

Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

Jul 26, 2023 – 03:57 AM EDT

PDB ID	:	1A6N
Title	:	DEOXY-MYOGLOBIN, ATOMIC RESOLUTION
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Deposited on		
Resolution	:	1.15 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org* A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

Xtriage (Phenix) EDS buster-report Percentile statistics Refmac CCP4 Ideal geometry (proteins) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019) 5.8.0158 7.0.044 (Gargrove) Engh & Huber (2001) Parkinson et al. (1996)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)		Parkinson et al. (1996) 2.34
· ()		

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $X\text{-}RAY \, DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.15 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.

Metric	e Pe	rcentile Ranks	Value
Clashscore			13
Ramachandran outliers			0
Sidechain outliers			0
	Worse		Better
	Percentile relative to all X-ray stru	ictures	
	Percentile relative to X-ray structu	res of similar resolution	

Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Metric	$(\# {\rm Entries})$	$(\# { m Entries}, { m resolution} { m range}({ m \AA}))$
Clashscore	141614	1537 (1.18-1.10)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1483 (1.18-1.10)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1480 (1.18-1.10)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	Quality of chain						
1	А	151	82%	16%	•					



1A6N

2 Entry composition (i)

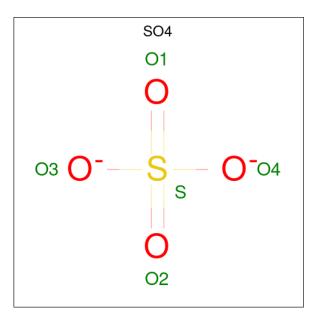
There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1583 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called MYOGLOBIN.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	А	151	Total 1336	C 872	N 232	O 230	${ m S} { m 2}$	0	25	0

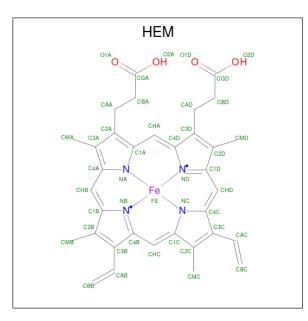
• Molecule 2 is SULFATE ION (three-letter code: SO4) (formula: O_4S).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	А	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} & \text{O} & \text{S} \\ 5 & 4 & 1 \end{array}$	0	0
2	А	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} & \text{O} & \text{S} \\ 5 & 4 & 1 \end{array}$	0	0

• Molecule 3 is PROTOPORPHYRIN IX CONTAINING FE (three-letter code: HEM) (formula: $C_{34}H_{32}FeN_4O_4$).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	
2	Λ	1	Total	С	Fe	Ν	0	0	0
5	3 A	1	43	34	1	4	4	0	0

• Molecule 4 is water.

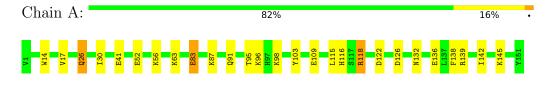
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	А	186	Total O 194 194	0	8



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: MYOGLOBIN





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants	63.76Å 30.66 Å 34.31 Å	Depositor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 105.70° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	8.00 - 1.15	Depositor
Resolution (A)	15.35 $ 1.14$	EDS
% Data completeness	97.0 (8.00-1.15)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	95.3(15.35-1.14)	EDS
R _{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R _{sym}	0.05	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	6.08 (at 1.15 Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	SHELXL-97	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.122 , 0.145	Depositor
Λ, Λ_{free}	0.179 , (Not available)	DCC
R_{free} test set	No test flags present.	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor $(Å^2)$	9.7	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.374	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.38 , 58.5	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$< L >=0.49, < L^2>=0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.025 for -h-l,-k,l	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	1583	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	15.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 9.63% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: SO4, HEM

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain		lengths	Bond angles		
	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	А	0.70	0/1469	1.31	17/1964~(0.9%)	

There are no bond length outliers.

All (17) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Ζ	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	А	126[A]	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	9.42	126.78	118.30
1	А	126[B]	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	9.42	126.78	118.30
1	А	116[A]	HIS	CA-CB-CG	7.55	126.44	113.60
1	А	116[B]	HIS	CA-CB-CG	7.55	126.44	113.60
1	А	118[A]	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.73	123.67	120.30
1	А	118[B]	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.73	123.67	120.30
1	А	122	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	6.63	124.27	118.30
1	А	103	TYR	CB-CG-CD1	6.62	124.97	121.00
1	А	109[A]	GLU	OE1-CD-OE2	-6.54	115.45	123.30
1	А	109[B]	GLU	OE1-CD-OE2	-6.54	115.45	123.30
1	А	26[A]	GLN	CB-CA-C	-6.06	98.28	110.40
1	А	26[B]	GLN	CB-CA-C	-6.06	98.28	110.40
1	А	122	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	-5.66	113.21	118.30
1	А	83	GLU	OE1-CD-OE2	-5.63	116.54	123.30
1	А	139	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.59	117.51	120.30
1	А	103	TYR	CB-CG-CD2	-5.58	117.65	121.00
1	А	14	TRP	CH2-CZ2-CE2	-5.38	112.02	117.40

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.



