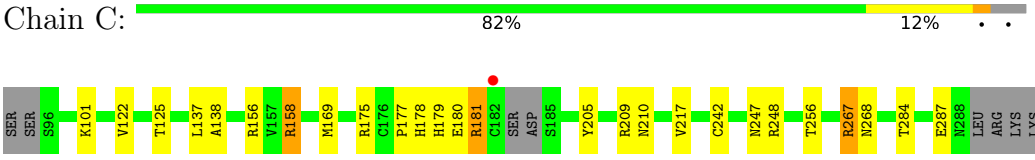
• Molecule 1: Cellular tumor antigen p53



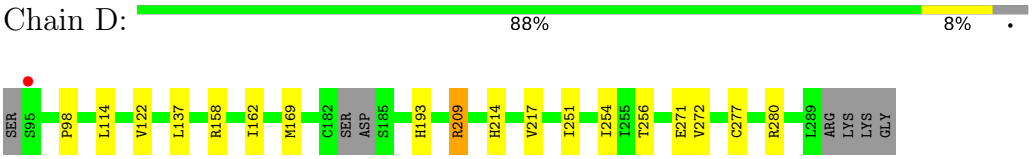
• Molecule 1: Cellular tumor antigen p53



• Molecule 1: Cellular tumor antigen p53



• Molecule 1: Cellular tumor antigen p53



4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α, β, γ	68.88Å 71.08Å 84.92Å 90.00° 90.03° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	42.75 – 1.71 42.75 – 1.71	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	98.2 (42.75-1.71) 98.3 (42.75-1.71)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.08	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) >$ [1]	2.48 (at 1.71Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0266	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.149 , 0.182 0.154 , 0.185	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	4333 reflections (4.97%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å^2)	21.8	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.901	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol}(e/Å^3), B_{sol}(Å^2)	(Not available) , (Not available)	EDS
L-test for twinning[2]	$< \|L\| > = 0.40$, $< L^2 > = 0.23$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.064 for -k,-h,-l 0.059 for k,h,-l 0.366 for h,-k,-l	Xtriage
Reported twinning fraction	0.640 for H, K, L 0.360 for -h,-k,l	Depositor
Outliers	0 of 87211 reflections	Xtriage
F_o,F_c correlation	0.97	EDS
Total number of atoms	6995	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å^2)	33.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 10.30% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

[1] Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

[2] Theoretical values of $< |L| >$, $< L^2 >$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: QN8, ZN, EDO, QNN, PEG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#$\|Z\|>5$	RMSZ	#$\|Z\|>5$
1	A	0.97	0/1630	1.07	6/2215 (0.3%)
1	B	0.92	1/1597 (0.1%)	1.04	6/2170 (0.3%)
1	C	0.87	0/1634	1.00	6/2214 (0.3%)
1	D	0.89	1/1635 (0.1%)	0.97	0/2221
All	All	0.91	2/6496 (0.0%)	1.02	18/8820 (0.2%)

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	B	204	GLU	CD-OE1	6.31	1.32	1.25
1	D	271	GLU	CD-OE1	5.49	1.31	1.25

The worst 5 of 18 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
1	C	175	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-7.87	116.37	120.30
1	B	175	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-7.14	116.73	120.30
1	B	174	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	7.05	123.82	120.30
1	C	181	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	6.94	123.77	120.30
1	A	267	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-6.55	117.02	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within

the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1590	0	1512	18	0
1	B	1560	0	1472	15	0
1	C	1598	0	1532	12	0
1	D	1595	0	1517	23	0
2	A	1	0	0	0	0
2	B	1	0	0	0	0
2	C	1	0	0	0	0
2	D	1	0	0	0	0
3	A	10	0	0	0	0
3	B	20	0	0	0	0
3	C	20	0	0	0	0
3	D	10	0	0	0	0
4	A	4	0	6	0	0
4	B	4	0	6	0	0
4	C	4	0	6	0	0
4	D	4	0	6	0	0
5	B	10	0	0	0	0
6	D	14	0	20	1	0
7	A	149	0	0	1	0
7	B	136	0	0	3	0
7	C	137	0	0	1	0
7	D	126	0	0	3	0
All	All	6995	0	6077	67	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 5.

The worst 5 of 67 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:251:ILE:HG13	1:A:272[B]:VAL:HG22	1.63	0.80
1:A:124[A]:CYS:SG	1:A:133[A]:MET:SD	2.82	0.76
1:D:162[A]:ILE:HD12	1:D:254:ILE:HD11	1.69	0.74
1:B:132:LYS:CE	1:B:273[B]:CYS:SG	2.76	0.74
1:B:124[A]:CYS:SG	1:B:133[A]:MET:SD	2.86	0.73

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	203/200 (102%)	201 (99%)	2 (1%)	0	100	100
1	B	199/200 (100%)	197 (99%)	2 (1%)	0	100	100
1	C	202/200 (101%)	200 (99%)	2 (1%)	0	100	100
1	D	205/200 (102%)	203 (99%)	2 (1%)	0	100	100
All	All	809/800 (101%)	801 (99%)	8 (1%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	182/179 (102%)	176 (97%)	6 (3%)	38	17
1	B	177/179 (99%)	173 (98%)	4 (2%)	50	31
1	C	184/179 (103%)	181 (98%)	3 (2%)	62	47
1	D	179/179 (100%)	176 (98%)	3 (2%)	60	44
All	All	722/716 (101%)	706 (98%)	16 (2%)	59	33

5 of 16 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	D	217[A]	VAL
1	D	209	ARG
1	B	238[A]	CYS

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	C	210	ASN
1	B	198	GLU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (1) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	168	HIS

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 17 ligands modelled in this entry, 4 are monoatomic - leaving 13 for Mogul analysis.

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

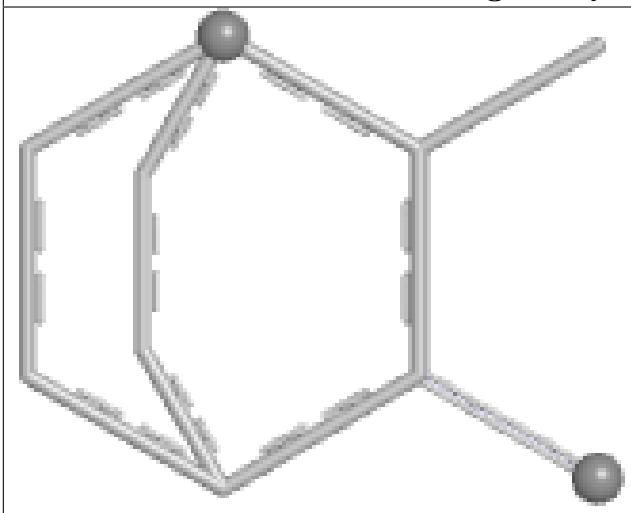
There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

