

Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

Sep 13, 2020 – 10:11 AM BST

PDB ID : 2AQJ

Title : The structure of tryptophan 7-halogenase (PrnA) suggests a mechanism for

regioselective chlorination

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Deposited on : 2005-08-18

Resolution : 1.80 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul: 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

 $\begin{array}{ccc} EDS & : & 2.14.4.dev1 \\ buster-report & : & 1.1.7 \ (2018) \end{array}$

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)

Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

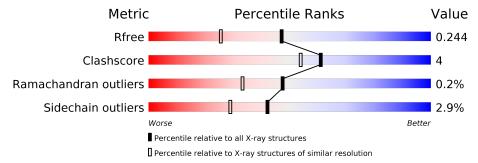
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.14.4.dev1

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.80 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Whole archive} \\ (\#\text{Entries}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar \; resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries, \; resolution \; range(\AA)}) \end{array}$
R_{free}	130704	5950 (1.80-1.80)
Clashscore	141614	6793 (1.80-1.80)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	6697 (1.80-1.80)
Sidechain outliers	138945	6696 (1.80-1.80)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
1	A	538	87%	9% • •



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 4624 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

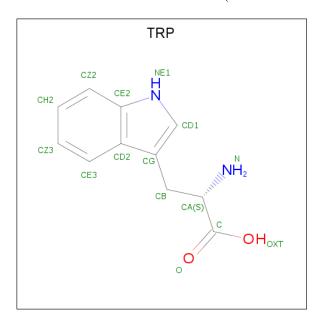
• Molecule 1 is a protein called tryptophan halogenase, PrnA.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	Λ	517	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	A	917	4162	2659	722	761	20	U	U	

• Molecule 2 is CHLORIDE ION (three-letter code: CL) (formula: Cl).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total Cl 1 1	0	0

• Molecule 3 is TRYPTOPHAN (three-letter code: TRP) (formula: $C_{11}H_{12}N_2O_2$).

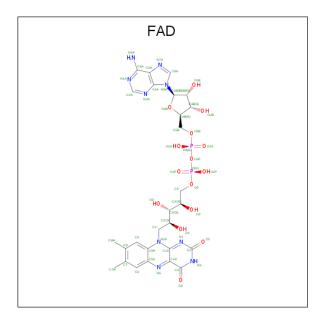


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total 15	C 11	N 2	O 2	0	0

• Molecule 4 is FLAVIN-ADENINE DINUCLEOTIDE (three-letter code: FAD) (formula:



$C_{27}H_{33}N_9O_{15}P_2).$



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf		
4	A	1	Total 53	C 27		O 15	P 2	0	0

• Molecule 5 is water.

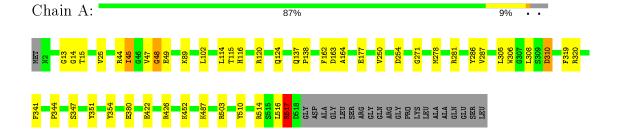
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	393	Total O 393 393	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: tryptophan halogenase, PrnA





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 43 21 2	Depositor
Cell constants	67.63Å 67.63Å 276.03Å	Depositor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	54.66 - 1.80	Depositor
Resolution (A)	54.49 - 1.80	EDS
% Data completeness	93.1 (54.66-1.80)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	93.1 (54.49-1.80)	EDS
R_{merge}	0.07	Depositor
R_{sym}	0.07	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	2.61 (at 1.80Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC	Depositor
P. P.	0.168 , 0.202	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.223 , 0.244	DCC
R_{free} test set	2857 reflections (5.05%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	25.6	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.206	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.37, 36.8	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$ < L >=0.48, < L^2>=0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	4624	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	29.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.41% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $< L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: FAD, CL

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI	Chain	$\left \text{RMSZ} \mid \# Z > 5 \right $		RMSZ $ $ # $ Z > 5$		
1	A	0.64	0/4277	0.71	$2/5806 \ (0.0\%)$	

There are no bond length outliers.

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	${f Atoms}$	\mathbf{Z}	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(^{o})$
1	A	102	LEU	CA-CB-CG	-6.74	99.79	115.30
1	A	48	GLY	N-CA-C	-5.74	98.74	113.10

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	$\mathbf{H}(\mathbf{model})$	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	Α	4162	0	4028	37	0
2	A	1	0	0	1	0
3	A	15	0	9	0	0
4	A	53	0	31	1	0
5	A	393	0	0	14	0
All	All	4624	0	4068	37	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 4.