5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	А	1336	0	1361	35	0
2	А	10	0	0	0	0
3	А	43	0	30	1	0
4	А	194	0	0	10	0
All	All	1583	0	1391	36	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 13.

All (36) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

A 4 1	A + 9	Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	distance (\AA)	overlap (Å)
1:A:138[B]:PHE:CE1	1:A:142[B]:ILE:HD11	1.84	1.13
1:A:91[A]:GLN:OE1	4:A:1129:HOH:O	1.77	1.02
1:A:87:LYS:CE	1:A:91[A]:GLN:HE22	1.76	0.97
1:A:41[A]:GLU:OE2	4:A:1139:HOH:O	1.86	0.93
1:A:87:LYS:HE3	1:A:91[A]:GLN:HE22	1.35	0.90
1:A:138[B]:PHE:CE1	1:A:142[B]:ILE:CD1	2.59	0.86
1:A:95:THR:O	1:A:98:LYS:NZ	2.09	0.84
1:A:118[B]:ARG:NH2	4:A:1081:HOH:O	2.11	0.83
1:A:138[B]:PHE:CZ	1:A:142[B]:ILE:CD1	2.64	0.80
1:A:87:LYS:CE	1:A:91[A]:GLN:NE2	2.44	0.79
1:A:87:LYS:HE2	1:A:91[A]:GLN:HE22	1.50	0.76
1:A:87:LYS:HE3	1:A:91[A]:GLN:NE2	2.00	0.75
1:A:138[B]:PHE:CZ	1:A:142[B]:ILE:HD11	2.26	0.71
1:A:87:LYS:HE2	1:A:91[A]:GLN:OE1	1.91	0.71
1:A:87:LYS:HE2	1:A:91[A]:GLN:NE2	2.06	0.68
1:A:41[B]:GLU:OE1	4:A:1130:HOH:O	2.14	0.60
1:A:145:LYS:HD3	4:A:1168:HOH:O	2.01	0.59
1:A:30:ILE:HD13	1:A:56[B]:LYS:HG2	1.84	0.59
1:A:138[B]:PHE:CZ	1:A:142[B]:ILE:HD12	2.40	0.57
1:A:87:LYS:HE2	1:A:91[A]:GLN:CD	2.26	0.56
1:A:87:LYS:O	1:A:91[A]:GLN:HG3	2.06	0.55
1:A:52:GLU:OE2	1:A:56[A]:LYS:NZ	2.34	0.54
3:A:154:HEM:HMC1	3:A:154:HEM:HBC2	1.91	0.52

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	distance $(Å)$	overlap (Å)
1:A:132:ASN:ND2	1:A:136[A]:GLU:OE2	2.41	0.50
1:A:30:ILE:CD1	1:A:56[B]:LYS:HG2	2.44	0.48
1:A:26[B]:GLN:OE1	1:A:56[B]:LYS:NZ	2.48	0.47
1:A:30:ILE:HD13	1:A:56[A]:LYS:HG3	1.98	0.44
1:A:96[A]:LYS:HE3	4:A:1118:HOH:O	2.17	0.44
1:A:145:LYS:HB3	4:A:1168:HOH:O	2.16	0.44
1:A:17:VAL:HG21	1:A:115[B]:LEU:HD21	1.99	0.44
1:A:87:LYS:HD3	4:A:1129:HOH:O	2.17	0.43
1:A:118[B]:ARG:NE	4:A:1081:HOH:O	2.51	0.43
1:A:17:VAL:CG2	1:A:115[B]:LEU:HD21	2.50	0.42
1:A:83:GLU:H	1:A:83:GLU:CD	2.23	0.42
1:A:30:ILE:CD1	1:A:56[A]:LYS:HG3	2.52	0.40
1:A:63[B]:LYS:HG3	4:A:1060:HOH:O	2.20	0.40

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There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	А	173/151 (115%)	168 (97%)	5(3%)	0	100 100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles		
1	А	149/124~(120%)	149 (100%)	0	100 100		

There are no protein residues with a non-rotameric sidechain to report.

