

Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

Nov 6, 2023 – 01:43 pm GMT

:	8AHD
:	The apo structure of the Corramycin phosphotransferase
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	2022-07-21
:	2.10 Å(reported)
	: : :

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org* A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

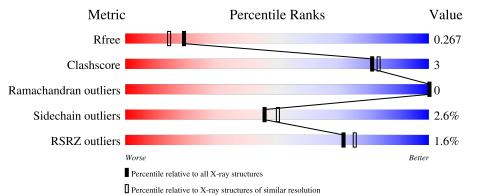
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.8.4, CSD as 541 be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
EDS	:	2.36
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
CCP4	:	7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.36

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $X\text{-}RAY \, DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.10 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$egin{array}{c} { m Whole \ archive} \ (\#{ m Entries}) \end{array}$	${f Similar\ resolution}\ (\#{ m Entries,\ resolution\ range}({ m \AA}))$
R_{free}	130704	5197(2.10-2.10)
Clashscore	141614	5710 (2.10-2.10)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	5647 (2.10-2.10)
Sidechain outliers	138945	5648 (2.10-2.10)
RSRZ outliers	127900	5083 (2.10-2.10)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
1	А	366	86%	5%•	8%
1	В	366	% 	6% •	8%



2 Entry composition (i)

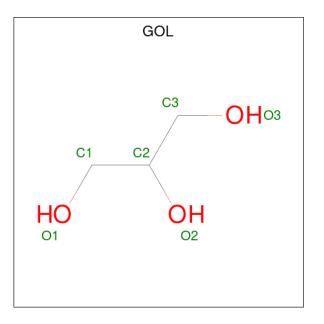
There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 11108 atoms, of which 5297 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Corramycin phosphotransferase.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms						ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	1 A 338	Total	С	Η	Ν	0	S	Se	0	0	0	
		000	5332	1719	2636	514	457	2	4	0	0	0
1	1 D	337	Total	С	Η	Ν	0	S	Se	0	0	0
1	D	557	5332	1712	2645	513	456	2	4	0	0	0

• Molecule 2 is GLYCEROL (three-letter code: GOL) (formula: $C_3H_8O_3$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	А	1	Total C H O 14 3 8 3	0	0
2	В	1	Total C H O 14 3 8 3	0	0

• Molecule 3 is water.

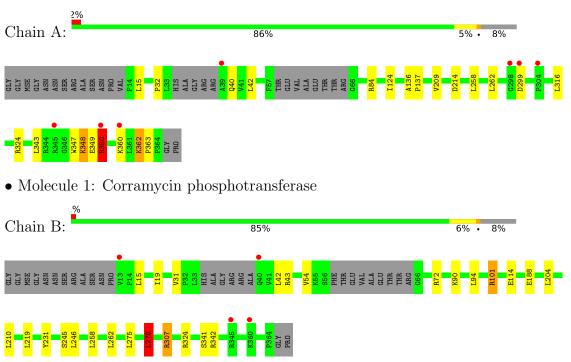


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	А	215	Total O 215 215	0	0
3	В	201	Total O 201 201	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.



• Molecule 1: Corramycin phosphotransferase



4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants	50.09Å 69.86Å 117.54Å	Depositor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 98.11° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	59.90 - 2.10	Depositor
Resolution (A)	59.90 - 2.10	EDS
% Data completeness	96.6 (59.90-2.10)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	96.6 (59.90-2.10)	EDS
R _{merge}	0.10	Depositor
R _{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	$2.52 (at 2.10 \text{\AA})$	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX 1.20.1_4487	Depositor
D D.	0.208 , 0.267	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.209 , 0.267	DCC
R_{free} test set	2155 reflections $(4.74%)$	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor $(Å^2)$	23.4	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.640	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.39 , 45.8	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$ \langle L \rangle = 0.53, \langle L^2 \rangle = 0.37$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	11108	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	35.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The analyses of the Patterson function reveals a significant off-origin peak that is 56.83 % of the origin peak, indicating pseudo-translational symmetry. The chance of finding a peak of this or larger height randomly in a structure without pseudo-translational symmetry is equal to 2.5871e-05. The detected translational NCS is most likely also responsible for the elevated intensity ratio.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: GOL

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bo	nd lengths	Bond angles		
	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	А	0.55	1/2764~(0.0%)	0.82	4/3739~(0.1%)	
1	В	0.53	0/2754	0.77	2/3727~(0.1%)	
All	All	0.54	1/5518~(0.0%)	0.79	6/7466~(0.1%)	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	А	0	1

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	А	350	ARG	CB-CG	5.47	1.67	1.52

All (6) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	А	350	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	-11.18	114.71	120.30
1	А	350	ARG	N-CA-CB	-10.98	90.83	110.60
1	А	350	ARG	CD-NE-CZ	-8.08	112.28	123.60
1	В	278	LEU	CA-CB-CG	-5.66	102.29	115.30
1	A	350	ARG	CG-CD-NE	-5.63	99.97	111.80
1	В	275	LEU	CB-CG-CD2	-5.27	102.04	111.00

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group	
1	А	350	ARG	Sidechain	

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	А	2696	2636	2709	11	0
1	В	2687	2645	2703	17	0
2	А	6	8	8	0	0
2	В	6	8	8	2	0
3	А	215	0	0	1	0
3	В	201	0	0	3	0
All	All	5811	5297	5428	28	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 3.