All (37) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:310:ASP:HB2	5:A:972:HOH:O	1.79	0.81
1:A:422:GLU:HG2	1:A:426:ARG:HH12	1.56	0.70
1:A:163:ASP:HA	5:A:1046:HOH:O	1.93	0.69
1:A:105.A51 .11A 1:A:14:GLY:HA2	1:A:44:ARG:HD2	$\frac{1.95}{1.75}$	0.67
1:A:422:GLU:HG2	1:A:426:ARG:NH1	2.09	0.66
1:A:305:LEU:HD13	5:A:985:HOH:O	1.98	0.64
1:A:47:VAL:HG22	5:A:1077:HOH:O	1.98	0.62
1:A:380:GLU:OE1	1:A:452:LYS:HE2	2.00	0.62
1:A:45:ILE:HA	5:A:866:HOH:O	2.00	0.60
1:A:49:GLU:OE1	1:A:164:ALA:HB2	2.01	0.60
1:A:49:GLU:0E1 1:A:48:GLY:HA2	5:A:1046:HOH:O	2.01	0.59
1:A:250:VAL:HG22	1:A:308:LEU:HD11	1.85	0.58
1:A:250. VAL:HG22 1:A:47:VAL:HG13	5:A:1077:HOH:O	2.03	0.58
1:A:47:VAL:HG15 1:A:426:ARG:HD2	5:A:1077:HOH:O 5:A:1074:HOH:O		
		2.04 1.88	0.57
1:A:115:THR:OG1	1:A:116:HIS:HD2 2:A:700:CL:CL		0.57
1:A:344:PRO:HA		2.42	0.57
1:A:517:ARG:HH11	1:A:517:ARG:HB2	1.69	0.56
1:A:120:ARG:NH2	1:A:124:GLN:HE22	2.03	0.56
1:A:422:GLU:CG	1:A:426:ARG:HH12	2.20	0.53
1:A:516:LEU:O	1:A:517:ARG:HB2	2.09	0.53
1:A:306:TRP:HB2	1:A:308:LEU:HG	1.93	0.50
1:A:13:GLY:O	1:A:44:ARG:HD3	2.13	0.49
1:A:426:ARG:NE	5:A:1074:HOH:O	2.46	0.49
1:A:14:GLY:HA2	1:A:44:ARG:CD	2.42	0.48
1:A:426:ARG:CD	5:A:1074:HOH:O	2.60	0.47
1:A:514:ARG:O	1:A:517:ARG:HA	2.15	0.47
1:A:319:PHE:CD1	1:A:341:PHE:CE2	3.03	0.47
1:A:47:VAL:CG2	5:A:1077:HOH:O	2.61	0.46
1:A:254:ASP:HB3	1:A:510:TYR:CD1	2.51	0.45
1:A:347:SER:OG	5:A:1072:HOH:O	2.21	0.44
1:A:271:GLY:HA3	1:A:287:VAL:O	2.17	0.44
1:A:15:THR:HB	4:A:600:FAD:H5'2	2.00	0.43
1:A:47:VAL:CG1	5:A:1077:HOH:O	2.65	0.42
1:A:351:TYR:HA	1:A:354:TYR:CZ	2.55	0.42
1:A:120:ARG:HH22	1:A:124:GLN:HE22	1.68	0.41
1:A:487:LYS:HG3	5:A:861:HOH:O	2.20	0.41
1:A:137:GLN:N	1:A:138:PRO:CD	2.84	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.



5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	${f Analysed}$	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	515/538 (96%)	499 (97%)	15 (3%)	1 (0%)	47 33

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	Α	517	ARG

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	444/458 (97%)	431 (97%)	13 (3%)	42 29	

All (13) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	25	VAL
1	A	45	ILE
1	A	89	LYS
1	A	114	LEU
1	A	162	PHE
1	A	177	GLU
1	A	278	MET
1	A	281	ARG
1	A	286	TYR
1	A	310	ASP

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	320	ARG
1	A	503	ARG
1	A	517	ARG