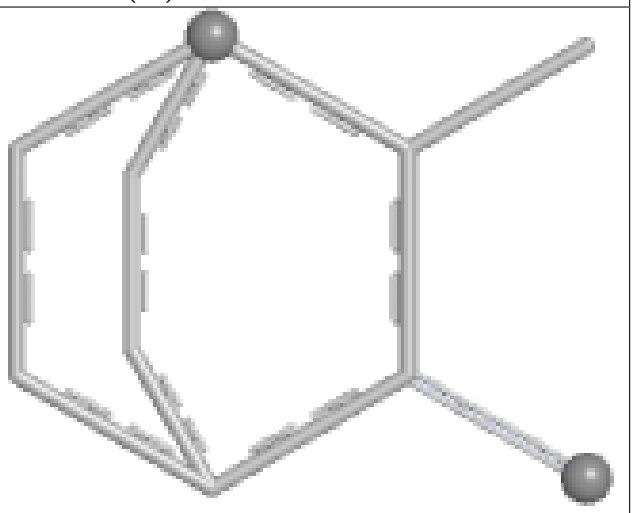
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring

in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

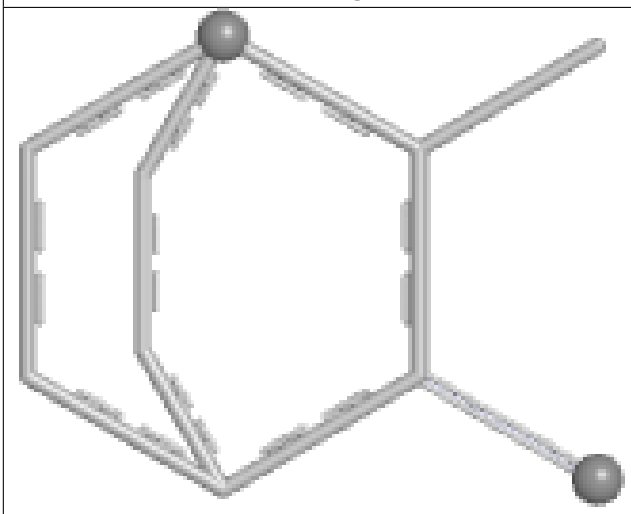
Ligand QNN A 302 (A)



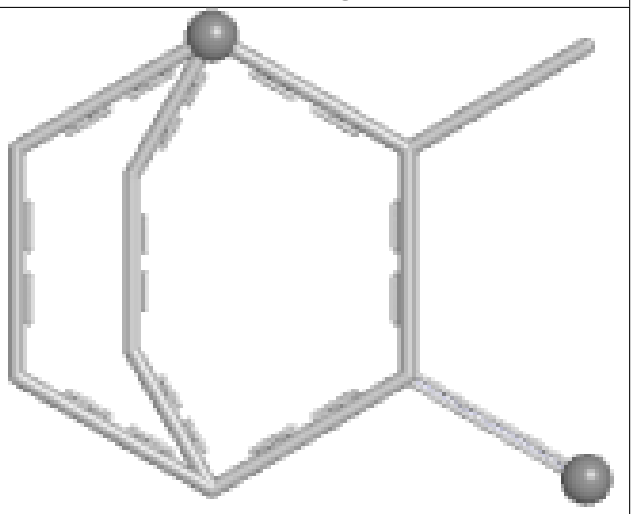
Bond lengths



Bond angles

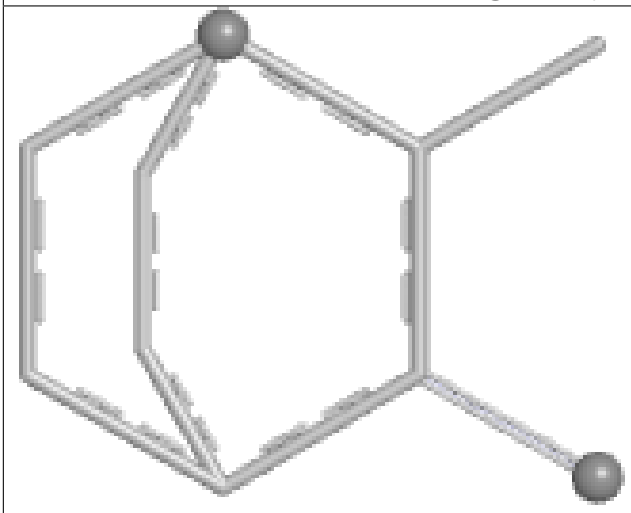


Torsions

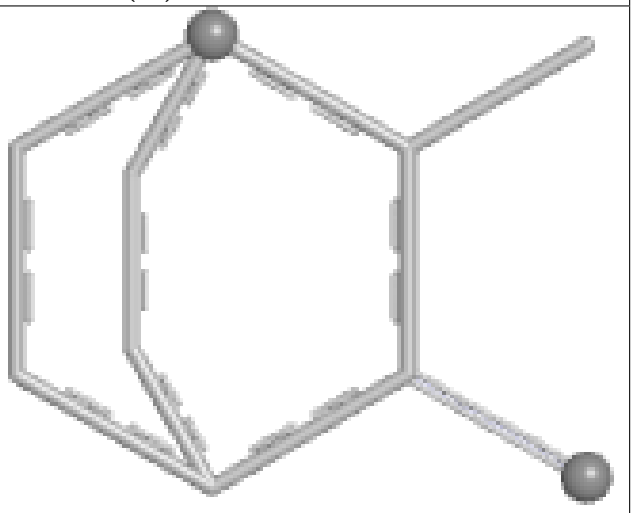


Rings

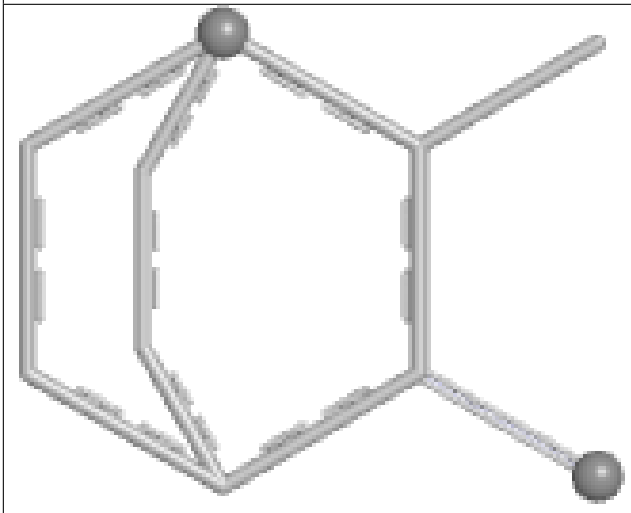
Ligand QNN B 302 (A)



