

# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

May 22, 2020 – 03:00 am BST

PDB ID : 6A5Y

Title : Crystal structure of human FXR/RXR-LBD heterodimer bound to HNC143

and 9cRA and SRC1

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 $Deposited \ on \quad : \quad 2018\text{-}06\text{-}25$ 

Resolution : 2.10 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul: 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.11

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac: 5.8.0158

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

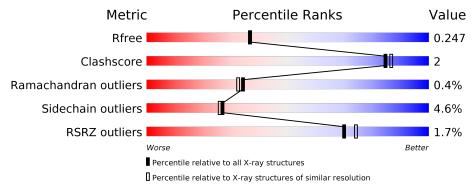
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.11

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.10 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Whole archive} \\ (\#\text{Entries}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar  resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries,  resolution  range}(\mathring{\rm A})) \end{array}$		
$R_{free}$	130704	5197 (2.10-2.10)		
Clashscore	141614	5710 (2.10-2.10)		
Ramachandran outliers	138981	5647 (2.10-2.10)		
Sidechain outliers	138945	5648 (2.10-2.10)		
RSRZ outliers	127900	5083 (2.10-2.10)		

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length		Quality of chain				
1	A	228			91%			9%
2	В	16	6%	50%	13	3%	389	%
2	F	16	13%	63%			19%	19%
3	D	238	2%	7:	9%		Ç	9% • 11%



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 8 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3920 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Bile acid receptor.

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	Λ	228	Total	С	N	О	S	0	2	0
1	Α	220	1896	1215	317	354	10	0	)	0

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
Α	432	GLU	CYS	engineered mutation	UNP Q96RI1
Α	466	GLU	CYS	engineered mutation	UNP Q96RI1

• Molecule 2 is a protein called Nuclear receptor coactivator 1.

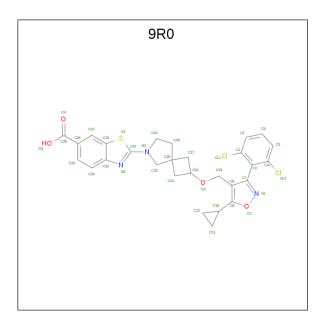
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	В	10	Total C N O 90 58 19 13	0	0	0
2	F	13	Total C N O 111 69 25 17	0	0	0

• Molecule 3 is a protein called Retinoic acid receptor RXR-alpha.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
3	D	211	Total 1667	C 1070	N 285	O 302	S 10	0	0	0

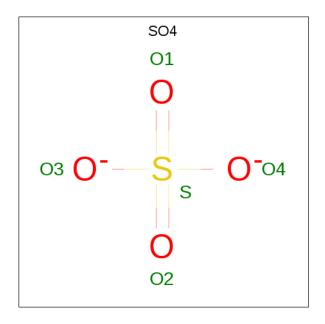
• Molecule 4 is 2-[2-[[3-[2,6-bis(chloranyl)phenyl]-5-cyclopropyl-1,2-oxazol-4-yl]methoxy]-6-az aspiro[3.4]octan-6-yl]-1,3-benzothiazole-6-carboxylic acid (three-letter code: 9R0) (formula:  $C_{28}H_{25}Cl_2N_3O_4S$ ).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf		
1	Λ	1	Total	С	Cl	N	О	S	0	0
4	Λ	1	38	28	2	3	4	1	0	0

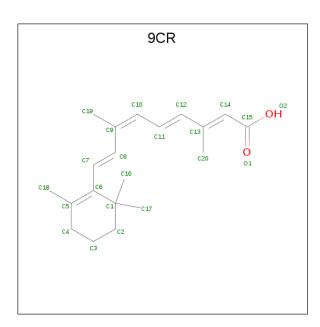
 $\bullet$  Molecule 5 is SULFATE ION (three-letter code: SO4) (formula:  $\mathrm{O_4S}).$ 



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0
5	D	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0