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

3 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Turne	Chain	Dec	Res Link Bond lengths				Bond angles		
NIOI	Type	Unam	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2
2	SO4	А	155	-	4,4,4	0.18	0	6,6,6	0.22	0
2	SO4	А	156	-	4,4,4	0.31	0	6,6,6	0.41	0
3	HEM	А	154	1	41,50,50	1.39	5 (12%)	45,82,82	1.98	13 (28%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	HEM	А	154	1	-	4/12/54/54	-

All (5) bond	length	outliers	are	listed	below:
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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	$\mathrm{Ideal}(\mathrm{\AA})$
3	А	154	HEM	C4D-ND	-3.74	1.33	1.40
3	А	154	HEM	C1D-ND	3.28	1.45	1.38
3	А	154	HEM	C3C-C2C	-2.29	1.37	1.40
3	А	154	HEM	FE-NB	2.19	2.07	1.96
3	А	154	HEM	FE-ND	2.02	2.06	1.96

All (13) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Ζ	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
3	А	154	HEM	C2C-C3C-C4C	5.01	110.39	106.90
3	А	154	HEM	C4C-CHD-C1D	4.40	128.36	122.56
3	А	154	HEM	CMC-C2C-C3C	4.03	132.21	124.68
3	А	154	HEM	CMA-C3A-C4A	-3.74	122.71	128.46
3	А	154	HEM	C3B-C2B-C1B	3.47	109.06	106.49
3	А	154	HEM	C1B-NB-C4B	3.39	108.57	105.07
3	А	154	HEM	C2B-C1B-NB	-3.00	106.28	109.84
3	А	154	HEM	CHB-C1B-NB	2.60	127.59	124.38
3	А	154	HEM	C4A-C3A-C2A	2.58	108.79	107.00
3	А	154	HEM	C4B-CHC-C1C	2.49	125.85	122.56
3	А	154	HEM	O2A-CGA-CBA	2.29	121.38	114.03
3	А	154	HEM	CMB-C2B-C1B	-2.08	121.86	125.04
3	А	154	HEM	C3D-C4D-ND	2.02	112.42	110.17

There are no chirality outliers.

All (4) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	А	154	HEM	CAA-CBA-CGA-O1A
3	А	154	HEM	CAD-CBD-CGD-O1D
3	А	154	HEM	CAD-CBD-CGD-O2D
3	А	154	HEM	CAA-CBA-CGA-O2A

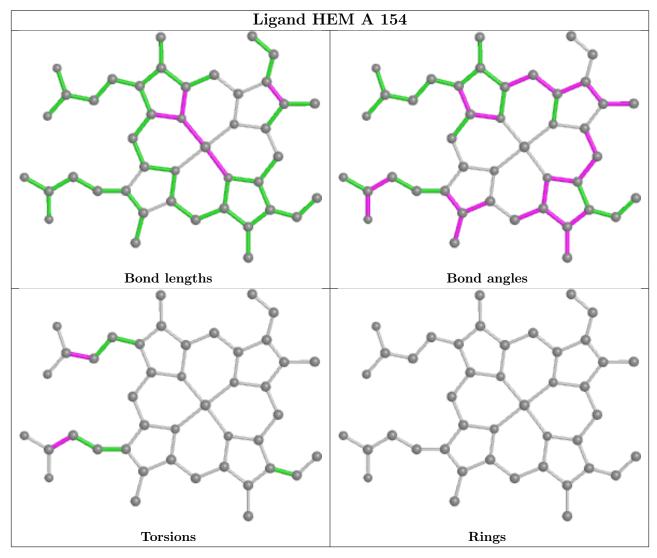
There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	А	154	HEM	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and sufficient the outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

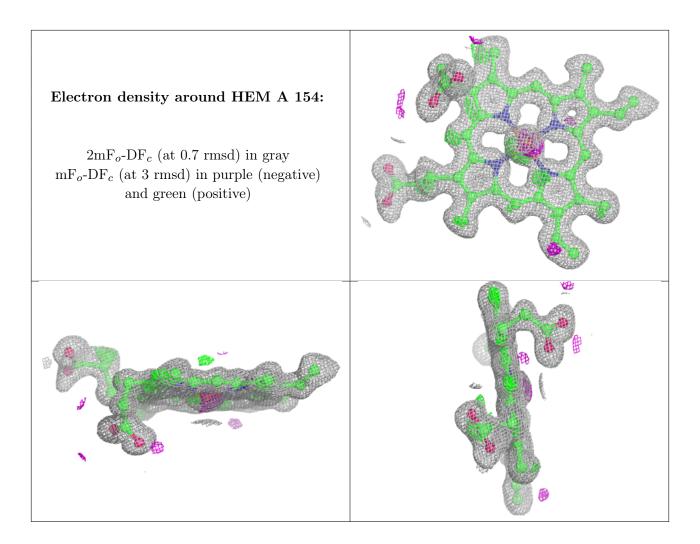
Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.4 Ligands (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.





6.5 Other polymers (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