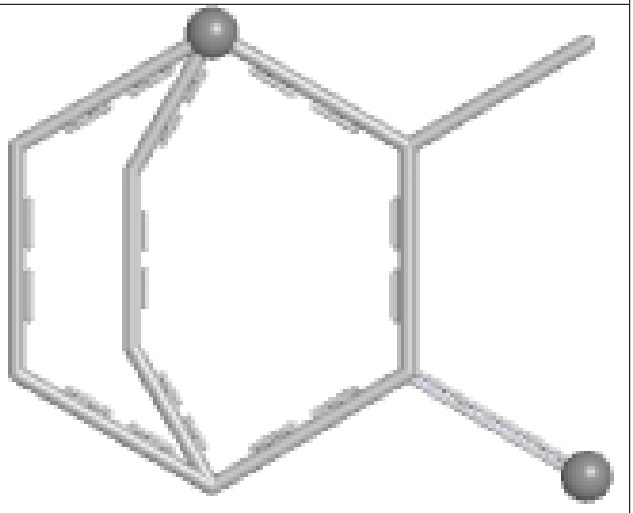
Bond lengths



Bond angles

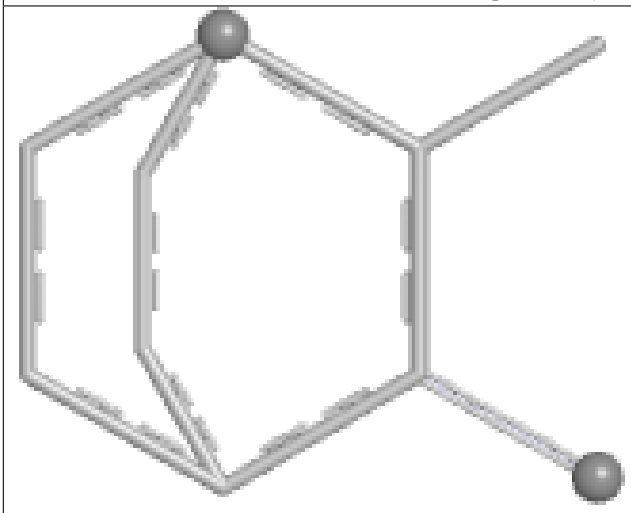


Torsions

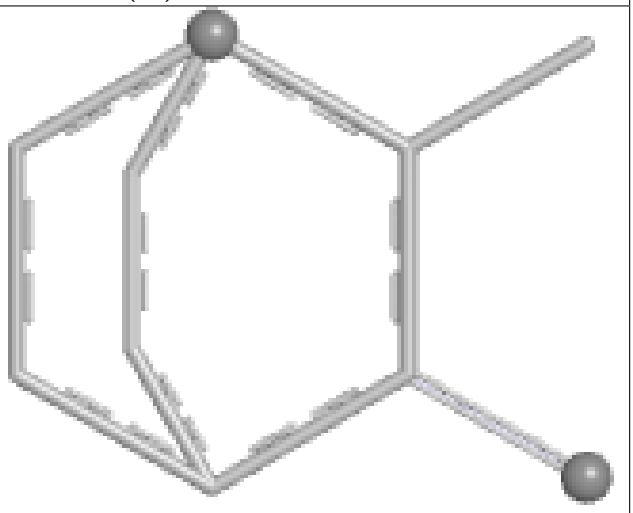


Rings

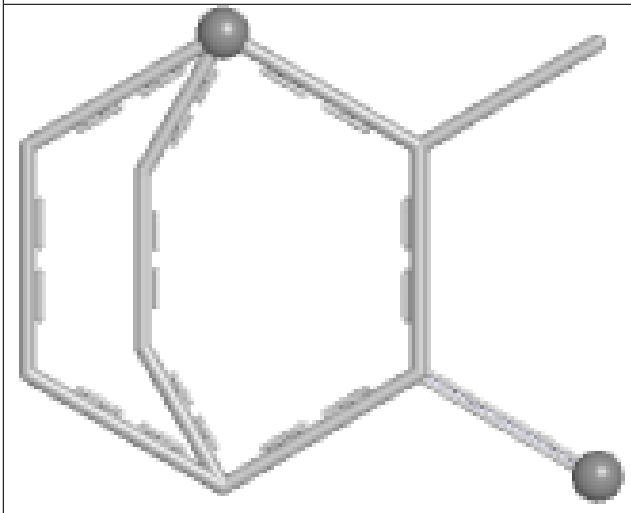
Ligand QNN B 304 (A)



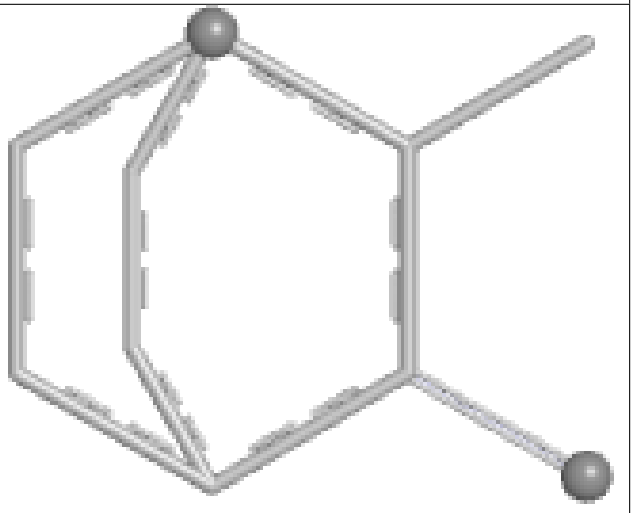
Bond lengths



Bond angles

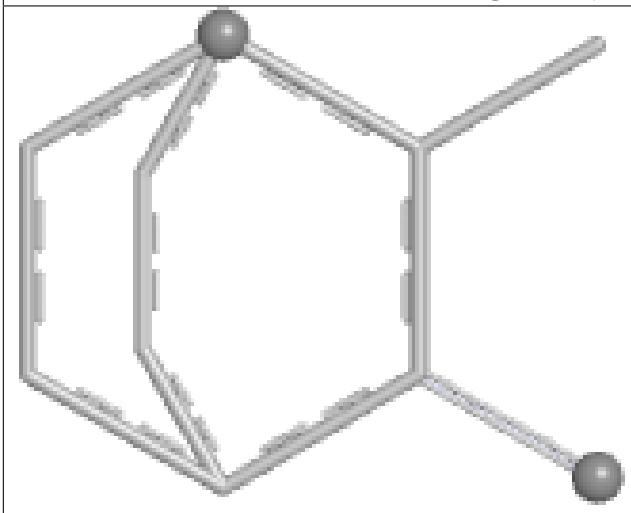


Torsions

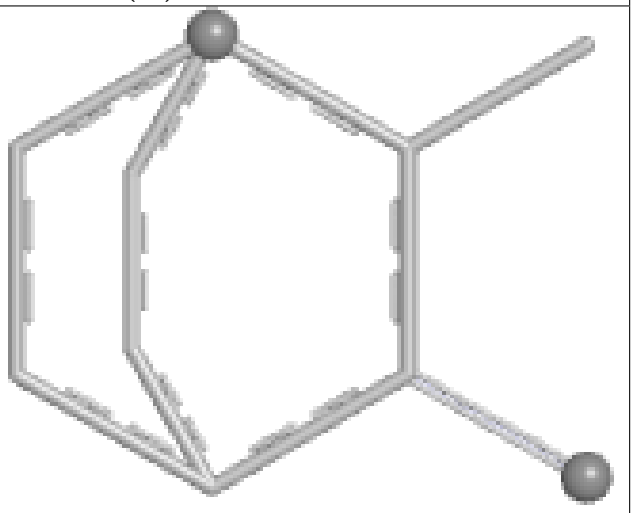


Rings

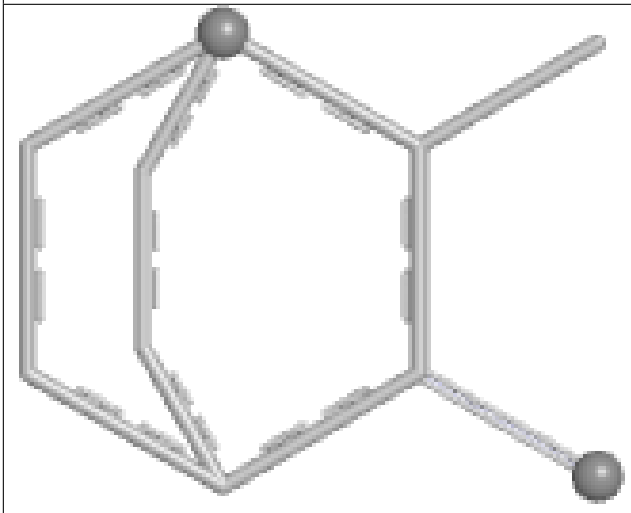
Ligand QNN C 301 (A)