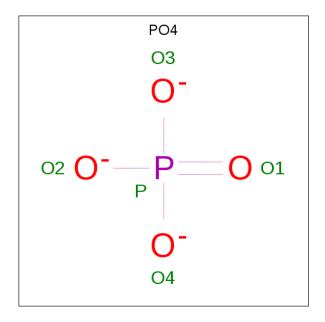
 $\bullet$  Molecule 6 is (9cis)-retinoic acid (three-letter code: 9CR) (formula:  $\rm C_{20}H_{28}O_2).$ 





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	D	1	Total 22	C 20	O 2	0	0

 $\bullet$  Molecule 7 is PHOSPHATE ION (three-letter code: PO4) (formula:  $\mathrm{O_4P}).$ 



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	D	1	Total 5	O 4	P 1	0	0

• Molecule 8 is water.



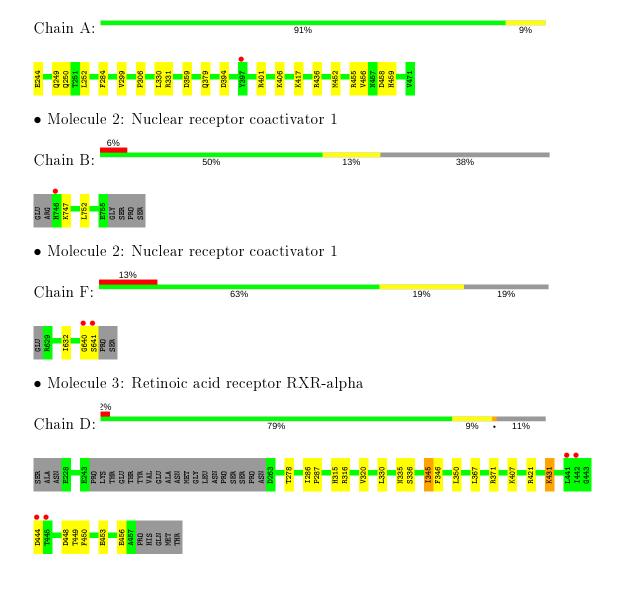
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
8	A	45	Total O 45 45	0	0
8	D	35	Total O 35 35	0	0
8	F	1	Total O 1 1	0	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Bile acid receptor





# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source	
Space group	P 41 21 2	Depositor	
Cell constants	83.38Å 83.38Å 161.63Å	Depositor	
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor	
Resolution (Å)	74.10 - 2.10	Depositor	
resolution (A)	74.10 - 2.10	EDS	
% Data completeness	100.0 (74.10-2.10)	Depositor	
(in resolution range)	100.0 (74.10-2.10)	EDS	
$R_{merge}$	0.09	Depositor	
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor	
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	3.05 (at 2.10 Å)	Xtriage	
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0158	Depositor	
P. P.	0.198 , 0.241	Depositor	
$R, R_{free}$	0.205 , $0.247$	DCC	
$R_{free}$ test set	1665 reflections $(4.88\%)$	wwPDB-VP	
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	36.1	Xtriage	
Anisotropy	0.037	Xtriage	
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.36 , 44.2	EDS	
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$ < L >=0.48, < L^2>=0.31$	Xtriage	
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage	
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.95	EDS	
Total number of atoms	3920	wwPDB-VP	
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	43.0	wwPDB-VP	

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 5.00% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $< L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

## 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: 9R0, 9CR, PO4, SO4

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
MIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	A	0.90	0/1945	0.93	7/2626~(0.3%)	
2	В	0.72	0/91	0.93	0/120	
2	F	0.91	0/112	0.87	0/147	
3	D	0.91	0/1699	0.93	4/2296~(0.2%)	
All	All	0.90	0/3847	0.93	$11/5189 \ (0.2\%)$	

There are no bond length outliers.