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (2) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	116	HIS
1	A	124	GLN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 3 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 2 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Т	Chain	Res	Link	Bo	ond leng	$_{ m ths}$	Bond angles		
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2
3	TRP	A	650	-	12,16,16	1.16	1 (8%)	12,22,22	0.54	0
4	FAD	A	600	-	51,58,58	1.54	7 (13%)	60,89,89	1.91	11 (18%)



In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	TRP	A	650	_	-	0/3/8/8	0/2/2/2
4	FAD	A	600	-	-	2/30/50/50	0/6/6/6

All (8) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(\text{\AA})$
4	A	600	FAD	C4X-N5	4.73	1.40	1.33
4	A	600	FAD	C10-N1	4.63	1.39	1.33
4	A	600	FAD	C2A-N3A	4.24	1.38	1.32
4	A	600	FAD	C4-N3	2.98	1.38	1.33
4	A	600	FAD	C5X-N5	2.76	1.39	1.35
4	A	600	FAD	C2A-N1A	2.57	1.38	1.33
3	A	650	TRP	CB-CG	2.49	1.58	1.51
4	A	600	FAD	C4X-C10	2.18	1.41	1.38

All (11) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	${f Res}$	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(^{o})$
4	A	600	FAD	C4-N3-C2	8.47	122.29	115.14
4	A	600	FAD	N3A-C2A-N1A	-5.37	120.29	128.68
4	A	600	FAD	C4X-C4-N3	-4.63	117.09	123.43
4	A	600	FAD	C1B-N9A-C4A	-3.31	120.83	126.64
4	A	600	FAD	O5'-C5'-C4'	2.90	117.10	109.36
4	A	600	FAD	C4X-N5-C5X	2.90	119.67	116.77
4	A	600	FAD	C1'-N10-C9A	2.79	120.49	118.29
4	A	600	FAD	C10-C4X-N5	-2.53	119.51	121.26
4	A	600	FAD	C5X-C9A-N10	2.52	119.54	117.72
4	A	600	FAD	O4'-C4'-C3'	2.35	114.81	109.10
4	A	600	FAD	O2'-C2'-C1'	2.33	115.20	109.59

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	A	600	FAD	O3'-C3'-C4'-O4'
4	A	600	FAD	O4B-C4B-C5B-O5B

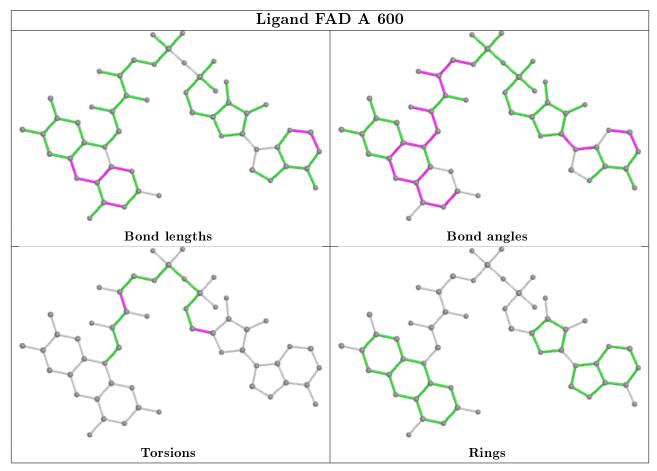
There are no ring outliers.



1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	A	600	FAD	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.



5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

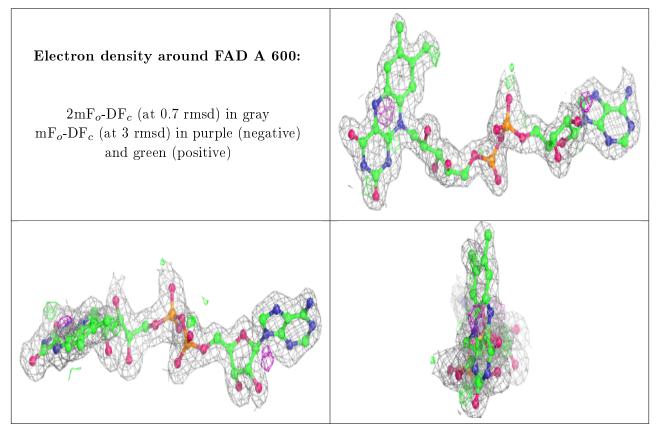
6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.4 Ligands (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.





6.5 Other polymers (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