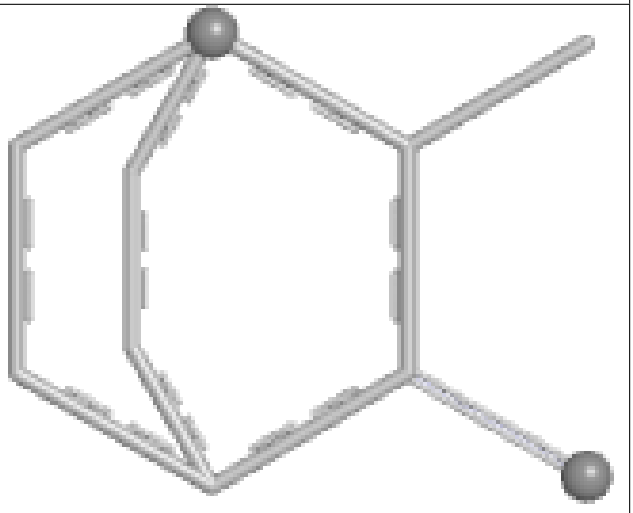
Bond lengths



Bond angles

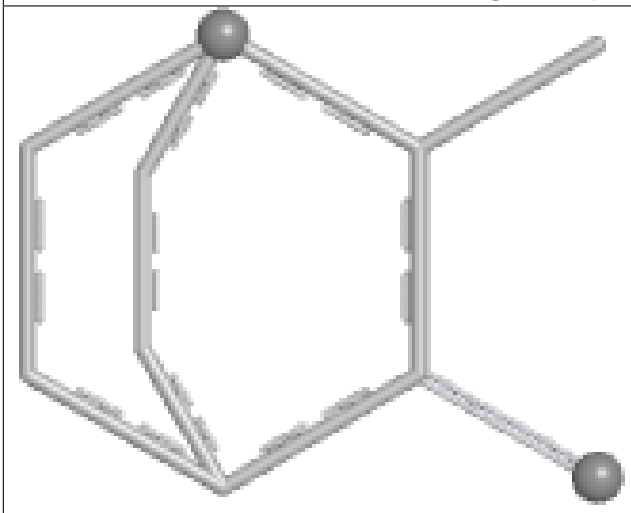


Torsions

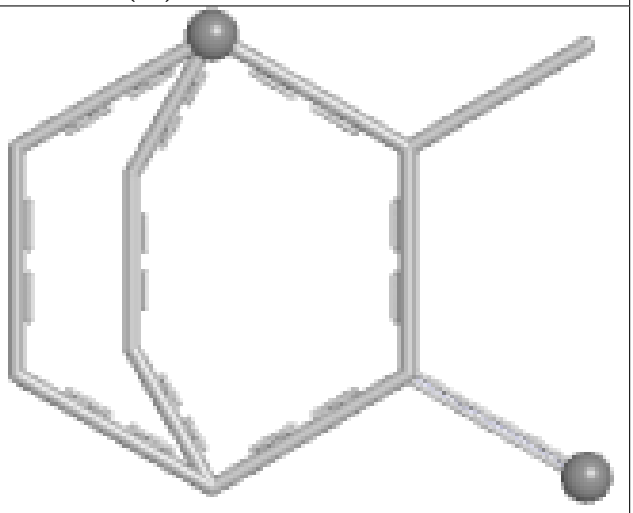


Rings

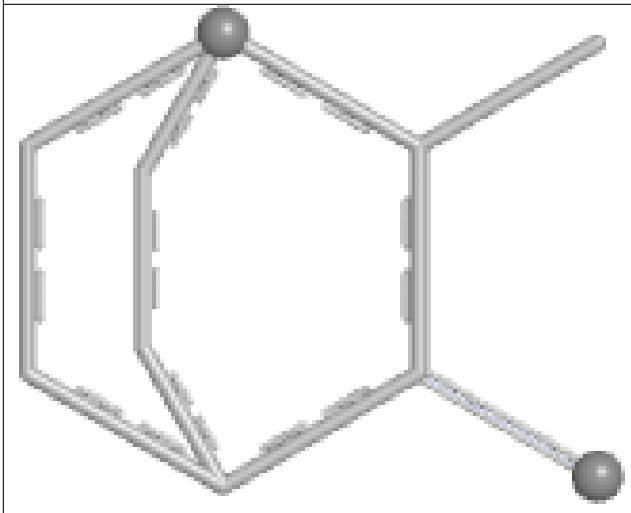
Ligand QNN C 303 (A)