All (11) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^o)$
3	D	371	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-8.85	115.87	120.30
3	D	371	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	8.28	124.44	120.30
3	D	316	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	7.86	124.23	120.30
1	A	436[A]	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-6.80	116.90	120.30
1	A	436[B]	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-6.80	116.90	120.30
1	A	436[A]	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.57	123.58	120.30
1	A	436[B]	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.57	123.58	120.30
1	A	455	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.49	123.05	120.30
3	D	421	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.34	122.97	120.30
1	A	331	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.28	117.66	120.30
1	A	401	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.18	122.89	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

## 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen



atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1896	0	1903	10	0
2	В	90	0	97	1	0
2	F	111	0	118	1	0
3	D	1667	0	1701	7	0
4	A	38	0	0	0	0
5	A	5	0	0	0	0
5	D	5	0	0	0	0
6	D	22	0	27	1	0
7	D	5	0	0	0	0
8	A	45	0	0	2	0
8	D	35	0	0	1	0
8	F	1	0	0	0	0
All	All	3920	0	3846	18	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 2.

All (18) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{array}{ll}  ext{Interatomic} \  ext{distance} \ ( ext{Å}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
3:D:345:ILE:HD11	3:D:431:LYS:HB3	1.75	0.68
1:A:244:GLU:N	8:A:601:HOH:O	2.37	0.57
1:A:244:GLU:HB2	8:A:601:HOH:O	2.04	0.55
3:D:315:HIS:HD2	8:D:635:HOH:O	1.90	0.53
3:D:346:PHE:CE2	3:D:350:LEU:HD11	2.43	0.53
1:A:452[A]:MET:HE2	1:A:456:VAL:CG1	2.40	0.52
3:D:449:THR:HG22	2:F:632:ILE:HD11	1.93	0.50
6:D:501:9CR:O2	6:D:501:9CR:H25	2.13	0.48
1:A:299:VAL:HG11	2:B:752:LEU:HB3	1.96	0.47
3:D:315:HIS:CG	3:D:367:LEU:HD22	2.51	0.45
3:D:453:GLU:O	3:D:456:GLU:HG2	2.18	0.44
1:A:452[A]:MET:HE3	1:A:456:VAL:HG13	1.99	0.43
1:A:249:GLN:HE22	1:A:417:LYS:HD2	1.84	0.43
1:A:452[A]:MET:CE	1:A:456:VAL:HG13	2.49	0.42
1:A:452[A]:MET:CE	1:A:456:VAL:CG1	2.97	0.42
3:D:286:ILE:O	3:D:287:PRO:C	2.59	0.41
1:A:284:PHE:CE2	1:A:459:HIS:HB3	2.56	0.41
1:A:252:LEU:CD1	1:A:306:PRO:HG2	2.52	0.40



There are no symmetry-related clashes.

#### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	$_{ m ntiles}$
1	A	$229/228 \; (100\%)$	226 (99%)	3 (1%)	0	100	100
2	В	8/16 (50%)	7 (88%)	1 (12%)	0	100	100
2	F	11/16 (69%)	10 (91%)	0	1 (9%)	1	0
3	D	$207/238 \ (87\%)$	203 (98%)	3 (1%)	1 (0%)	29	26
All	All	$455/498 \; (91\%)$	446 (98%)	7 (2%)	2 (0%)	34	32

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	D	444	ASP
2	F	640	GLY

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric Outliers		Percentiles		
1	A	214/211 (101%)	206 (96%)	8 (4%)	34	35	
2	В	10/15 (67%)	9 (90%)	1 (10%)	7	5	
2	F	12/15 (80%)	11 (92%)	1 (8%)	11	7	
3	D	181/205 (88%)	171 (94%)	10 (6%)	21	19	
All	All	417/446 (94%)	397 (95%)	20 (5%)	27	24	



All (20) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	250	GLN
1	A	330[A]	LEU
1	A	330[B]	LEU
1	A	359	ASP
1	A	379	GLN
1	A	394	ASP
1	A	406	LYS
1	A	458	ASP
2	В	747	LYS
3	D	278	THR
3	D	320	VAL
3	D	330	LEU
3	D	335	ASN
3	D	336	SER
3	D	345	ILE
3	D	407	LYS
3	D	431	LYS
3	D	448	ASP
3	D	450	PHE
2	F	641	SER

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (4) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	250	GLN
1	A	309	GLN
2	В	754	GLN
3	D	315	HIS

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.



### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

5 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Т	Chain	Res Link		Bond lengths			Bond angles		
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	Link	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
4	9R0	A	501	-	35,44,44	1.79	6 (17%)	36,67,67	2.16	7 (19%)
6	9CR	D	501	-	19,22,22	4.96	9 (47%)	26,30,30	3.22	9 (34%)
5	SO4	A	502	-	4,4,4	0.39	0	6,6,6	0.59	0
5	SO4	D	503	-	4,4,4	0.51	0	6,6,6	0.50	0
7	PO4	D	502	-	4,4,4	0.99	0	6,6,6	0.33	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	9R0	A	501	_	-	3/5/44/44	0/7/7/7
6	9CR	D	501	-	-	3/13/32/32	0/1/1/1

All (15) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(\operatorname{\AA})$
6	D	501	9CR	C14-C13	14.20	1.50	1.35
6	D	501	9CR	C5-C6	11.69	1.54	1.34
4	A	501	9R0	C26-C28	6.44	1.53	1.47
6	D	501	9CR	C12-C13	-6.22	1.32	1.45
6	D	501	9CR	C8-C7	5.61	1.50	1.33
4	A	501	9R0	C21-N2	5.07	1.40	1.32
6	D	501	9CR	C10-C9	3.94	1.41	1.35

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	${f Observed(\AA)}$	$\operatorname{Ideal}( ext{\AA})$
6	D	501	9CR	C1-C6	3.60	1.58	1.53
6	D	501	9CR	C7-C6	2.96	1.55	1.45
4	A	501	9R0	C8-C10	-2.95	1.47	1.51
4	A	501	9R0	C3-C7	-2.88	1.46	1.50
4	A	501	9R0	C13-C9	-2.62	1.46	1.51
6	D	501	9CR	C11-C12	2.56	1.41	1.34
6	D	501	9CR	C8-C9	-2.56	1.40	1.45
4	A	501	9R0	C17-C16	2.26	1.56	1.54

All (16) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
4	Α	501	9R0	C13-O2-C14	10.69	133.09	113.78
6	D	501	9CR	C18-C5-C6	-9.80	113.53	124.53
6	D	501	9CR	C4-C5-C6	-7.61	111.67	122.73
6	D	501	9CR	C1-C6-C5	-5.31	115.14	122.61
6	D	501	9CR	C20-C13-C12	4.85	125.71	118.08
6	D	501	9CR	C19-C9-C10	-3.22	118.41	122.92
4	A	501	9R0	C23-C22-N3	2.92	114.83	108.04
6	D	501	9CR	C7-C8-C9	-2.86	121.92	126.23
6	D	501	9CR	C20-C13-C14	-2.79	118.79	124.64
4	Α	501	9R0	C13-C9-C7	-2.75	123.19	127.51
4	A	501	9R0	C27-C26-C28	-2.52	117.04	120.36
6	D	501	9CR	C8-C7-C6	-2.34	120.64	127.20
6	D	501	9CR	C18-C5-C4	-2.32	109.15	113.62
4	A	501	9R0	C25-C26-C28	2.24	123.39	120.37
4	A	501	9R0	O2-C14-C17	2.09	120.91	114.65
4	A	501	9R0	C25-C24-C22	-2.03	118.29	120.84

There are no chirality outliers.

All (6) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	A	501	9R0	C15-C14-O2-C13
4	A	501	9R0	C17-C14-O2-C13
6	D	501	9CR	C5-C6-C7-C8
4	A	501	9R0	C9-C13-O2-C14
6	D	501	9CR	C11-C10-C9-C19
6	D	501	9CR	C11-C10-C9-C8

There are no ring outliers.