All (28) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:214:ASP:OD2	1:A:214:ASP:O	2.01	0.79
1:B:204:LEU:H	2:B:401:GOL:H32	1.60	0.66
1:A:349:GLU:O	1:A:350:ARG:HD3	1.96	0.65
1:B:114:GLU:OE1	1:B:245:SER:OG	2.20	0.59
1:B:204:LEU:N	2:B:401:GOL:H32	2.19	0.56
1:B:258:LEU:HD11	1:B:262:LEU:HD12	1.88	0.54
1:A:32:PRO:HA	1:A:42:LEU:HD23	1.92	0.51
1:A:362:LYS:HG2	1:A:363:PRO:HD2	1.94	0.48
1:A:258:LEU:HD11	1:A:262:LEU:HD12	1.94	0.48
1:B:15:LEU:O	1:B:19:ILE:HG13	2.13	0.48
1:B:231:TYR:N	1:B:278:LEU:HD22	2.31	0.46
1:A:324:ARG:NH1	3:A:513:HOH:O	2.50	0.45
1:A:15:LEU:HD21	1:A:42:LEU:CD1	2.47	0.45
1:B:188:GLU:HG3	3:B:676:HOH:O	2.17	0.45
1:A:136:ALA:N	1:A:137:PRO:HD2	2.32	0.44
1:B:54:VAL:CG1	1:B:94:LEU:HD22	2.47	0.44
1:B:31:VAL:CG2	1:B:43:ARG:HB3	2.48	0.44

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)	
1:B:72:ARG:NH1	3:B:513:HOH:O	2.51	0.43	
1:B:101:ARG:HE	1:B:101:ARG:HB3	1.72	0.43	
1:B:15:LEU:HD21	1:B:42:LEU:HD11	2.01	0.43	
1:B:307:ARG:H	1:B:307:ARG:CD	2.30	0.43	
1:B:210:LEU:HD11	1:B:219:LEU:HD11	2.01	0.42	
1:A:347:TRP:O	1:A:348:LYS:HB2	2.20	0.42	
1:A:124:ILE:HD13	1:A:209:VAL:HG11	2.02	0.42	
1:B:114:GLU:HG3	1:B:246:LEU:HD11	2.01	0.42	
1:B:72:ARG:NH1	3:B:517:HOH:O	2.52	0.41	
1:B:15:LEU:HD21	1:B:42:LEU:CD1	2.50	0.40	
1:A:316:LEU:HD11	1:A:343:LEU:HD12	2.02	0.40	

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There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	А	332/366~(91%)	323~(97%)	9~(3%)	0	100 100
1	В	331/366~(90%)	319 (96%)	12 (4%)	0	100 100
All	All	663/732~(91%)	642 (97%)	21 (3%)	0	100 100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles		
1	А	269/284~(95%)	262~(97%)	7 (3%)	46 50		
1	В	269/284~(95%)	262~(97%)	7 (3%)	46 50		
All	All	538/568~(95%)	524~(97%)	14 (3%)	46 50		

All (14) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	40	GLN
1	А	84	ARG
1	А	299	ASP
1	А	348	LYS
1	А	350	ARG
1	А	360	LYS
1	А	362	LYS
1	В	90	LYS
1	В	101	ARG
1	В	278	LEU
1	В	307	ARG
1	В	324	ARG
1	В	341	SER
1	В	342	ARG

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (1) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	50	HIS

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.



5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

2 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Trune	Chain	in Res Link		Bond lengths			В	ond ang	gles
INIOI	Type	Chain	nes	Link	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2
2	GOL	В	401	-	$5,\!5,\!5$	0.59	0	$5,\!5,\!5$	2.02	1 (20%)
2	GOL	А	401	-	$5,\!5,\!5$	0.87	0	$5,\!5,\!5$	2.15	2 (40%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	GOL	В	401	-	-	2/4/4/4	-
2	GOL	А	401	-	-	2/4/4/4	-

There are no bond length outliers.

All (3) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Ζ	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
2	В	401	GOL	C3-C2-C1	-3.98	96.22	111.70
2	А	401	GOL	C3-C2-C1	-3.85	96.73	111.70
2	А	401	GOL	O2-C2-C3	2.40	119.69	109.12

There are no chirality outliers.

All (4) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	В	401	GOL	C1-C2-C3-O3
2	А	401	GOL	C1-C2-C3-O3
2	А	401	GOL	O2-C2-C3-O3
2	В	401	GOL	O2-C2-C3-O3



There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 2 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	В	401	GOL	2	0

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	< RSRZ >	# RSRZ > 2	$OWAB(Å^2)$	Q<0.9
1	А	334/366~(91%)	0.07	7 (2%) 63 68	17, 29, 53, 82	0
1	В	333/366~(90%)	0.07	4 (1%) 79 82	18, 29, 58, 78	0
All	All	667/732~(91%)	0.07	11 (1%) 72 75	17, 29, 55, 82	0

All (11) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	А	39	ALA	2.8
1	А	299	ASP	2.8
1	В	345	ARG	2.7
1	А	360	LYS	2.7
1	А	350	ARG	2.6
1	А	345	ARG	2.5
1	А	298	GLY	2.3
1	В	360	LYS	2.2
1	А	304	PRO	2.1
1	В	40	GLN	2.1
1	В	13	VAL	2.1

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.



6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$B-factors(Å^2)$	Q<0.9
2	GOL	В	401	6/6	0.85	0.17	$25,\!32,\!41,\!42$	0
2	GOL	А	401	6/6	0.86	0.17	19,34,41,41	0

6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