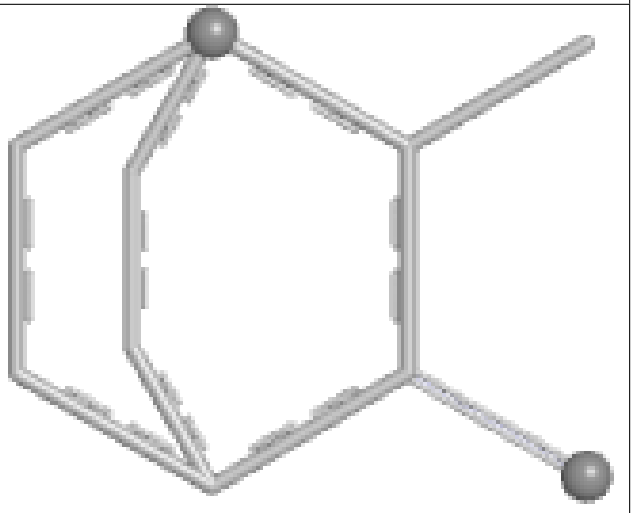
Bond lengths



Bond angles

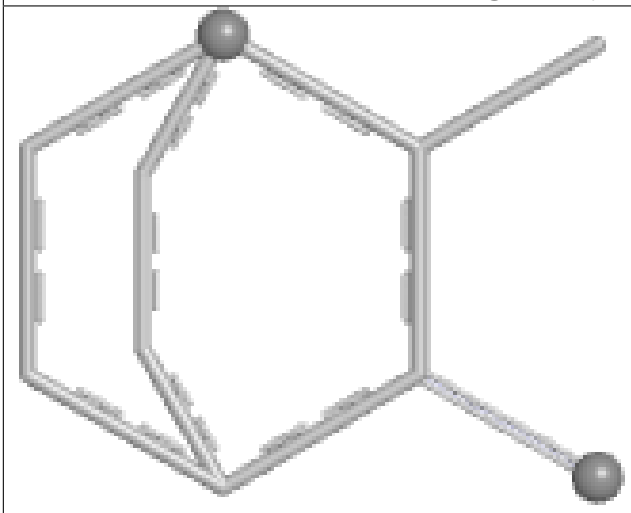


Torsions

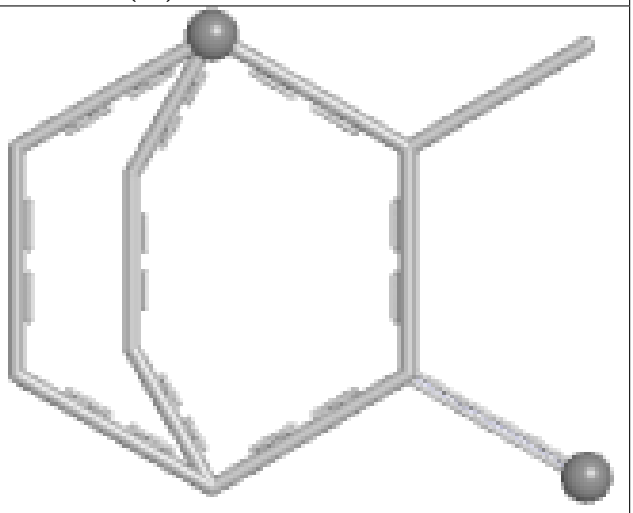


Rings

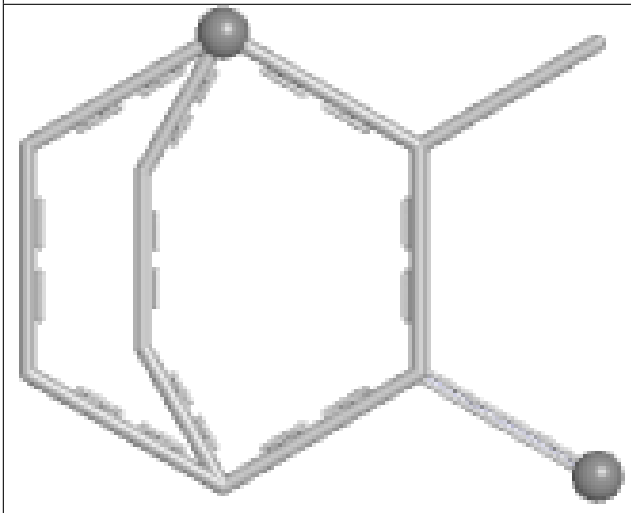
Ligand QNN D 302 (A)



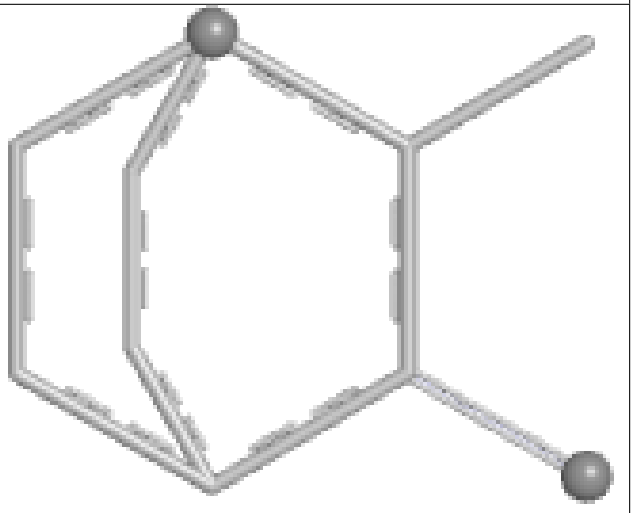
Bond lengths



Bond angles

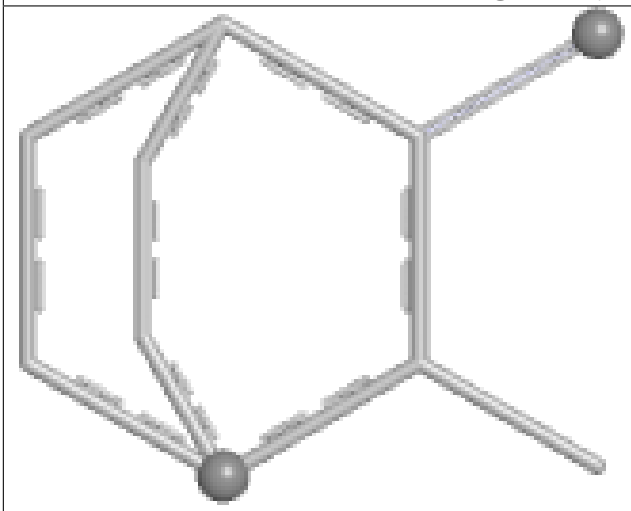


Torsions

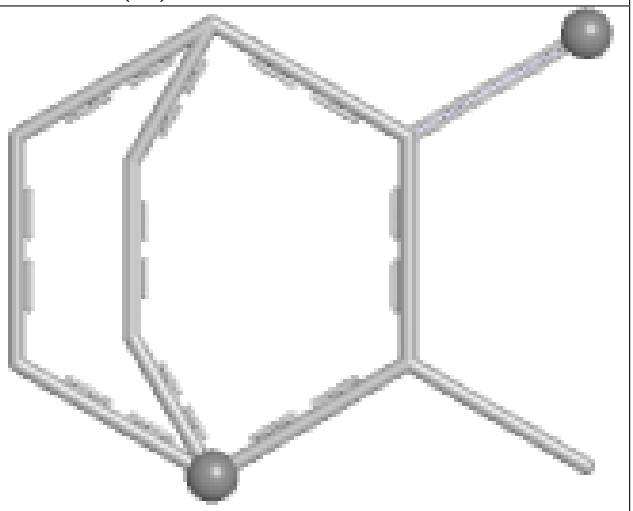


Rings

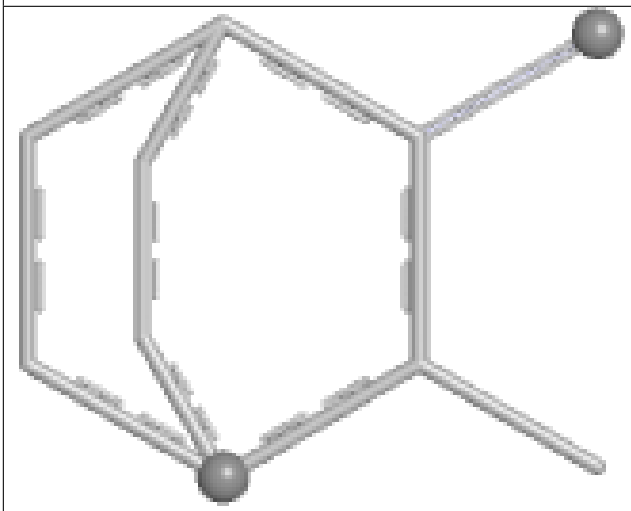
Ligand QN8 B 303 (A)



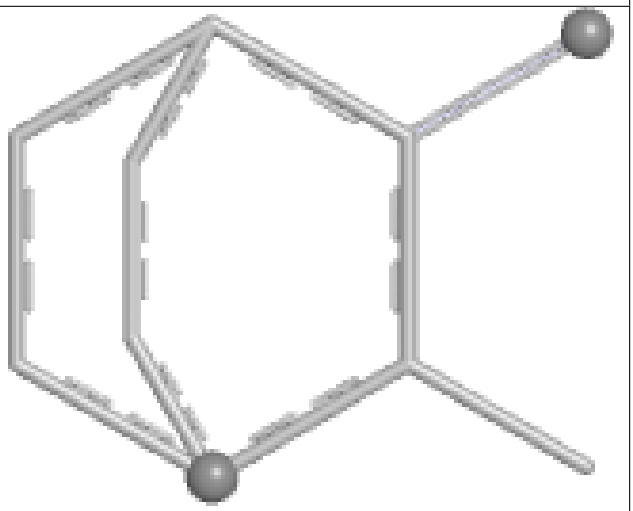
Bond lengths



Bond angles



Torsions



Rings

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2			OWAB(Å^2)	Q<0.9
1	A	191/200 (95%)	-0.29	2 (1%)	82	85	14, 26, 48, 73	1 (0%)
1	B	190/200 (95%)	-0.19	1 (0%)	91	92	15, 32, 53, 66	1 (0%)
1	C	191/200 (95%)	-0.16	1 (0%)	91	92	19, 33, 55, 80	0
1	D	193/200 (96%)	-0.15	1 (0%)	91	92	17, 33, 59, 72	1 (0%)
All	All	765/800 (95%)	-0.20	5 (0%)	87	90	14, 31, 56, 80	3 (0%)