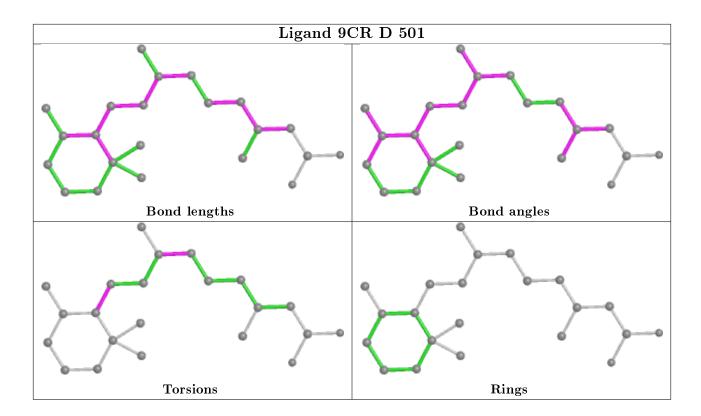


1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
6	D	501	9CR	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





# 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

# 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



# 6 Fit of model and data (i)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	# RSRZ > 2	$\mathbf{OWAB}(\mathrm{\AA}^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	A	228/228 (100%)	-0.21	1 (0%) 92 93	26, 38, 57, 76	0
2	В	10/16~(62%)	0.89	1 (10%) 7 9	52, 70, 86, 98	0
2	F	13/16 (81%)	0.55	2 (15%) 2 2	31, 49, 92, 95	0
3	D	211/238 (88%)	-0.07	4 (1%) 66 71	23, 41, 70, 102	0
All	All	$462/498 \; (92\%)$	-0.10	8 (1%) 70 74	23, 40, 69, 102	0

All (8) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
3	D	441	LEU	6.4
2	F	641	SER	4.3
2	В	746	HIS	3.3
3	D	444	ASP	3.2
2	F	640	GLY	2.7
3	D	445	THR	2.5
3	D	442	ILE	2.4
1	A	397	TYR	2.4

## 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

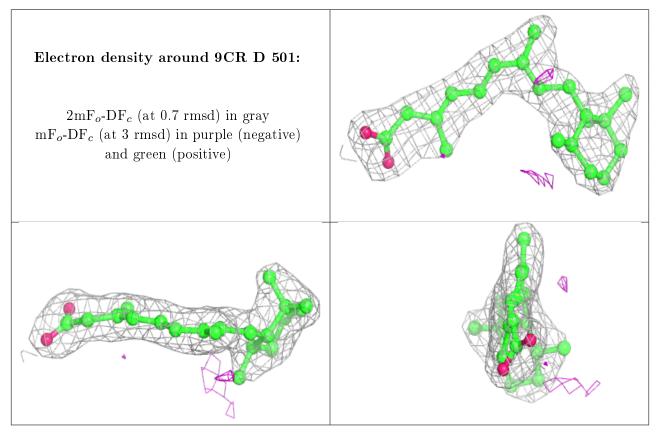


## 6.4 Ligands (i)

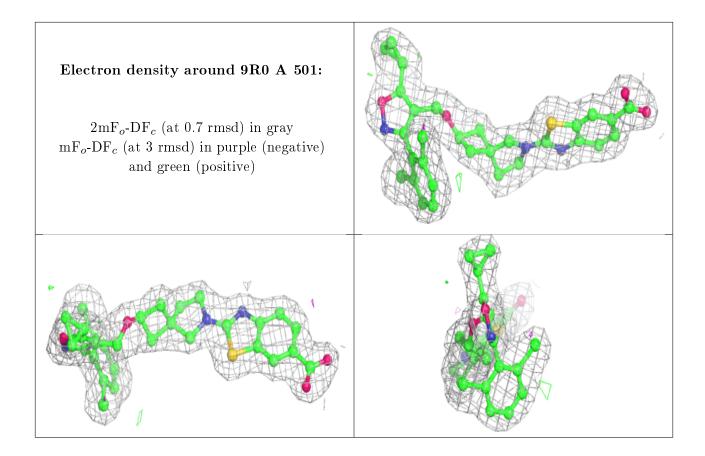
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\operatorname{B-factors}(\AA^2)$	Q < 0.9
5	SO4	A	502	5/5	0.76	0.27	84,104,105,109	0
5	SO4	D	503	5/5	0.80	0.22	85,87,99,100	0
7	PO4	D	502	5/5	0.80	0.31	69,102,111,112	0
6	9CR	D	501	22/22	0.95	0.16	30,38,52,52	0
4	9R0	A	501	38/38	0.96	0.11	29,35,41,56	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.







# 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

