

# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

#### Aug 2, 2023 – 04:53 AM EDT

PDB ID : 1B2K

Title : Structural effects of monovalent anions on polymorphic lysozyme crystals

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Deposited on : 1998-11-26

Resolution : 1.60 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13 EDS : 2.34

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac : 5.8.0158

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

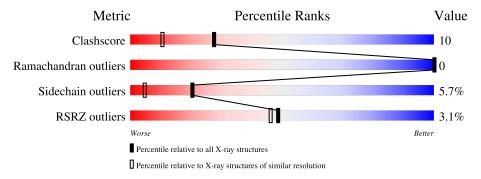
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.34

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.60 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Wiediic	$(\# {\rm Entries})$	$(\#  ext{Entries},  ext{ resolution range}( ext{Å}))$
Clashscore	141614	3665 (1.60-1.60)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	3564 (1.60-1.60)
Sidechain outliers	138945	3563 (1.60-1.60)
RSRZ outliers	127900	3321 (1.60-1.60)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
1	A	129	80%	19%	•
1	В	129	81%	16%	•



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2324 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called PROTEIN (LYSOZYME).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	Λ	129	Total	С	N	О	S	0	9	0
1	A	129	1006	617	194	185	10	0	∠	U
1	D	129	Total	С	N	О	S	0	9	0
1	Ъ	129	1008	619	194	185	10	0	2	U

• Molecule 2 is IODIDE ION (three-letter code: IOD) (formula: I).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	10	Total I 12 12	0	2
2	В	7	Total I 7 7	0	0

• Molecule 3 is water.

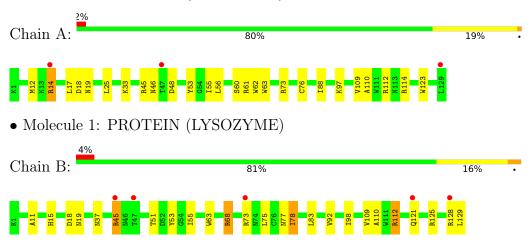
]	Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
	3	A	151	Total O 151 151	0	1
	3	В	140	Total O 140 140	0	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: PROTEIN (LYSOZYME)





## 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants	27.73Å 62.79Å 59.84Å	Donositon
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$90.00^{\circ}$ $90.10^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	8.00 - 1.60	Depositor
resolution (A)	13.32 - 1.60	EDS
% Data completeness	96.6 (8.00-1.60)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	96.5 (13.32-1.60)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	0.10	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	2.49  (at  1.60Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	X-PLOR 3.851	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.198 , $0.237$	Depositor
	0.185 , (Not available)	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	No test flags present.	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	12.0	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.161	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.33, 62.5	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$< L > = 0.49, < L^2> = 0.33$	Xtriage
	0.025  for -h,-l,-k	
Estimated twinning fraction	0.000  for -h,l,k	Xtriage
	0.043  for h,-k,-l	
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.96	EDS
Total number of atoms	2324	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(\mathring{A}^2)$	16.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The analyses of the Patterson function reveals a significant off-origin peak that is 29.11 % of the origin peak, indicating pseudo-translational symmetry. The chance of finding a peak of this or larger height randomly in a structure without pseudo-translational symmetry is equal to 1.6392e-03. The detected translational NCS is most likely also responsible for the elevated intensity ratio.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $<L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

### 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: IOD

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond	angles
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5
1	A	0.33	0/1037	0.58	0/1400
1	В	0.27	0/1037	0.55	0/1400
All	All	0.30	0/2074	0.57	0/2800

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1006	0	963	16	0
1	В	1008	0	973	24	0
2	A	12	0	0	1	0
2	В	7	0	0	0	0
3	A	151	0	0	5	0
3	В	140	0	0	4	0
All	All	2324	0	1936	40	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 10.

The worst 5 of 40 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their



clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Clash} \\ \text{overlap } (\text{\AA}) \end{array}$
1:B:45:ARG:HH11	1:B:45:ARG:HG3	1.51	0.75
1:B:128:ARG:HH11	1:B:128:ARG:HG3	1.58	0.67
1:B:45:ARG:HD2	1:B:51:THR:HG23	1.78	0.65
1:B:45:ARG:HH22	1:B:68:ARG:NH2	1.98	0.62
1:B:121:GLN:HG3	3:B:729:HOH:O	2.01	0.58

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

#### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	128/129~(99%)	124 (97%)	4 (3%)	0	100 100
1	В	129/129~(100%)	129 (100%)	0	0	100 100
All	All	257/258 (100%)	253 (98%)	4 (2%)	0	100 100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percer	ntiles
1	A	107/105 (102%)	103 (96%)	4 (4%)	34	11
1	В	107/105 (102%)	99 (92%)	8 (8%)	13	2

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
All	All	214/210 (102%)	202 (94%)	12 (6%)	20 5

5 of 12 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	75	LEU
1	В	78	ILE
1	В	129	LEU
1	В	112	ARG
1	A	114	ARG

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 8 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	46	ASN
1	В	44	ASN
1	A	113	ASN
1	A	103	ASN
1	В	15	HIS

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 19 ligands modelled in this entry, 19 are monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.



There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

### 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

# 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



### 6 Fit of model and data (i)

#### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	# RSRZ > 2		$\mathbf{OWAB}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	A	129/129 (100%)	-0.01	3 (2%) 60	59	6, 11, 28, 37	0
1	В	129/129 (100%)	0.04	5 (3%) 39	36	4, 12, 29, 33	0
All	All	258/258 (100%)	0.02	8 (3%) 49	46	4, 11, 29, 37	0

The worst 5 of 8 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	$\operatorname{Res}$	Type	RSRZ
1	A	47	THR	4.4
1	В	73	ARG	2.9
1	A	129	LEU	2.7
1	В	47	THR	2.3
1	В	45	ARG	2.1

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

#### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

#### 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\operatorname{B-factors}(\mathring{\mathbf{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
2	IOD	A	417[A]	1/1	0.92	0.10	56,56,56,56	1
2	IOD	A	413	1/1	0.95	0.05	26,26,26,26	0
2	IOD	A	407	1/1	0.96	0.04	21,21,21,21	1
2	IOD	В	411	1/1	0.96	0.04	24,24,24,24	1
2	IOD	В	412	1/1	0.96	0.05	23,23,23,23	1
2	IOD	В	414	1/1	0.96	0.06	21,21,21,21	1
2	IOD	A	403	1/1	0.97	0.04	21,21,21,21	1
2	IOD	A	416[A]	1/1	0.97	0.09	42,42,42,42	1
2	IOD	A	416[B]	1/1	0.97	0.09	30,30,30,30	1
2	IOD	A	416[C]	1/1	0.97	0.09	31,31,31,31	1
2	IOD	A	410	1/1	0.98	0.03	25,25,25,25	1
2	IOD	A	406	1/1	0.98	0.03	24,24,24,24	1
2	IOD	A	415	1/1	0.98	0.05	28,28,28,28	1
2	IOD	A	404	1/1	0.98	0.03	19,19,19,19	0
2	IOD	A	409	1/1	0.98	0.04	23,23,23,23	1
2	IOD	В	401	1/1	0.99	0.03	13,13,13,13	0
2	IOD	В	402	1/1	0.99	0.04	19,19,19,19	1
2	IOD	В	405	1/1	0.99	0.03	20,20,20,20	0
2	IOD	В	408	1/1	1.00	0.03	20,20,20,20	0

# 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