All (5) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	C	182[A]	CYS	6.6
1	B	182[A]	CYS	4.5
1	D	95	SER	3.1
1	A	185	SER	2.2
1	A	244	GLY	2.1

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum,

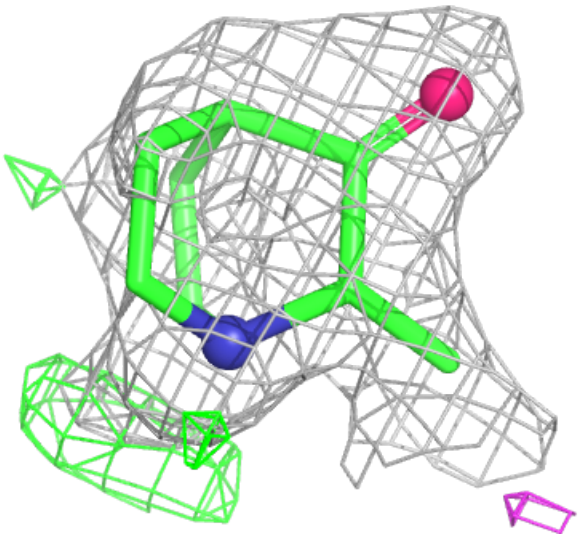
median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

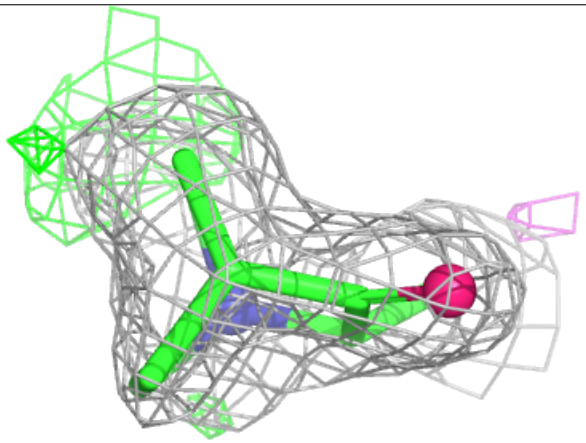
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å^2)	Q<0.9
4	EDO	D	303	4/4	0.69	0.14	36,36,36,37	4
3	QNN	C	303[A]	10/10	0.77	0.21	38,47,50,51	10
4	EDO	A	303	4/4	0.80	0.21	36,42,43,49	4
3	QNN	C	301[A]	10/10	0.81	0.19	39,42,43,44	10
3	QNN	D	302[A]	10/10	0.81	0.19	37,45,46,47	10
4	EDO	B	305	4/4	0.82	0.19	38,39,42,43	4
3	QNN	B	302[A]	10/10	0.82	0.17	34,43,45,47	10
5	QN8	B	303[A]	10/10	0.82	0.29	45,52,54,54	10
3	QNN	B	304[A]	10/10	0.84	0.22	38,44,45,45	10
6	PEG	D	304	7/7	0.86	0.23	26,29,31,31	7
3	QNN	A	302[A]	10/10	0.89	0.14	31,38,38,43	10
6	PEG	D	305	7/7	0.89	0.20	26,32,37,37	7
4	EDO	C	304	4/4	0.92	0.12	26,26,27,27	4
2	ZN	B	301	1/1	0.99	0.04	24,24,24,24	0
2	ZN	C	302	1/1	0.99	0.04	26,26,26,26	0
2	ZN	D	301	1/1	0.99	0.05	30,30,30,30	0
2	ZN	A	301	1/1	0.99	0.06	28,28,28,28	0

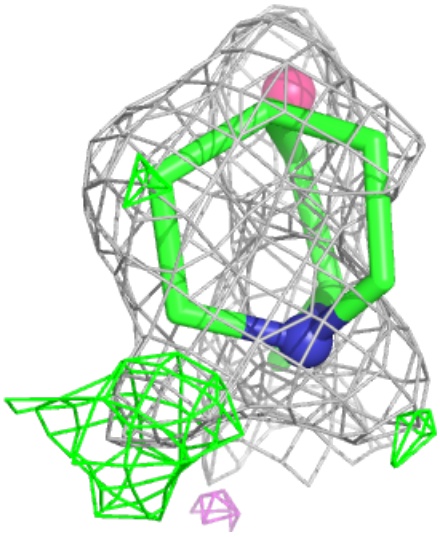
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

Electron density around QNN C 303 (A):

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

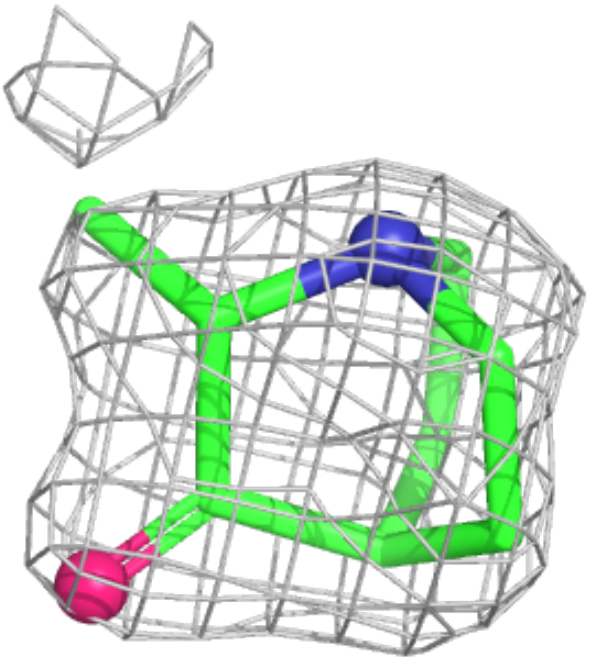


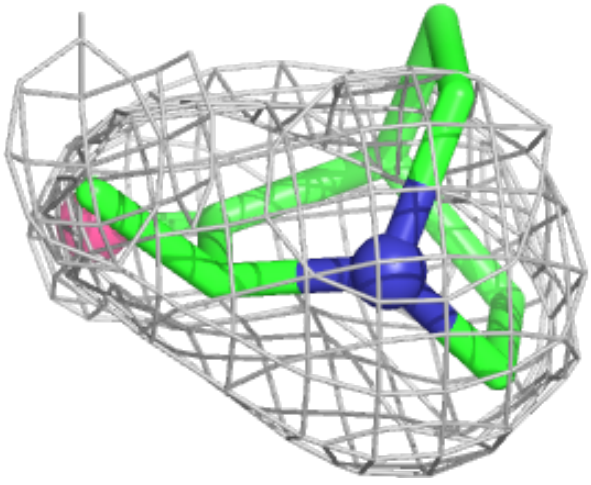


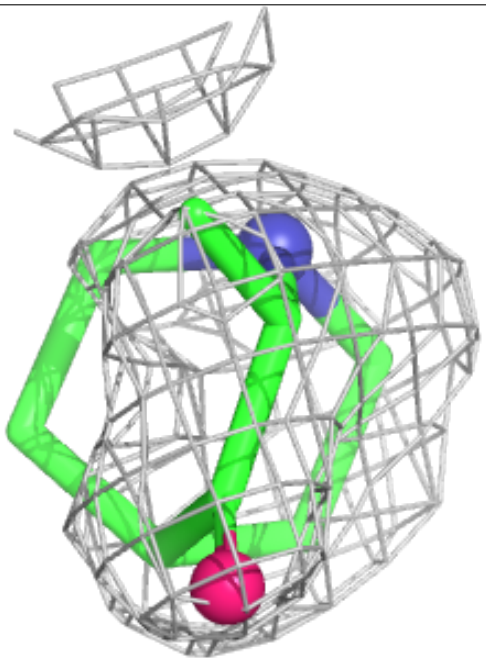


Electron density around QNN C 301 (A):

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

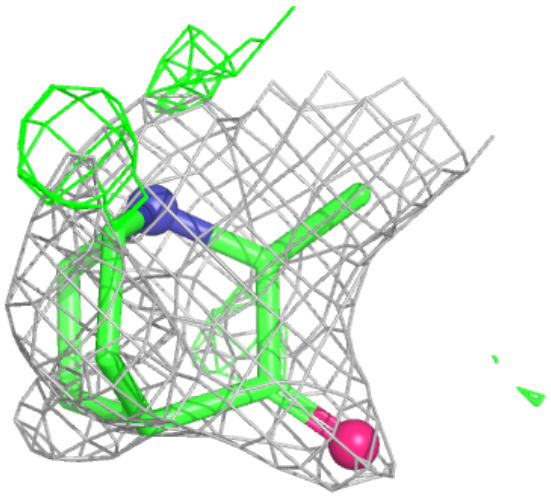


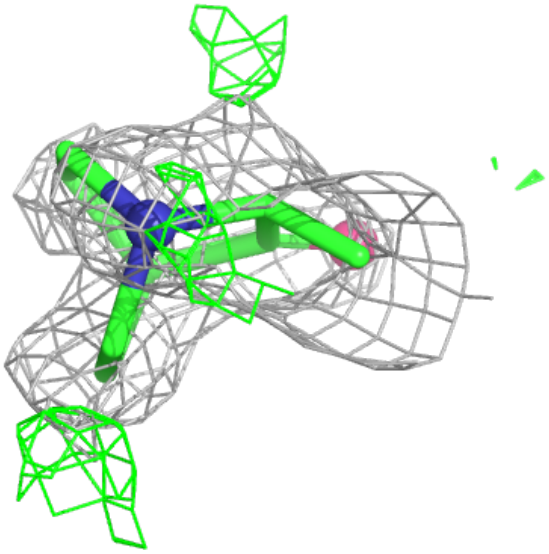


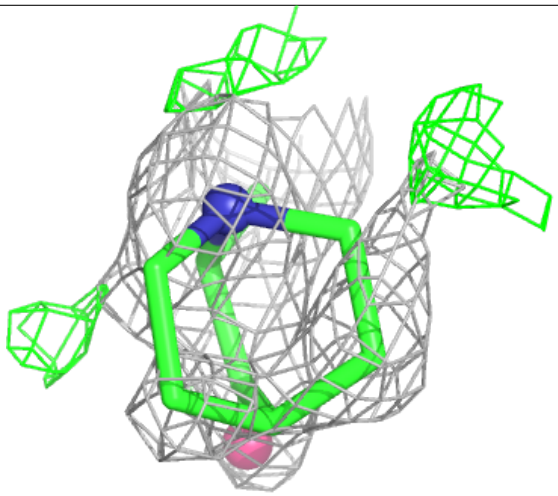


Electron density around QNN D 302 (A):

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

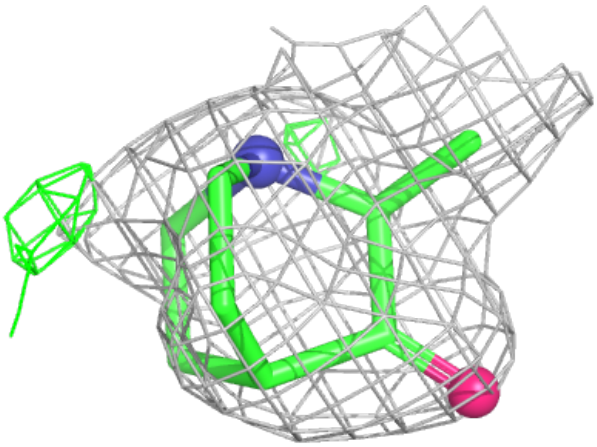


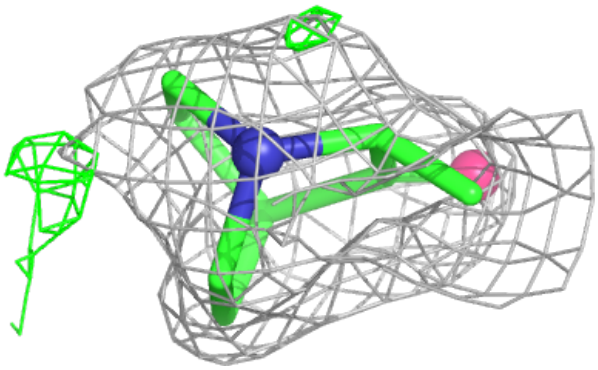


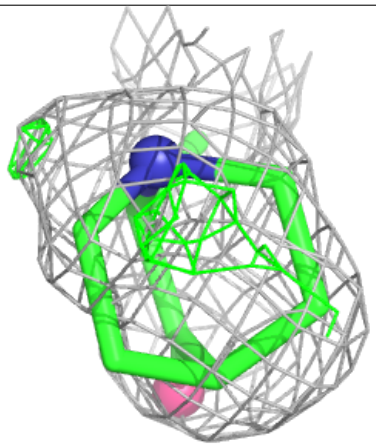


Electron density around QNN B 302 (A):

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

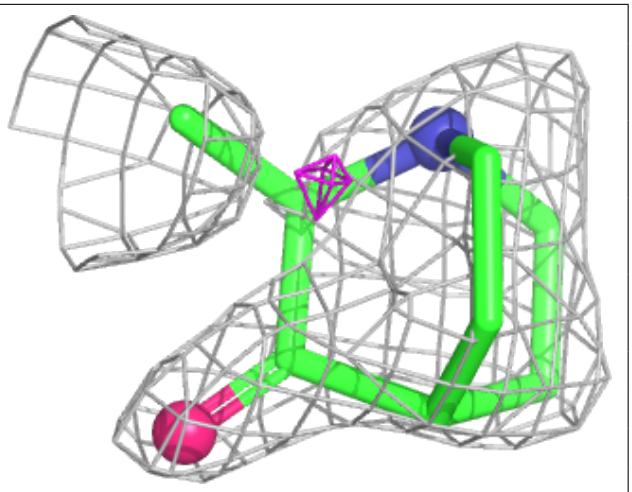


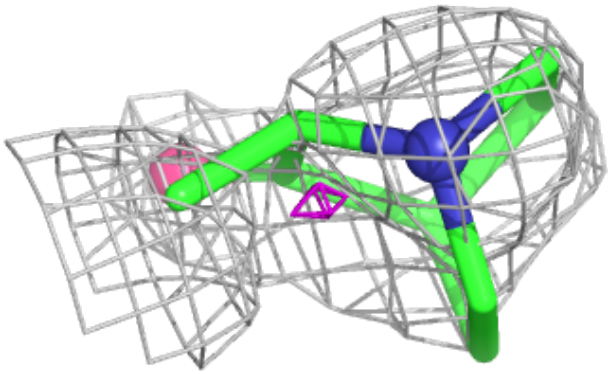


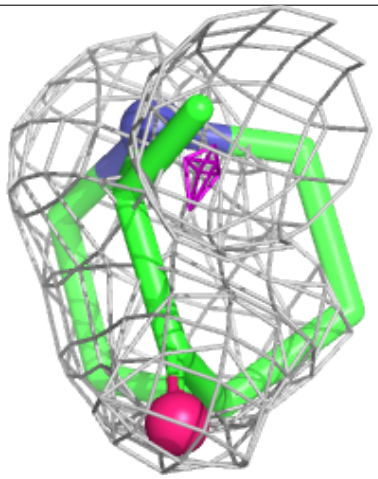


Electron density around QN8 B 303 (A):

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

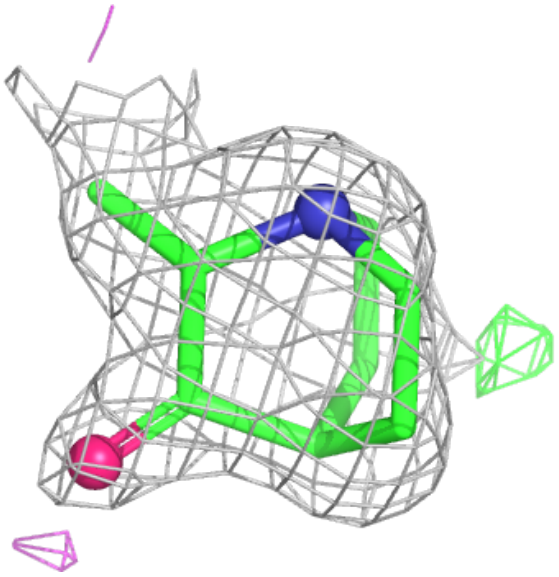


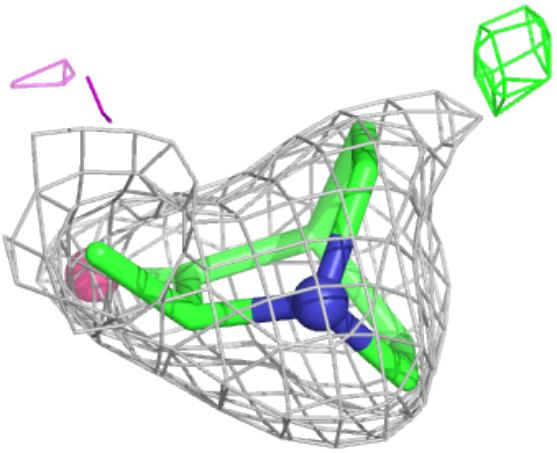


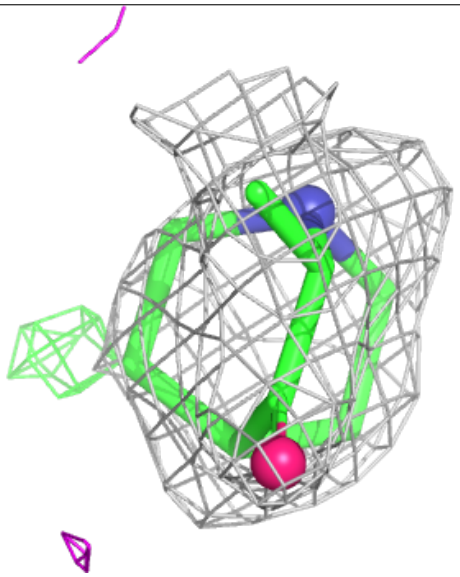


Electron density around QNN B 304 (A):

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

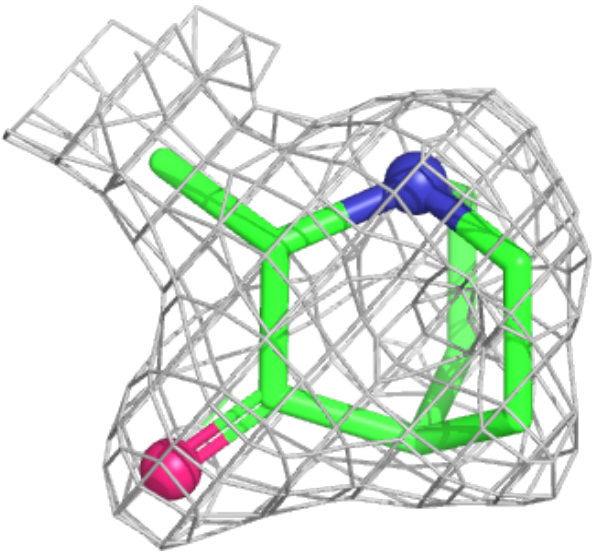


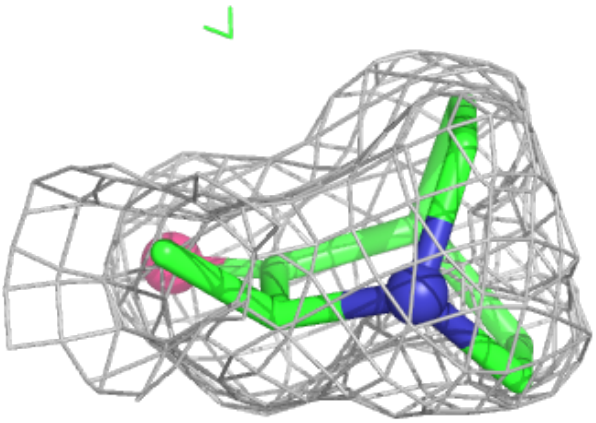


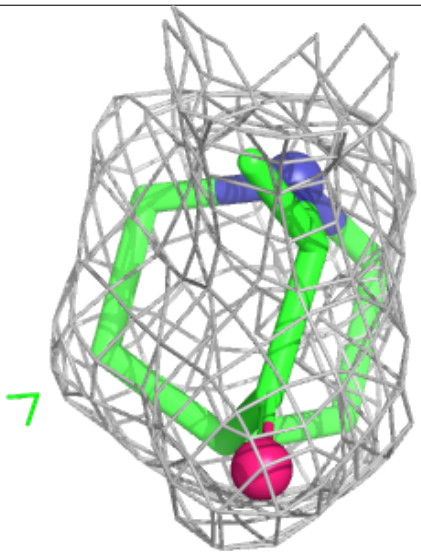


Electron density around QNN A 302 (A):

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)







6.5 Other polymers

There are no such residues in this entry.